

Package ‘CrossClustering’

February 3, 2015

Type Package

Title CrossClustering: a partial clustering algorithm with automatic estimation of the number of clusters and identification of outliers.

Version 1.0

Date 2014-09-04

Author@R c(person("Paola", "Tellaroli", email =
"tellaroli@stat.unipd.it"), person("Marco", "Bazzi", email =
"bazzi@stat.unipd.it"), person("Michele", "Donato", email =
"michele.donato@wayne.edu"))

Author Paola Tellaroli, Marco Bazzi, Michele Donato

Maintainer Paola Tellaroli <tellaroli@stat.unipd.it>

Description CrossClustering is a partial clustering algorithm that combines the Ward's minimum variance and Complete Linkage algorithms, providing automatic estimation of a suitable number of clusters and identification of outlier elements.

License GPL (>=3)

URL <http://CRAN.R-project.org/package=CrossClustering>

Depends cluster

R topics documented:

CrossClustering	1
Index	4

CrossClustering	<i>CrossClustering: a partial clustering algorithm with automatic estimation of the number of clusters and identification of outliers</i>
-----------------	---

Description

This function performs the CrossClustering algorithm. This method combines the Ward's minimum variance and Complete Linkage algorithms, providing automatic estimation of a suitable number of clusters and identification of outlier elements.

Usage

```
CrossClustering(d, k.w.min = 2, k.w.max, k.c.max, out = TRUE)
```

Arguments

<code>d</code>	a dissimilarity structure as produced by the function <code>dist</code>
<code>k.w.min</code>	minimum number of clusters for the Ward's minimum variance method. By default is set equal 2
<code>k.w.max</code>	maximum number of clusters for the Ward's minimum variance method (see details)
<code>k.c.max</code>	maximum number of clusters for the Complete-linkage method. It can not be equal or greater than the number of elements to cluster (see details)
<code>out</code>	logical. If TRUE (default) outliers must be searched (see details)

Details

See cited document for more details.

Value

A list of objects describing characteristics of the partitioning as follows:

<code>Optimal.cluster</code>	number of clusters
<code>Cluster.list</code>	a list of clusters; each element of this lists contains the indices of the elements belonging to the cluster
<code>Silhouette</code>	the average silhouette width over all the clusters
<code>n.total</code>	total number of input elements
<code>n.clustered</code>	number of input elements that have actually been clustered

Author(s)

Paola Tellaroli, <tellaroli@stat.unipd.it>; Marco Bazzi, <bazzi@stat.unipd.it>; Michele Donato, <michele.donato@wayne.edu>

References

Tellaroli, P., Bazzi, M., Brazzale, A. R., Donato, M., Draghici, S. Cross Clustering: a partial clustering algorithm with automatic estimation of the number of clusters (manuscript in preparation)

Examples

```
### Generate simulated data
toy <- matrix(NA, nrow=10, ncol=7)
colnames(toy) <- paste("Sample", 1:ncol(toy), sep="")
rownames(toy) <- paste("Gene", 1:nrow(toy), sep="")
set.seed(123)
toy[,1:2] <- rnorm(n=nrow(toy)*2, mean=10, sd=0.1)
toy[,3:4] <- rnorm(n=nrow(toy)*2, mean=20, sd=0.1)
toy[,5:6] <- rnorm(n=nrow(toy)*2, mean=5, sd=0.1)
toy[,7] <- runif(n=nrow(toy), min=0, max=1)
```

```
### toy is transposed as we want to cluster samples (columns of the original matrix)
d <- dist(t(toy), method="euclidean")

### Run CrossClustering
toyres <- CrossClustering(d, k.w.min=2, k.w.max=5, k.c.max=6, out=TRUE)
```

Index

CrossClustering, [1](#)