Animal Disease Surveillance, AFBI

Agri-Food and Biosciences Institute 09 October, 2018

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Introduction

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Cattle Diseases

- 2.1 Neonatal Calves (0-1 months)
- 2.2 Calves (1-5 months)
- 2.3 Calves (6-12 months)
- 2.4 Adults (> 12 months)

Table 2.1: The conditions most frequently diagnosed on *post-mortem* examinations of neonatal calves (0-1 months) in 2017, (n= 610)

Category	Count	Percentage
Enteric infections	254	41.6
Respiratory infections	89	14.6
Nutritional /metabolic conditions	50	8.2
Septicaemia / toxaemia	47	7.7
Navel ill /Joint ill	43	7.0
Other diagnoses	36	5.9
Salmonellosis	23	3.8
Diagnosis not reached	16	2.6
CVS/circulatory	10	1.6
GIT torsion /obstruction	10	1.6
Peritonitis	6	1.0
CNS	6	1.0
BNP	5	0.8
Hereditary and developmental abnormality	5	0.8
Fractures / skeletal abnormalities / calving injuries	4	0.7
Urinary tract	3	0.5
GIT ulcers / perforations	3	0.5

Table 2.2: The conditions most frequently diagnosed on *post-mortem* examinations of calves (1-5 months) in AFBI during 2017 (n=369)

Category	Count	Percentage
Respiratory infections	186	50.4
Enteric infections	35	9.5
Diagnosis not reached	19	5.2
Nutritional / metabolic conditions	18	4.9
GIT torsions /obstruction	17	4.6
Peritonitis	15	4.1
Other diagnoses	14	3.8
Septicaemia / toxaemia	13	3.5
Clostridial disease	11	3.0
Navel ill / Joint ill	11	3.0
Cardiovascular conditions	9	2.4
Urinary tract conditions	6	1.6
CNS conditions	6	1.6
GIT ulcer / perforation	5	1.4
Poisoning	2	0.5
BVD /Mucosal disease	2	0.5

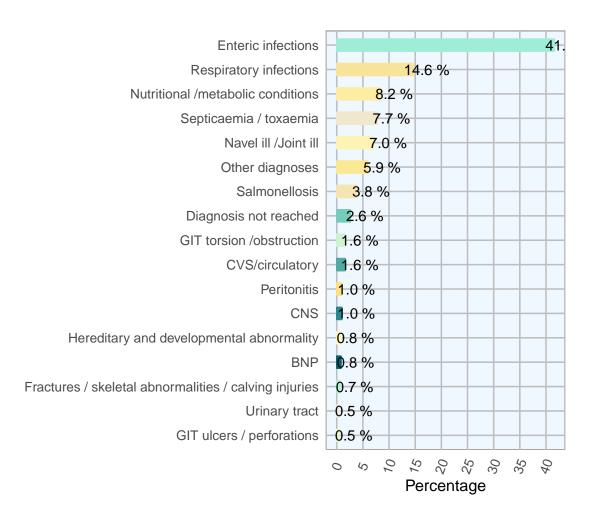


Figure 2.1: The conditions most frequently diagnosed on post-mortem examinations of neonatal calves (0-1 months) by AFBI during 2017 (n= 610)

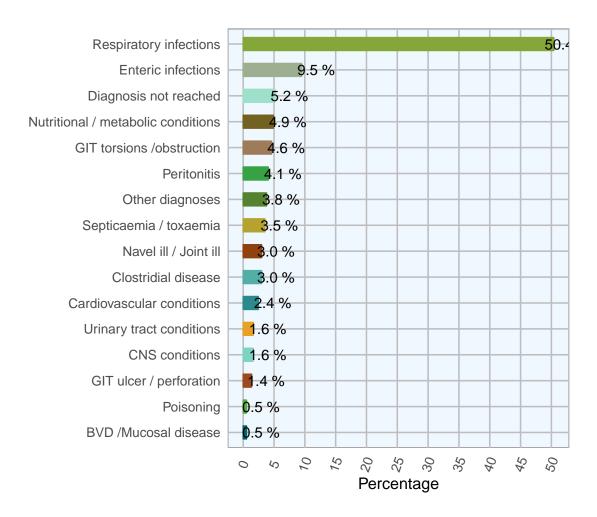


Figure 2.2: The conditions most frequently diagnosed on *post-mortem* examinations of calves (1-5 months) by AFBI during 2017 (n=369)

Table 2.3: The conditions most frequently diagnosed on *post-mortem* examinations of calves (6-12 months) in AFBI during 2017 (n= 163)

