

Application Note: SY8120B1

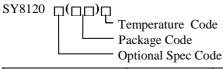
High Efficiency Fast Response, 2A, 18V Input Synchronous Step Down Regulator

General Description

SY8120B1 develops high efficiency synchronous step-down DC-DC converter capable of delivering 2A load current . SY8120B1 operates over a wide input voltage range from 4.5V to 18V and integrates main switch and synchronous switch with very low $R_{\rm DS(ON)}$ to minimize the conduction loss.

SY8120B1 adopts the instant PWM architecture to achieve fast transient responses for high step down applications and high efficiency at light loads. In addition, it operates at pseudo-constant frequency of 500 kHz under heavy load conditions to minimize the size of inductor and capacitor.

Ordering Information



Ordering Number	Package type	Note
SY8120B1ABC	SOT23-6	

Features

- Low $R_{DS(ON)}$ for internal switches (top/bottom):130/120 m Ω
- 4.5-18V input voltage range
- 2A load current capability
- Instant PWM architecture to achieve fast transient responses Internal softstart limits the inrush current
- 2% 0.6V reference
- Cycle-by-cycle peak current limitation
- RoHS Compliant and Halogen Free
- Compact package: SQT23-6

Applications

- Set Top Box
- Portable TV
- Access Point Router
- DSL Modem
- LCD TV
- CCTV
- IP CAM
- Networking

Typical Applications

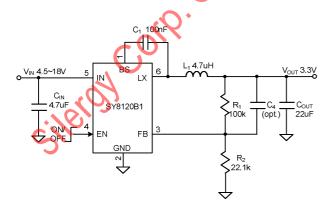
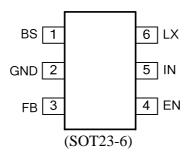


Figure 1. Schematic Diagram

Figure 2. Efficiency Figure



Pinout (top view)



Top Mark: WBxyz, (Device code: WB, x=year code, y=week code, z= lot number code)

Pin Name	Pin Number	Pin Description
BS 1		Boot-Strap Pin. Supply high side gate driver. Decouple this pin to LX pin with
		0.1uF ceramic cap.
GND	2	Ground pin
		Output Feedback Pin. Connect this pin to the center point of the output resistor
FB	3	divider (as shown in Figure 1) to program the output voltage:
	Vout=0.6*(1+R1/R2)	
EN	4	Enable control. Pull high to turn on. Do not float.
IN	5	Input pin. Decouple this pin to GND pin with at least 1uF ceramic cap
LX	6	Inductor pin. Connect this pin to the switching node of inductor

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note)

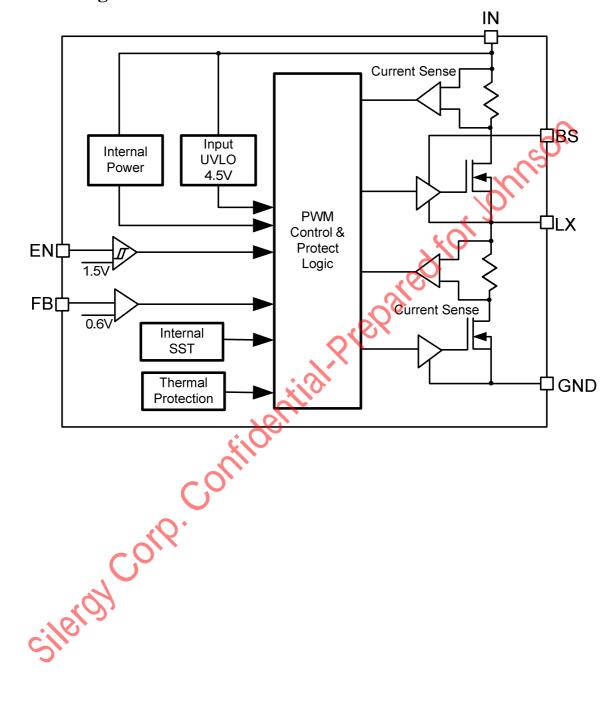
	19V
LX, EN Voltage	$V_{IN} + 0.3V$
	4V
Power Dissipation, PD @ TA = 25°C SOT23-6,	0.6W
Package Thermal Resistance (Note 2)	
θ JA	170°C/W
heta JC	75°C/W
θ JC Junction Temperature Range	150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)	260°C
Storage Temperature Range	

Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 3)

Supply Input Voltage	4 5V to 18V
Junction Temperature Range	
Ambient Temperature Range	



Block Diagram





Electrical Characteristics

 $(V_{IN} = 12V, V_{OUT} = 1.2V, L = 2.2uH, C_{OUT} = 10uF, T_A = 25^{\circ}C, I_{OUT} = 1A \text{ unless otherwise specified})$

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Input Voltage Range	V_{IN}		4.5		18	V
Quiescent Current	I_Q	$I_{OUT}=0, V_{FB}=V_{REF}\times 105\%$		400		μA
Shutdown Current	I _{SHDN}	EN=0		5	10	μA
Feedback Reference			0.588	0.6	0.612	V
Voltage	V_{REF}					
FB Input Current	I_{FB}	$V_{FB}=V_{IN}$	-50		50	nA
Top FET RON	R _{DS(ON)1}			0.13	0	Ω
Bottom FET RON	R _{DS(ON)2}			0.12	5	Ω
TOP FET Peak Current				()	2.6	Α
Limit	$I_{LIM,TOP}$			11.	3.6	A
Bottom FET Valley	т		2	9		Α
Current Limit	I _{LIM,BOTTOM}		2			Α
EN Rising Threshold	V_{ENH}	(.	1.5			V
EN Falling Threshold	V _{ENL}	\ \			0.4	V
Input UVLO Threshold	V _{UVLO}	-0			4.5	V
Switching Frequency	F_{SW}	40		500		kHz
Min ON Time				50		ns
Min Off Time		-00		100		ns
Soft-start Time	t_{SS}	484		800		us
Thermal Shutdown	т			150		C
Temperature	T_{SD}					
Thermal Shutdown	T_{HYS}	. 0		15		C
Hysteresis	1 HYS	*/0				

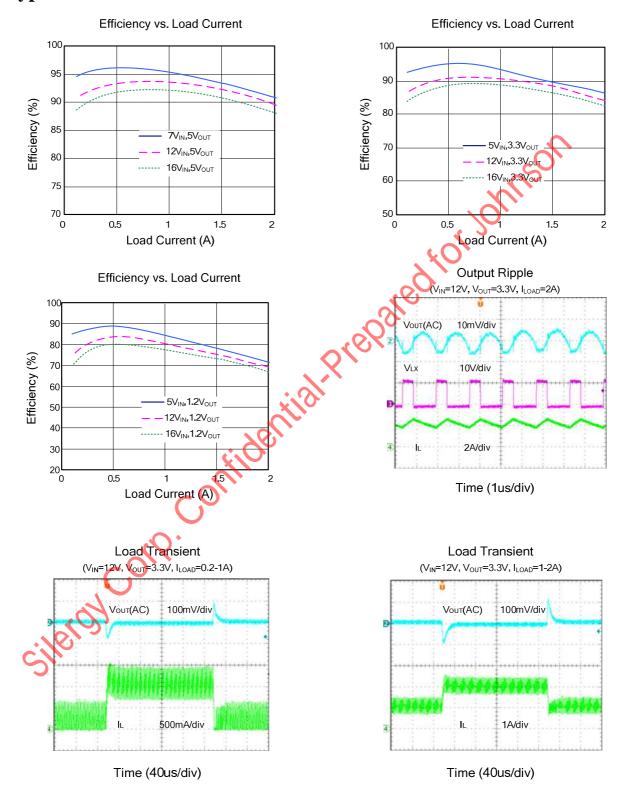
Note 1: Stresses beyond "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are for stress ratings. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions may affect device reliability.

Note 2: θ JA is measured in the natural convection at $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C on a low effective single layer thermal conductivity test board of JEDEC 51-3 thermal measurement standard. Pin 2 of SOT-23-6 packages is the case position for θ JC measurement.

