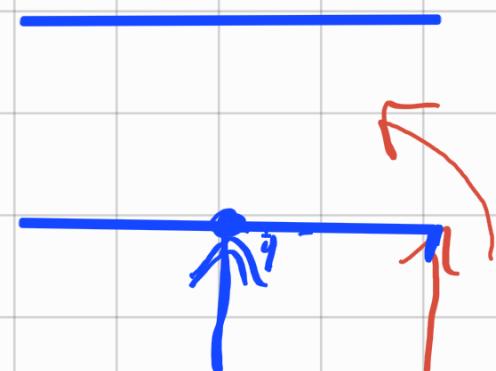
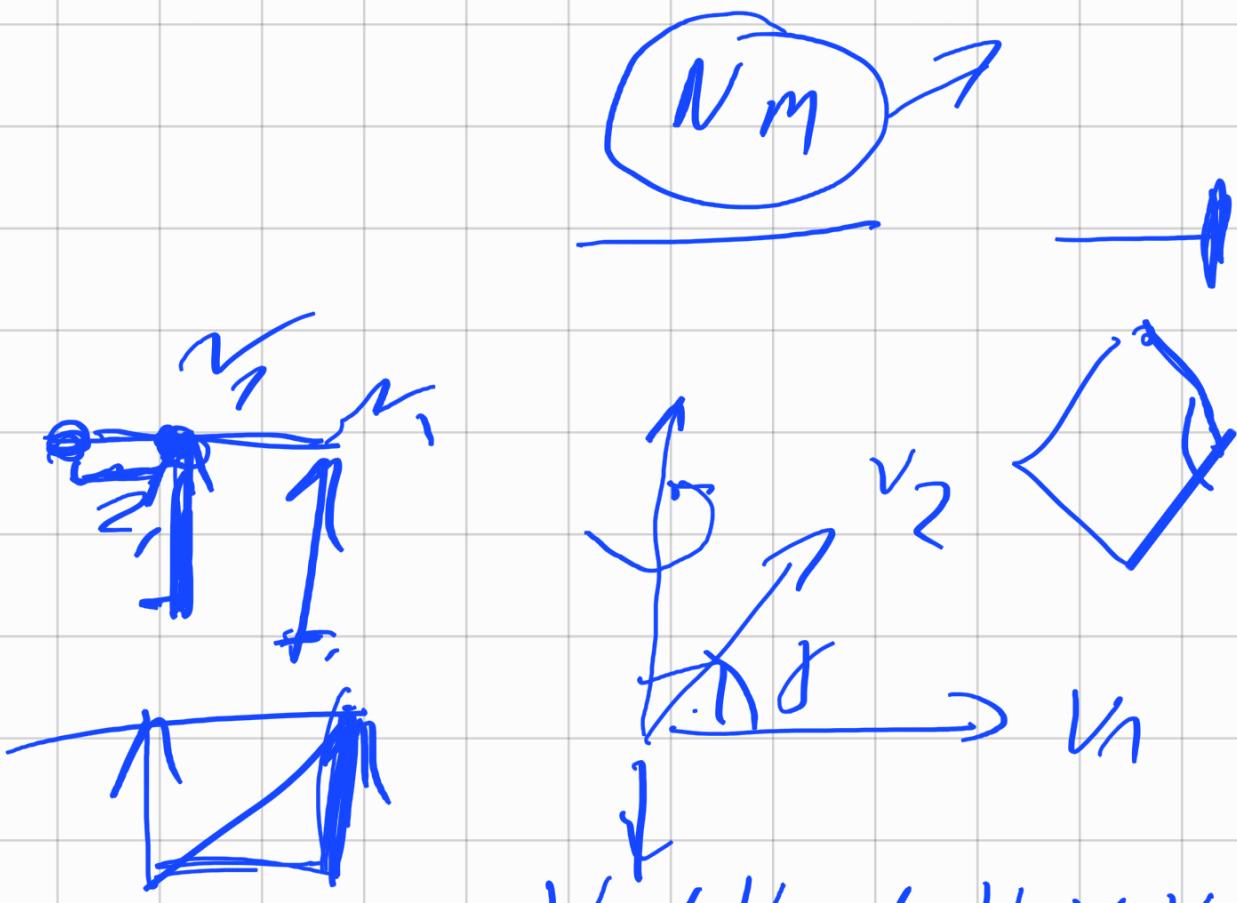


