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# **AWS Identity and Access Management**

**API Reference**

**API Version 2010-05-08**



## **AWS Identity and Access Management: API Reference**

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# Welcome

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This guide provides descriptions of the Identity and Access Management (IAM) API as well as links to related content in the guide, [Using IAM](#).

IAM is a web service that enables AWS customers to manage users and user permissions under their AWS account. For more information about this product go to [AWS Identity and Access Management \(IAM\)](#). For information about setting up signatures and authorization through the API, go to [Signing AWS API Requests](#) in the *AWS General Reference*. For general information about using the Query API with IAM, go to [Making Query Requests](#) in *Using IAM*.

If you're new to AWS and need additional technical information about a specific AWS product, you can find the product's technical documentation at <http://aws.amazon.com/documentation/>.

This document was last updated on July 17, 2012.

# Actions

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The actions described in this guide are called using the AWS Query protocol.

The following actions are supported:

- [AddRoleToInstanceProfile](#) (p. 5)
- [AddUserToGroup](#) (p. 7)
- [ChangePassword](#) (p. 9)
- [CreateAccessKey](#) (p. 11)
- [CreateAccountAlias](#) (p. 13)
- [CreateGroup](#) (p. 14)
- [CreateInstanceProfile](#) (p. 16)
- [CreateLoginProfile](#) (p. 18)
- [CreateRole](#) (p. 20)
- [CreateUser](#) (p. 22)
- [CreateVirtualMFADevice](#) (p. 24)
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- [DeleteUserPolicy](#) (p. 50)
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- [GetAccountPasswordPolicy](#) (p. 56)
- [GetAccountSummary](#) (p. 58)
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- [ListAccessKeys](#) (p. 80)
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- [PutGroupPolicy](#) (p. 116)
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- [PutUserPolicy](#) (p. 120)
- [RemoveRoleFromInstanceProfile](#) (p. 122)
- [RemoveUserFromGroup](#) (p. 124)
- [ResyncMFADevice](#) (p. 126)
- [UpdateAccessKey](#) (p. 128)
- [UpdateAccountPasswordPolicy](#) (p. 130)
- [UpdateAssumeRolePolicy](#) (p. 132)
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- [UpdateServerCertificate](#) (p. 138)
- [UpdateSigningCertificate](#) (p. 140)
- [UpdateUser](#) (p. 142)
- [UploadServerCertificate](#) (p. 144)
- [UploadSigningCertificate](#) (p. 147)

# AddRoleToInstanceProfile

## Description

Adds the specified role to the specified instance profile. For more information about roles, go to [Working with Roles](#). For more information about instance profiles, go to [About Instance Profiles](#).

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>InstanceProfileName</i>	Name of the instance profile to update. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes
<i>RoleName</i>	Name of the role to add. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.	Yes

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
<i>EntityAlreadyExists</i>	The request was rejected because it attempted to create a resource that already exists.	409
<i>LimitExceeded</i>	The request was rejected because it attempted to create resources beyond the current AWS account limits. The error message describes the limit exceeded.	409
<i>NoSuchEntity</i>	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=AddRoleToInstanceProfile  
&InstanceProfileName=Webserver  
&RoleName=S3Access  
&Version=2010-05-08
```

&AUTHPARAMS

## Sample Response

```
<AddRoleToInstanceProfileResponse xmlns="https://iam.amazonaws.com/doc/2010-05-08/">
  <ResponseMetadata>
    <RequestId>12657608-99f2-11e1-a4c3-27EXAMPLE804</RequestId>
  </ResponseMetadata>
</AddRoleToInstanceProfileResponse>
```

# AddUserToGroup

## Description

Adds the specified user to the specified group.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>GroupName</i>	Name of the group to update. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes
<i>UserName</i>	Name of the user to add. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
<i>LimitExceeded</i>	The request was rejected because it attempted to create resources beyond the current AWS account limits. The error message describes the limit exceeded.	409
<i>NoSuchEntity</i>	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=AddUserToGroup  
&GroupName=Managers  
&UserName=Bob  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

## Sample Response

```
<AddUserToGroupResponse>
  <ResponseMetadata>
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>
  </ResponseMetadata>
</AddUserToGroupResponse>
```

# ChangePassword

## Description

Changes the password of the IAM user calling `ChangePassword`. The root account password is not affected by this action. For information about modifying passwords, see [Managing Passwords](#).

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>NewPassword</i>	Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes
<i>OldPassword</i>	Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
<i>InvalidUserType</i>	The request was rejected because the type of user for the transaction was incorrect.	400
<i>NoSuchEntity</i>	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=ChangePassword  
&OldPassword=U79}kgds4?  
&NewPassword=Lb0*1(9xpN  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<ChangePasswordResponse>
```

```
<ResponseMetadata>  
  <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
</ResponseMetadata>  
</ChangePasswordResponse>
```

# CreateAccessKey

## Description

Creates a new AWS Secret Access Key and corresponding AWS Access Key ID for the specified user. The default status for new keys is `Active`.

If you do not specify a user name, IAM determines the user name implicitly based on the AWS Access Key ID signing the request. Because this action works for access keys under the AWS account, you can use this API to manage root credentials even if the AWS account has no associated users.

For information about limits on the number of keys you can create, see [Limitations on IAM Entities in Using AWS Identity and Access Management](#).



### Important

To ensure the security of your AWS account, the Secret Access Key is accessible only during key and user creation. You must save the key (for example, in a text file) if you want to be able to access it again. If a secret key is lost, you can delete the access keys for the associated user and then create new keys.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<code>UserName</code>	The user name that the new key will belong to. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	No

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `CreateAccessKeyResult` structure.

Name	Description
<code>AccessKey</code>	Information about the access key. Type: <a href="#">AccessKey (p. 151)</a>

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
<code>LimitExceeded</code>	The request was rejected because it attempted to create resources beyond the current AWS account limits. The error message describes the limit exceeded.	409



Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=CreateAccessKey  
&UserName=Bob  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<CreateAccessKeyResponse>  
  <CreateAccessKeyResult>  
    <AccessKey>  
      <UserName>Bob</UserName>  
      <AccessKeyId>AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE</AccessKeyId>  
      <Status>Active</Status>  
      <SecretAccessKey>wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxrFiCYzEXAMPLEKEY  
    </SecretAccessKey>  
  </AccessKey>  
</CreateAccessKeyResult>  
<ResponseMetadata>  
  <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
</ResponseMetadata>  
</CreateAccessKeyResponse>
```

# CreateAccountAlias

## Description

This action creates an alias for your AWS account. For information about using an AWS account alias, see [Using an Alias for Your AWS Account ID](#) in *Using AWS Identity and Access Management*.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>AccountAlias</i>	Name of the account alias to create. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 3. Maximum length of 63.	Yes

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
<i>EntityAlreadyExists</i>	The request was rejected because it attempted to create a resource that already exists.	409

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=CreateAccountAlias  
&AccountAlias=foocorporation  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<CreateAccountAliasResponse>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>36b5db08-f1b0-11df-8fbe-45274EXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</CreateAccountAliasResponse>
```

# CreateGroup

## Description

Creates a new group.

For information about the number of groups you can create, see [Limitations on IAM Entities](#) in *Using AWS Identity and Access Management*.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>GroupName</i>	Name of the group to create. Do not include the path in this value. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes
<i>Path</i>	The path to the group. For more information about paths, see <a href="#">Identifiers for IAM Entities</a> in <i>Using AWS Identity and Access Management</i> .  This parameter is optional. If it is not included, it defaults to a slash (/). Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 512.	No

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `CreateGroupResult` structure.

Name	Description
Group	Information about the group. Type: <a href="#">Group (p. 160)</a>

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
<code>EntityAlreadyExists</code>	The request was rejected because it attempted to create a resource that already exists.	409
<code>LimitExceeded</code>	The request was rejected because it attempted to create resources beyond the current AWS account limits. The error message describes the limit exceeded.	409
<code>NoSuchEntity</code>	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=CreateGroup  
&Path=/  
&GroupName=Admins  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<CreateGroupResponse>  
  <CreateGroupResult>  
    <Group>  
      <Path>/</Path>  
      <GroupName>Admins</GroupName>  
      <GroupId>AGPACKCEVSQ6C2EXAMPLE</GroupId>  
      <Arn>arn:aws:iam::123456789012:group/Admins</Arn>  
    </Group>  
  </CreateGroupResult>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</CreateGroupResponse>
```

# CreateInstanceProfile

## Description

Creates a new instance profile. For information about instance profiles, go to [About Instance Profiles](#).

For information about the number of instance profiles you can create, see [Limitations on IAM Entities in Using AWS Identity and Access Management](#).

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>InstanceProfileName</i>	Name of the instance profile to create. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes
<i>Path</i>	The path to the instance profile. For more information about paths, see <a href="#">Identifiers for IAM Entities in Using AWS Identity and Access Management</a> .  This parameter is optional. If it is not included, it defaults to a slash (/). Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 512.	No

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `CreateInstanceProfileResult` structure.

Name	Description
<i>InstanceProfile</i>	Information about the instance profile. Type: <a href="#">InstanceProfile (p. 161)</a>

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
<i>EntityAlreadyExists</i>	The request was rejected because it attempted to create a resource that already exists.	409
<i>LimitExceeded</i>	The request was rejected because it attempted to create resources beyond the current AWS account limits. The error message describes the limit exceeded.	409

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=CreateInstanceProfile  
&InstanceProfileName=Webserver  
&Path=/application_abc/component_xyz/  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<CreateInstanceProfileResponse xmlns="https://iam.amazonaws.com/doc/2010-05-08/">  
  <CreateInstanceProfileResult>  
    <InstanceProfile>  
      <InstanceProfileId>AIPAD5AR02C5EXAMPLE3G</InstanceProfileId>  
      <Roles/>  
      <InstanceProfileName>Webserver</InstanceProfileName>  
      <Path>/application_abc/component_xyz</Path>  
      <Arn>arn:aws:iam::123456789012:instance-profile/application_abc/compon  
ent_xyz/Webserver</Arn>  
      <CreateDate>2012-05-09T16:11:10.222Z</CreateDate>  
    </InstanceProfile>  
  </CreateInstanceProfileResult>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>974142ee-99f1-11e1-a4c3-27EXAMPLE804</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</CreateInstanceProfileResponse>
```

# CreateLoginProfile

## Description

Creates a password for the specified user, giving the user the ability to access AWS services through the AWS Management Console. For more information about managing passwords, see [Managing Passwords](#) in *Using IAM*.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>Password</i>	The new password for the user name. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes
<i>UserName</i>	Name of the user to create a password for. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.	Yes

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `CreateLoginProfileResult` structure.

Name	Description
LoginProfile	The user name and password create date. Type: <a href="#">LoginProfile (p. 169)</a>

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
EntityAlreadyExists	The request was rejected because it attempted to create a resource that already exists.	409
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404
PasswordPolicyViolation	The request was rejected because the provided password did not meet the requirements imposed by the account password policy.	400

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=CreateLoginProfile  
&UserName=Bob  
&Password=Password1  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<CreateLoginProfileResponse>  
  <CreateUserResult>  
    <LoginProfile>  
      <UserName>Bob</UserName>  
      <CreateDate>2011-09-19T23:00:56Z</CreateDate>  
    </LoginProfile>  
  </CreateUserResult>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</CreateLoginProfileResponse>
```



# CreateRole

## Description

Creates a new role for your AWS account. For more information about roles, go to [Working with Roles](#). For information about limitations on role names and the number of roles you can create, go to [Limitations on IAM Entities](#) in *Using AWS Identity and Access Management*.

The policy grants permission to an EC2 instance to assume the role. The policy is URL-encoded according to RFC 3986. For more information about RFC 3986, go to <http://www.faqs.org/rfcs/rfc3986.html>. Currently, only EC2 instances can assume roles.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>AssumeRolePolicyDocument</i>	The policy that grants an entity permission to assume the role. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 131072.	Yes
<i>Path</i>	The path to the role. For more information about paths, see <a href="#">Identifiers for IAM Entities</a> in <i>Using AWS Identity and Access Management</i> .  This parameter is optional. If it is not included, it defaults to a slash (/). Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 512.	No
<i>RoleName</i>	Name of the role to create. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.	Yes

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `CreateRoleResult` structure.

Name	Description
<i>Role</i>	Information about the role. Type: <a href="#">Role (p. 171)</a>

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
EntityAlreadyExists	The request was rejected because it attempted to create a resource that already exists.	409
LimitExceeded	The request was rejected because it attempted to create resources beyond the current AWS account limits. The error message describes the limit exceeded.	409
MalformedPolicyDocument	The request was rejected because the policy document was malformed. The error message describes the specific error.	400

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=CreateRole  
&RoleName=S3Access  
&Path=/application_abc/component_xyz/  
&AssumeRolePolicyDocument={"Version":"2008-10-17","Statement":[{"Effect":"Allow","Principal":{"Service":["ec2.amazonaws.com"]},"Action":["sts:AssumeRole"]}]}  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<CreateRoleResponse xmlns="https://iam.amazonaws.com/doc/2010-05-08/">  
  <CreateRoleResult>  
    <Role>  
      <Path>/application_abc/component_xyz</Path>  
      <Arn>arn:aws:iam::123456789012:role/application_abc/component_xyz/S3Access</Arn>  
      <RoleName>S3Access</RoleName>  
      <AssumeRolePolicyDocument>{"Version":"2008-10-17","Statement":[{"Effect":"Allow","Principal":{"Service":["ec2.amazonaws.com"]},"Action":["sts:AssumeRole"]}]}</AssumeRolePolicyDocument>  
      <CreateDate>2012-05-08T23:34:01.495Z</CreateDate>  
      <RoleId>AROADBQP57FF2AEXAMPLE</RoleId>  
    </Role>  
  </CreateRoleResult>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>4a93ceee-9966-11e1-b624-b1aEXAMPLE7c</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</CreateRoleResponse>
```

# CreateUser

## Description

Creates a new user for your AWS account.

For information about limitations on the number of users you can create, see [Limitations on IAM Entities](#) in *Using AWS Identity and Access Management*.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>Path</i>	The path for the user name. For more information about paths, see <a href="#">Identifiers for IAM Entities</a> in <i>Using AWS Identity and Access Management</i> .  This parameter is optional. If it is not included, it defaults to a slash (/). Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 512.	No
<i>UserName</i>	Name of the user to create. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.	Yes

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `CreateUserResult` structure.

Name	Description
<i>User</i>	Information about the user. Type: <a href="#">User (p. 175)</a>

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
<code>EntityAlreadyExists</code>	The request was rejected because it attempted to create a resource that already exists.	409
<code>LimitExceeded</code>	The request was rejected because it attempted to create resources beyond the current AWS account limits. The error message describes the limit exceeded.	409
<code>NoSuchEntity</code>	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=CreateUser  
&Path=/division_abc/subdivision_xyz/  
&UserName=Bob  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<CreateUserResponse>  
  <CreateUserResult>  
    <User>  
      <Path>/division_abc/subdivision_xyz/</Path>  
      <UserName>Bob</UserName>  
      <UserId>AIDACKCEVSQ6C2EXAMPLE</UserId>  
      <Arn>arn:aws:iam::123456789012:user/division_abc/subdivision_xyz/Bob  
      </Arn>  
    </User>  
  </CreateUserResult>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</CreateUserResponse>
```

# CreateVirtualMFADevice

## Description

Creates a new virtual MFA device for the AWS account. After creating the virtual MFA, use [EnableMFADevice](#) to attach the MFA device to an IAM user. For more information about creating and working with virtual MFA devices, go to [Using a Virtual MFA Device](#) in *Using AWS Identity and Access Management*.

For information about limits on the number of MFA devices you can create, see [Limitations on Entities](#) in *Using AWS Identity and Access Management*.



### Important

The seed information contained in the QR code and the Base32 string should be treated like any other secret access information, such as your AWS access keys or your passwords. After you provision your virtual device, you should ensure that the information is destroyed following secure procedures.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>Path</i>	The path for the virtual MFA device. For more information about paths, see <a href="#">Identifiers for IAM Entities</a> in <i>Using AWS Identity and Access Management</i> .  This parameter is optional. If it is not included, it defaults to a slash (/). Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 512.	No
<i>VirtualMFADeviceName</i>	The name of the virtual MFA device. Use with path to uniquely identify a virtual MFA device. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1.	Yes

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `CreateVirtualMFADeviceResult` structure.

Name	Description
<code>VirtualMFADevice</code>	A newly created virtual MFA device. Type: <a href="#">VirtualMFADevice (p. 176)</a>

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
EntityAlreadyExists	The request was rejected because it attempted to create a resource that already exists.	409
LimitExceeded	The request was rejected because it attempted to create resources beyond the current AWS account limits. The error message describes the limit exceeded.	409

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=CreateVirtualMFADevice  
&VirtualMFADeviceName=ExampleName  
&Path=/  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<CreateVirtualMFADeviceResponse>  
  <CreateVirtualMFADeviceResult>  
    <VirtualMFADevice>  
      <SerialNumber>arn:aws:iam::123456789012:mfa/ExampleName</SerialNumber>  
      <Base32StringSeed>2K5K5XTLA7GGE75TQLYEXAMPLEEXAMPLEEXAMPLECHDFW4KJYZ6  
        UFQ75LL7COCYKM</Base32StringSeed>  
      <QRCodePNG>89504E470D0A1A0AASDFAHSDFKJLJFKALSDFJASDF</QRCodePNG> <!--  
byte array of png file -->  
    </VirtualMFADevice>  
  </CreateVirtualMFADeviceResult>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</CreateVirtualMFADeviceResponse>
```

# DeactivateMFADevice

## Description

Deactivates the specified MFA device and removes it from association with the user name for which it was originally enabled.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>SerialNumber</i>	The serial number that uniquely identifies the MFA device. For virtual MFA devices, the serial number is the device ARN. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 9. Maximum length of 256.	Yes
<i>UserName</i>	Name of the user whose MFA device you want to deactivate. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
<i>EntityTemporarilyUnmodifiable</i>	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that is temporarily unmodifiable, such as a user name that was deleted and then recreated. The error indicates that the request is likely to succeed if you try again after waiting several minutes. The error message describes the entity.	409
<i>NoSuchEntity</i>	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=DeactivateMFADevice  
&UserName=Bob  
&SerialNumber=R1234
```

&AUTHPARAMS

## Sample Response

```
<DeactivateMFADeviceResponse>
  <ResponseMetadata>
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>
  </ResponseMetadata>
</DeactivateMFADeviceResponse>
```



# DeleteAccessKey

## Description

Deletes the access key associated with the specified user.

If you do not specify a user name, IAM determines the user name implicitly based on the AWS Access Key ID signing the request. Because this action works for access keys under the AWS account, you can use this API to manage root credentials even if the AWS account has no associated users.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>AccessKeyId</i>	The Access Key ID for the Access Key ID and Secret Access Key you want to delete. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 16. Maximum length of 32.	Yes
<i>UserName</i>	Name of the user whose key you want to delete. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	No

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=DeleteAccessKey  
&UserName=Bob  
&AccessKeyId=AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

## Sample Response

```
<DeleteAccessKeyResponse>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</DeleteAccessKeyResponse>
```

# DeleteAccountAlias

## Description

Deletes the specified AWS account alias. For information about using an AWS account alias, see [Using an Alias for Your AWS Account ID](#) in *Using AWS Identity and Access Management*.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters](#) (p. 177).

Name	Description	Required
<i>AccountAlias</i>	Name of the account alias to delete. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 3. Maximum length of 63.	Yes

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors](#) (p. 179).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=DeleteAccountAlias  
&AccountAlias=foocorporation  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<DeleteAccountAliasResponse>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</DeleteAccountAliasResponse>
```

# DeleteAccountPasswordPolicy

## Description

Deletes the password policy for the AWS account.