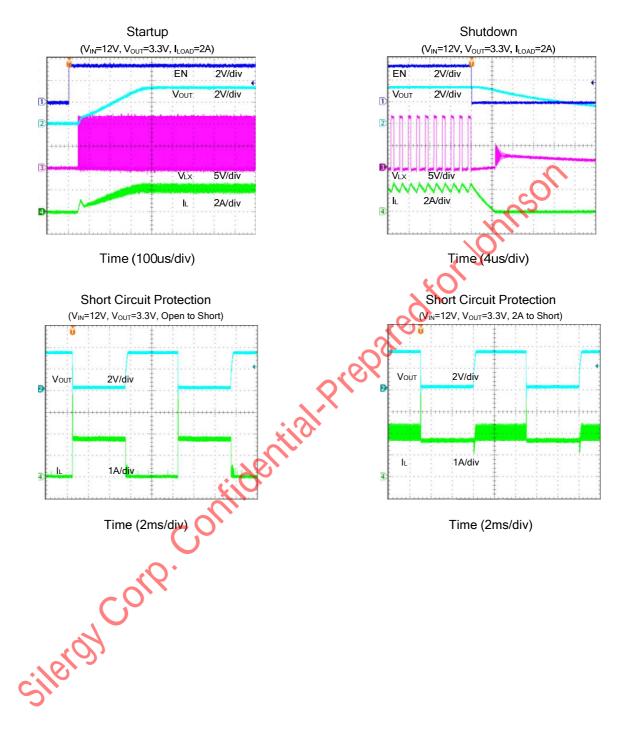
Note 3: The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions.



Typical Performance Characteristics









Operation

SY8120B1 is a synchronous buck regulator IC that integrates the PWM control, top and bottom switches on the same die to minimize the switching transition loss and conduction loss. With ultra low Rds(on) power switches and proprietary PWM control, this regulator IC can achieve the highest efficiency and the highest switch frequency simultaneously to minimize the external inductor and capacitor size, and thus achieving the minimum solution footprint.

SY8120B1 provides protection functions such as cycle by cycle current limiting and thermal shutdown protection. SY8120B1 will sense the output voltage conditions for the fault protection.

Applications Information

Because of the high integration in the SY8120B1 IC, the application circuit based on this regulator IC is rather simple. Only input capacitor $C_{\rm IN}$, output capacitor $C_{\rm OUT}$, output inductor L and feedback resistors (R_1 and R_2) need to be selected for the targeted applications specifications.

Feedback resistor dividers R1 and R2:

Choose R_1 and R_2 to program the proper output voltage. To minimize the power consumption under light loads, it is desirable to choose large resistance values for both R_1 and R_2 . A value of between $10k\Omega$ and $1M\Omega$ is highly recommended for both resistors. If Vout is 3.3V, R_1 =100k is chosen, then using following equation, R_2 can be calculated to be 22.1k:

Input capacitor Cin:

The ripple current through input capacitor is calculated as:

$$I_{_{\text{CIN_RMS}}} = I_{_{\text{OUT}}} \cdot \sqrt{D(1-D)} \cdot$$

To minimize the potential noise problem, place a typical X5R or better grade ceramic capacitor really close to the IN and GND pins. Care should be taken to

minimize the loop area formed by $C_{\rm IN}$, and IN/GND pins. In this case, a 4.7uF low ESR ceramic capacitor is recommended.

Output capacitor Cout:

The output capacitor is selected to handle the output ripple noise requirements. Both steady state ripple and transient requirements must be taken into consideration when selecting this capacitor. For the best performance, it is recommended to use X5R or better grade ceramic capacitor greater than 22uF capacitance.

Output inductor L:

There are several considerations in choosing this inductor.

1) Choose the inductance to provide the desired ripple current. It is suggested to choose the ripple current to be about 40% of the maximum output current. The inductance is calculated as:

$$L = \frac{V_{OUT}(1 - V_{OUT}/V_{IN,MAX})}{F_{SW} \times I_{OUT,MAX} \times 40\%}$$

where Fsw is the switching frequency and $I_{\text{OUT},\text{MAX}}$ is the maximum load current.

The SY8120B1 regulator IC is quite tolerant of different ripple current amplitude. Consequently, the final choice of inductance can be slightly off the calculation value without significantly impacting the performance.

 The saturation current rating of the inductor must be selected to be greater than the peak inductor current under full load conditions.

$$I_{\text{SAT, MIN}} > I_{\text{OUT, MAX}} + \frac{V_{\text{OUT}}(1\text{-}V_{\text{OUT}}/V_{\text{IN,MAX}})}{2 \cdot F_{\text{SW}} \cdot L}$$

3) The DCR of the inductor and the core loss at the switching frequency must be low enough to achieve the desired efficiency requirement. It is desirable to choose an inductor with DCR<50m Ω to achieve a good overall efficiency.