Category	Count	Percentage
Respiratory tract infections	80	49.1
Clostridial disease	18	11.0
Diagnosis not reached	17	10.4
Nutritional / metabolic conditions	11	6.8
Enteric infections	8	4.9
Other diagnoses	6	3.7
urinary tract conditions	3	1.8
GIT ulcer, perforation, for body	3	1.8
liver disease	3	1.8
Poisoning	3	1.8
GIT torsion / obstruction	2	1.2
Cardiac conditions	2	1.2
BVD / Mucosal disease	2	1.2
CNS conditions	2	1.2
Skeletal conditions	2	1.2
peritonitis	1	0.6

Table 2.4: The conditions most frequently diagnosed on *post-mortem* examinations of adults (>12 months) by AFBI during 2017 (n= 464)

Category	Count	Percentage
Respiratory infections	95	20.5
Other diagnoses	56	12.1
Diagnosis not reached	55	11.8
Cardiac/ circulatory system	50	10.8
Clostridial disease	39	8.4
Nutritional /metabolic conditions	36	7.8
Liver disease	29	6.2
GIT ulceration / perforation / foreign body	24	5.2
Enteric infections	19	4.1
Reproductive tract infections/Mastitis	12	2.6
Intestinal or gastric torsion /obstruction	10	2.2
Peritonitis	10	2.2
Urinary tract conditions	9	1.9
Poisoning	9	1.9
Tumour	6	1.3
CNS infections	5	1.1

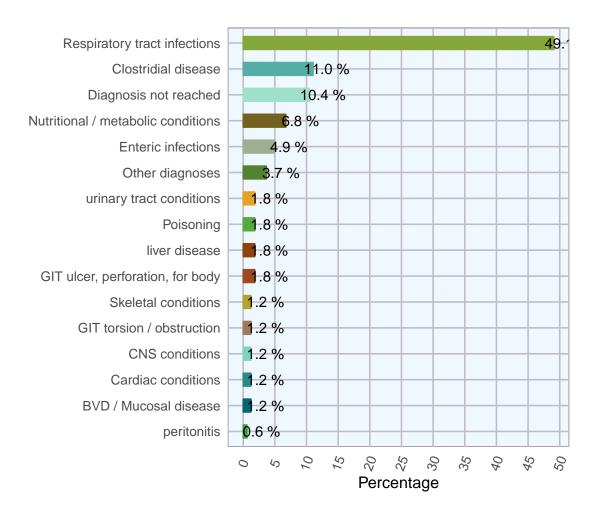


Figure 2.3: The conditions most frequently diagnosed on *post-mortem* examinations of calves (6-12 months) by AFBI during 2017 (n=163)

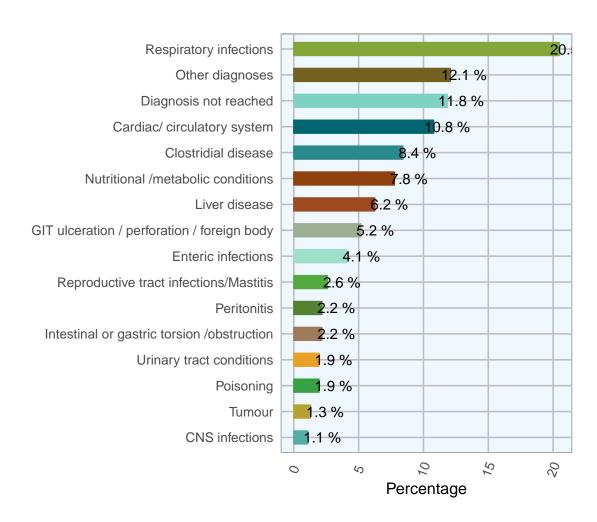


Figure 2.4: The conditions most frequently diagnosed on *post-mortem* examinations of adults (>12 months) by AFBI during 2017, (n= 464)

Ovine Diseases

3.1 Diagnoses by Group

- 3.1.1 Septicaemia
- 3.1.2 Respiratory Disease
- 3.1.3 Poisoning
- 3.1.4 Parasitic Disease
- 3.1.5 Metabolic
- 3.1.6 Enteritis
- 3.1.7 CNS
- 3.1.8 Clostridial diseases

Table 3.1: The most common diagnosic groups on *post-mortem* examinations of ovine by AFBI in 2017 (n= 559)

Category	Count	Percentage
Parasitic Disease	188	33.6
Enteritis	158	28.3
Respiratory Disease	73	13.1
Septicemia	36	6.4
Clostridial diseases	32	5.7
CNS	27	4.8
Metabolic	23	4.1
Poisoning	22	3.9