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors](#) (p. 179).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=DeleteAccountPasswordPolicy  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<DeleteAccountPasswordPolicyResponse>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</DeleteAccountPasswordPolicy>
```

# DeleteGroup

## Description

Deletes the specified group. The group must not contain any users or have any attached policies.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>GroupName</i>	Name of the group to delete. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
DeleteConflict	The request was rejected because it attempted to delete a resource that has attached subordinate entities. The error message describes these entities.	409
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=DeleteGroup  
&Group=Test  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<DeleteGroupResponse>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>
```

```
</DeleteGroupResponse>
```

# DeleteGroupPolicy

## Description

Deletes the specified policy that is associated with the specified group.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>GroupName</i>	Name of the group the policy is associated with. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes
<i>PolicyName</i>	Name of the policy document to delete. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=DeleteGroupPolicy  
&GroupName=Admins  
&PolicyName=AdminRoot  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<DeleteGroupPolicyResponse>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>
```

```
</DeleteGroupPolicyResponse>
```



# DeleteInstanceProfile

## Description

Deletes the specified instance profile. The instance profile must not have an associated role.



### Important

Make sure you do not have any Amazon EC2 instances running with the instance profile you are about to delete. Deleting a role or instance profile that is associated with a running instance will break any applications running on the instance.

For more information about instance profiles, go to [About Instance Profiles](#).

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>InstanceProfileName</i>	Name of the instance profile to delete. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
DeleteConflict	The request was rejected because it attempted to delete a resource that has attached subordinate entities. The error message describes these entities.	409
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=DeleteInstanceProfile  
&InstanceProfileName=Webserver  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

## Sample Response

```
<DeleteInstanceProfileResponse xmlns="https://iam.amazonaws.com/doc/2010-05-08/">
  <ResponseMetadata>
    <RequestId>90c18667-99f3-11e1-a4c3-27EXAMPLE804</RequestId>
  </ResponseMetadata>
</DeleteInstanceProfileResponse>
```

# DeleteLoginProfile

## Description

Deletes the password for the specified user, which terminates the user's ability to access AWS services through the AWS Management Console.



### Important

Deleting a user's password does not prevent a user from accessing IAM through the command line interface or the API. To prevent all user access you must also either make the access key inactive or delete it. For more information about making keys inactive or deleting them, see [UpdateAccessKey](#) (p. 128) and [DeleteAccessKey](#) (p. 28).

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters](#) (p. 177).

Name	Description	Required
<i>UserName</i>	Name of the user whose password you want to delete. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.	Yes

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors](#) (p. 179).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
<i>EntityTemporarilyUnmodifiable</i>	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that is temporarily unmodifiable, such as a user name that was deleted and then recreated. The error indicates that the request is likely to succeed if you try again after waiting several minutes. The error message describes the entity.	409
<i>NoSuchEntity</i>	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=DeleteLoginProfile  
&UserName=Bob
```

&AUTHPARAMS

## Sample Response

```
<DeleteLoginProfileResponse>
  <ResponseMetadata>
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>
  </ResponseMetadata>
</DeleteLoginProfileResponse>
```

# DeleteRole

## Description

Deletes the specified role. The role must not have any policies attached. For more information about roles, go to [Working with Roles](#).



### Important

Make sure you do not have any Amazon EC2 instances running with the role you are about to delete. Deleting a role or instance profile that is associated with a running instance will break any applications running on the instance.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>RoleName</i>	Name of the role to delete. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.	Yes

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
DeleteConflict	The request was rejected because it attempted to delete a resource that has attached subordinate entities. The error message describes these entities.	409
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=DeleteRole  
&RoleName=S3Access  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

## Sample Response

```
<DeleteRoleResponse xmlns="https://iam.amazonaws.com/doc/2010-05-08/">
  <ResponseMetadata>
    <RequestId>913e3f37-99ed-11e1-a4c3-270EXAMPLE04</RequestId>
  </ResponseMetadata>
</DeleteRoleResponse>
```

# DeleteRolePolicy

## Description

Deletes the specified policy associated with the specified role.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>PolicyName</i>	Name of the policy document to delete. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes
<i>RoleName</i>	Name of the role the associated with the policy. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.	Yes

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=DeleteRolePolicy  
&PolicyName=S3AccessPolicy  
&RoleName=S3Access  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<DeleteRolePolicyResponse xmlns="https://iam.amazonaws.com/doc/2010-05-08/">  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>c749ee7f-99ef-11e1-a4c3-27EXAMPLE804</RequestId>
```

```
</ResponseMetadata>  
</DeleteRolePolicyResponse>
```



# DeleteServerCertificate

## Description

Deletes the specified server certificate.



### Important

If you are using a server certificate with Elastic Load Balancing, deleting the certificate could have implications for your application. If Elastic Load Balancing doesn't detect the deletion of bound certificates, it may continue to use the certificates. This could cause Elastic Load Balancing to stop accepting traffic. We recommend that you remove the reference to the certificate from Elastic Load Balancing before using this command to delete the certificate. For more information, go to [DeleteLoadBalancerListeners](#) in the *Elastic Load Balancing API Reference*.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>ServerCertificateName</i>	The name of the server certificate you want to delete. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
<i>DeleteConflict</i>	The request was rejected because it attempted to delete a resource that has attached subordinate entities. The error message describes these entities.	409
<i>NoSuchEntity</i>	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=DeleteServerCertificate  
&ServerCertificateName=ProdServerCert  
&Version=2010-05-08
```

&AUTHPARAMS

## Sample Response

```
<DeleteServerCertificateResponse>
  <ResponseMetadata>
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>
  </ResponseMetadata>
</DeleteServerCertificateResponse>
```

# DeleteSigningCertificate

## Description

Deletes the specified signing certificate associated with the specified user.

If you do not specify a user name, IAM determines the user name implicitly based on the AWS Access Key ID signing the request. Because this action works for access keys under the AWS account, you can use this API to manage root credentials even if the AWS account has no associated users.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>CertificateId</i>	ID of the signing certificate to delete. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 24. Maximum length of 128.	Yes
<i>UserName</i>	Name of the user the signing certificate belongs to. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	No

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=DeleteSigningCertificate  
&UserName=Bob  
&CertificateId=TA7SMP42TDN5Z26OBPJE7EXAMPLE  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

## Sample Response

```
<DeleteSigningCertificateResponse>
  <ResponseMetadata>
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>
  </ResponseMetadata>
</DeleteSigningCertificateResponse>
```

# DeleteUser

## Description

Deletes the specified user. The user must not belong to any groups, have any keys or signing certificates, or have any attached policies.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>UserName</i>	Name of the user to delete. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
DeleteConflict	The request was rejected because it attempted to delete a resource that has attached subordinate entities. The error message describes these entities.	409
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=DeleteUser  
&UserName=Bob  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<DeleteUserResponse>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>
```

```
</ResponseMetadata>  
</DeleteUserResponse>
```

# DeleteUserPolicy

## Description

Deletes the specified policy associated with the specified user.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>PolicyName</i>	Name of the policy document to delete. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes
<i>UserName</i>	Name of the user the policy is associated with. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=DeleteUserPolicy  
&UserName=Bob  
&PolicyName=AllAccessPolicy  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<DeleteUserPolicyResponse>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>
```

```
</DeleteUserPolicyResponse>
```



# DeleteVirtualMFADevice

## Description

Deletes a virtual MFA device.



### Note

You must deactivate a user's virtual MFA device before you can delete it. For information about deactivating MFA devices, see [DeactivateMFADevice](#).

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>SerialNumber</i>	The serial number that uniquely identifies the MFA device. For virtual MFA devices, the serial number is the same as the ARN. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 9. Maximum length of 256.	Yes

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
DeleteConflict	The request was rejected because it attempted to delete a resource that has attached subordinate entities. The error message describes these entities.	409
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=DeleteVirtualMFADevice  
&SerialNumber=arn:aws:iam::123456789012:mfa/ExampleName  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

## Sample Response

```
<DeleteVirtualMFADeviceResponse>
  <DeleteVirtualMFADeviceResult>
    <VirtualMFADevice>
      <SerialNumber>arn:aws:iam::123456789012:mfa/ExampleName</SerialNumber>
    </VirtualMFADevice>
  </DeleteVirtualMFADeviceResult>
  <ResponseMetadata>
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>
  </ResponseMetadata>
</DeleteVirtualMFADeviceResponse>
```

# EnableMFADevice

## Description

Enables the specified MFA device and associates it with the specified user name. When enabled, the MFA device is required for every subsequent login by the user name associated with the device.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>AuthenticationCode1</i>	An authentication code emitted by the device. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 6. Maximum length of 6.	Yes
<i>AuthenticationCode2</i>	A subsequent authentication code emitted by the device. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 6. Maximum length of 6.	Yes
<i>SerialNumber</i>	The serial number that uniquely identifies the MFA device. For virtual MFA devices, the serial number is the device ARN. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 9. Maximum length of 256.	Yes
<i>UserName</i>	Name of the user for whom you want to enable the MFA device. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
<i>EntityAlreadyExists</i>	The request was rejected because it attempted to create a resource that already exists.	409
<i>EntityTemporarilyUnmodifiable</i>	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that is temporarily unmodifiable, such as a user name that was deleted and then recreated. The error indicates that the request is likely to succeed if you try again after waiting several minutes. The error message describes the entity.	409

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
InvalidAuthenticationCode	The request was rejected because the authentication code was not recognized. The error message describes the specific error.	403
LimitExceeded	The request was rejected because it attempted to create resources beyond the current AWS account limits. The error message describes the limit exceeded.	409
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=EnableMFADevice  
&UserName=Bob  
&SerialNumber=R1234  
&AuthenticationCode1=234567  
&AuthenticationCode2=987654  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<EnableMFADeviceResponse>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</EnableMFADeviceResponse>
```

# GetAccountPasswordPolicy

## Description

Retrieves the password policy for the AWS account. For more information about using a password policy, go to [Managing an IAM Password Policy](#).

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `GetAccountPasswordPolicyResult` structure.

Name	Description
PasswordPolicy	The PasswordPolicy data type contains information about the account password policy.  This data type is used as a response element in the action <a href="#">GetAccountPasswordPolicy</a> (p. 56). Type: <a href="#">PasswordPolicy</a> (p. 170)

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors](#) (p. 179).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=GetAccountPasswordPolicy  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<GetAccountPasswordPolicyResponse>  
  <GetAccountPasswordPolicyResult>  
    <PasswordPolicy>  
      <MinimumPasswordLength>6</MinimumPasswordLength>,  
      <RequireUppercaseCharacters>>false</RequireUppercaseCharacters>
```

```
        <RequireLowercaseCharacters>false</RequireLowercaseCharacters>
        <RequireNumbers>false</RequireNumbers>
        <RequireSymbols>false</RequireSymbols>
        <AllowUsersToChangePassword>true</AllowUsersToChangePassword>
    </PasswordPolicy>
</GetAccountPasswordPolicyResult>
<ResponseMetadata>
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>
</ResponseMetadata>
</GetAccountPasswordPolicyResponse>
```

# GetAccountSummary

## Description

Retrieves account level information about account entity usage and IAM quotas.

For information about limitations on IAM entities, see [Limitations on IAM Entities](#) in *Using AWS Identity and Access Management*.

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `GetAccountSummaryResult` structure.

Name	Description
SummaryMap	<p>A set of key value pairs containing account-level information.</p> <p>SummaryMap contains the following keys:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>AccessKeysPerUserQuota</code> - Maximum number of access keys that can be created per user</li> <li>• <code>AccountMFAEnabled</code> - 1 if the root account has an MFA device assigned to it, 0 otherwise</li> <li>• <code>AssumeRolePolicySizeQuota</code> - Maximum allowed size for assume role policy documents (in kilobytes)</li> <li>• <code>GroupPolicySizeQuota</code> - Maximum allowed size for Group policy documents (in kilobytes)</li> <li>• <code>Groups</code> - Number of Groups for the AWS account</li> <li>• <code>GroupsPerUserQuota</code> - Maximum number of groups a user can belong to</li> <li>• <code>GroupsQuota</code> - Maximum groups allowed for the AWS account</li> <li>• <code>InstanceProfiles</code> - Number of instance profiles for the AWS account</li> <li>• <code>InstanceProfilesQuota</code> - Maximum instance profiles allowed for the AWS account</li> <li>• <code>MFADevices</code> - Number of MFA devices, either assigned or unassigned</li> <li>• <code>MFADevicesInUse</code> - Number of MFA devices that have been assigned to an IAM user or to the root account</li> <li>• <code>RolePolicySizeQuota</code> - Maximum allowed size for role policy documents (in kilobytes)</li> <li>• <code>Roles</code> - Number of roles for the AWS account</li> <li>• <code>RolesQuota</code> - Maximum roles allowed for the AWS account</li> <li>• <code>ServerCertificates</code> - Number of server certificates for the AWS account</li> <li>• <code>ServerCertificatesQuota</code> - Maximum server certificates allowed for the AWS account</li> <li>• <code>SigningCertificatesPerUserQuota</code> - Maximum number of X509 certificates allowed for a user</li> <li>• <code>UserPolicySizeQuota</code> - Maximum allowed size for user policy documents (in kilobytes)</li> <li>• <code>Users</code> - Number of users for the AWS account</li> <li>• <code>UsersQuota</code> - Maximum users allowed for the AWS account</li> </ul> <p>Type: String to Integer map</p>

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=GetAccountSummary  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<GetAccountSummaryResponse>  
  <GetAccountSummaryResult>  
    <SummaryMap>  
      <entry>  
        <key>Groups</key>  
        <value>31</value>  
      </entry>  
      <entry>  
        <key>GroupsQuota</key>  
        <value>50</value>  
      </entry>  
      <entry>  
        <key>UsersQuota</key>  
        <value>150</value>  
      </entry>  
      <entry>  
        <key>Users</key>  
        <value>35</value>  
      </entry>  
      <entry>  
        <key>GroupPolicySizeQuota</key>  
        <value>10240</value>  
      </entry>  
      <entry>  
        <key>AccessKeysPerUserQuota</key>  
        <value>2</value>  
      </entry>  
      <entry>  
        <key>GroupsPerUserQuota</key>  
        <value>10</value>  
      </entry>  
      <entry>  
        <key>UserPolicySizeQuota</key>  
        <value>10240</value>  
      </entry>  
      <entry>  
        <key>SigningCertificatesPerUserQuota</key>  
        <value>2</value>  
      </entry>  
      <entry>  
        <key>ServerCertificates</key>
```



```
    <value>0</value>
  </entry>
  <entry>
    <key>ServerCertificatesQuota</key>
    <value>10</value>
  </entry>
  <entry>
    <key>AccountMFAEnabled</key>
    <value>0</value>
  </entry>
  <entry>
    <key>MFADevicesInUse</key>
    <value>10</value>
  </entry>
  <entry>
    <key>MFADevices</key>
    <value>20</value>
  </entry>
</SummaryMap>
</GetAccountSummaryResult>
<ResponseMetadata>
  <RequestId>f1e38443-f1ad-11df-b1ef-a9265EXAMPLE</RequestId>
</ResponseMetadata>
</GetAccountSummaryResponse>
```

# GetGroup

## Description

Returns a list of users that are in the specified group. You can paginate the results using the `MaxItems` and `Marker` parameters.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>GroupName</i>	Name of the group. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes
<i>Marker</i>	Use this only when paginating results, and only in a subsequent request after you've received a response where the results are truncated. Set it to the value of the <code>Marker</code> element in the response you just received. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.	No
<i>MaxItems</i>	Use this only when paginating results to indicate the maximum number of user names you want in the response. If there are additional user names beyond the maximum you specify, the <code>IsTruncated</code> response element is <code>true</code> . This parameter is optional. If you do not include it, it defaults to 100. Type: Integer	No

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `GetGroupResult` structure.

Name	Description
<code>Group</code>	Information about the group. Type: <a href="#">Group (p. 160)</a>
<code>IsTruncated</code>	A flag that indicates whether there are more user names to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more user names in the list. Type: Boolean
<code>Marker</code>	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , then this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String
<code>Users</code>	A list of users in the group. Type: <a href="#">User (p. 175)</a> list

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=GetGroup  
&GroupName=Admins  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<GetGroupResponse>  
  <GetGroupResult>  
    <Group>  
      <Path>/</Path>  
      <GroupName>Admins</GroupName>  
      <GroupId>AGPACKCEVSQ6C2EXAMPLE</GroupId>  
      <Arn>arn:aws:iam::123456789012:group/Admins</Arn>  
    </Group>  
    <Users>  
      <member>  
        <Path>/division_abc/subdivision_xyz/</Path>  
        <UserName>Bob</UserName>  
        <UserId>AIDACKCEVSQ6C2EXAMPLE</UserId>  
        <Arn>  
          arn:aws:iam::123456789012:user/division_abc/subdivision_xyz/Bob  
        </Arn>  
      </member>  
      <member>  
        <Path>/division_abc/subdivision_xyz/</Path>  
        <UserName>Susan</UserName>  
        <UserId>AIDACKCEVSQ6C2EXAMPLE</UserId>  
        <Arn>  
          arn:aws:iam::123456789012:user/division_abc/subdivision_xyz/Susan  
        </Arn>  
      </member>  
    </Users>  
    <IsTruncated>>false</IsTruncated>  
  </GetGroupResult>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>
```

```
</GetGroupResponse>
```

# GetGroupPolicy

## Description

Retrieves the specified policy document for the specified group. The returned policy is URL-encoded according to RFC 3986. For more information about RFC 3986, go to <http://www.faqs.org/rfcs/rfc3986.html>.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>GroupName</i>	Name of the group the policy is associated with. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes
<i>PolicyName</i>	Name of the policy document to get. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `GetGroupPolicyResult` structure.