$$F_{g\parallel} = F_g \cdot \sin(\alpha)$$



$$T = r \times F$$

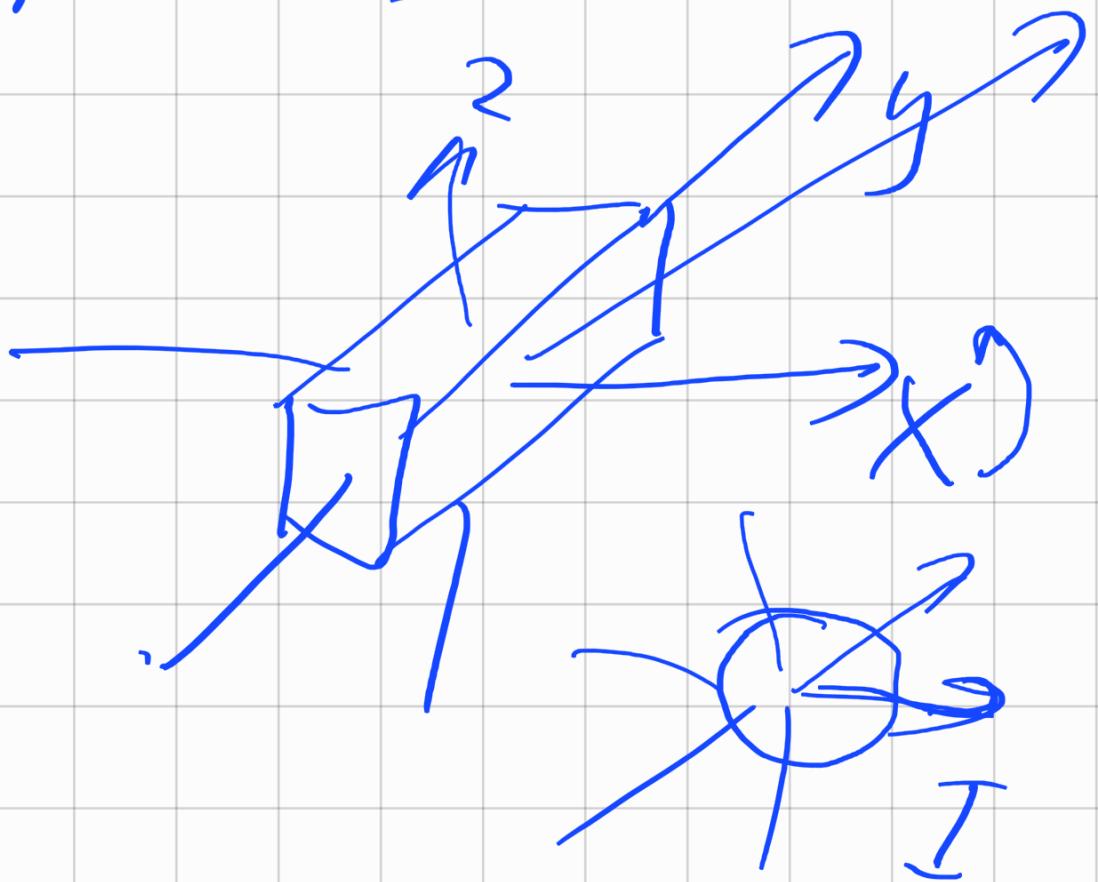


$$T = rF \cdot \sin(\delta)$$

$$F = F_g \sin(\alpha) - F_f$$

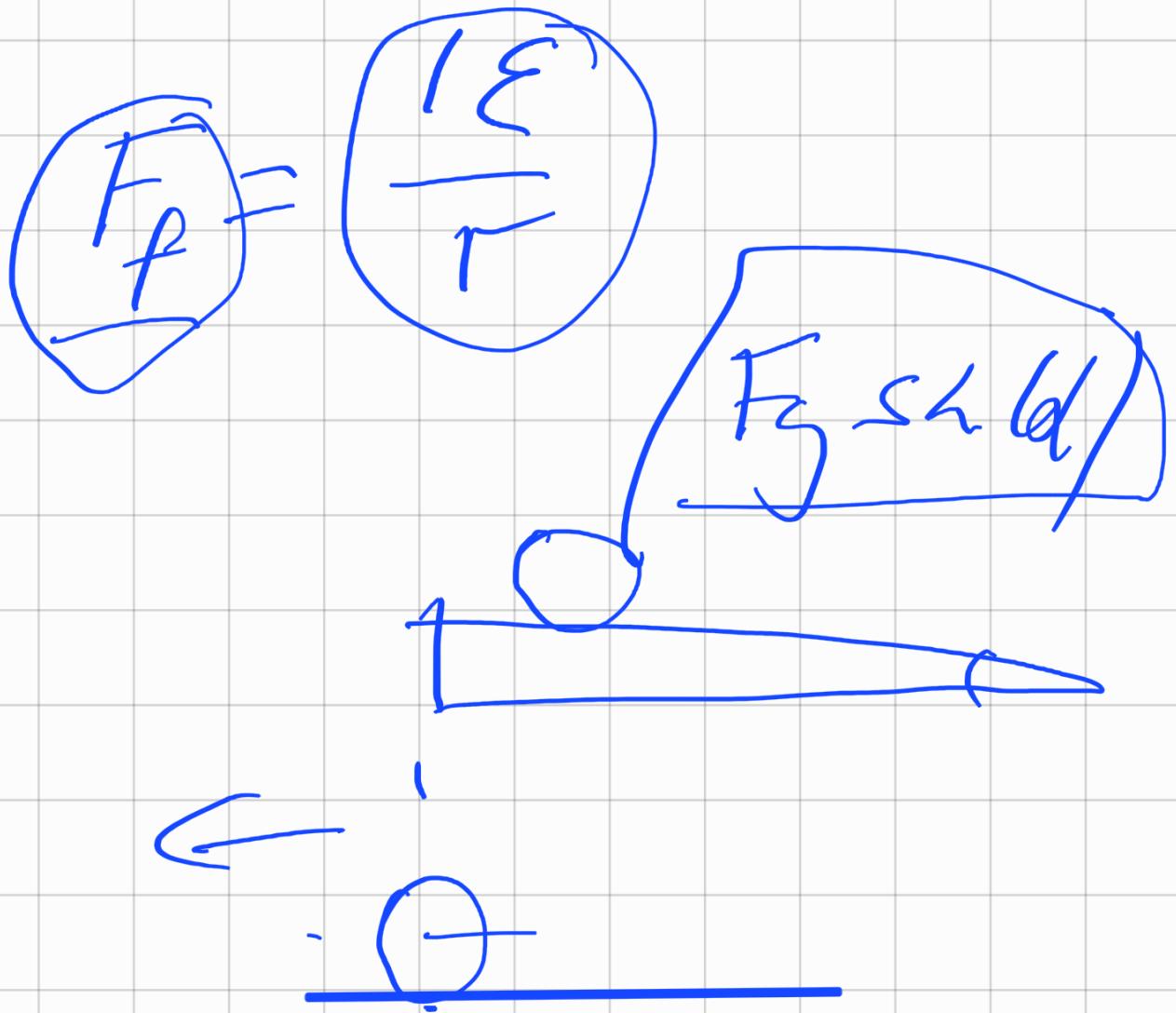
$m - \text{const}$

$$F = ma$$
$$T = I\ddot{\epsilon}$$



$$r \cdot F_f \sin(50^\circ) = r \cdot F_f$$

$$r F_f = T = I \ddot{\epsilon}$$



$$F = F_{\text{N}} = F_f$$

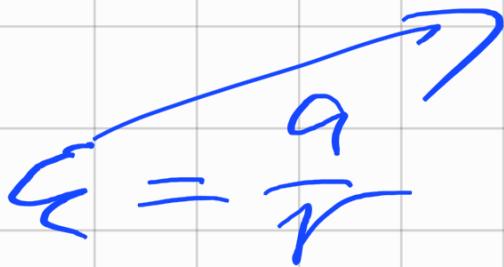