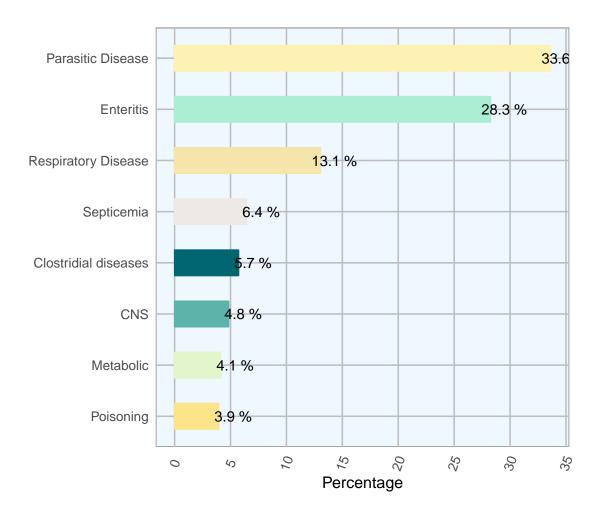


Figure 3.1: The conditions most frequently diagnosed on *post-mortem* examinations of ovine carcasses in 2017(n=559)

Table 3.2: The frequency of the most common diagnosic group on *post-mortem* examinations of ovine carcasses by during 2017 (n= 559)

Category	Disease	Count	Pct within group	Pct
Septicemia	Pasteurella septicaemia	18	50.0	3.2
Septicemia	Colisepticaemia	9	25.0	1.6
Septicemia	Septicaemia NOS	5	13.9	0.9
Septicemia	Systemic pasteurellosis	3	8.3	0.5
Septicemia	Navel-ill / joint-ill	1	2.8	0.0
Respiratory Disease	Pulmonia Adenomatosis - Jaagsiekte	29	39.7	5.2
Respiratory Disease	P Haemolytica	18	24.7	3.2
Respiratory Disease	Pneumonis Nos	10	13.7	1.8
Respiratory Disease	Parasitic pneumonia	6	8.2	1.1
Respiratory Disease	Bronchopneumonia	3	4.1	0.5
Respiratory Disease	Laryngael Chondritis	3	4.1	$0.5 \\ 0.5$
Respiratory Disease	Fibrinous Pleurisy	2	2.7	$0.3 \\ 0.4$
Respiratory Disease	Necrotising Laryngitis	1	1.4	0.4
Respiratory Disease	Viral Pneumonia	1	1.4	0.2
Poisoning	Poisoning DT pieris	14	63.6	2.5
Poisoning	Poisoning DT copper	4	18.2	$\frac{2.3}{0.7}$
Poisoning	Poisoning DT plant NOS	2	9.1	0.4
Poisoning	Poisoning DT rhododendron	2	9.1	0.4
Parasitic Disease	PGE Nos	69	36.7	12.3
Parasitic Disease Parasitic Disease	Chronic Fascioliasis	50	26.6	8.9
Parasitic Disease Parasitic Disease	Coccidiosis Coccidiosis	24	12.8	4.3
Parasitic Disease Parasitic Disease	PGE- Nematodiriasis	24	12.8	4.3
Parasitic Disease Parasitic Disease	Acute Fascioliasis	21	11.2	3.8
Metabolic Metabolic	Acidosis Acidosis	10	43.5	1.8
Metabolic	Twin lamb disease			1.8
Metabolic		3	30.4	0.5
Metabolic	Hypocalcaemia	2		$0.3 \\ 0.4$
Metabolic	Pregnancy toxaemia	1	8.7 4.3	0.4
Enteritis	Hypomagnesaemia PGE – NOS	69	43.7	12.3
Enteritis	Coccidiosis	24	15.2	4.3
Enteritis	PGE – nematodiriasis	24		4.3
Enteritis	Diarrhoea NOS		15.2	1.8
Enteritis Enteritis	Enteritis NOS	10		1.8
	Abomasitis	8	5.1	$\frac{1.4}{1.1}$
Enteritis		6	3.8	
Enteritis	Colibacillosis – enteric	3	1.9	0.5
Enteritis	Contents	3	1.9	0.5
Enteritis	Cryptosporidiosis	2	1.3	0.4
Enteritis	Johne's disease	2	1.3	0.4
Enteritis	Perforated intestine	2	1.3	0.4
Enteritis	Watery mouth	2	1.3	0.4
Enteritis	Colibacillosis enteric – K99 positive	1	0.6	0.2
Enteritis	Red gut	1	0.6	0.2
Enteritis	Tapeworm infestation	1	0.6	0.2
CNS	Encephalitis DT Listeria sp	11	40.7	2.0
CNS	Meningitis / encephalitis	6	22.2	1.1
CNS	Listeriosis	4	14.8	0.7
CNS	Cerebrocortical necrosis	3	11.1	0.5
CNS	Encephalitis NOS	2	7.4	0.4
CNS	Brain hemorrhage	1	3.7	0.2
Clostridial diseases	Pulpy kidney diseases	12	37.5	2.1
Clostridial diseases	Pulpy kidney	11	34.4	2.0
Clostridial diseases	Black disease	4	12.5	0.7
Clostridial diseases	Clost Dis NOS	3	9.4	0.5
Clostridial diseases	Enterotoxaemia	2	6.2	0.4