Name	Description
<i>GroupName</i>	The group the policy is associated with. Type: String
<i>PolicyDocument</i>	The policy document. Type: String
<i>PolicyName</i>	The name of the policy. Type: String

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
<i>NoSuchEntity</i>	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=GetGroupPolicy  
&GroupName=Admins  
&PolicyName=AdminRoot  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<GetGroupPolicyResponse>  
  <GetGroupPolicyResult>  
    <GroupName>Admins</GroupName>  
    <PolicyName>AdminRoot</PolicyName>  
    <PolicyDocument>  
      {"Statement":[{"Effect":"Allow","Action":"*","Resource":"*"}]}  
    </PolicyDocument>  
  </GetGroupPolicyResult>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</GetGroupPolicyResponse>
```

# GetInstanceProfile

## Description

Retrieves information about the specified instance profile, including the instance profile's path, GUID, ARN, and role. For more information about instance profiles, go to [About Instance Profiles](#). For more information about ARNs, go to [ARNs](#).

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>InstanceProfileName</i>	Name of the instance profile to get information about. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `GetInstanceProfileResult` structure.

Name	Description
<i>InstanceProfile</i>	Information about the instance profile. Type: <a href="#">InstanceProfile (p. 161)</a>

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
<i>NoSuchEntity</i>	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=GetInstanceProfile  
&InstanceProfileName=Webserver  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

## Sample Response

```
<GetInstanceProfileResponse xmlns="https://iam.amazonaws.com/doc/2010-05-08/">

  <GetInstanceProfileResult>
    <InstanceProfile>
      <InstanceProfileId>AIPAD5ARO2C5EXAMPLE3G</InstanceProfileId>
      <Roles>
        <member>
          <Path>/application_abc/component_xyz</Path>
          <Arn>arn:aws:iam::123456789012:role/application_abc/component_xyz/S3Access</Arn>
          <RoleName>S3Access</RoleName>
          <AssumeRolePolicyDocument>{"Version":"2008-10-17","Statement":[{"Effect":"Allow","Principal":{"Service":["ec2.amazonaws.com"]},"Action":["sts:AssumeRole"]}]}</AssumeRolePolicyDocument>
          <CreateDate>2012-05-09T15:45:35Z</CreateDate>
          <RoleId>AROACVYKSVTSZFEXAMPLE</RoleId>
        </member>
      </Roles>
      <InstanceProfileName>Webserver</InstanceProfileName>
      <Path>/application_abc/component_xyz</Path>
      <Arn>arn:aws:iam::123456789012:instance-profile/application_abc/component_xyz/Webserver</Arn>
      <CreateDate>2012-05-09T16:11:10Z</CreateDate>
    </InstanceProfile>
  </GetInstanceProfileResult>
  <ResponseMetadata>
    <RequestId>37289fda-99f2-11e1-a4c3-27EXAMPLE804</RequestId>
  </ResponseMetadata>
</GetInstanceProfileResponse>
```



# GetLoginProfile

## Description

Retrieves the user name and password create date for the specified user.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>UserName</i>	Name of the user whose login profile you want to retrieve. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.	Yes

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `GetLoginProfileResult` structure.

Name	Description
<i>LoginProfile</i>	User name and password create date for the user. Type: <a href="#">LoginProfile (p. 169)</a>

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
<i>NoSuchEntity</i>	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=GetLoginProfile  
&UserName=Bob  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

## Sample Response

```
<GetLoginProfileResponse>
  <GetLoginProfileResult>
    <LoginProfile>
      <UserName>Bob</UserName>
      <CreateDate>2011-09-19T23:00:56Z</CreateDate>
    </LoginProfile>
  </GetLoginProfileResult>
  <ResponseMetadata>
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>
  </ResponseMetadata>
</GetLoginProfileResponse>
```

# GetRole

## Description

Retrieves information about the specified role, including the role's path, GUID, ARN, and the policy granting permission to EC2 to assume the role. For more information about ARNs, go to [ARNs](#). For more information about roles, go to [Working with Roles](#).

The returned policy is URL-encoded according to RFC 3986. For more information about RFC 3986, go to <http://www.faqs.org/rfcs/rfc3986.html>.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>RoleName</i>	Name of the role to get information about. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.	Yes

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `GetRoleResult` structure.

Name	Description
<i>Role</i>	Information about the role. Type: <a href="#">Role (p. 171)</a>

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
<i>NoSuchEntity</i>	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=GetRole  
&RoleName=S3Access  
&Version=2010-05-08
```

&AUTHPARAMS

## Sample Response

```
<GetRoleResponse xmlns="https://iam.amazonaws.com/doc/2010-05-08/">
  <GetRoleResult>
    <Role>
      <Path>/application_abc/component_xyz/</Path>
      <Arn>arn:aws:iam::123456789012:role/application_abc/component_xyz/S3Access</Arn>
      <RoleName>S3Access</RoleName>
      <AssumeRolePolicyDocument>{"Version":"2008-10-17","Statement":[{"Effect":"Allow","Principal":{"Service":["ec2.amazonaws.com"]},"Action":["sts:AssumeRole"]}]}</AssumeRolePolicyDocument>
      <CreateDate>2012-05-08T23:34:01Z</CreateDate>
      <RoleId>AROADBQP57FF2AEXAMPLE</RoleId>
    </Role>
  </GetRoleResult>
  <ResponseMetadata>
    <RequestId>df37e965-9967-11e1-a4c3-270EXAMPLE04</RequestId>
  </ResponseMetadata>
</GetRoleResponse>
```

# GetRolePolicy

## Description

Retrieves the specified policy document for the specified role. For more information about roles, go to [Working with Roles](#).

The returned policy is URL-encoded according to RFC 3986. For more information about RFC 3986, go to <http://www.faqs.org/rfcs/rfc3986.html>.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>PolicyName</i>	Name of the policy document to get. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes
<i>RoleName</i>	Name of the role associated with the policy. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.	Yes

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `GetRolePolicyResult` structure.

Name	Description
<i>PolicyDocument</i>	The policy document. Type: String
<i>PolicyName</i>	The name of the policy. Type: String
<i>RoleName</i>	The role the policy is associated with. Type: String

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
<i>NoSuchEntity</i>	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=GetRolePolicy  
&PolicyName=S3AccessPolicy  
&RoleName=S3Access  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<GetRolePolicyResponse xmlns="https://iam.amazonaws.com/doc/2010-05-08/">  
  <GetRolePolicyResult>  
    <PolicyName>S3AccessPolicy</PolicyName>  
    <RoleName>S3Access</RoleName>  
    <PolicyDocument>{"Version":"2008-10-17","Statement":[{"Effect":"Allow","Ac  
tion":["s3:*"],"Resource":["*"]}]}</PolicyDocument>  
  </GetRolePolicyResult>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7e7cd8bc-99ef-11e1-a4c3-27EXAMPLE804</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</GetRolePolicyResponse>
```

# GetServerCertificate

## Description

Retrieves information about the specified server certificate.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>ServerCertificateName</i>	The name of the server certificate you want to retrieve information about. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `GetServerCertificateResult` structure.

Name	Description
<i>ServerCertificate</i>	Information about the server certificate. Type: <a href="#">ServerCertificate (p. 172)</a>

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
<i>NoSuchEntity</i>	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=GetServerCertificate  
&ServerCertificateName=ProdServerCert  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

## Sample Response

```
<GetServerCertificateResponse>
  <GetServerCertificateResult>
    <ServerCertificate>
      <ServerCertificateMetadata>
        <ServerCertificateName>ProdServerCert</ServerCertificateName>
        <Path>/company/servercerts/</Path>
        <Arn>arn:aws:iam::123456789012:server-certificate/company/server
certs/ProdServerCert</Arn>
        <UploadDate>2010-05-08T01:02:03.004Z</UploadDate>
        <ServerCertificateId>ASCACKCEVSQ6C2EXAMPLE</ServerCertificateId>
      </ServerCertificateMetadata>
      <CertificateBody>-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
MIICdzCCAeCgAwIBAgIGANc+Ha2wMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBBQUAMFMxCzAJBgNVBAYT
AlVTMRMwEQYDVQQKEwpBbWF6b24uY29tMQwwCgYDVQQLEwNBV1MxITAfBgNVBAMT
GEFXUyBMaW1pdGVkLUFzc3VyYW5jZSBDQTAeFw0wOTAyMDQxNzE5MjdaFw0xMDAy
MDQxNzE5MjdaMFIxHzAeBgNVBAYTA1VTMRMwEQYDVQQKEwpBbWF6b24uY29tMRcw
FQYDVQQLEw5BV1MtRGV2ZWxvcGVyc2EVMBMGA1UEAxMMNTdxND10c3ZwYjRtMIGf
MA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4GNADCBiQKBgQCpB/vsOwmT/O0td1RqzKjttSBaPjbr
dqwNe9BrOyB08fw2+Ch5oonZYXfGUrT6mkYXH5fQot9HvASrzAKHO596FdJA6DmL
ywdWe1Oggk7zFSX01Xv+3vPrJtaYxYo3eRip7w80PMkiOv6M0XK8ubcTou0DeJbf
suDqcLnLDxwsvwIDAQABolcwVTA0BgNVHQ8BAf8EBAMCBaAwFgYDVR01AQH/BAww
CgYIKwYBBQUHAWIwDAYDVR0TAQH/BAIwADAdBgNVHQ4EFgQULGNaBphBumaKbDRK
CAi0mH8B3mowDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQADgYEAuKxhkXaCLGcqDuweKtO/AEw9ZePH
wr0XqsaIK2HZboqruebXEGsojK4Ks0WzwgrEynuHJwTn760xe39rSqXWIOGrOBaX
wFpWHVjTFMKk+tSDG1lssLHyYWWdFFU4AnejRGORJYNARHgVTKjHphc5jEhHm0BX
AEaHzTpmEXAMPLE=
-----END CERTIFICATE-----
      </CertificateBody>
    </ServerCertificate>
  </GetServerCertificateResult>
  <ResponseMetadata>
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>
  </ResponseMetadata>
</GetServerCertificateResponse>
```



# GetUser

## Description

Retrieves information about the specified user, including the user's path, GUID, and ARN.

If you do not specify a user name, IAM determines the user name implicitly based on the AWS Access Key ID signing the request.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>UserName</i>	Name of the user to get information about.  This parameter is optional. If it is not included, it defaults to the user making the request. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	No

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `GetUserResult` structure.

Name	Description
<i>User</i>	Information about the user. Type: <a href="#">User (p. 175)</a>

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
<i>NoSuchEntity</i>	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=GetUser  
&UserName=Bob
```

```
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

## Sample Response

```
<GetUserResponse>  
  <GetUserResult>  
    <User>  
      <Path>/division_abc/subdivision_xyz/</Path>  
      <UserName>Bob</UserName>  
      <UserId>AIDACKCEVSQ6C2EXAMPLE</UserId>  
      <Arn>  
        arn:aws:iam::123456789012:user/division_abc/subdivision_xyz/Bob  
      </Arn>  
    </User>  
  </GetUserResult>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</GetUserResponse>
```

# GetUserPolicy

## Description

Retrieves the specified policy document for the specified user. The returned policy is URL-encoded according to RFC 3986. For more information about RFC 3986, go to <http://www.faqs.org/rfcs/rfc3986.html>.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>PolicyName</i>	Name of the policy document to get. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes
<i>UserName</i>	Name of the user who the policy is associated with. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `GetUserPolicyResult` structure.

Name	Description
<i>PolicyDocument</i>	The policy document. Type: String
<i>PolicyName</i>	The name of the policy. Type: String
<i>UserName</i>	The user the policy is associated with. Type: String

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
<i>NoSuchEntity</i>	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=GetUserPolicy  
&UserName=Bob  
&PolicyName=AllAccessPolicy  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<GetUserPolicyResponse>  
  <GetUserPolicyResult>  
    <UserName>Bob</UserName>  
    <PolicyName>AllAccessPolicy</PolicyName>  
    <PolicyDocument>  
      {"Statement":[{"Effect":"Allow","Action":"*","Resource":"*"}]}  
    </PolicyDocument>  
  </GetUserPolicyResult>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</GetUserPolicyResponse>
```

# ListAccessKeys

## Description

Returns information about the Access Key IDs associated with the specified user. If there are none, the action returns an empty list.

Although each user is limited to a small number of keys, you can still paginate the results using the `MaxItems` and `Marker` parameters.

If the `UserName` field is not specified, the `UserName` is determined implicitly based on the AWS Access Key ID used to sign the request. Because this action works for access keys under the AWS account, this API can be used to manage root credentials even if the AWS account has no associated users.



### Note

To ensure the security of your AWS account, the secret access key is accessible only during key and user creation.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>Marker</i>	Use this parameter only when paginating results, and only in a subsequent request after you've received a response where the results are truncated. Set it to the value of the <code>Marker</code> element in the response you just received. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.	No
<i>MaxItems</i>	Use this parameter only when paginating results to indicate the maximum number of keys you want in the response. If there are additional keys beyond the maximum you specify, the <code>IsTruncated</code> response element is <code>true</code> . This parameter is optional. If you do not include it, it defaults to 100. Type: Integer	No
<i>UserName</i>	Name of the user. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	No

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `ListAccessKeysResult` structure.

Name	Description
<i>AccessKeyMetadata</i>	A list of access key metadata. Type: <a href="#">AccessKeyMetadata (p. 152)</a> list

Name	Description
IsTruncated	A flag that indicates whether there are more keys to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more keys in the list. Type: Boolean
Marker	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=ListAccessKeys  
&UserName=Bob  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<ListAccessKeysResponse>  
  <ListAccessKeysResult>  
    <UserName>Bob</UserName>  
    <AccessKeyMetadata>  
      <member>  
        <UserName>Bob</UserName>  
        <AccessKeyId>AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE</AccessKeyId>  
        <Status>Active</Status>  
      </member>  
      <member>  
        <UserName>Bob</UserName>  
        <AccessKeyId>AKIAI44QH8DHBEXAMPLE</AccessKeyId>  
        <Status>Inactive</Status>  
      </member>  
    </AccessKeyMetadata>
```

```
    <IsTruncated>false</IsTruncated>
  </ListAccessKeysResult>
  <ResponseMetadata>
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>
  </ResponseMetadata>
</ListAccessKeysResponse>
```

# ListAccountAliases

## Description

Lists the account aliases associated with the account. For information about using an AWS account alias, see [Using an Alias for Your AWS Account ID](#) in *Using AWS Identity and Access Management*.

You can paginate the results using the `MaxItems` and `Marker` parameters.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>Marker</i>	Use this only when paginating results, and only in a subsequent request after you've received a response where the results are truncated. Set it to the value of the <code>Marker</code> element in the response you just received. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.	No
<i>MaxItems</i>	Use this only when paginating results to indicate the maximum number of account aliases you want in the response. If there are additional account aliases beyond the maximum you specify, the <code>IsTruncated</code> response element is <code>true</code> . This parameter is optional. If you do not include it, it defaults to 100. Type: Integer	No

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `ListAccountAliasesResult` structure.

Name	Description
<code>AccountAliases</code>	A list of aliases associated with the account. Type: String list
<code>IsTruncated</code>	A flag that indicates whether there are more account aliases to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more account aliases in the list. Type: Boolean
<code>Marker</code>	Use this only when paginating results, and only in a subsequent request after you've received a response where the results are truncated. Set it to the value of the <code>Marker</code> element in the response you just received. Type: String



## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=ListAccountAliases  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<ListAccountAliasesResponse>  
  <ListAccountAliasesResult>  
    <IsTruncated>>false</IsTruncated>  
    <AccountAliases>  
      <member>foocorporation</member>  
    </AccountAliases>  
  </ListAccountAliasesResult>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>c5a076e9-f1b0-11df-8fbe-45274EXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</ListAccountAliasesResponse>
```

# ListGroupPolicies

## Description

Lists the names of the policies associated with the specified group. If there are none, the action returns an empty list.