$$F_g = mg$$

$$F = mg \sin(\theta) -$$

$$\frac{1}{r} \epsilon$$

$$F = ma$$

$$ma = mg \sin(\theta) - \frac{I\epsilon}{r}$$

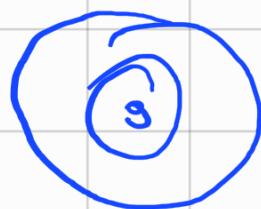
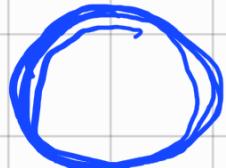


$$ma + \frac{I\alpha}{r^2} = mg \sin(\theta)$$

$$ma + \frac{I\alpha}{r^2} = mg \sin(\theta)$$



$$I = q mr^2$$



$$I_B = \frac{2}{5} m r^2$$

$$I_S = \frac{2}{3} m v^2$$

$$ma - \frac{I g}{r^2} = mg \sin(\alpha)$$

$$\mu m a \left(1 - \frac{I}{mr^2}\right) = mg \sin(\alpha)$$

$$a = \frac{g \sin(\alpha)}{1 + \frac{I}{mr^2}}$$

$$I_B = \frac{2}{5} mr^2$$

$$\alpha_B = \frac{g \sin(\alpha)}{1 + \frac{\frac{2}{5} mr^2}{mr^2}}$$

$$\alpha_B = \frac{g \sin(\alpha)}{1 + \frac{2}{5}}$$

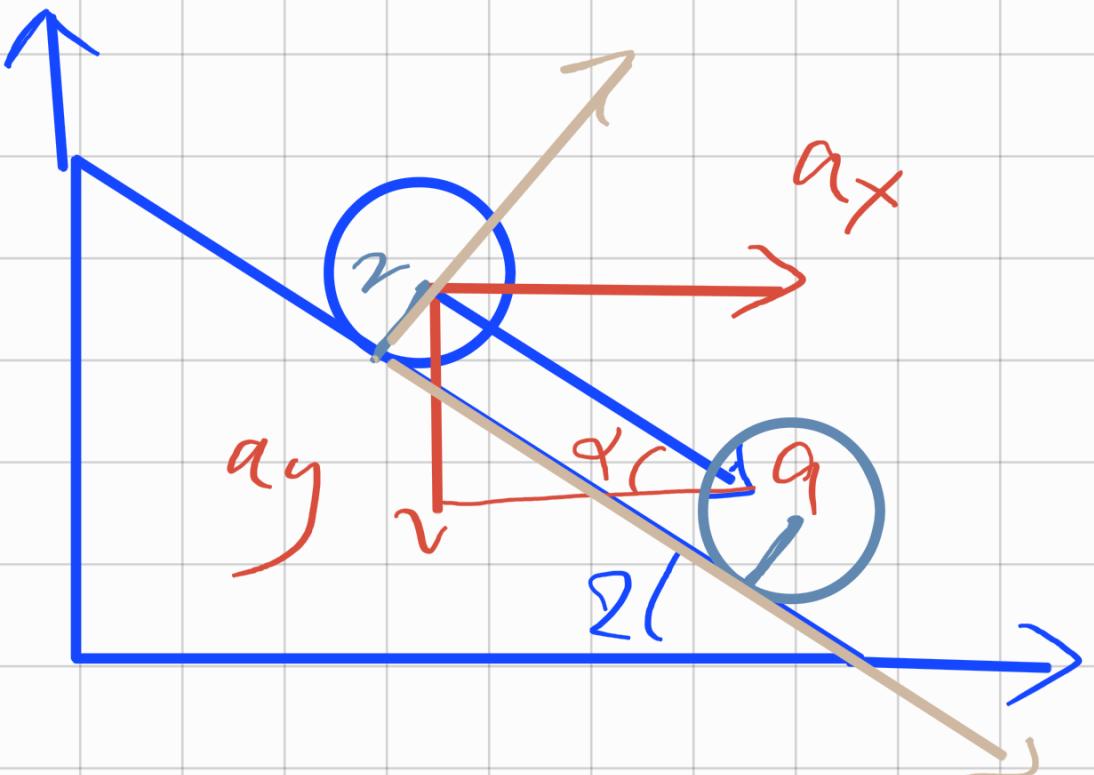
$$\alpha_S = \frac{g \sin(\alpha)}{1 + \frac{2}{3}}$$