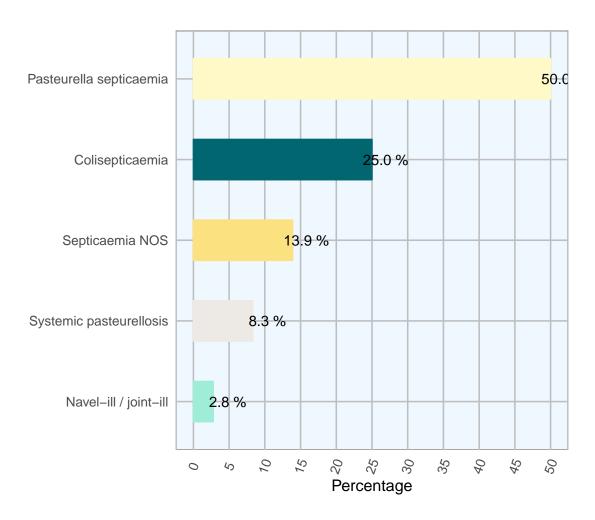


Figure 3.2: The septicaemic conditions most frequently diagnosed on post-mortem examinations of ovine by AFBI during 2017(n=36)

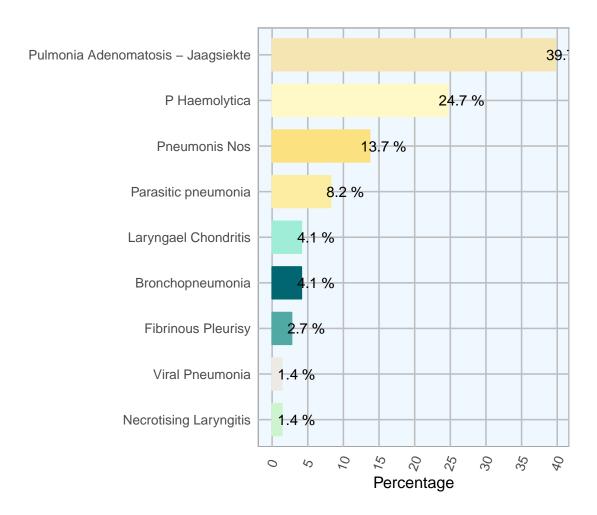


Figure 3.3: The respiratory conditions most frequently diagnosed on post-mortem examinations of ovine by AFBI during 2017 (n= 73)

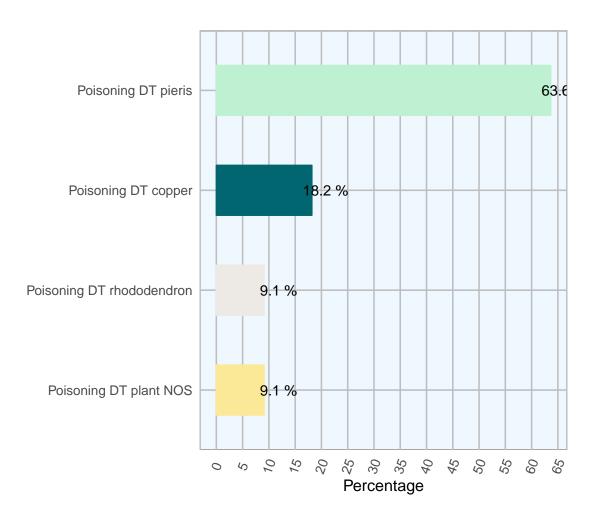


Figure 3.4: The poisoning agents most frequently diagnosed on post-mortem examinations of ovine by AFBI during 2017 (n= 22)

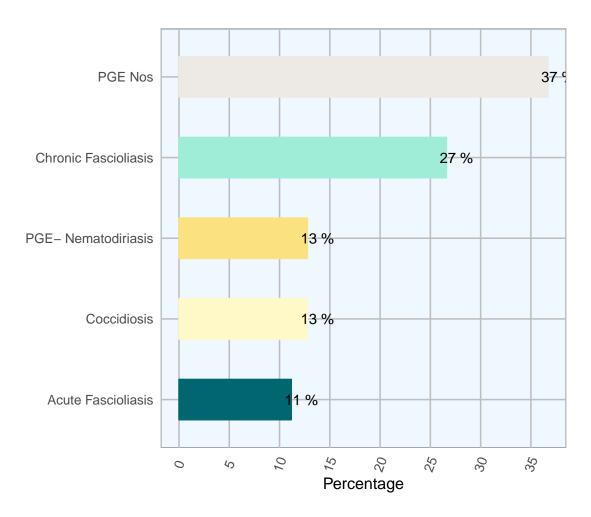


Figure 3.5: The parasitic conditions most frequently diagnosed on post-mortem examinations of ovine by AFBI during 2017 (n= 188)