You can paginate the results using the `MaxItems` and `Marker` parameters.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>GroupName</i>	The name of the group to list policies for. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes
<i>Marker</i>	Use this only when paginating results, and only in a subsequent request after you've received a response where the results are truncated. Set it to the value of the <code>Marker</code> element in the response you just received. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.	No
<i>MaxItems</i>	Use this only when paginating results to indicate the maximum number of policy names you want in the response. If there are additional policy names beyond the maximum you specify, the <code>IsTruncated</code> response element is <code>true</code> . This parameter is optional. If you do not include it, it defaults to 100. Type: Integer	No

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `ListGroupPoliciesResult` structure.

Name	Description
<i>IsTruncated</i>	A flag that indicates whether there are more policy names to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more policy names in the list. Type: Boolean
<i>Marker</i>	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String
<i>PolicyNames</i>	A list of policy names. Type: String list

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=ListGroupPolicies  
&GroupName=Admins  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<ListGroupPoliciesResponse>  
  <ListGroupPoliciesResult>  
    <PolicyNames>  
      <member>AdminRoot</member>  
      <member>KeyPolicy</member>  
    </PolicyNames>  
    <IsTruncated>>false</IsTruncated>  
  </ListGroupPoliciesResult>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</ListGroupPoliciesResponse>
```

# ListGroups

## Description

Lists the groups that have the specified path prefix.

You can paginate the results using the `MaxItems` and `Marker` parameters.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>Marker</i>	Use this only when paginating results, and only in a subsequent request after you've received a response where the results are truncated. Set it to the value of the <code>Marker</code> element in the response you just received. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.	No
<i>MaxItems</i>	Use this only when paginating results to indicate the maximum number of groups you want in the response. If there are additional groups beyond the maximum you specify, the <code>IsTruncated</code> response element is <code>true</code> . This parameter is optional. If you do not include it, it defaults to 100. Type: Integer	No
<i>PathPrefix</i>	The path prefix for filtering the results. For example: <code>/division_abc/subdivision_xyz/</code> , which would get all groups whose path starts with <code>/division_abc/subdivision_xyz/</code> .  This parameter is optional. If it is not included, it defaults to a slash ( <code>/</code> ), listing all groups. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 512.	No

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `ListGroupsResult` structure.

Name	Description
<code>Groups</code>	A list of groups. Type: <a href="#">Group (p. 160)</a> list
<code>IsTruncated</code>	A flag that indicates whether there are more groups to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more groups in the list. Type: Boolean
<code>Marker</code>	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=ListGroups  
&PathPrefix=/division_abc/subdivision_xyz/  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<ListGroupsResponse>  
  <ListGroupsResult>  
    <Groups>  
      <member>  
        <Path>/division_abc/subdivision_xyz/</Path>  
        <GroupName>Admins</GroupName>  
        <GroupId>AGPACKCEVSQ6C2EXAMPLE</GroupId>  
        <Arn>arn:aws:iam::123456789012:group/Admins</Arn>  
      </member>  
      <member>  
        <Path>/division_abc/subdivision_xyz/product_1234/engineering/  
        </Path>  
        <GroupName>Test</GroupName>  
        <GroupId>AGP2MAB8DPLSRHEXAMPLE</GroupId>  
        <Arn>arn:aws:iam::123456789012:group  
        /division_abc/subdivision_xyz/product_1234/engineering/Test</Arn>  
      </member>  
      <member>  
        <Path>/division_abc/subdivision_xyz/product_1234/</Path>  
        <GroupName>Managers</GroupName>  
        <GroupId>AGPIODR4TAW7CSEXAMPLE</GroupId>  
        <Arn>arn:aws:iam::123456789012  
        :group/division_abc/subdivision_xyz/product_1234/Managers</Arn>  
      </member>  
    </Groups>  
    <IsTruncated>>false</IsTruncated>  
  </ListGroupsResult>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</ListGroupsResponse>
```

# ListGroupsForUser

## Description

Lists the groups the specified user belongs to.

You can paginate the results using the `MaxItems` and `Marker` parameters.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>Marker</i>	Use this only when paginating results, and only in a subsequent request after you've received a response where the results are truncated. Set it to the value of the <code>Marker</code> element in the response you just received. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.	No
<i>MaxItems</i>	Use this only when paginating results to indicate the maximum number of groups you want in the response. If there are additional groups beyond the maximum you specify, the <code>IsTruncated</code> response element is <code>true</code> . This parameter is optional. If you do not include it, it defaults to 100. Type: Integer	No
<i>UserName</i>	The name of the user to list groups for. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `ListGroupsForUserResult` structure.

Name	Description
<code>Groups</code>	A list of groups. Type: <a href="#">Group (p. 160)</a> list
<code>IsTruncated</code>	A flag that indicates whether there are more groups to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more groups in the list. Type: Boolean
<code>Marker</code>	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=ListGroupsForUser  
&UserName=Bob  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<ListGroupsForUserResponse>  
  <ListGroupsForUserResult>  
    <Groups>  
      <member>  
        <Path>/</Path>  
        <GroupName>Admins</GroupName>  
        <GroupId>AGPACKCEVSQ6C2EXAMPLE</GroupId>  
        <Arn>arn:aws:iam::123456789012:group/Admins</Arn>  
      </member>  
    </Groups>  
    <IsTruncated>>false</IsTruncated>  
  </ListGroupsForUserResult>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</ListGroupsForUserResponse>
```

# ListInstanceProfiles

## Description

Lists the instance profiles that have the specified path prefix. If there are none, the action returns an empty list. For more information about instance profiles, go to [About Instance Profiles](#).

You can paginate the results using the `MaxItems` and `Marker` parameters.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>Marker</i>	Use this parameter only when paginating results, and only in a subsequent request after you've received a response where the results are truncated. Set it to the value of the <code>Marker</code> element in the response you just received. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.	No
<i>MaxItems</i>	Use this parameter only when paginating results to indicate the maximum number of user names you want in the response. If there are additional user names beyond the maximum you specify, the <code>IsTruncated</code> response element is <code>true</code> . This parameter is optional. If you do not include it, it defaults to 100. Type: Integer	No
<i>PathPrefix</i>	The path prefix for filtering the results. For example: <code>/application_abc/component_xyz/</code> , which would get all instance profiles whose path starts with <code>/application_abc/component_xyz/</code> .  This parameter is optional. If it is not included, it defaults to a slash (/), listing all instance profiles. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 512.	No

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `ListInstanceProfilesResult` structure.

Name	Description
<code>InstanceProfiles</code>	A list of instance profiles. Type: <a href="#">InstanceProfile (p. 161)</a> list
<code>IsTruncated</code>	A flag that indicates whether there are more instance profiles to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more instance profiles in the list. Type: Boolean
<code>Marker</code>	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String



## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=ListInstanceProfiles  
&MaxItems=100  
&PathPrefix=/application_abc/  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<ListInstanceProfilesResponse xmlns="https://iam.amazonaws.com/doc/2010-05-08/">  
  
  <ListInstanceProfilesResult>  
    <IsTruncated>>false</IsTruncated>  
    <InstanceProfiles>  
      <member>  
        <Id>AIPACIFN4OZXG7EXAMPLE</Id>  
        <Roles/>  
        <InstanceProfileName>Database</InstanceProfileName>  
        <Path>/application_abc/component_xyz/</Path>  
        <Arn>arn:aws:iam::123456789012:instance-profile/application_abc/compon  
ent_xyz/Database</Arn>  
        <CreateDate>2012-05-09T16:27:03Z</CreateDate>  
      </member>  
      <member>  
        <Id>AIPACZLSXM2EYYEXAMPLE</Id>  
        <Roles/>  
        <InstanceProfileName>Webserver</InstanceProfileName>  
        <Path>/application_abc/component_xyz/</Path>  
        <Arn>arn:aws:iam::123456789012:instance-profile/application_abc/compon  
ent_xyz/Webserver</Arn>  
        <CreateDate>2012-05-09T16:27:11Z</CreateDate>  
      </member>  
    </InstanceProfiles>  
  </ListInstanceProfilesResult>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>fd74fa8d-99f3-11e1-a4c3-27EXAMPLE804</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</ListInstanceProfilesResponse>
```

# ListInstanceProfilesForRole

## Description

Lists the instance profiles that have the specified associated role. If there are none, the action returns an empty list. For more information about instance profiles, go to [About Instance Profiles](#).

You can paginate the results using the `MaxItems` and `Marker` parameters.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>Marker</i>	Use this parameter only when paginating results, and only in a subsequent request after you've received a response where the results are truncated. Set it to the value of the <code>Marker</code> element in the response you just received. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.	No
<i>MaxItems</i>	Use this parameter only when paginating results to indicate the maximum number of user names you want in the response. If there are additional user names beyond the maximum you specify, the <code>IsTruncated</code> response element is <code>true</code> . This parameter is optional. If you do not include it, it defaults to 100. Type: Integer	No
<i>RoleName</i>	The name of the role to list instance profiles for. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.	Yes

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `ListInstanceProfilesForRoleResult` structure.

Name	Description
<code>InstanceProfiles</code>	A list of instance profiles. Type: <a href="#">InstanceProfile (p. 161)</a> list
<code>IsTruncated</code>	A flag that indicates whether there are more instance profiles to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more instance profiles in the list. Type: Boolean
<code>Marker</code>	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/
?Action=ListInstanceProfilesForRole
&MaxItems=100
&RoleName=S3Access
&Version=2010-05-08
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<ListInstanceProfilesForRoleResponse xmlns="https://iam.amazonaws.com/doc/2010-05-08/">
  <ListInstanceProfilesForRoleResult>
    <IsTruncated>false</IsTruncated>
    <InstanceProfiles>
      <member>
        <Id>AIPACZLS2EYYXMEXAMPLE</Id>
        <Roles>
          <member>
            <Path>/application_abc/component_xyz/</Path>
            <Arn>arn:aws:iam::123456789012:role/application_abc/compon
ent_xyz/S3Access</Arn>
            <RoleName>S3Access</RoleName>
            <AssumeRolePolicyDocument>{"Version":"2008-10-17","Statement":[{"Ef
fect":"Allow","Principal":{"Service":["ec2.amazonaws.com"]},"Action":["sts:As
sumeRole"]}]}

```

```
</ResponseMetadata>  
</ListInstanceProfilesForRoleResponse>
```

# ListMFADevices

## Description

Lists the MFA devices. If the request includes the user name, then this action lists all the MFA devices associated with the specified user name. If you do not specify a user name, IAM determines the user name implicitly based on the AWS Access Key ID signing the request.

You can paginate the results using the `MaxItems` and `Marker` parameters.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>Marker</i>	Use this only when paginating results, and only in a subsequent request after you've received a response where the results are truncated. Set it to the value of the <code>Marker</code> element in the response you just received. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.	No
<i>MaxItems</i>	Use this only when paginating results to indicate the maximum number of MFA devices you want in the response. If there are additional MFA devices beyond the maximum you specify, the <code>IsTruncated</code> response element is <code>true</code> . This parameter is optional. If you do not include it, it defaults to 100. Type: Integer	No
<i>UserName</i>	Name of the user whose MFA devices you want to list. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	No

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `ListMFADevicesResult` structure.

Name	Description
<code>IsTruncated</code>	A flag that indicates whether there are more MFA devices to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more MFA devices in the list. Type: Boolean
<code>MFADevices</code>	A list of MFA devices. Type: <a href="#">MFADevice (p. 170)</a> list
<code>Marker</code>	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=ListMFADevices  
&UserName=Bob  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<ListMFADevicesResponse>  
  <ListMFADevicesResult>  
    <MFADevices>  
      <member>  
        <UserName>Bob</UserName>  
        <SerialNumber>R1234</SerialNumber>  
      </member>  
    </MFADevices>  
    <IsTruncated>>false</IsTruncated>  
  </ListMFADevicesResult>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</ListMFADevicesResponse>
```

# ListRolePolicies

## Description

Lists the names of the policies associated with the specified role. If there are none, the action returns an empty list.

You can paginate the results using the `MaxItems` and `Marker` parameters.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>Marker</i>	Use this parameter only when paginating results, and only in a subsequent request after you've received a response where the results are truncated. Set it to the value of the <code>Marker</code> element in the response you just received. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.	No
<i>MaxItems</i>	Use this parameter only when paginating results to indicate the maximum number of user names you want in the response. If there are additional user names beyond the maximum you specify, the <code>IsTruncated</code> response element is <code>true</code> . This parameter is optional. If you do not include it, it defaults to 100. Type: Integer	No
<i>RoleName</i>	The name of the role to list policies for. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.	Yes

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `ListRolePoliciesResult` structure.

Name	Description
<code>IsTruncated</code>	A flag that indicates whether there are more policy names to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more policy names in the list. Type: Boolean
<code>Marker</code>	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String
<code>PolicyNames</code>	A list of policy names. Type: String list

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=ListRolePolicies  
&MaxItems=100  
&RoleName=S3Access  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<ListRolePoliciesResponse xmlns="https://iam.amazonaws.com/doc/2010-05-08/">  
  <ListRolePoliciesResult>  
    <PolicyNames>  
      <member>CloudwatchPutMetricPolicy</member>  
      <member>S3AccessPolicy</member>  
    </PolicyNames>  
    <IsTruncated>>false</IsTruncated>  
  </ListRolePoliciesResult>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>8c7e1816-99f0-11e1-a4c3-27EXAMPLE804</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</ListRolePoliciesResponse>
```



# ListRoles

## Description

Lists the roles that have the specified path prefix. If there are none, the action returns an empty list. For more information about roles, go to [Working with Roles](#).

You can paginate the results using the `MaxItems` and `Marker` parameters.

The returned policy is URL-encoded according to RFC 3986. For more information about RFC 3986, go to <http://www.faqs.org/rfcs/rfc3986.html>.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>Marker</i>	Use this parameter only when paginating results, and only in a subsequent request after you've received a response where the results are truncated. Set it to the value of the <code>Marker</code> element in the response you just received. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.	No
<i>MaxItems</i>	Use this parameter only when paginating results to indicate the maximum number of user names you want in the response. If there are additional user names beyond the maximum you specify, the <code>IsTruncated</code> response element is <code>true</code> . This parameter is optional. If you do not include it, it defaults to 100. Type: Integer	No
<i>PathPrefix</i>	The path prefix for filtering the results. For example: <code>/application_abc/component_xyz/</code> , which would get all roles whose path starts with <code>/application_abc/component_xyz/</code> .  This parameter is optional. If it is not included, it defaults to a slash (/), listing all roles. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 512.	No

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `ListRolesResult` structure.

Name	Description
<code>IsTruncated</code>	A flag that indicates whether there are more roles to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more roles in the list. Type: Boolean
<code>Marker</code>	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String

Name	Description
Roles	A list of roles. Type: <a href="#">Role (p. 171)</a> list

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=ListRoles  
&MaxItems=100  
&PathPrefix=/application_abc/  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<ListRolesResponse xmlns="https://iam.amazonaws.com/doc/2010-05-08/">  
  <ListRolesResult>  
    <IsTruncated>>false</IsTruncated>  
    <Roles>  
      <member>  
        <Path>/application_abc/component_xyz</Path>  
        <Arn>arn:aws:iam::123456789012:role/application_abc/component_xyz/S3Access</Arn>  
        <RoleName>S3Access</RoleName>  
        <AssumeRolePolicyDocument>{"Version":"2008-10-17","Statement":[{"Effect":"Allow","Principal":{"Service":["ec2.amazonaws.com"]},"Action":["sts:AssumeRole"]}]</AssumeRolePolicyDocument>  
        <CreateDate>2012-05-09T15:45:35Z</CreateDate>  
        <RoleId>AROACVSVTSZYEXAMPLEYK</RoleId>  
      </member>  
      <member>  
        <Path>/application_abc/component_xyz</Path>  
        <Arn>arn:aws:iam::123456789012:role/application_abc/component_xyz/SDBAccess</Arn>  
        <RoleName>SDBAccess</RoleName>  
        <AssumeRolePolicyDocument>{"Version":"2008-10-17","Statement":[{"Effect":"Allow","Principal":{"Service":["ec2.amazonaws.com"]},"Action":["sts:AssumeRole"]}]</AssumeRolePolicyDocument>  
        <CreateDate>2012-05-09T15:45:45Z</CreateDate>  
        <RoleId>AROAC2ICXG32EXAMPLEWK</RoleId>  
      </member>  
    </Roles>  
  </ListRolesResult>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>20f7279f-99ee-11e1-a4c3-27EXAMPLE804</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</ListRolesResponse>
```

```
</ListRolesResponse>
```

# ListServerCertificates

## Description

Lists the server certificates that have the specified path prefix. If none exist, the action returns an empty list.

You can paginate the results using the `MaxItems` and `Marker` parameters.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>Marker</i>	Use this only when paginating results, and only in a subsequent request after you've received a response where the results are truncated. Set it to the value of the <code>Marker</code> element in the response you just received. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.	No
<i>MaxItems</i>	Use this only when paginating results to indicate the maximum number of server certificates you want in the response. If there are additional server certificates beyond the maximum you specify, the <code>IsTruncated</code> response element will be set to <code>true</code> . This parameter is optional. If you do not include it, it defaults to 100. Type: Integer	No
<i>PathPrefix</i>	The path prefix for filtering the results. For example: <code>/company/servercerts</code> would get all server certificates for which the path starts with <code>/company/servercerts</code> .  This parameter is optional. If it is not included, it defaults to a slash (/), listing all server certificates. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 512.	No

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `ListServerCertificatesResult` structure.

