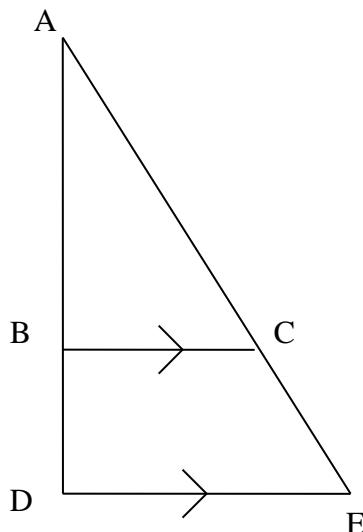


Assignment 12  
Pre IB  
Similar Shapes, Pythagoras and SOHCAHTOA Trigonometry

Please write your solutions on A4 squared or lined paper. You **MUST** show the stages of your working out and answer all questions. If you hand in work with insufficient working out, I will hand the assignment back to you to do again. **Give your answers to 3 significant figures.** To be handed in on Thursday the 23rd by 5pm. You can get help from me at the study café on Thursdays.

### Similar Shapes

**1.**



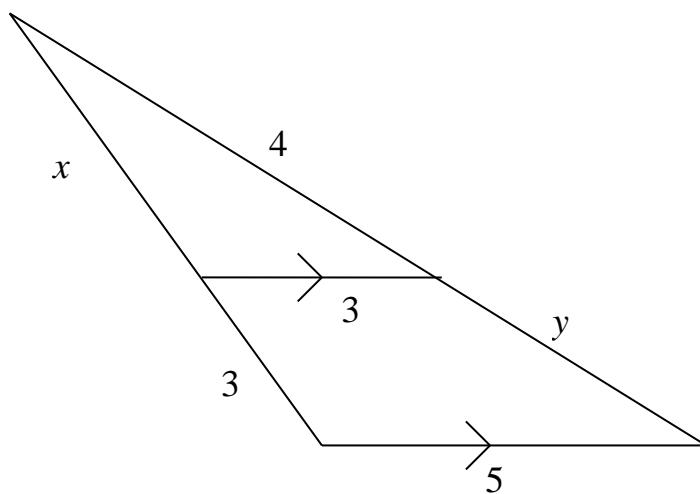
(a) Prove that triangle ABC and triangle ADE are similar. You **MUST** show all stages of your proof. (Note angle ABC is NOT a right angle)

(b) If AB = 10 cm, DE = 3 cm and AD = 15 cm, find BC. **Show working out.**

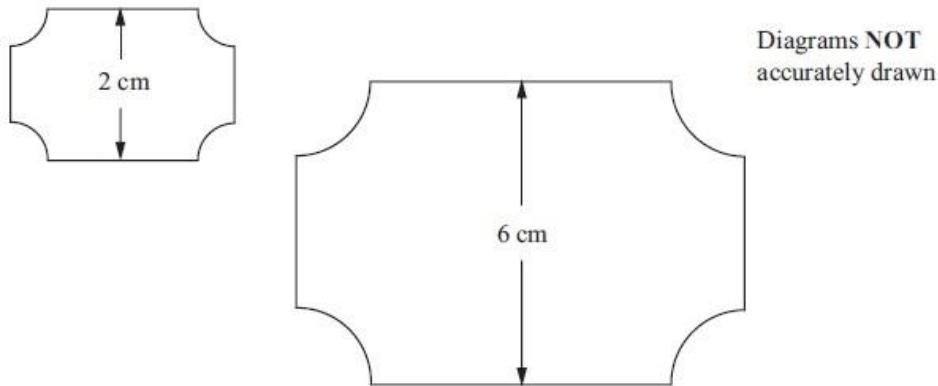
(c) Triangle ABC has area 9 cm<sup>2</sup>. Calculate the area of triangle ADE.

**2.**

Find  $x$  and  $y$ .