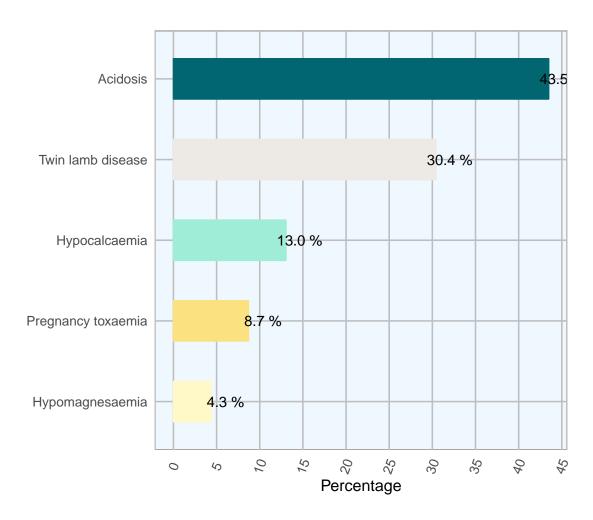


Figure 3.6: The metabolic conditions most frequently diagnosed on post-mortem examinations of ovine by AFBI during 2017(n=23)

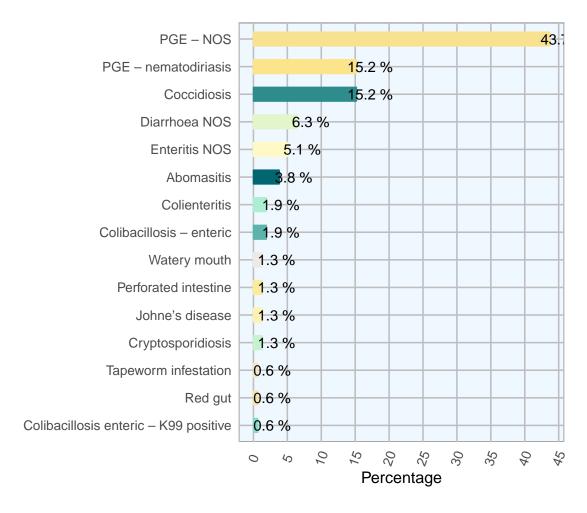


Figure 3.7: The enteric conditions most frequently diagnosed on post-mortem examinations of ovine by AFBI during 2017 (n= 158)

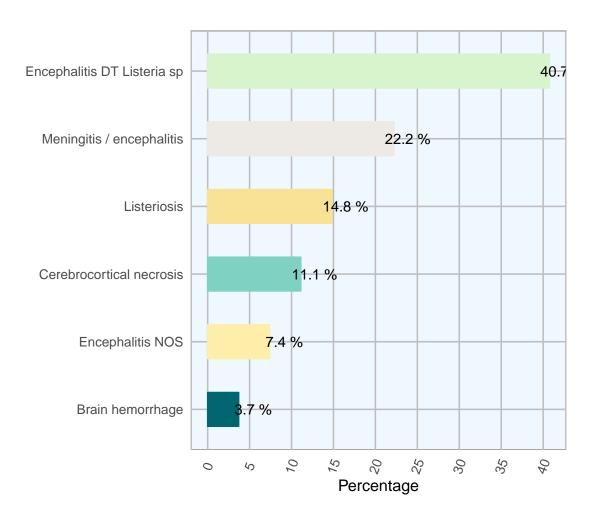


Figure 3.8: The CND conditions most frequently diagnosed on post-mortem examinations of ovine by AFBI during 2017 (n= 27)

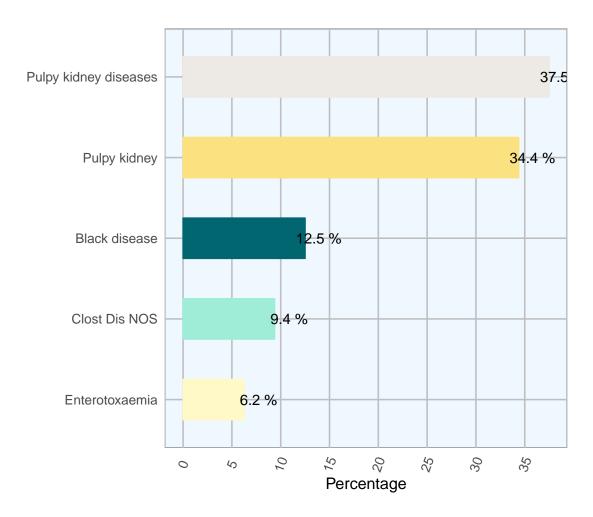


Figure 3.9: The clost ridial diseases most frequently diagnosed on post-mortem examinations of ovine by AFBI during $2017 (\mathrm{n}{=}~32~)$