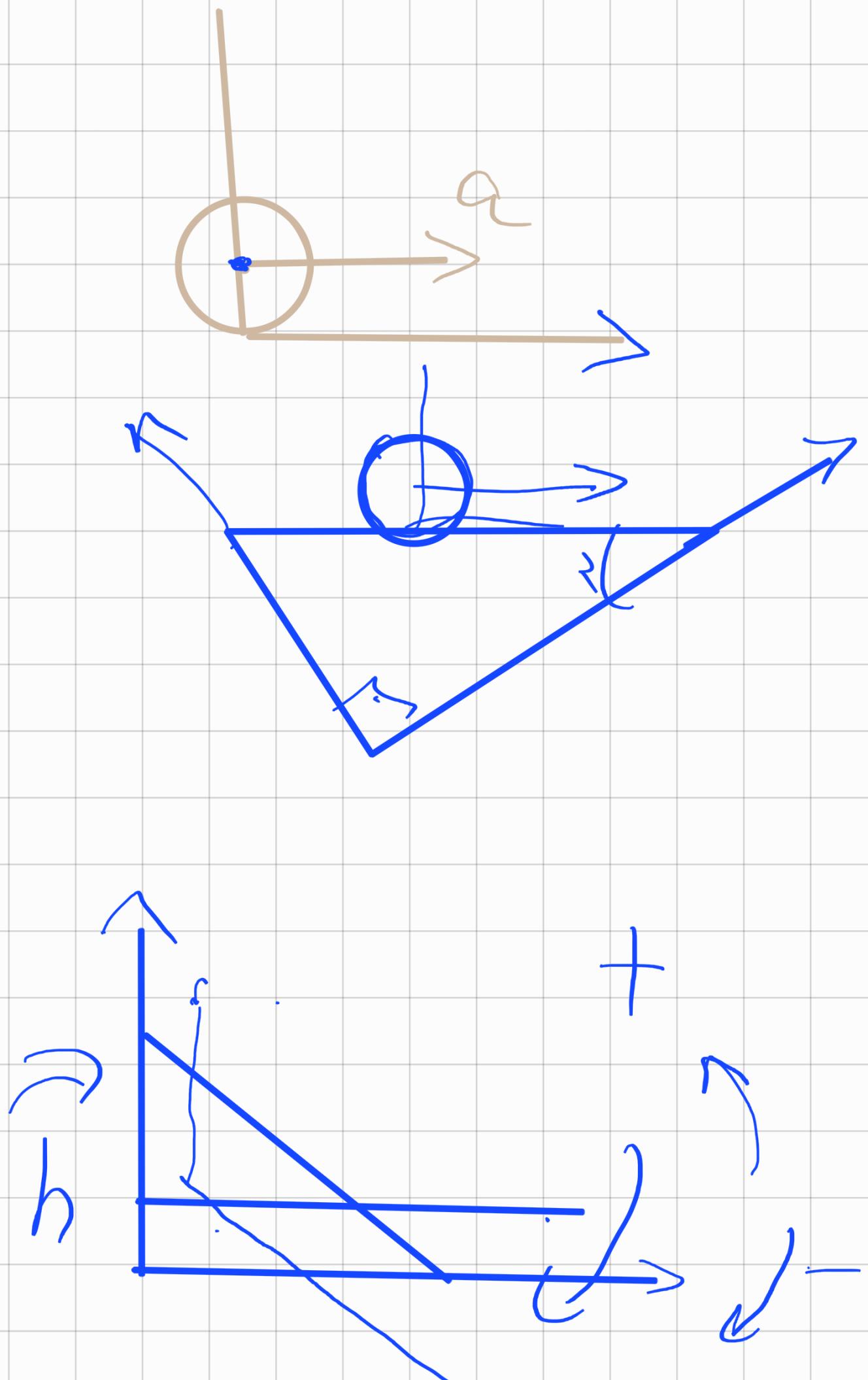
$$\int \frac{cls}{dt} = v$$

$$cls$$

$$\frac{dt}{d\theta} = \alpha =$$

$$\frac{g \sin(\alpha)}{1 + \frac{T}{mr^2}}$$





$$R(\alpha) = \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\alpha) & -\sin(\alpha) \\ \sin(\alpha) & \cos(\alpha) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_r \\ y_r \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\alpha) & -\sin(\alpha) \\ \sin(\alpha) & \cos(\alpha) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$x_r = x \cos(\alpha) = y \sin(\alpha)$$