External Boostrap Cap

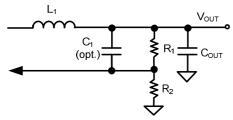
This capacitor provides the gate driver voltage for internal high side MOSEFET. A 100nF low ESR ceramic capacitor connected between BS pin and LX pin is recommended.





Load Transient Considerations:

SY8120B1 The regulator IC integrates compensation components to achieve good stability and fast transient responses. In some applications, adding a 22pF ceramic cap in parallel with R1 may further speed up the load transient responses and is thus recommended for applications with large load transient step requirements.



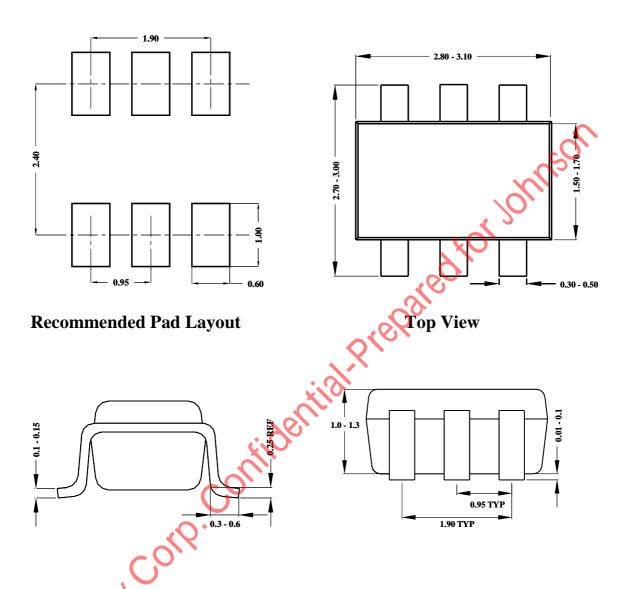
Layout Design:

confidential Production of the The layout design of SY8120B1 regulator is relatively simple. For the best efficiency and minimum noise

- promblem, we should place the following components close to the IC: CIN, L, R1 and R2.
- 1) It is desirable to maximize the PCB copper area connecting to GND pin to achieve the best thermal and noise performance. If the board space allowed, a ground plane is highly desirable.
- 2) CIN must be close to Pins IN and GND. The loop area formed by C_{IN} and GND must be minimized.
- 3) The PCB copper area associated with LX pin must be minimized to avoid the potential noise problem.
- 4) The components R₁ and R₂, and the trace connecting to the FB pin must NOT be adjacent to the LX net on the PCB layout to avoid the noise problem.
- 5) If the system chip interfacing with the EN pin has a high impedance state at shutdown mode and the IN pin is connected directly to a power source such as a Li-Ion battery, it is desirable to add a pull down 1Mohm resistor between the EN and GND pins to prevent the noise from falsely turning on the regulator at shutdown



SOT23-6L Package Outline & PCB layout



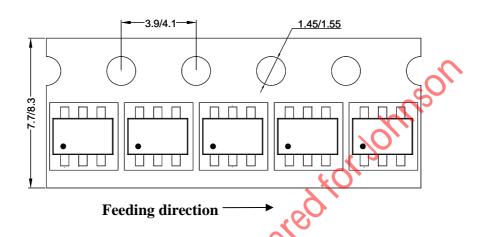
Notes: All dimension in MM

All dimension don't not include mold flash & metal burr

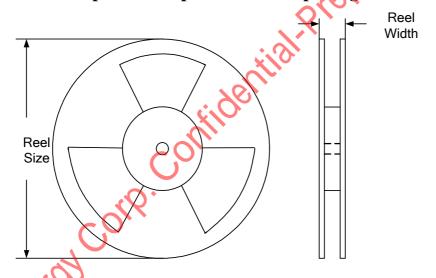


Taping & Reel Specification

1. SOT23-6 taping orientation



2. Carrier Tape & Reel specification for packages



Package types	Tape width (mm)	Pocket pitch(mm)	Reel size (Inch)	Reel width(mm)	Trailer length(mm)	Leader length (mm)	Qty per reel
SOT23-6	8	4	7''	8.4	280	160	3000

3. Others: NA