3. Here are two supermarket price tickets.

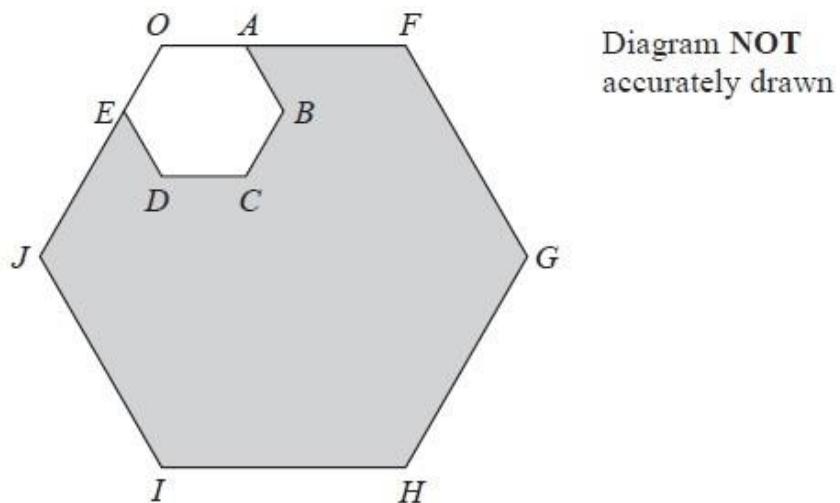


The two supermarket price tickets are mathematically similar.

The area of the smaller ticket is  $7 \text{ cm}^2$ .

Calculate the area of the larger ticket.

4. The diagram shows two regular hexagons,  $OABCDE$  and  $OFGHIJ$ .



$OAF$  and  $OEJ$  are straight lines.

$OF = 3 OA$ .

The area of  $OABCDE$  is  $4 \text{ cm}^2$ .

Calculate the area of the shaded region.

5. Two cups are mathematically similar. The area of the base of the smaller cup is  $10 \text{ cm}^2$  and the area of the base of the larger cup is  $15 \text{ cm}^2$ . If the capacity of the smaller cup is 120 ml, what is the capacity of the larger cup?

6.

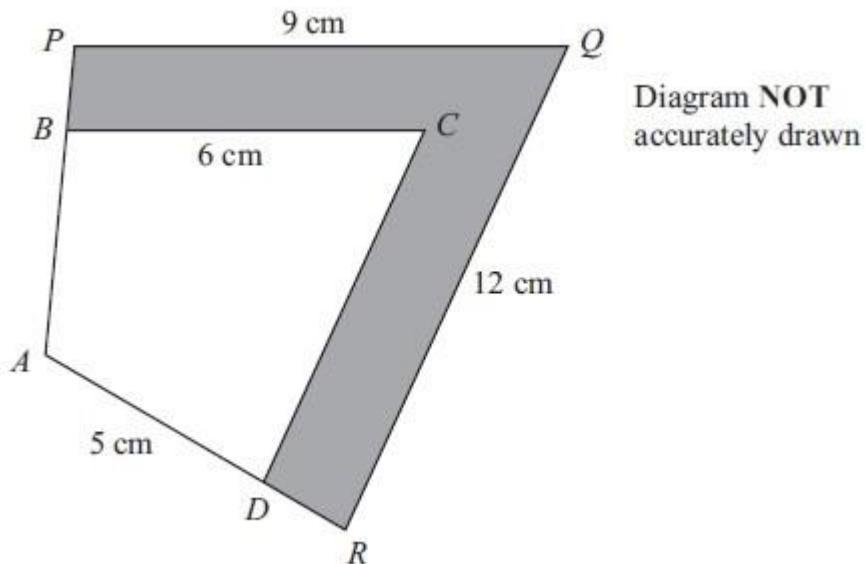
$ABCD$  and  $APQR$  are two similar quadrilaterals.

$PQ = 9 \text{ cm}$ .

$BC = 6 \text{ cm}$ .

$AD = 5 \text{ cm}$ .

$QR = 12 \text{ cm}$ .



(a) Find the length of  $DC$ .

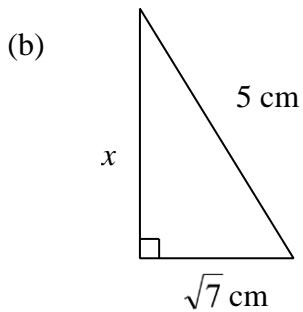
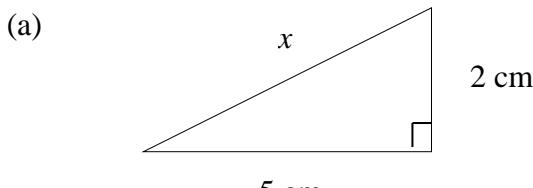
(b) Find the length of  $AR$ .