$$y_r = x \sin(\alpha) + y \cos(\alpha)$$

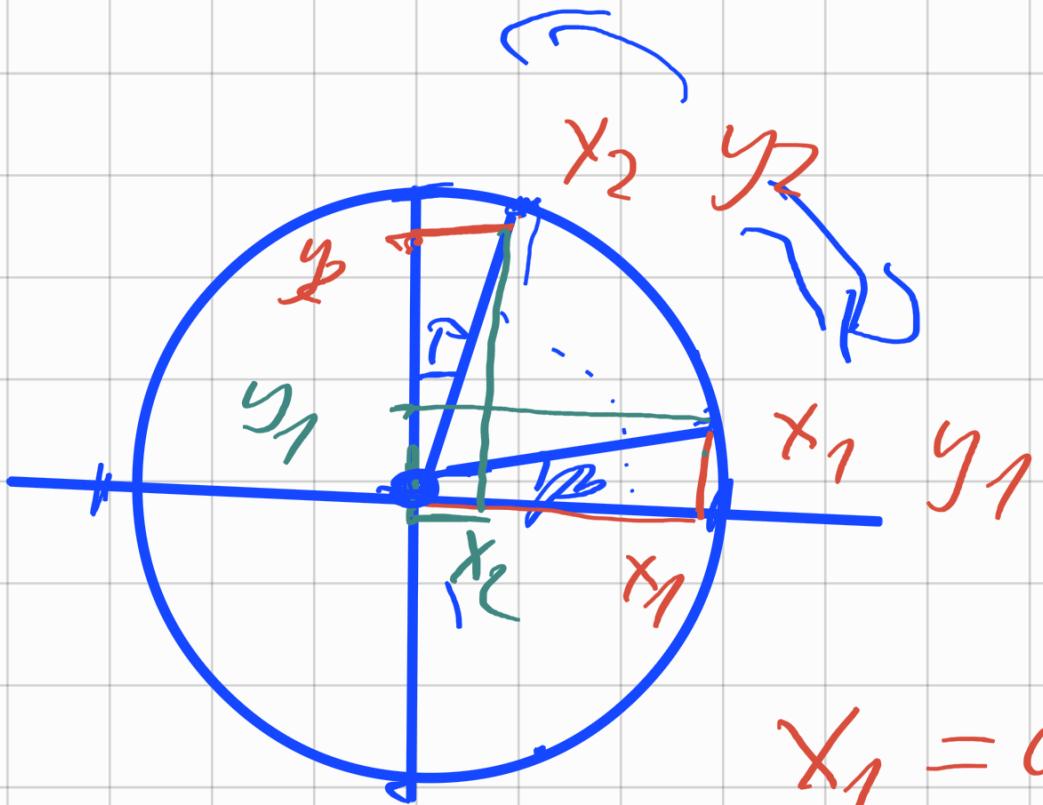
α

$$y_r = y_r + h$$

$$\frac{d\beta}{dt} = \omega$$

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = \sum = \frac{q}{r} =$$

$$\frac{q \sin(\omega)}{r(1 + \frac{I}{m^2})}$$



$$x_1 = y_2$$

$$x_2 = y_1$$

$$x_2 = y_1$$

$$y_2 = x_1$$

$$x_1 \quad y_1$$

$$x_2 = y_1$$

$$y_2 = x_1$$

$$x = r \cdot \sin(\beta) + x_{\text{as}}$$

$$y = r \cdot \cos(\beta) + y_{\text{as}}$$