Name	Description
<code>IsTruncated</code>	A flag that indicates whether there are more server certificates to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more server certificates in the list. Type: Boolean
<code>Marker</code>	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String

Name	Description
ServerCertificateMetadataList	A list of server certificates. Type: <a href="#">ServerCertificateMetadata</a> (p. 173) list

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/
?Action=ListServerCertificates
&PathPrefix=/company/servercerts
&Version=2010-05-08
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<ListServerCertificatesResponse>
  <ListServerCertificatesResult>
    <IsTruncated>>false</IsTruncated>
    <ServerCertificateMetadataList>
      <member>
        <ServerCertificateMetadata>
          <ServerCertificateName>ProdServerCert</ServerCertificateName>
          <Path>/company/servercerts/</Path>
          <Arn>arn:aws:iam::123456789012:server-certificate/company/server
certs/ProdServerCert</Arn>
          <UploadDate>2010-05-08T01:02:03.004Z</UploadDate>
          <ServerCertificateId>ASCACKCEVSQ6CEXAMPLE1</ServerCertificateId>
        </ServerCertificateMetadata>
      </member>
      <member>
        <ServerCertificateMetadata>
          <ServerCertificateName>BetaServerCert</ServerCertificateName>
          <Path>/company/servercerts/</Path>
          <Arn>arn:aws:iam::123456789012:server-certificate/company/server
certs/BetaServerCert</Arn>
          <UploadDate>2010-05-08T02:03:01.004Z</UploadDate>
          <ServerCertificateId>ASCACKCEVSQ6CEXAMPLE2</ServerCertificateId>
        </ServerCertificateMetadata>
      </member>
      <member>
        <ServerCertificateMetadata>
          <ServerCertificateName>TestServerCert</ServerCertificateName>
          <Path>/company/servercerts/</Path>
          <Arn>arn:aws:iam::123456789012:server-certificate/company/server
certs/TestServerCert</Arn>
          <UploadDate>2010-05-08T03:01:02.004Z</UploadDate>
          <ServerCertificateId>ASCACKCEVSQ6CEXAMPLE3</ServerCertificateId>
        </ServerCertificateMetadata>
      </member>
    </ServerCertificateMetadataList>
  </ListServerCertificatesResult>
</ListServerCertificatesResponse>
```

```
        </member>
      </ServerCertificateMetadataList>
    </ListServerCertificatesResult>
    <ResponseMetadata>
      <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>
    </ResponseMetadata>
  </ListServerCertificatesResponse>
```

# ListSigningCertificates

## Description

Returns information about the signing certificates associated with the specified user. If there are none, the action returns an empty list.

Although each user is limited to a small number of signing certificates, you can still paginate the results using the `MaxItems` and `Marker` parameters.

If the `UserName` field is not specified, the user name is determined implicitly based on the AWS Access Key ID used to sign the request. Because this action works for access keys under the AWS account, this API can be used to manage root credentials even if the AWS account has no associated users.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>Marker</i>	Use this only when paginating results, and only in a subsequent request after you've received a response where the results are truncated. Set it to the value of the <code>Marker</code> element in the response you just received. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.	No
<i>MaxItems</i>	Use this only when paginating results to indicate the maximum number of certificate IDs you want in the response. If there are additional certificate IDs beyond the maximum you specify, the <code>IsTruncated</code> response element is <code>true</code> . This parameter is optional. If you do not include it, it defaults to 100. Type: Integer	No
<i>UserName</i>	The name of the user. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	No

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `ListSigningCertificatesResult` structure.

Name	Description
<code>Certificates</code>	A list of the user's signing certificate information. Type: <a href="#">SigningCertificate (p. 174)</a> list
<code>IsTruncated</code>	A flag that indicates whether there are more certificate IDs to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more certificates in the list. Type: Boolean
<code>Marker</code>	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/
?Action=ListSigningCertificates
&UserName=Bob
&Version=2010-05-08
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<ListSigningCertificatesResponse>
  <ListSigningCertificatesResult>
    <UserName>Bob</UserName>
    <Certificates>
      <member>
        <UserName>Bob</UserName>
        <CertificateId>TA7SMP42TDN5Z26OBPJE7EXAMPLE</CertificateId>
        <CertificateBody>-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
MIICdzCCAeCgAwIBAgIGANc+Ha2wMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBBQUAMFMxCzAJBgNVBAYT
AlVTMRMwEQYDVQQKEwpBbWV6b24uY29tMQwwCgYDVQQLEwNBV1MxITAfBgNVBAMT
GEFXUyBMaW1pdGVkLUFzc3VyYW5jZSBBDQTAeFw0wOTAyMDQxNzE5MjdaFw0xMDAy
MDQxNzE5MjdaMFIxIzAJBgNVBAYTA1VTMRMwEQYDVQQKEwpBbWV6b24uY29tMRcw
FQYDVQQLEw5BV1MtRGV2ZWxvcGVyc2EVMBMGAlUEAxMMNTdxNDl0c3ZwYjRtMIGf
MA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4GNADCBiQKBgQCpB/vsOwmT/O0tdlRqzKjttSBaPjbr
dqwNe9BrOyB08fw2+Ch5oonZYXfGUrT6mkYXH5fQot9HvASrzAKH0596FdJA6DmL
ywdWe10ggk7zFSX01Xv+3vPrJtaYxYo3eRIp7w80PMkiOv6M0XK8ubcTouODEJbf
suDqcLnLDxwsvwIDAQABolcwVTAOBgNVHQ8BAf8EBAMCBaAwFgYDVDR01AQH/BAww
CgYIKwYBBQUHAWIwDAYDVR0TAQH/BAIwADAdBgNVHQ4EFgQULGNaBphBumaKbDRK
CAi0mH8B3mowDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQADgYEAAuKxhkXaCLGcqDuweKtO/AEw9ZePH
wr0XqsaIK2H2boqruebXEGsojK4Ks0WzogrEynuHJwTn760xe39rSqXWIOGrOBaX
wFpWHVjTFMKk+tSDG1lssLHyYWWdFFU4AnejRGORJYNarHgVTKjHphc5jEhHm0BX
AEaHzTpmEXAMPLE=
-----END CERTIFICATE-----</CertificateBody>
        <Status>Active</Status>
      </member>
    </Certificates>
    <IsTruncated>>false</IsTruncated>
```



```
</ListSigningCertificatesResult>
<ResponseMetadata>
  <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>
</ResponseMetadata>
</ListSigningCertificatesResponse>
```

# ListUserPolicies

## Description

Lists the names of the policies associated with the specified user. If there are none, the action returns an empty list.

You can paginate the results using the `MaxItems` and `Marker` parameters.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>Marker</i>	Use this only when paginating results, and only in a subsequent request after you've received a response where the results are truncated. Set it to the value of the <code>Marker</code> element in the response you just received. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.	No
<i>MaxItems</i>	Use this only when paginating results to indicate the maximum number of policy names you want in the response. If there are additional policy names beyond the maximum you specify, the <code>IsTruncated</code> response element is <code>true</code> . This parameter is optional. If you do not include it, it defaults to 100. Type: Integer	No
<i>UserName</i>	The name of the user to list policies for. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `ListUserPoliciesResult` structure.

Name	Description
<code>IsTruncated</code>	A flag that indicates whether there are more policy names to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more policy names in the list. Type: Boolean
<code>Marker</code>	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String
<code>PolicyNames</code>	A list of policy names. Type: String list

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=ListUserPolicies  
&UserName=Bob  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<ListUserPoliciesResponse>  
  <ListUserPoliciesResult>  
    <PolicyNames>  
      <member>AllAccessPolicy</member>  
      <member>KeyPolicy</member>  
    </PolicyNames>  
    <IsTruncated>>false</IsTruncated>  
  </ListUserPoliciesResult>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</ListUserPoliciesResponse>
```

# ListUsers

## Description

Lists the users that have the specified path prefix. If there are none, the action returns an empty list.

You can paginate the results using the `MaxItems` and `Marker` parameters.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>Marker</i>	Use this parameter only when paginating results, and only in a subsequent request after you've received a response where the results are truncated. Set it to the value of the <code>Marker</code> element in the response you just received. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.	No
<i>MaxItems</i>	Use this parameter only when paginating results to indicate the maximum number of user names you want in the response. If there are additional user names beyond the maximum you specify, the <code>IsTruncated</code> response element is <code>true</code> . This parameter is optional. If you do not include it, it defaults to 100. Type: Integer	No
<i>PathPrefix</i>	The path prefix for filtering the results. For example: <code>/division_abc/subdivision_xyz/</code> , which would get all user names whose path starts with <code>/division_abc/subdivision_xyz/</code> .  This parameter is optional. If it is not included, it defaults to a slash (/), listing all user names. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 512.	No

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `ListUsersResult` structure.

Name	Description
<code>IsTruncated</code>	A flag that indicates whether there are more user names to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more users in the list. Type: Boolean
<code>Marker</code>	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String
<code>Users</code>	A list of users. Type: <a href="#">User (p. 175)</a> list

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=ListUsers  
&PathPrefix=/division_abc/subdivision_xyz/product_1234/engineering/  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<ListUsersResponse>  
  <ListUsersResult>  
    <Users>  
      <member>  
        <Path>/division_abc/subdivision_xyz/engineering/</Path>  
        <UserName>Andrew</UserName>  
        <UserId>AID2MAB8DPLSRHEXAMPLE</UserId>  
        <Arn>arn:aws:iam::123456789012:user  
          /division_abc/subdivision_xyz/engineering/Andrew</Arn>  
      </member>  
      <member>  
        <Path>/division_abc/subdivision_xyz/engineering/</Path>  
        <UserName>Jackie</UserName>  
        <UserId>AIDIODR4TAW7CSEXAMPLE</UserId>  
        <Arn>arn:aws:iam::123456789012:user  
          /division_abc/subdivision_xyz/engineering/Jackie</Arn>  
      </member>  
    </Users>  
    <IsTruncated>>false</IsTruncated>  
  </ListUsersResult>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</ListUsersResponse>
```

# ListVirtualMFADevices

## Description

Lists the virtual MFA devices under the AWS account by assignment status. If you do not specify an assignment status, the action returns a list of all virtual MFA devices. Assignment status can be `Assigned`, `Unassigned`, or `Any`.

You can paginate the results using the `MaxItems` and `Marker` parameters.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>AssignmentStatus</i>	The status (unassigned or assigned) of the devices to list. If you do not specify an <code>AssignmentStatus</code> , the action defaults to <code>Any</code> which lists both assigned and unassigned virtual MFA devices. Type: String Valid Values: <code>Assigned</code>   <code>Unassigned</code>   <code>Any</code>	No
<i>Marker</i>	Use this parameter only when paginating results, and only in a subsequent request after you've received a response where the results are truncated. Set it to the value of the <code>Marker</code> element in the response you just received. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.	No
<i>MaxItems</i>	Use this parameter only when paginating results to indicate the maximum number of user names you want in the response. If there are additional user names beyond the maximum you specify, the <code>IsTruncated</code> response element is <code>true</code> . This parameter is optional. If you do not include it, it defaults to 100. Type: Integer	No

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `ListVirtualMFADevicesResult` structure.

Name	Description
<code>IsTruncated</code>	A flag that indicates whether there are more items to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more items the list. Type: Boolean
<code>Marker</code>	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String
<code>VirtualMFADevices</code>	Type: <a href="#">VirtualMFADevice (p. 176)</a> list

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
<!-- This example shows the request where
      the AssignmentStatus is Any -->

https://iam.amazonaws.com/
?Action=ListVirtualMFADevices
&AssignmentStatus=Any
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<!-- The action returns all three virtual MFA devices
      associated with the account: the first device is
      unassigned, the second is assigned to the root
      account, and the third is assigned to a user
      named ExampleUser under the account. -->

<ListVirtualMFADevicesResponse>
  <ListVirtualMFADevicesResult>
    <IsTruncated>>false</IsTruncated>
    <VirtualMFADevices>
      <member>
        <SerialNumber>
          arn:aws:iam::123456789012:mfa/MFADeviceName
        </SerialNumber>
      </member>
      <member>
        <SerialNumber>
          arn:aws:iam::123456789012:mfa/RootMFADeviceName
        </SerialNumber>
        <EnableDate>2011-10-20T20:49:03Z</EnableDate>
        <User>
          <UserId>123456789012</UserId>
          <Arn>arn:aws:iam::123456789012:root</Arn>
          <CreateDate>2009-10-13T22:00:36Z</CreateDate>
        </User>
      </member>
      <member>
        <SerialNumber>
          arn:aws:iam:::mfa/ExampleUserMFADeviceName
        </SerialNumber>
        <EnableDate>2011-10-31T20:45:02Z</EnableDate>
        <User>
          <UserId>AIDEXAMPLE4EXAMPLEXYZ</UserId>
          <Path>/</Path>
          <UserName>ExampleUser</UserName>
          <Arn>arn:aws:iam::111122223333:user/ExampleUser</Arn>
          <CreateDate>2011-07-01T17:23:07Z</CreateDate>
        </User>
      </member>
    </VirtualMFADevices>
  </ListVirtualMFADevicesResult>
</ListVirtualMFADevicesResponse>
```

```
</VirtualMFADevices>
</ListVirtualMFADevicesResult>
<ResponseMetadata>
  <RequestId>b61ce1b1-0401-11e1-b2f8-2dEXAMPLEebfc</RequestId>
</ResponseMetadata>
</ListVirtualMFADevicesResponse>
```



# PutGroupPolicy

## Description

Adds (or updates) a policy document associated with the specified group. For information about policies, refer to [Overview of Policies](#) in *Using AWS Identity and Access Management*.

For information about limits on the number of policies you can associate with a group, see [Limitations on IAM Entities](#) in *Using AWS Identity and Access Management*.



### Note

Because policy documents can be large, you should use POST rather than GET when calling `PutGroupPolicy`. For information about setting up signatures and authorization through the API, go to [Signing AWS API Requests](#) in the *AWS General Reference*. For general information about using the Query API with IAM, go to [Making Query Requests](#) in *Using IAM*.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>GroupName</i>	Name of the group to associate the policy with. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes
<i>PolicyDocument</i>	The policy document. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 131072.	Yes
<i>PolicyName</i>	Name of the policy document. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
<code>LimitExceeded</code>	The request was rejected because it attempted to create resources beyond the current AWS account limits. The error message describes the limit exceeded.	409
<code>MalformedPolicyDocument</code>	The request was rejected because the policy document was malformed. The error message describes the specific error.	400
<code>NoSuchEntity</code>	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=PutGroupPolicy  
&GroupName=Admins  
&PolicyName=AdminRoot  
&PolicyDocument={"Statement":[{"Effect":"Allow","Action":"*","Resource":"*"}]}  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<PutGroupPolicyResponse>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</PutGroupPolicyResponse>
```

# PutRolePolicy

## Description

Adds (or updates) a policy document associated with the specified role. For information about policies, go to [Overview of Policies](#) in *Using AWS Identity and Access Management*.

For information about limits on the policies you can associate with a role, see [Limitations on IAM Entities](#) in *Using AWS Identity and Access Management*.



### Note

Because policy documents can be large, you should use POST rather than GET when calling `PutRolePolicy`. For information about setting up signatures and authorization through the API, go to [Signing AWS API Requests](#) in the *AWS General Reference*. For general information about using the Query API with IAM, go to [Making Query Requests](#) in *Using IAM*.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>PolicyDocument</i>	The policy document. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 131072.	Yes
<i>PolicyName</i>	Name of the policy document. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes
<i>RoleName</i>	Name of the role to associate the policy with. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.	Yes

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
<code>LimitExceeded</code>	The request was rejected because it attempted to create resources beyond the current AWS account limits. The error message describes the limit exceeded.	409
<code>MalformedPolicyDocument</code>	The request was rejected because the policy document was malformed. The error message describes the specific error.	400
<code>NoSuchEntity</code>	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=PutRolePolicy  
&RoleName=S3Access  
&PolicyName=S3AccessPolicy  
&PolicyDocument={ "Statement": [{ "Effect": "Allow", "Action": "s3:*", "Resource": "*" } ] }  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<PutRolePolicyResponse>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</PutRolePolicyResponse>
```

# PutUserPolicy

## Description

Adds (or updates) a policy document associated with the specified user. For information about policies, refer to [Overview of Policies](#) in *Using AWS Identity and Access Management*.

For information about limits on the number of policies you can associate with a user, see [Limitations on IAM Entities](#) in *Using AWS Identity and Access Management*.



### Note

Because policy documents can be large, you should use POST rather than GET when calling `PutUserPolicy`. For information about setting up signatures and authorization through the API, go to [Signing AWS API Requests](#) in the *AWS General Reference*. For general information about using the Query API with IAM, go to [Making Query Requests](#) in *Using IAM*.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>PolicyDocument</i>	The policy document. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 131072.	Yes
<i>PolicyName</i>	Name of the policy document. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes
<i>UserName</i>	Name of the user to associate the policy with. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
<code>LimitExceeded</code>	The request was rejected because it attempted to create resources beyond the current AWS account limits. The error message describes the limit exceeded.	409
<code>MalformedPolicyDocument</code>	The request was rejected because the policy document was malformed. The error message describes the specific error.	400
<code>NoSuchEntity</code>	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=PutUserPolicy  
&UserName=Bob  
&PolicyName=AllAccessPolicy  
&PolicyDocument={"Statement":[{"Effect":"Allow","Action":"*","Resource":"*"}]}  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<PutUserPolicyResponse>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</PutUserPolicyResponse>
```

# RemoveRoleFromInstanceProfile

## Description

Removes the specified role from the specified instance profile.



### Important

Make sure you do not have any Amazon EC2 instances running with the role you are about to remove from the instance profile. Removing a role from an instance profile that is associated with a running instance will break any applications running on the instance.