The area of the quadrilateral  $ABCD$  is  $32 \text{ cm}^2$ .

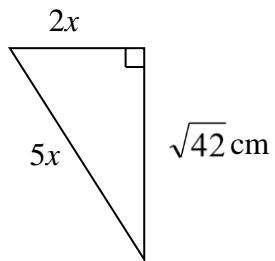
(c) Calculate the area of the shaded region.

### Pythagoras Theorem- Chapter 16

7. Calculate  $x$ :



(c)



Hint: set up an equation and solve for  $x$

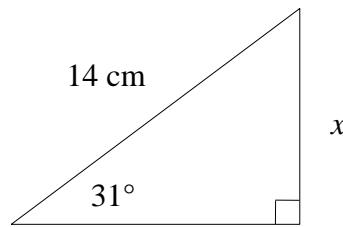
8. A rhombus has sides of length 6 cm. One of its diagonals is 10 cm long. Find the length of the other diagonal.

9. A rhombus has diagonals of length 8 cm and 10 cm. Find its perimeter.

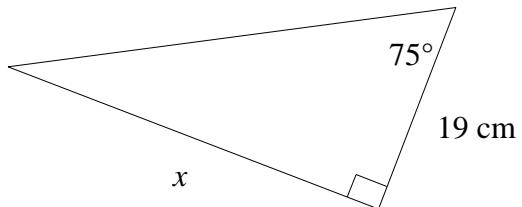
### Basic Trigonometry- SOHCAHTOA Chapter 17

10. Calculate the following sides to 3 significant figures:

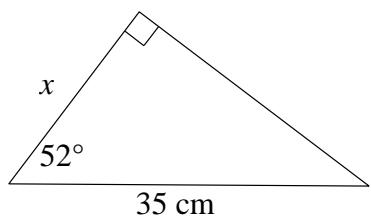
(a)



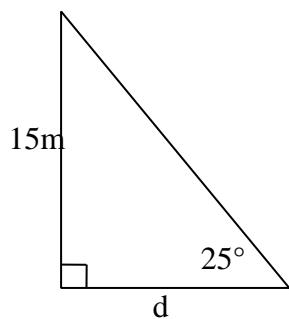
(b)



(c)



(d)

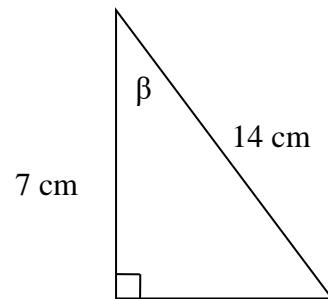
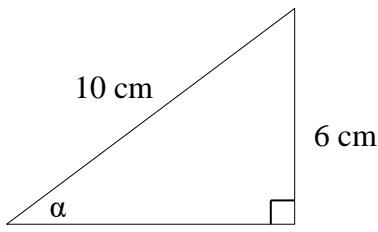


11.

Calculate the following angles to 3 significant figures:

(a)

(b)



- 12.** The height of a vertical cliff is 450 m. The angle of elevation from a ship to the top of the cliff is  $23^\circ$ . The ship is  $x$  metres from the bottom of the cliff.

- (a) Draw a diagram to show this information.
- (b) Calculate the value of  $x$ .

- 13.** Coming in to land, a small aeroplane starts its decent at a vertical height of  $h$  metres above the horizontal land. The aeroplane descends along a straight line at a constant angle of depression of  $12^\circ$ . From its starting descent to touching down, the aeroplane travels through a distance of 6000 m.

- (a) Draw a diagram illustrating the descent of the plane.
- (b) Calculate the vertical height,  $h$ , at which the aeroplane starts its descent.

At the start of its decent, the aeroplane is vertically above a point P on the ground. It touches down at a point T.

- (c) Calculate the horizontal distance PT.