Bovine Respiratory Disease (BRD)

- 4.1 Diagnoses by Group
- 4.1.1 Bovine Respiratory Disease Diagnoses
- 4.1.2 Lungworm

Table 4.1: The most commom diagnosic groups on *post-mortem* examinations of bovine respiratory disease by AFBI during 2017 (n= 391)

Category	Count	Percentage
Bacterial	220	56.3
Miscellaneous	135	34.5
Viral	36	9.2

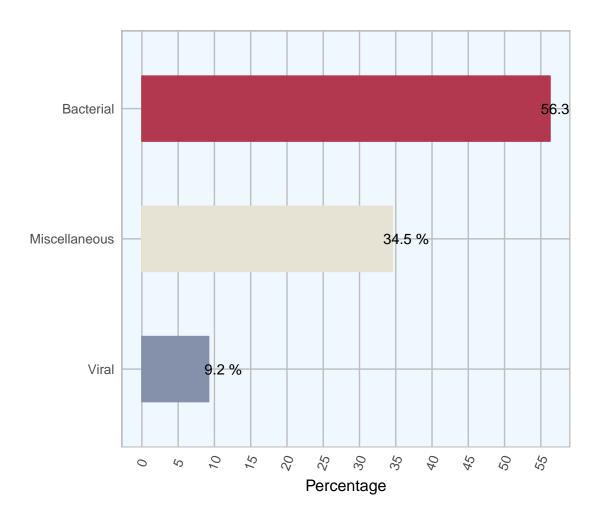


Figure 4.1: The most common diagnosic groups on *post-mortem* examinations of bovine respiratory disease by AFBI during 2017 (n= 391)

Table 4.2: Relative frequency of diagnoses in bovine respiratory disease recorded by AFBI during 2017, (n= 391)

Category	Count	Percentage
PNEUMONIA DT MYCOPLASMA BOVIS	90	23.0
PNEUMONIA NOS	70	17.9
PNEUMONIA DT P MULTOCIDA	45	11.5
PNEUMONIA A PYOGENES	35	8.9
PNEUMONIA DT M HAEMOLYTICA	33	8.4
PNEUMONIA - PARASITIC - HUSK	27	6.9
PNEUMONIA - RSV	15	3.8
FIBRINOUS PLEURISY	14	3.6
IBR	12	3.1
PNEUMONIA - H SOMNUS	10	2.6
CHRONIC BRONCHOPNEUMONIA	6	1.5
PNEUMONIA - BVD	5	1.3
PNEUMONIA DT ASPIRATION	4	1.0
SEVERE TRACHEITIS	4	1.0
FRACTURED RIBS	3	0.8
PASTEURELLOSIS	3	0.8
MALIGNANT CATARRH	2	0.5
PNEUMONIA - FUNGAL	2	0.5
PNEUMONIA - P13	2	0.5
PNEUMONIA DT ACTINO	2	0.5
PULMONARY EMBOLISM	2	0.5
TUBERCULOSIS	2	0.5
ADENOCARCINOMA	1	0.3
ATELECTASIS	1	0.3
PULMONARYHAEMORRHAGE	1	0.3

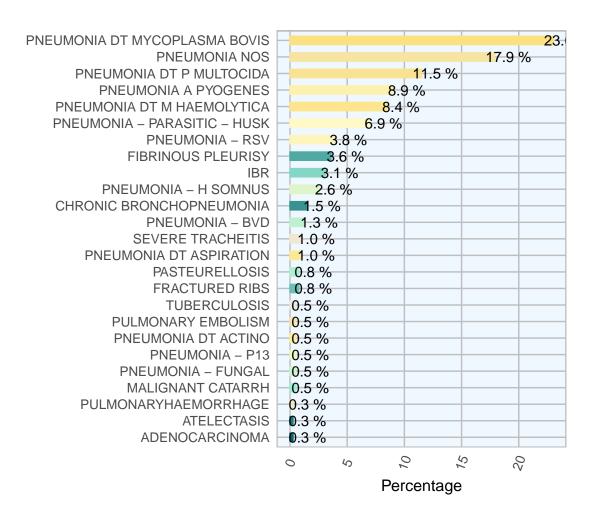


Figure 4.2: Relative frequency of diagnoses in bovine respiratory disease recorded by AFBI during 2017, (n=391)