For more information about roles, go to [Working with Roles](#). For more information about instance profiles, go to [About Instance Profiles](#).

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>InstanceProfileName</i>	Name of the instance profile to update. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes
<i>RoleName</i>	Name of the role to remove. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.	Yes

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=RemoveRoleFromInstanceProfile  
&InstanceProfileName=Webserver
```

```
&RoleName=S3Access  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

## Sample Response

```
<RemoveRoleFromInstanceProfileResponse xmlns="https://iam.amazonaws.com/doc/2010-05-08/">  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>29f47818-99f5-11e1-a4c3-27EXAMPLE804</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</RemoveRoleFromInstanceProfileResponse>
```



# RemoveUserFromGroup

## Description

Removes the specified user from the specified group.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>GroupName</i>	Name of the group to update. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes
<i>UserName</i>	Name of the user to remove. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=RemoveUserFromGroup  
&GroupName=Managers  
&UserName=Bob  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<RemoveUserFromGroupResponse>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>
```

```
</RemoveUserFromGroupResponse>
```

# ResyncMFADevice

## Description

Synchronizes the specified MFA device with AWS servers.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>AuthenticationCode1</i>	An authentication code emitted by the device. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 6. Maximum length of 6.	Yes
<i>AuthenticationCode2</i>	A subsequent authentication code emitted by the device. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 6. Maximum length of 6.	Yes
<i>SerialNumber</i>	Serial number that uniquely identifies the MFA device. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 9. Maximum length of 256.	Yes
<i>UserName</i>	Name of the user whose MFA device you want to resynchronize. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
<i>InvalidAuthenticationCode</i>	The request was rejected because the authentication code was not recognized. The error message describes the specific error.	403
<i>NoSuchEntity</i>	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=ResyncMFADevice  
&UserName=Bob  
&SerialNumber=R1234  
&AuthenticationCode1=234567  
&AuthenticationCode2=987654  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<ResyncMFADeviceResponse>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</ResyncMFADeviceResponse>
```

# UpdateAccessKey

## Description

Changes the status of the specified access key from Active to Inactive, or vice versa. This action can be used to disable a user's key as part of a key rotation work flow.

If the `UserName` field is not specified, the `UserName` is determined implicitly based on the AWS Access Key ID used to sign the request. Because this action works for access keys under the AWS account, this API can be used to manage root credentials even if the AWS account has no associated users.

For information about rotating keys, see [Managing Keys and Certificates](#) in *Using AWS Identity and Access Management*.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>AccessKeyId</i>	The Access Key ID of the Secret Access Key you want to update. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 16. Maximum length of 32.	Yes
<i>Status</i>	The status you want to assign to the Secret Access Key. <code>Active</code> means the key can be used for API calls to AWS, while <code>Inactive</code> means the key cannot be used. Type: String Valid Values: <code>Active</code>   <code>Inactive</code>	Yes
<i>UserName</i>	Name of the user whose key you want to update. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	No

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
<code>NoSuchEntity</code>	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/
```

```
?Action=UpdateAccessKey
&UserName=Bob
&AccessKeyId=AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE
&Status=Inactive
&Version=2010-05-08
&AUTHPARAMS
```

## Sample Response

```
<UpdateAccessKeyResponse>
  <ResponseMetadata>
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>
  </ResponseMetadata>
</UpdateAccessKeyResponse>
```

# UpdateAccountPasswordPolicy

## Description

Updates the password policy settings for the account. For more information about using a password policy, go to [Managing an IAM Password Policy](#).

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>AllowUsersToChangePassword</i>	Type: Boolean	No
<i>MinimumPasswordLength</i>	Type: Integer	No
<i>RequireLowercaseCharacters</i>	Type: Boolean	No
<i>RequireNumbers</i>	Type: Boolean	No
<i>RequireSymbols</i>	Type: Boolean	No
<i>RequireUppercaseCharacters</i>	Type: Boolean	No

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
MalformedPolicyDocument	The request was rejected because the policy document was malformed. The error message describes the specific error.	400
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=UpdateAccountPasswordPolicy  
&MinimumPasswordLength=9  
&RequireSymbols=true  
&RequireNumbers=false  
&RequireUppercaseCharacters=true  
&RequireLowercaseCharacters=true
```

```
&AllowUsersToChangePassword=true  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

## Sample Response

```
<UpdateAccountPasswordPolicyResponse>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</UpdateAccountPasswordPolicyResponse>
```



# UpdateAssumeRolePolicy

## Description

Updates the policy that grants an entity permission to assume a role. Currently, only an Amazon EC2 instance can assume a role. For more information about roles, go to [Working with Roles](#).

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>PolicyDocument</i>	The policy that grants an entity permission to assume the role. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 131072.	Yes
<i>RoleName</i>	Name of the role to update. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.	Yes

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
MalformedPolicyDocument	The request was rejected because the policy document was malformed. The error message describes the specific error.	400
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=UpdateAssumeRolePolicy  
&PolicyDocument={ "Version": "2008-10-17", "Statement": [ { "Effect": "Allow", "Principal": { "Service": [ "ec2.amazonaws.com" ] }, "Action": [ "sts:AssumeRole" ] } ] }  
&RoleName=S3Access  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

## Sample Response

```
<UpdateAssumeRolePolicyResponse xmlns="https://iam.amazonaws.com/doc/2010-05-08/">
  <ResponseMetadata>
    <RequestId>309c1671-99ed-11e1-a4c3-270EXAMPLE04</RequestId>
  </ResponseMetadata>
</UpdateAssumeRolePolicyResponse>
```

# UpdateGroup

## Description

Updates the name and/or the path of the specified group.



### Important

You should understand the implications of changing a group's path or name. For more information, see [Renaming Users and Groups](#) in *Using AWS Identity and Access Management*.



### Note

To change a group name the requester must have appropriate permissions on both the source object and the target object. For example, to change Managers to MGRs, the entity making the request must have permission on Managers and MGRs, or must have permission on all (\*). For more information about permissions, see [Permissions and Policies](#).

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>GroupName</i>	Name of the group to update. If you're changing the name of the group, this is the original name. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes
<i>NewGroupName</i>	New name for the group. Only include this if changing the group's name. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	No
<i>NewPath</i>	New path for the group. Only include this if changing the group's path. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 512.	No

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
<code>EntityAlreadyExists</code>	The request was rejected because it attempted to create a resource that already exists.	409
<code>NoSuchEntity</code>	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=UpdateGroup  
&GroupName=Test  
&NewGroupName=Test_1  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<UpdateGroupResponse>  
  <UpdateGroupResult>  
    <Group xmlns="http://iam.amazonaws.com/doc/2010-05-08/">  
      <Path>/division_abc/subdivision_xyz/product_1234/engineering/</Path>  
      <GroupName>Test_1</GroupName>  
      <GroupId>AGP2MAB8DPLSRHEXAMPLE</GroupId>  
      <Arn>arn:aws:iam::123456789012:group/division_abc/subdivision_xyz/  
        product_1234/engineering/Test_1</Arn>  
    </Group>  
  </UpdateGroupResult>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</UpdateGroupResponse>
```

# UpdateLoginProfile

## Description

Changes the password for the specified user.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>Password</i>	The new password for the user name. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes
<i>UserName</i>	Name of the user whose password you want to update. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.	Yes

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
EntityTemporarilyUnmodifiable	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that is temporarily unmodifiable, such as a user name that was deleted and then recreated. The error indicates that the request is likely to succeed if you try again after waiting several minutes. The error message describes the entity.	409
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404
PasswordPolicyViolation	The request was rejected because the provided password did not meet the requirements imposed by the account password policy.	400

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=UpdateLoginProfile  
&UserName=Bob
```

```
&Password=NewPassword  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

## Sample Response

```
<UpdateLoginProfileResponse>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</UpdateLoginProfileResponse>
```

# UpdateServerCertificate

## Description

Updates the name and/or the path of the specified server certificate.



### Important

You should understand the implications of changing a server certificate's path or name. For more information, see [Managing Server Certificates](#) in *Using AWS Identity and Access Management*.



### Note

To change a server certificate name the requester must have appropriate permissions on both the source object and the target object. For example, to change the name from ProductionCert to ProdCert, the entity making the request must have permission on ProductionCert and ProdCert, or must have permission on all (\*). For more information about permissions, see [Permissions and Policies](#).

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters](#) (p. 177).

Name	Description	Required
<i>NewPath</i>	The new path for the server certificate. Include this only if you are updating the server certificate's path. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 512.	No
<i>NewServerCertificateName</i>	The new name for the server certificate. Include this only if you are updating the server certificate's name. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	No
<i>ServerCertificateName</i>	The name of the server certificate that you want to update. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors](#) (p. 179).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
EntityAlreadyExists	The request was rejected because it attempted to create a resource that already exists.	409
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=UpdateServerCertificate  
&ServerCertificateName=ProdServerCert  
&NewServerCertificateName=ProdServerCertName  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<UpdateServerCertificateResponse>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</UpdateServerCertificateResponse>
```



# UpdateSigningCertificate

## Description

Changes the status of the specified signing certificate from active to disabled, or vice versa. This action can be used to disable a user's signing certificate as part of a certificate rotation work flow.

If the `UserName` field is not specified, the `UserName` is determined implicitly based on the AWS Access Key ID used to sign the request. Because this action works for access keys under the AWS account, this API can be used to manage root credentials even if the AWS account has no associated users.

For information about rotating certificates, see [Managing Keys and Certificates](#) in *Using AWS Identity and Access Management*.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<code>CertificateId</code>	The ID of the signing certificate you want to update. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 24. Maximum length of 128.	Yes
<code>Status</code>	The status you want to assign to the certificate. <code>Active</code> means the certificate can be used for API calls to AWS, while <code>Inactive</code> means the certificate cannot be used. Type: String Valid Values: <code>Active</code>   <code>Inactive</code>	Yes
<code>UserName</code>	Name of the user the signing certificate belongs to. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	No

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
<code>NoSuchEntity</code>	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/
```

```
?Action=UpdateSigningCertificate
&UserName=Bob
&CertificateId=TA7SMP42TDN5Z26OBPJE7EXAMPLE
&Status=Inactive
&Version=2010-05-08
&AUTHPARAMS
```

## Sample Response

```
<UpdateSigningCertificateResponse>
  <ResponseMetadata>
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>
  </ResponseMetadata>
</UpdateSigningCertificateResponse>
```

# UpdateUser

## Description

Updates the name and/or the path of the specified user.



### Important

You should understand the implications of changing a user's path or name. For more information, see [Renaming Users and Groups](#) in *Using AWS Identity and Access Management*.



### Note

To change a user name the requester must have appropriate permissions on both the source object and the target object. For example, to change Bob to Robert, the entity making the request must have permission on Bob and Robert, or must have permission on all (\*). For more information about permissions, see [Permissions and Policies](#).

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>NewPath</i>	New path for the user. Include this parameter only if you're changing the user's path. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 512.	No
<i>NewUserName</i>	New name for the user. Include this parameter only if you're changing the user's name. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.	No
<i>UserName</i>	Name of the user to update. If you're changing the name of the user, this is the original user name. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
EntityAlreadyExists	The request was rejected because it attempted to create a resource that already exists.	409

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
EntityTemporarilyUnmodifiable	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that is temporarily unmodifiable, such as a user name that was deleted and then recreated. The error indicates that the request is likely to succeed if you try again after waiting several minutes. The error message describes the entity.	409
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/  
?Action=UpdateUser  
&UserName=Bob  
&NewUserName=Robert  
&Version=2010-05-08  
&AUTHPARAMS
```

### Sample Response

```
<UpdateUserResponse>  
  <UpdateUserResult>  
    <User>  
      <Path>/division_abc/subdivision_xyz/</Path>  
      <UserName>Robert</UserName>  
      <UserId>AIDACKCEVSQ6C2EXAMPLE</UserId>  
      <Arn>arn:aws::123456789012:user/division_abc/subdivision_xyz/Robert  
      </Arn>  
    </User>  
  </UpdateUserResult>  
  <ResponseMetadata>  
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>  
  </ResponseMetadata>  
</UpdateUserResponse>
```

# UploadServerCertificate

## Description

Uploads a server certificate entity for the AWS account. The server certificate entity includes a public key certificate, a private key, and an optional certificate chain, which should all be PEM-encoded.

For information about the number of server certificates you can upload, see [Limitations on IAM Entities](#) in *Using AWS Identity and Access Management*.



### Note

Because the body of the public key certificate, private key, and the certificate chain can be large, you should use POST rather than GET when calling `UploadServerCertificate`. For information about setting up signatures and authorization through the API, go to [Signing AWS API Requests](#) in the *AWS General Reference*. For general information about using the Query API with IAM, go to [Making Query Requests](#) in *Using IAM*.

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>CertificateBody</i>	The contents of the public key certificate in PEM-encoded format. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 16384.	Yes
<i>CertificateChain</i>	The contents of the certificate chain. This is typically a concatenation of the PEM-encoded public key certificates of the chain. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 2097152.	No
<i>Path</i>	The path for the server certificate. For more information about paths, see <a href="#">Identifiers for IAM Entities</a> in <i>Using AWS Identity and Access Management</i> .  This parameter is optional. If it is not included, it defaults to a slash (/). Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 512.	No
<i>PrivateKey</i>	The contents of the private key in PEM-encoded format. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 16384.	Yes

Name	Description	Required
<i>ServerCertificateName</i>	The name for the server certificate. Do not include the path in this value. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	Yes

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `UploadServerCertificateResult` structure.

Name	Description
<code>ServerCertificateMetadata</code>	The meta information of the uploaded server certificate without its certificate body, certificate chain, and private key. Type: <a href="#">ServerCertificateMetadata</a> (p. 173)

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors](#) (p. 179).

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
<code>EntityAlreadyExists</code>	The request was rejected because it attempted to create a resource that already exists.	409
<code>KeyPairMismatch</code>	The request was rejected because the public key certificate and the private key do not match.	400
<code>LimitExceeded</code>	The request was rejected because it attempted to create resources beyond the current AWS account limits. The error message describes the limit exceeded.	409
<code>MalformedCertificate</code>	The request was rejected because the certificate was malformed or expired. The error message describes the specific error.	400

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
https://iam.amazonaws.com/
?Action=UploadServerCertificate
&ServerCertificateName=ProdServerCert
&Path=/company/servercerts/
&CertificateBody=-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
MIICdzCCAeCgAwIBAgIGANc+Ha2wMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBBQUAMFMxCzAJBgNVBAYT
AlVTMRMwEQYDVQQKEwpBbWF6b24uY29tMQwwCgYDVQQLEwNBV1MxITAfBgNVBAMT
GEFXUyBMaW1pdGVkLUFzc3VyYW5jZSBBDQTAeFw0wOTAyMDQxNzE5MjdaFw0xMDAy
```

```
MDQxNzE5MjdaMFIxCzAJBgNVBAYTA1VTMRMwEQYDVQQKEwpBbWV6b24uY29tMRcw
FQYDVQQLLEw5BV1MtRGV2ZWxvcGVyc2EVMBMGA1UEAxMMNTdxNDl0c3ZwYjRtMIGf
MA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4GNADCBiQKBgQCpB/vsOwmT/00tdlRqzKjttSBaPjbr
dqwNe9BrOyB08fw2+Ch5oonZYXfGUrT6mkYXH5fQot9HvASrzAKH0596FdJA6DmL
ywdWe10ggk7zFSX01Xv+3vPrJtaYxYo3eRip7w80PMkiOv6M0XK8ubcTou0DeJbf
suDqcLnLDxwsvwIDAQABolcwVTAOBgNVHQ8BAf8EBAMCBAAwFgYDVRO1AQH/BAww
CgYIKwYBBQUHAWIwDAYDVRO1AQH/BAIwADAdBgNVHQ4EFgQULGNABphBumaKbDRK
CAi0mH8B3mowdQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQADgYEAuKxhkXaCLGcqDuweKtO/AEw9ZePH
wr0XqsaIK2HZboqruebXEGsojK4Ks0WzwgrEynuHJwTn760xe39rSqXWIOGrOBaX
wFpWHVjTFMKk+tSDG1lssLHyYWWdFFU4AnejRGORJYNARHgVTKjHphc5jEhHm0BX
AEaHzTpmEXAMPLE=
-----END CERTIFICATE-----
&PrivateKey=-----BEGIN DSA PRIVATE KEY-----
MIIBugIBTTKBgQD33xToSXPJ6hr37L3+KNi3/7DgywlBcvlFPPSHIw3ORuO/22mT
8Cy5fT89WwNvZ3BPKWU6OZ38TQv3eWjNc/3U3+oqVNG2poX5nCPot01b96HYX2mR
3FTdH6FRKBQEHpDzZ6tRrjTHjMX6sT3JRWBd2c4bGu+HUH01H7QvrCTeQIVTKMs
TCKCyrLiGhUWuUGNJUMU6y6zToGTHl84Tz7TPwDGDxuy/Dk5s4jTVr+xibROC/gS
Qrs4Dzz3T1ze6lvU8S1KT9UsOB5FUJNTTPCPey+Lo4mmK6b23XdtTyCIT8e2fsm2j
jHHC1pIPiTkDLS3j6ZYjF8LY6TENfng+LDY/xwP017TJV0d3J/WXC2J9CEYq9o34
kq6WWn3CgYTuo54nXUgnoCb3xdG8COFrg+oTbIkHTSzs3w5o/GGgKK7TDF3U1Jjq
vHNYJQ6kWBQRRLXp5KYQ4c/Dm5kef+62mH53HpcCELguWVcf fuVQpmq3EWL9Zp9
jobTJQ2VHjb5IVxi06HRSd27di3njyrzUuJCyHSDTqwlJmTThpd60TIUTL3Tc4m2
62TITdw53KWJEXAMPLE=
-----END DSA PRIVATE KEY-----
&Version=2010-05-08
&AUTHPARAMS
```

## Sample Response

```
<UploadServerCertificateResponse>
  <UploadServerCertificateResult>
    <ServerCertificateMetadata>
      <ServerCertificateName>ProdServerCert</ServerCertificateName>
      <Path>/company/servercerts/</Path>
      <Arn>arn:aws:iam::123456789012:server-certificate/company/servercerts/Prod
ServerCert</Arn>
      <UploadDate>2010-05-08T01:02:03.004Z</UploadDate>
      <ServerCertificateId>ASCACKCEVSQ6C2EXAMPLE</ServerCertificateId>
    </ServerCertificateMetadata>
  </UploadServerCertificateResult>
  <ResponseMetadata>
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>
  </ResponseMetadata>
</UploadServerCertificateResponse>
```

# UploadSigningCertificate

## Description

Uploads an X.509 signing certificate and associates it with the specified user. Some AWS services use X.509 signing certificates to validate requests that are signed with a corresponding private key. When you upload the certificate, its default status is `Active`.

