Resolução

Questão 01

- a) $N_1 I_1 + N_2 I_2 = H_1 l_1 + H_2 l_2 \Rightarrow I_2 = (H_1 l_1 + H_2 l_2 N_1 I_1)/N_2$ $\phi = 9 \times 10^{-5} \text{ Wb}$ $B_1 = \phi/A_1 = 9 \times 10^{-5}/(6015 \times 0.015) = 0.4 T \Rightarrow H_1 = 200 \text{ Ae/m}$ $B_2 = \phi/A_2 = 9 \times 10^{-5}/(0.015 \times 0.010) = 0.6 T \Rightarrow H_2 = 300 \text{ Ae/m}$ $I_2 = (200 \times 0.14 + 300 \times 0.15 - 200 \times 2.5)/100 = -4.27 \text{ A}$
- b) $N_1 I_1 + N_2 I_2 = H_1 I_1 + H_2 I_2 = B_1 A_1 = B_2 A_2 \Rightarrow B_3 = (A_1 A_2) B_3 = 45 B_1$ $O_1 1 4 H_1 + 915 H_2 = 200 \times 1 + 200 \times 1, 5 = 350$ Solução Literativa $B_2 = 45 B_1$

Parte inferior da curra de magnetitação: H = 500 B Parte superior da curra de magnetitação: H = -2000 + 3000 B

Resolver :

914H1 + 0,15H2 = 350 (1)
B2=1,5 B1 (2)
Satisfa rendo;
$$H = -2000 + 3000 B(3)$$

Chute (1):
$$B_1 = 0.8T$$
 $B_2 = 1.2T$

$$\downarrow (3)$$

$$H_1 = 400$$

$$(1)$$

$$H_2 = 1600$$

0,14 × 400+ 0,15×1600 ≠ 350 (296)

Chute (2):
$$B_1 = 0.85 T \Longrightarrow B_2 = 1.275T$$

$$L(3)$$

$$H_1 = 55D$$

$$H_2 = 1825$$

 $0,14 \times 550 + 0,15 \times 1825 = 350,75 \times 350 OK$ $0,14 \times 550 + 0,15 \times 1825 = 350,75 \times 350 OK$ $0,14 \times 550 + 0,15 \times 1825 = 350,75 \times 350 OK$ $0,14 \times 550 + 0,15 \times 1825 = 350,75 \times 350 OK$ $0,14 \times 550 + 0,15 \times 1825 = 350,75 \times 350 OK$ $0,14 \times 550 + 0,15 \times 1825 = 350,75 \times 350 OK$ $0,14 \times 550 + 0,15 \times 1825 = 350,75 \times 350 OK$ $0,14 \times 550 + 0,15 \times 1825 = 350,75 \times 350 OK$ $0,14 \times 550 + 0,15 \times 1825 = 350,75 \times 350 OK$ $0,14 \times 550 + 0,15 \times 1825 = 350,75 \times 350 OK$ $0,14 \times 550 + 0,15 \times 1825 = 350,75 \times 350 OK$ $0,14 \times 550 + 0,15 \times 1825 = 350,75 \times 350 OK$ $0,14 \times 550 + 0,15 \times 1825 = 350,75 \times 350 OK$ $0,14 \times 550 + 0,15 \times 1825 = 350,75 \times 350 OK$ $0,14 \times 550 + 0,15 \times 1825 = 350,75 \times 350 OK$ $0,14 \times 550 + 0,15 \times 1825 = 350,75 \times 350 OK$

Questão 02

Prod. energético máximo do alrico = Hm Bm Bm = 0,95 T e Hm = - 39,9 = 42 kA/m Homen + ttg g = 0 = lm = - Hag = - Bo Hm = $= -\frac{1}{4\pi \cdot 10^{-7}} \frac{0.3 \times 10^{2}}{-42000} = 5.684 \text{ cm}$ Φ= Bm Am = Bg Ag = Am = Bg Ag = 1 x 3x10 = 3,158 cm²

Questão 03

estão 03

Aírea geométrica =
$$A = 5 \times 10 \times 10^{9} = 0,005 \text{ m}^{2}$$

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Hg lf + Hg 2g = Ni = 850 × 4×15×102 + 41.107 × 2×0,005= - 510 + 7957, 729 = 8467, 729 = 2501

a)
$$\lambda = \frac{8467,729}{250} = 33,871 A$$

6)
$$\sqrt{g} = B_0 A_0 = 1 \times 1,075 A = 1,075 \times 0,005 = 0,00538 Wb$$

a)
$$L_b = \frac{N\phi_f}{L} = \frac{250 \times B_f A_f}{L} = \frac{250 \times 1,132 \times 0,95 \times 0,005}{33,871}$$

= 39,687 mH

Questão 04 Duestão 04

Brax = 1,13 \(\overline{2} = 1,538 \tau \tau 1,6 \tau \)

\[
\begin{align*}
\Delta n = 2,0 \text{ VA/bg} \\
\Delta n = 1,4 \text{ W/bg} \\
\Delta n = \frac{1}{2} - \rho^2 = 1,428 \text{ VAr/bg} \\
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\Delta n = \frac{1}{2} - \frac Volume = 1,8×103×0,6 = 0,00108 m3 marsa = 0,00108 x 7650 = 8,262 kg Sm = 2 x 8,262 = 16,524 VA Th = 1,4 x 8,262 = 11,567 W an = 1,428 x 8,262 = 11,798 VAr c) E = WNP = WNBA = 377×166× 1,13 × 1,8×10 = 127,292 V a) $R_P = \frac{E^2}{P_m} = \frac{127,292^2}{11,564} = 1400,817 \Omega$ b) $X_m = \frac{E^2}{Q_n} = \frac{124,292^2}{11.798} = 1373,390 \Omega$

 $f) = \sqrt{\frac{P_m}{R_p}} = \sqrt{\frac{11.567}{1400.817}} = 0.091 A$ e) $I_m = \sqrt{\frac{\Theta_m}{x_m}} = \sqrt{\frac{11,798}{1373390}} = 0,093 A$

d) $I_{\text{exc}} = \sqrt{I_p^2 + I_m^2} = \sqrt{0.91^2 + 0.093^2} = 0.130 \text{ A}$