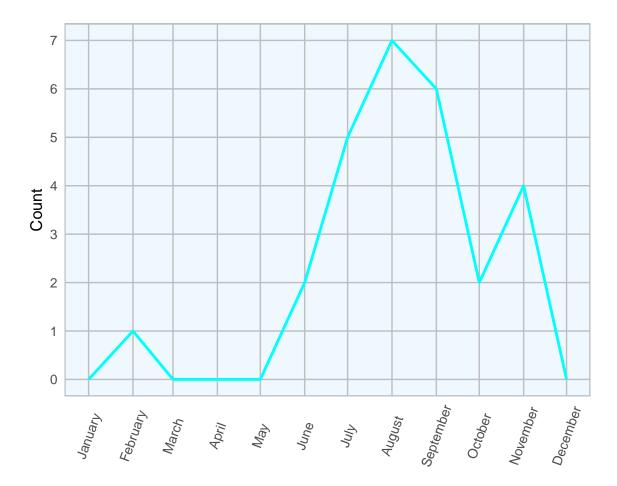


Figure 4.3: Evolution of the number of lungworm respiratory disease recorded by AFBI during 2017, (n= 27)

Bovine Abortions

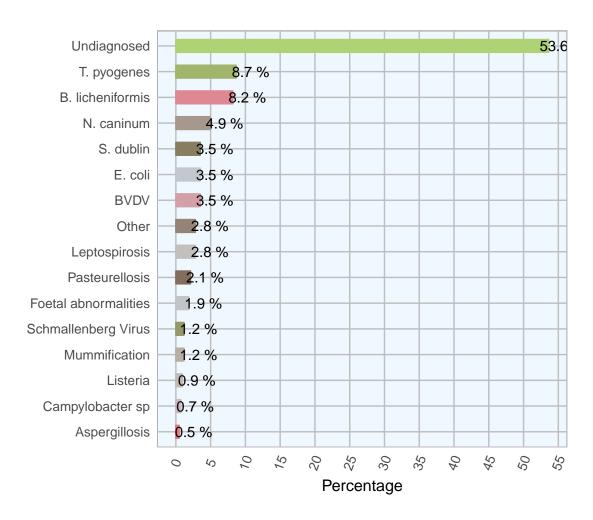


Figure 5.1: The conditions most frequently diagnosed on post-mortem examinations of ovine carcasses by AFBI during 2017 (n= 427)

Table 5.1: The frequently of the most common diagnoses in bovine abortion in AFBI during 2017 (n= 427)

Category	Count	Percentage
Undiagnosed	229	53.6
T. pyogenes	37	8.7
B. licheniformis	35	8.2
N. caninum	21	4.9
BVDV	15	3.5
E. coli	15	3.5
S. dublin	15	3.5
Leptospirosis	12	2.8
Other	12	2.8
Pasteurellosis	9	2.1
Foetal abnormalities	8	1.9
Schmallenberg Virus	5	1.2
Mummification	5	1.2
Listeria	4	0.9
Campylobacter sp	3	0.7
Aspergillosis	2	0.5

Ovine Abortions

Table 6.1: The frequently of the most common diagnosic group on *post-mortem* examinations ovine by AFBI during 2017

Category	Count	Percentage
Toxoplasma gondi	74	30.3
No significant agent identified.	67	27.5
Chlamydophilia abortus	44	18.0
E.coli	20	8.2
Campylobacter spp	12	4.9
Streptococcus spp	9	3.7
Leptospirosis	8	3.3
Arcanobacter pyogenes	5	2.0
Listeria monocytogenes	5	2.0

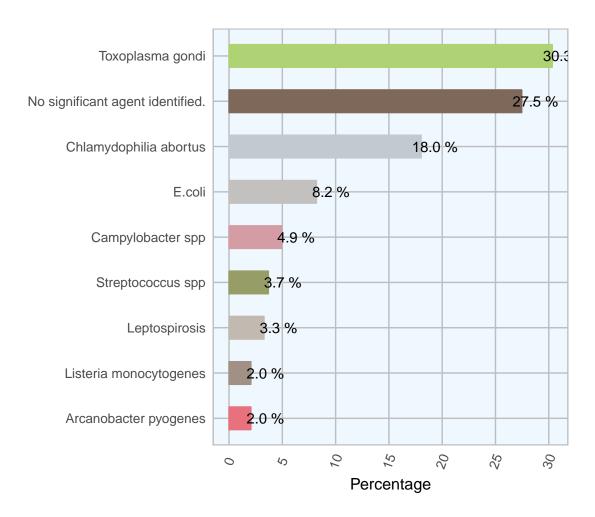


Figure 6.1: The conditions most frequently diagnosed on post-mortem examinations of ovine carcasses by AFBI during 2017