If the `UserName` field is not specified, the user name is determined implicitly based on the AWS Access Key ID used to sign the request. Because this action works for access keys under the AWS account, this API can be used to manage root credentials even if the AWS account has no associated users.



### Note

Because the body of a X.509 certificate can be large, you should use POST rather than GET when calling `UploadSigningCertificate`. For information about setting up signatures and authorization through the API, go to [Signing AWS API Requests](#) in the *AWS General Reference*. For general information about using the Query API with IAM, go to [Making Query Requests in Using IAM](#).

## Request Parameters

For information about the common parameters that all actions use, see [Common Query Parameters \(p. 177\)](#).

Name	Description	Required
<i>CertificateBody</i>	The contents of the signing certificate. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 16384.	Yes
<i>UserName</i>	Name of the user the signing certificate is for. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.	No

## Response Elements

The following elements come wrapped in a `UploadSigningCertificateResult` structure.

Name	Description
<code>Certificate</code>	Information about the certificate. Type: <a href="#">SigningCertificate (p. 174)</a>

## Errors

For information about the common errors that all actions use, see [Common Errors \(p. 179\)](#).



Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
DuplicateCertificate	The request was rejected because the same certificate is associated to another user under the account.	409
EntityAlreadyExists	The request was rejected because it attempted to create a resource that already exists.	409
InvalidCertificate	The request was rejected because the certificate is invalid.	400
LimitExceeded	The request was rejected because it attempted to create resources beyond the current AWS account limits. The error message describes the limit exceeded.	409
MalformedCertificate	The request was rejected because the certificate was malformed or expired. The error message describes the specific error.	400
NoSuchEntity	The request was rejected because it referenced an entity that does not exist. The error message describes the entity.	404

## Examples

### Sample Request

```
POST / HTTP/1.1
Host: iam.amazonaws.com
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
```

```
Action=UploadSigningCertificate
&UserName=Bob
&CertificateBody=-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
    MIICdzCCAeCgAwIBAgIGANc+Ha2wMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBBQUAMFMxCzAJBgNVBAYT
    AlVTMRMwEQYDVQKEwpBbWF6b24uY29tMQwwCgYDVQQLLEwNBV1MxITAfBgNVBAMT
    GEFXUyBMAWlpdGVkLUFzc3VyYW5jZSBBDQTAeFw0wOTYMDQxNzE5MjdaFw0xMDAy
    MDQxNzE5MjdaMF1xCzAJBgNVBAYTA1VTMRMwEQYDVQKEwpBbWF6b24uY29tMRcw
    FQYDVQQLLEw5BV1MtRGV2ZWxvcGVyc2EVMBMGAlUEAxMMNTdxND10c3ZwYjRtMIGf
    MA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4GNADCBiQKBgQCpB/vsOwmT/O0td1RqzKjttSBaPjbr
    dqwNe9BrOyB08fw2+Ch5oonZYXfGUrT6mkYXH5fQot9HvASrzAKH0596FdJA6DmL
    ywdWe1Oggk7zFSX01Xv+3vPrJtaYxYo3eRip7w80PMkiOv6M0XK8ubcTouODEJbf
    suDqcLnLDxwsvwIDAQABolcwVTAOBgNVHQ8BAf8EBAMCBaAwFgYDVR01AQH/BAww
    CgYIKwYBBQUHAWIwDAYDVDR0TAQH/BAIwADAdBgNVHQ4EFggQULGNaBphBumaKbDRK
    CAi0mH8B3mowDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQADgYEAuKxhkXaCLGcQDuweKtO/AEw9ZePH
    wr0XqsaIK2HZboqruebXEGsojK4Ks0WzwgrEynuHJwTn760xe39rSqXWIOGrOBaX
    wFpWHVjTFMKk+tSDG1lssLHyYWWdFFU4AnejRGORJYNarHgVTKjHphc5jEhHm0BX
    AEaHzTpmEXAMPLE=
    -----END CERTIFICATE-----
&Version=2010-05-08
&AUTHPARAMS
```

## Sample Response

```
<UploadSigningCertificateResponse>
  <UploadSigningCertificateResult>
    <Certificate>
      <UserName>Bob</UserName>
      <CertificateId>TA7SMP42TDN5Z260BPJE7EXAMPLE</CertificateId>
      <CertificateBody>-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
MIICdzCCAeCgAwIBAgIGANc+Ha2wMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBBQUAMFMxCzAJBgNVBAYT
AlVTMRMwEQYDVQQKEwpBbWV6b24uY29tMQwwCgYDVQQLewNBV1MxITAfBgNVBAMT
GEFXUyBMaW1pdGVkLUFzc3VyYW5jZSBBDQTAeFw0wOTAyMDQxNzE5MjdaFw0xMDAy
MDQxNzE5MjdaMFIxChZAJBgNVBAYTA1VTMRMwEQYDVQQKEwpBbWV6b24uY29tMRcw
FQYDVQQLew5BV1MtRGV2ZWxvcGVyc2EVMBMGA1UEAxMMNTdxND10c3ZwYjRtMIGf
MA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4GNADCBiQKBgQCpB/vsOwmT/O0tdlRqzKjttSBaPjbr
dqwNe9BrOyB08fw2+Ch5oonZYXfGUrT6mkYXH5fQot9HvASrzAKHO596FdJA6DmL
ywdWe10ggk7zFSX01Xv+3vPrJtaYxYo3eRIp7w80PMkiOv6M0XK8ubcTouODEJbf
suDqcLnLDxwsvwIDAQABO1cwVTAOBgNVHQ8BAf8EBAMCBaAwFgYDVR01AQH/Baww
CgYIKwYBBQUHAWIwDAYDVR0TAQH/BAIwADAdBgNVHQ4EFgQULGNABphBumaKbDRK
CAi0mH8B3mowDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQADgYEAuKxhkXaCLGcqDuweKtO/AEw9ZePH
wr0XqsaIK2HZboqruebXEGsojK4Ks0WzwgrEynuHJwTn760xe39rSqXWIOGrOBaX
wFpWHVjTFMKk+tSDG1lssLHyYWWdFFU4AnejRGORJYNARHgVTKjHphc5jEhHm0BX
AEaHzTpmEXAMPLE=
-----END CERTIFICATE-----</CertificateBody>
      <Status>Active</Status>
    </Certificate>
  </UploadSigningCertificateResult>
  <ResponseMetadata>
    <RequestId>7a62c49f-347e-4fc4-9331-6e8eEXAMPLE</RequestId>
  </ResponseMetadata>
</UploadSigningCertificateResponse>
```

# Data Types

---

The AWS Identity and Access Management API contains several data types that various actions use. This section describes each data type in detail.

**Note**

The order of each element in the response is not guaranteed. Applications should not assume a particular order.

The following data types are supported:

- [AccessKey](#) (p. 151)
- [AccessKeyMetadata](#) (p. 152)
- [CreateAccessKeyResult](#) (p. 153)
- [CreateGroupResult](#) (p. 153)
- [CreateInstanceProfileResult](#) (p. 153)
- [CreateLoginProfileResult](#) (p. 154)
- [CreateRoleResult](#) (p. 154)
- [CreateUserResult](#) (p. 154)
- [CreateVirtualMFADeviceResult](#) (p. 155)
- [GetAccountPasswordPolicyResult](#) (p. 155)
- [GetAccountSummaryResult](#) (p. 155)
- [GetGroupPolicyResult](#) (p. 156)
- [GetGroupResult](#) (p. 157)
- [GetInstanceProfileResult](#) (p. 157)
- [GetLoginProfileResult](#) (p. 158)
- [GetRolePolicyResult](#) (p. 158)
- [GetRoleResult](#) (p. 159)
- [GetServerCertificateResult](#) (p. 159)
- [GetUserPolicyResult](#) (p. 159)
- [GetUserResult](#) (p. 160)

- [Group](#) (p. 160)
- [InstanceProfile](#) (p. 161)
- [ListAccessKeysResult](#) (p. 162)
- [ListAccountAliasesResult](#) (p. 162)
- [ListGroupPoliciesResult](#) (p. 163)
- [ListGroupsForUserResult](#) (p. 163)
- [ListGroupsResult](#) (p. 164)
- [ListInstanceProfilesForRoleResult](#) (p. 164)
- [ListInstanceProfilesResult](#) (p. 165)
- [ListMFADevicesResult](#) (p. 165)
- [ListRolePoliciesResult](#) (p. 166)
- [ListRolesResult](#) (p. 166)
- [ListServerCertificatesResult](#) (p. 167)
- [ListSigningCertificatesResult](#) (p. 167)
- [ListUserPoliciesResult](#) (p. 168)
- [ListUsersResult](#) (p. 168)
- [ListVirtualMFADevicesResult](#) (p. 169)
- [LoginProfile](#) (p. 169)
- [MFADevice](#) (p. 170)
- [PasswordPolicy](#) (p. 170)
- [Role](#) (p. 171)
- [ServerCertificate](#) (p. 172)
- [ServerCertificateMetadata](#) (p. 173)
- [SigningCertificate](#) (p. 174)
- [UploadServerCertificateResult](#) (p. 174)
- [UploadSigningCertificateResult](#) (p. 175)
- [User](#) (p. 175)
- [VirtualMFADevice](#) (p. 176)

## AccessKey

### Description

The AccessKey data type contains information about an AWS access key.

This data type is used as a response element in the actions [CreateAccessKey](#) (p. 11) and [ListAccessKeys](#) (p. 80).

## Contents

Name	Description
AccessKeyId	The ID for this access key. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 16. Maximum length of 32.
CreateDate	The date when the access key was created. Type: DateTime
SecretAccessKey	The secret key used to sign requests. Type: String
Status	The status of the access key. <code>Active</code> means the key is valid for API calls, while <code>Inactive</code> means it is not. Type: String Valid Values: <code>Active</code>   <code>Inactive</code>
UserName	Name of the user the key is associated with. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.

## AccessKeyMetadata

### Description

The `AccessKey` data type contains information about an AWS access key, without its secret key.

This data type is used as a response element in the action [ListAccessKeys](#) (p. 80).

### Contents

Name	Description
AccessKeyId	The ID for this access key. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 16. Maximum length of 32.
CreateDate	The date when the access key was created. Type: DateTime
Status	The status of the access key. <code>Active</code> means the key is valid for API calls, while <code>Inactive</code> means it is not. Type: String Valid Values: <code>Active</code>   <code>Inactive</code>
UserName	Name of the user the key is associated with. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.

# CreateAccessKeyResult

## Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [CreateAccessKey \(p. 11\)](#) action.

## Contents

Name	Description
AccessKey	Information about the access key. Type: <a href="#">AccessKey (p. 151)</a>

# CreateGroupResult

## Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [CreateGroup \(p. 14\)](#) action.

## Contents

Name	Description
Group	Information about the group. Type: <a href="#">Group (p. 160)</a>

# CreateInstanceProfileResult

## Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [CreateInstanceProfile \(p. 16\)](#) action.

## Contents

Name	Description
InstanceProfile	Information about the instance profile. Type: <a href="#">InstanceProfile (p. 161)</a>

## CreateLoginProfileResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [CreateLoginProfile](#) (p. 18) action.

### Contents

Name	Description
LoginProfile	The user name and password create date. Type: <a href="#">LoginProfile</a> (p. 169)

## CreateRoleResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [CreateRole](#) (p. 20) action.

### Contents

Name	Description
Role	Information about the role. Type: <a href="#">Role</a> (p. 171)

## CreateUserResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [CreateUser](#) (p. 22) action.

### Contents

Name	Description
User	Information about the user. Type: <a href="#">User</a> (p. 175)

## CreateVirtualMFADeviceResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [CreateVirtualMFADevice](#) (p. 24) action.

### Contents

Name	Description
VirtualMFADevice	A newly created virtual MFA device. Type: <a href="#">VirtualMFADevice</a> (p. 176)

## GetAccountPasswordPolicyResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [GetAccountPasswordPolicy](#) (p. 56) action.

### Contents

Name	Description
PasswordPolicy	The PasswordPolicy data type contains information about the account password policy.  This data type is used as a response element in the action <a href="#">GetAccountPasswordPolicy</a> (p. 56). Type: <a href="#">PasswordPolicy</a> (p. 170)

## GetAccountSummaryResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [GetAccountSummary](#) (p. 58) action.



## Contents

Name	Description
SummaryMap	<p>A set of key value pairs containing account-level information.</p> <p>SummaryMap contains the following keys:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <code>AccessKeysPerUserQuota</code> - Maximum number of access keys that can be created per user</li><li>• <code>AccountMFAEnabled</code> - 1 if the root account has an MFA device assigned to it, 0 otherwise</li><li>• <code>AssumeRolePolicySizeQuota</code> - Maximum allowed size for assume role policy documents (in kilobytes)</li><li>• <code>GroupPolicySizeQuota</code> - Maximum allowed size for Group policy documents (in kilobytes)</li><li>• <code>Groups</code> - Number of Groups for the AWS account</li><li>• <code>GroupsPerUserQuota</code> - Maximum number of groups a user can belong to</li><li>• <code>GroupsQuota</code> - Maximum groups allowed for the AWS account</li><li>• <code>InstanceProfiles</code> - Number of instance profiles for the AWS account</li><li>• <code>InstanceProfilesQuota</code> - Maximum instance profiles allowed for the AWS account</li><li>• <code>MFADevices</code> - Number of MFA devices, either assigned or unassigned</li><li>• <code>MFADevicesInUse</code> - Number of MFA devices that have been assigned to an IAM user or to the root account</li><li>• <code>RolePolicySizeQuota</code> - Maximum allowed size for role policy documents (in kilobytes)</li><li>• <code>Roles</code> - Number of roles for the AWS account</li><li>• <code>RolesQuota</code> - Maximum roles allowed for the AWS account</li><li>• <code>ServerCertificates</code> - Number of server certificates for the AWS account</li><li>• <code>ServerCertificatesQuota</code> - Maximum server certificates allowed for the AWS account</li><li>• <code>SigningCertificatesPerUserQuota</code> - Maximum number of X509 certificates allowed for a user</li><li>• <code>UserPolicySizeQuota</code> - Maximum allowed size for user policy documents (in kilobytes)</li><li>• <code>Users</code> - Number of users for the AWS account</li><li>• <code>UsersQuota</code> - Maximum users allowed for the AWS account</li></ul> <p>Type: String to Integer map</p>

## GetGroupPolicyResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [GetGroupPolicy](#) (p. 64) action.

## Contents

Name	Description
GroupName	The group the policy is associated with. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.
PolicyDocument	The policy document. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 131072.
PolicyName	The name of the policy. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

## GetGroupResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [GetGroup \(p. 61\)](#) action.

### Contents

Name	Description
Group	Information about the group. Type: <a href="#">Group (p. 160)</a>
IsTruncated	A flag that indicates whether there are more user names to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more user names in the list. Type: Boolean
Marker	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , then this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.
Users	A list of users in the group. Type: <a href="#">User (p. 175)</a> list

## GetInstanceProfileResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [GetInstanceProfile \(p. 66\)](#) action.

## Contents

Name	Description
InstanceProfile	Information about the instance profile. Type: <a href="#">InstanceProfile</a> (p. 161)

## GetLoginProfileResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [GetLoginProfile](#) (p. 68) action.

### Contents

Name	Description
LoginProfile	User name and password create date for the user. Type: <a href="#">LoginProfile</a> (p. 169)

## GetRolePolicyResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [GetRolePolicy](#) (p. 72) action.

### Contents

Name	Description
PolicyDocument	The policy document. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 131072.
PolicyName	The name of the policy. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.
RoleName	The role the policy is associated with. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.

## GetRoleResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [GetRole](#) (p. 70) action.

### Contents

Name	Description
Role	Information about the role. Type: <a href="#">Role</a> (p. 171)

## GetServerCertificateResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [GetServerCertificate](#) (p. 74) action.

### Contents

Name	Description
ServerCertificate	Information about the server certificate. Type: <a href="#">ServerCertificate</a> (p. 172)

## GetUserPolicyResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [GetUserPolicy](#) (p. 78) action.

### Contents

Name	Description
PolicyDocument	The policy document. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 131072.
PolicyName	The name of the policy. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Name	Description
UserName	The user the policy is associated with. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

## GetUserResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [GetUser](#) (p. 76) action.

### Contents

Name	Description
User	Information about the user. Type: <a href="#">User</a> (p. 175)

## Group

### Description

The Group data type contains information about a group.

This data type is used as a response element in the following actions:

- [CreateGroup](#) (p. 14)
- [GetGroup](#) (p. 61)
- [ListGroups](#) (p. 87)

### Contents

Name	Description
Arn	The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) specifying the group. For more information about ARNs and how to use them in policies, see <a href="#">Identifiers for IAM Entities</a> in <i>Using AWS Identity and Access Management</i> . Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.
CreateDate	The date when the group was created. Type: DateTime

Name	Description
GroupId	The stable and unique string identifying the group. For more information about IDs, see <a href="#">Identifiers for IAM Entities</a> in <i>Using AWS Identity and Access Management</i> . Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 16. Maximum length of 32.
GroupName	The name that identifies the group. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.
Path	Path to the group. For more information about paths, see <a href="#">Identifiers for IAM Entities</a> in <i>Using AWS Identity and Access Management</i> . Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 512.

## InstanceProfile

### Description

The InstanceProfile data type contains information about an instance profile.

This data type is used as a response element in the following actions:

- [CreateInstanceProfile](#) (p. 16)
- [GetInstanceProfile](#) (p. 66)
- [ListInstanceProfiles](#) (p. 91)
- [ListInstanceProfilesForRole](#) (p. 93)

### Contents

Name	Description
Arn	The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) specifying the instance profile. For more information about ARNs and how to use them in policies, see <a href="#">Identifiers for IAM Entities</a> in <i>Using AWS Identity and Access Management</i> . Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.
CreateDate	The date when the instance profile was created. Type: DateTime
InstanceProfileId	The stable and unique string identifying the instance profile. For more information about IDs, see <a href="#">Identifiers for IAM Entities</a> in <i>Using AWS Identity and Access Management</i> . Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 16. Maximum length of 32.

Name	Description
InstanceProfileName	The name identifying the instance profile. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.
Path	Path to the instance profile. For more information about paths, see <a href="#">Identifiers for IAM Entities</a> in <i>Using AWS Identity and Access Management</i> . Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 512.
Roles	The role associated with the instance profile. Type: <a href="#">Role</a> (p. 171) list

## ListAccessKeysResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [ListAccessKeys](#) (p. 80) action.

### Contents

Name	Description
AccessKeyMetadata	A list of access key metadata. Type: <a href="#">AccessKeyMetadata</a> (p. 152) list
IsTruncated	A flag that indicates whether there are more keys to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more keys in the list. Type: Boolean
Marker	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.

## ListAccountAliasesResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [ListAccountAliases](#) (p. 83) action.

## Contents

Name	Description
AccountAliases	A list of aliases associated with the account. Type: String list
IsTruncated	A flag that indicates whether there are more account aliases to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more account aliases in the list. Type: Boolean
Marker	Use this only when paginating results, and only in a subsequent request after you've received a response where the results are truncated. Set it to the value of the <code>Marker</code> element in the response you just received. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.

## ListGroupPoliciesResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [ListGroupPolicies](#) (p. 85) action.

### Contents

Name	Description
IsTruncated	A flag that indicates whether there are more policy names to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more policy names in the list. Type: Boolean
Marker	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.
PolicyNames	A list of policy names. Type: String list

## ListGroupsForUserResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [ListGroupsForUser](#) (p. 89) action.



## Contents

Name	Description
Groups	A list of groups. Type: <a href="#">Group (p. 160)</a> list
IsTruncated	A flag that indicates whether there are more groups to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more groups in the list. Type: Boolean
Marker	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.

## ListGroupsResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [ListGroups \(p. 87\)](#) action.

### Contents

Name	Description
Groups	A list of groups. Type: <a href="#">Group (p. 160)</a> list
IsTruncated	A flag that indicates whether there are more groups to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more groups in the list. Type: Boolean
Marker	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.

## ListInstanceProfilesForRoleResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [ListInstanceProfilesForRole \(p. 93\)](#) action.

## Contents

Name	Description
InstanceProfiles	A list of instance profiles. Type: <a href="#">InstanceProfile</a> (p. 161) list
IsTruncated	A flag that indicates whether there are more instance profiles to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more instance profiles in the list. Type: Boolean
Marker	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.

## ListInstanceProfilesResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [ListInstanceProfiles](#) (p. 91) action.

### Contents

Name	Description
InstanceProfiles	A list of instance profiles. Type: <a href="#">InstanceProfile</a> (p. 161) list
IsTruncated	A flag that indicates whether there are more instance profiles to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more instance profiles in the list. Type: Boolean
Marker	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.

## ListMFADevicesResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [ListMFADevices](#) (p. 96) action.

## Contents

Name	Description
IsTruncated	A flag that indicates whether there are more MFA devices to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more MFA devices in the list. Type: Boolean
MFADevices	A list of MFA devices. Type: <a href="#">MFADevice</a> (p. 170) list
Marker	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.

## ListRolePoliciesResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [ListRolePolicies](#) (p. 98) action.

### Contents

Name	Description
IsTruncated	A flag that indicates whether there are more policy names to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more policy names in the list. Type: Boolean
Marker	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.
PolicyNames	A list of policy names. Type: String list

## ListRolesResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [ListRoles](#) (p. 100) action.

## Contents

Name	Description
<code>IsTruncated</code>	A flag that indicates whether there are more roles to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more roles in the list. Type: Boolean
<code>Marker</code>	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.
<code>Roles</code>	A list of roles. Type: <a href="#">Role</a> (p. 171) list

## ListServerCertificatesResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [ListServerCertificates](#) (p. 103) action.

### Contents

Name	Description
<code>IsTruncated</code>	A flag that indicates whether there are more server certificates to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more server certificates in the list. Type: Boolean
<code>Marker</code>	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.
<code>ServerCertificateMetadataList</code>	A list of server certificates. Type: <a href="#">ServerCertificateMetadata</a> (p. 173) list

## ListSigningCertificatesResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [ListSigningCertificates](#) (p. 106) action.

## Contents

Name	Description
Certificates	A list of the user's signing certificate information. Type: <a href="#">SigningCertificate</a> (p. 174) list
IsTruncated	A flag that indicates whether there are more certificate IDs to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more certificates in the list. Type: Boolean
Marker	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.

## ListUserPoliciesResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [ListUserPolicies](#) (p. 109) action.

### Contents

Name	Description
IsTruncated	A flag that indicates whether there are more policy names to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more policy names in the list. Type: Boolean
Marker	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.
PolicyNames	A list of policy names. Type: String list

## ListUsersResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [ListUsers](#) (p. 111) action.

## Contents

Name	Description
IsTruncated	A flag that indicates whether there are more user names to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more users in the list. Type: Boolean
Marker	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.
Users	A list of users. Type: <a href="#">User</a> (p. 175) list

## ListVirtualMFADevicesResult

### Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [ListVirtualMFADevices](#) (p. 113) action.

### Contents

Name	Description
IsTruncated	A flag that indicates whether there are more items to list. If your results were truncated, you can make a subsequent pagination request using the <code>Marker</code> request parameter to retrieve more items the list. Type: Boolean
Marker	If <code>IsTruncated</code> is <code>true</code> , this element is present and contains the value to use for the <code>Marker</code> parameter in a subsequent pagination request. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 320.
VirtualMFADevices	Type: <a href="#">VirtualMFADevice</a> (p. 176) list

## LoginProfile

### Description

The `LoginProfile` data type contains the user name and password create date for a user.

This data type is used as a response element in the actions [CreateLoginProfile](#) (p. 18) and [GetLoginProfile](#) (p. 68).

## Contents

Name	Description
CreateDate	The date when the password for the user was created. Type: DateTime
UserName	The name of the user, which can be used for signing into the AWS Management Console. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.

## MFADevice

### Description

The `MFADevice` data type contains information about an MFA device.

This data type is used as a response element in the action [ListMFADevices](#) (p. 96).

### Contents

Name	Description
EnableDate	The date when the MFA device was enabled for the user. Type: DateTime
SerialNumber	The serial number that uniquely identifies the MFA device. For virtual MFA devices, the serial number is the device ARN. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 9. Maximum length of 256.
UserName	The user with whom the MFA device is associated. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.

## PasswordPolicy

### Description

The `PasswordPolicy` data type contains information about the account password policy.

This data type is used as a response element in the action [GetAccountPasswordPolicy](#) (p. 56).

## Contents

Name	Description
AllowUsersToChangePassword	Specifies whether to allow IAM users to change their own password. Type: Boolean
MinimumPasswordLength	Minimum length to require for IAM user passwords. Type: Integer
RequireLowercaseCharacters	Specifies whether to require lowercase characters for IAM user passwords. Type: Boolean
RequireNumbers	Specifies whether to require numbers for IAM user passwords. Type: Boolean
RequireSymbols	Specifies whether to require symbols for IAM user passwords. Type: Boolean
RequireUppercaseCharacters	Specifies whether to require uppercase characters for IAM user passwords. Type: Boolean

## Role

### Description

The Role data type contains information about a role.

This data type is used as a response element in the following actions:

- [CreateRole](#) (p. 20)
- [GetRole](#) (p. 70)
- [ListRoles](#) (p. 100)

### Contents

Name	Description
Arn	The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) specifying the role. For more information about ARNs and how to use them in policies, see <a href="#">Identifiers for IAM Entities</a> in <i>Using AWS Identity and Access Management</i> . Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.



Name	Description
AssumeRolePolicyDocument	The policy that grants an entity permission to assume the role.  The returned policy is URL-encoded according to RFC 3986. For more information about RFC 3986, go to <a href="http://www.faqs.org/rfcs/rfc3986.html">http://www.faqs.org/rfcs/rfc3986.html</a> . Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 131072.
CreateDate	The date when the role was created. Type: DateTime
Path	Path to the role. For more information about paths, see <a href="#">Identifiers for IAM Entities</a> in <i>Using AWS Identity and Access Management</i> . Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 512.
RoleId	The stable and unique string identifying the role. For more information about IDs, see <a href="#">Identifiers for IAM Entities</a> in <i>Using AWS Identity and Access Management</i> . Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 16. Maximum length of 32.
RoleName	The name identifying the role. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.

## ServerCertificate

### Description

The ServerCertificate data type contains information about a server certificate.

This data type is used as a response element in the action [GetServerCertificate](#) (p. 74).

### Contents

Name	Description
CertificateBody	The contents of the public key certificate. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 16384.
CertificateChain	The contents of the public key certificate chain. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 2097152.

Name	Description
ServerCertificateMetadata	The meta information of the server certificate, such as its name, path, ID, and ARN. Type: <a href="#">ServerCertificateMetadata</a> (p. 173)

# ServerCertificateMetadata

## Description

ServerCertificateMetadata contains information about a server certificate without its certificate body, certificate chain, and private key.

This data type is used as a response element in the action [UploadServerCertificate](#) (p. 144) and [ListServerCertificates](#) (p. 103).

## Contents

Name	Description
Arn	The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) specifying the server certificate. For more information about ARNs and how to use them in policies, see <a href="#">Identifiers for IAM Entities</a> in <i>Using AWS Identity and Access Management</i> . Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.
Path	Path to the server certificate. For more information about paths, see <a href="#">Identifiers for IAM Entities</a> in <i>Using AWS Identity and Access Management</i> . Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 512.
ServerCertificateId	The stable and unique string identifying the server certificate. For more information about IDs, see <a href="#">Identifiers for IAM Entities</a> in <i>Using AWS Identity and Access Management</i> . Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 16. Maximum length of 32.
ServerCertificateName	The name that identifies the server certificate. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.
UploadDate	The date when the server certificate was uploaded. Type: DateTime

# SigningCertificate

## Description

The SigningCertificate data type contains information about an X.509 signing certificate.

This data type is used as a response element in the actions [UploadSigningCertificate](#) (p. 147) and [ListSigningCertificates](#) (p. 106).

## Contents

Name	Description
CertificateBody	The contents of the signing certificate. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 16384.
CertificateId	The ID for the signing certificate. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 24. Maximum length of 128.
Status	The status of the signing certificate. <code>Active</code> means the key is valid for API calls, while <code>Inactive</code> means it is not. Type: String Valid Values: <code>Active</code>   <code>Inactive</code>
UploadDate	The date when the signing certificate was uploaded. Type: DateTime
UserName	Name of the user the signing certificate is associated with. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.

# UploadServerCertificateResult

## Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [UploadServerCertificate](#) (p. 144) action.

## Contents

Name	Description
ServerCertificateMetadata	The meta information of the uploaded server certificate without its certificate body, certificate chain, and private key. Type: <a href="#">ServerCertificateMetadata</a> (p. 173)

# UploadSigningCertificateResult

## Description

Contains the result of a successful invocation of the [UploadSigningCertificate](#) (p. 147) action.

## Contents

Name	Description
Certificate	Information about the certificate. Type: <a href="#">SigningCertificate</a> (p. 174)

# User

## Description

The User data type contains information about a user.

This data type is used as a response element in the following actions:

- [CreateUser](#) (p. 22)
- [GetUser](#) (p. 76)
- [ListUsers](#) (p. 111)

## Contents

Name	Description
Arn	The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) specifying the user. For more information about ARNs and how to use them in policies, see <a href="#">Identifiers for IAM Entities</a> in <i>Using AWS Identity and Access Management</i> . Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.
CreateDate	The date when the user was created. Type: DateTime
Path	Path to the user. For more information about paths, see <a href="#">Identifiers for IAM Entities</a> in <i>Using AWS Identity and Access Management</i> . Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 512.
UserId	The stable and unique string identifying the user. For more information about IDs, see <a href="#">Identifiers for IAM Entities</a> in <i>Using AWS Identity and Access Management</i> . Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 16. Maximum length of 32.

Name	Description
UserName	The name identifying the user. Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 64.

## VirtualMFADevice

### Description

The `VirtualMFADevice` data type contains information about a virtual MFA device.

### Contents

Name	Description
Base32StringSeed	The Base32 seed defined as specified in <a href="#">RFC3548</a> . The <code>Base32StringSeed</code> is Base64-encoded. Type: Blob
EnableDate	Type: DateTime
QRCodePNG	A QR code PNG image that encodes <code>otpauth://totp/\$virtualMFADeviceName@\$AccountName?secret=\$Base32String</code> where <code>\$virtualMFADeviceName</code> is one of the create call arguments, <code>AccountName</code> is the user name if set ( <code>accountId</code> otherwise), and <code>Base32String</code> is the seed in Base32 format. The <code>Base32String</code> is Base64-encoded. Type: Blob
SerialNumber	The serial number associated with <code>VirtualMFADevice</code> . Type: String Length constraints: Minimum length of 9. Maximum length of 256.
User	The User data type contains information about a user.  This data type is used as a response element in the following actions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">CreateUser</a> (p. 22)</li> <li><a href="#">GetUser</a> (p. 76)</li> <li><a href="#">ListUsers</a> (p. 111)</li> </ul> Type: <a href="#">User</a> (p. 175)

# Common Query Parameters

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This section lists the request parameters that all actions use. Any action-specific parameters are listed in the topic for the action.

Parameter Name	Description	Required
<i>Action</i>	The action to perform. Default: None Type: String	Yes
<i>AuthParams</i>	The parameters required to authenticate a query request. Contains: AWSSecretAccessKeyID SignatureVersion Timestamp Signature Default: None	Conditional
<i>AWSSecretAccessKeyId</i>	The Access Key ID corresponding to the AWS Secret Access Key you used to sign the request. Default: None Type: String	Yes
<i>Expires</i>	The date and time at which the request signature expires, in the format YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ssZ, as specified in the ISO 8601 standard. Condition: Requests must include either <i>Timestamp</i> or <i>Expires</i> , but not both. Default: None Type: String	Conditional

Parameter Name	Description	Required
<i>SecurityToken</i>	The temporary security token obtained through a call to AWS Security Token Service. For a list of services that support AWS Security Token Service, go to <a href="#">Using Temporary Security Credentials to Access AWS in Using Temporary Security Credentials</a> . Default: None Type: String	
<i>Signature</i>	The digital signature you created for the request. Refer to the service's developer documentation for information about how to generate the signature. Default: None Type: String	Yes
<i>SignatureMethod</i>	The hash algorithm you used to create the request signature. Default: None Valid Values: HmacSHA256   HmacSHA1. Type: String	Yes
<i>SignatureVersion</i>	The signature version you use to sign the request. Set this to the value recommended in your product-specific documentation on security. Default: None Type: String	Yes
<i>Timestamp</i>	The date and time the request was signed, in the format YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ssZ, as specified in the ISO 8601 standard. Condition: Requests must include either <i>Timestamp</i> or <i>Expires</i> , but not both. Default: None Type: String	Conditional
<i>Version</i>	The API version to use, in the format YYYY-MM-DD. Default: None Type: String	Yes

# Common Errors

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This section lists the common errors that all actions return. Any action-specific errors are listed in the topic for the action.

Error	Description	HTTP Status Code
IncompleteSignature	The request signature does not conform to AWS standards.	400
InternalFailure	The request processing has failed due to some unknown error, exception or failure.	500
InvalidAction	The action or operation requested is invalid.	400
InvalidClientTokenId	The X.509 certificate or AWS Access Key ID provided does not exist in our records.	403
InvalidParameterCombination	Parameters that must not be used together were used together.	400
InvalidParameterValue	A bad or out-of-range value was supplied for the input parameter.	400
InvalidQueryParameter	AWS query string is malformed, does not adhere to AWS standards.	400
MalformedQueryString	The query string is malformed.	404
MissingAction	The request is missing an action or operation parameter.	400
MissingAuthenticationToken	Request must contain either a valid (registered) AWS Access Key ID or X.509 certificate.	403
MissingParameter	An input parameter that is mandatory for processing the request is not supplied.	400



<b>Error</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>HTTP Status Code</b>
OptInRequired	The AWS Access Key ID needs a subscription for the service.	403
RequestExpired	Request is past expires date or the request date (either with 15 minute padding), or the request date occurs more than 15 minutes in the future.	400
ServiceUnavailable	The request has failed due to a temporary failure of the server.	503
Throttling	Request was denied due to request throttling.	400