Bovine Mastitis

Table 7.1: hkdhkd in 2017

Microorganism	Count	Pct of Total
E.coli	261	22.8
Streptococcus uberis	156	13.6
Staphlococcus aureus	97	8.5
Strep dysgalactiae	28	2.4
Contaminated samples	110	9.6
No bacteria cultured	143	12.5
Other	352	30.7

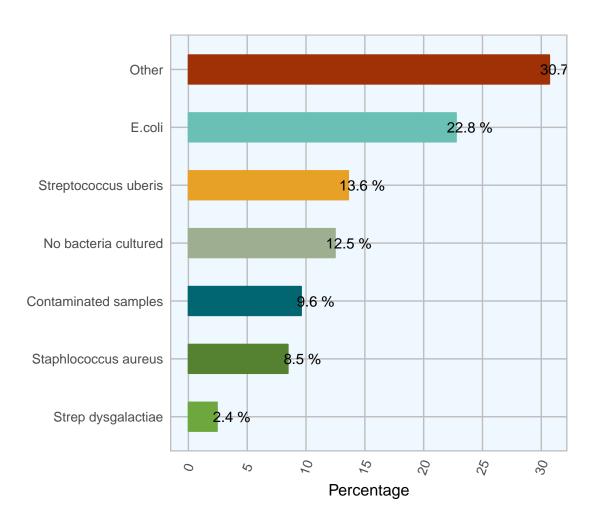


Figure 7.1: Relative frequency of detection of selected mastitis pathogens by AFBI

Bovine Parasites

Table 8.1: Count and percentage of positive results detected in bovine faecal samples examined by AFBI during 2017

Parasite	Negative	Positive	Pct of Positive
Coccidia	2205	814	27.0
Fluke eggs	2483	268	9.7
Nematodirus epg	2984	36	1.2
Paramphistome eggs	1266	1464	53.6
Strongyle epg	2390	617	20.5

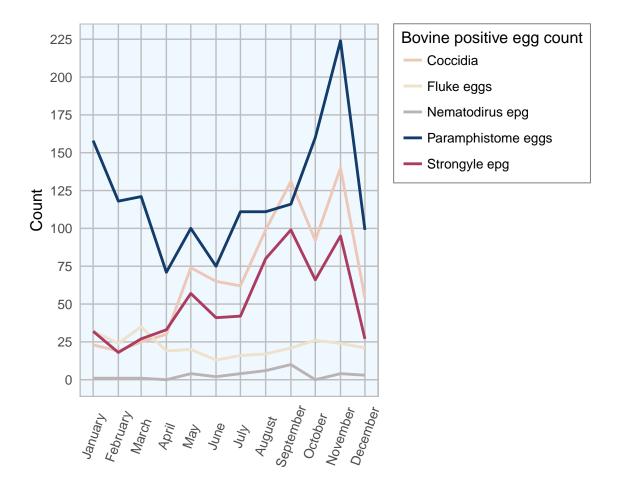


Figure 8.1: Evolution of the number of positive results in bovine samples in feacal submissions to AFBI during 2017

Ovine Parasites

Table 9.1: Count and percentage of positive results detected in ovine faecal samples examined by AFBI during 2017

Parasite	Negative	Positive	Pct of Positive
Coccidia	533	1349	72
Fluke eggs	1564	217	12
Nematodirus epg	1635	278	14
Paramphistome eggs	1219	561	32
Strongyle epg	821	1065	56

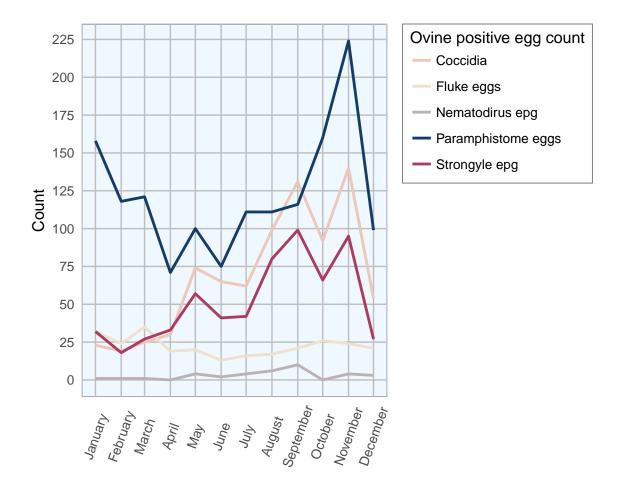


Figure 9.1: Evolution of the number of positive results in ovine samples in feacal submissions to AFBI during 2017

Zinc Sulphate Turbidity (ZST) Test

Table 10.1: Zinc Sulphate Turbidity Test

Status	Count	Mean	Median	Minimum	Maximum
Adequate	75	33	28	20	93