# Workshop 3

## *Templates*

In this workshop, you design and code a couple of class templates and test them on different instantiations.

#### LEARNING OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of this workshop, you will have demonstrated the abilities to

- design and code a class template
- template a class variable
- specialize a class template for a particular type
- instantiate a template class
- specialize a member function of a class template to process a particular type
- derivate a template class from another template class

## **SUBMISSION POLICY**

The *in-lab* section is to be completed during your assigned lab section. It is to be completed and submitted by the end of the workshop period. If you attend the lab period and cannot complete the *in-lab* portion of the workshop during that period, ask your instructor for permission to complete the *in-lab* portion after the period. If you do not attend the workshop, you can submit the *in-lab* section along with your *at-home* section (see penalties below). The *at-home* portion of the lab is due on the day that is four days after your scheduled in-lab workshop (23:59:59) (even if that day is a holiday).

All your work (all the files you create or modify) must contain your name, Seneca email and student number.

You are responsible to back up your work regularly.

## **Late Submission Penalties:**

- *In-lab* portion submitted late, with *at-home* portion: **0** for *in-lab*. Maximum of 7/10 for the entire workshop.
- If any of in-lab, at-home or reflection portions is missing, the mark for the workshop will be 0/10.

#### SPECIFICATIONS - IN LAB

This workshop consists of three modules:

- w3 (supplied)
- List
- LVPair

Enclose all your source code within the **sict namespace** and include the necessary guards in each header file. The output from your executable running Visual Studio with the following command line argument should look like

```
Command Line : C:\Users\...\Debug\in_lab.exe Sales.txt

Ticket Sales
=========

Student : 25
Adult : 13
Student : 12
Adult : 6
Student : 5
Adult : 15
```

The input for testing your solution is stored in a user-prepared file. The name of the file is specified on the command line as shown in red above. The file is supplied with this workshop.

For a complete solution to the in-lab part of this workshop you need to create two source files:

- List.h defines a class template for a list of elements of any data type (for example, a list of ints)
- LVPair.h defines a class template for a label-value pair (for example, a product label stored in an std::string object and a quantity stored in an int object)

#### List Module

Design and code a class template named **List** for managing an array of any datatype. The template parameters in order of their specification are

- a) **T** the type of any element in the array
- b) N the maximum number of elements in the array and

Your template includes a data member of type **size\_t** (an **unsigned int**) that holds the number of elements in the array.

Your template design includes the following member functions:

- size t size() const a query that returns the number of elements stored in the array
- **const T& operator[](size\_t i) const** an overloaded operator that receives an index and returns a reference to the unmodifiable object stored at that index of the array.
- void operator+=(const T& t) an overloaded operator that receives a reference to an
  unmodifiable object t of type T. If space to store the additional element is available, this
  operator appends a copy of the referenced object t to the set of elements currently
  stored in the array. If space to store the additional element is not available, this
  operator does nothing.

## LVPair Module

Design and code a class template named **LVPair** for managing a label-value pair. The template parameters identify the types of the label and value objects that constitute an **LVPair** object:

- a) L the type of the label
- b) **V** the type of the value

Your template design includes the following member functions:

- LVPair() default constructor leaves the object in a safe empty state
- LVPair(const L& label, const V& value) an overloaded constructor that copies the values received in its parameters into the instance variables.
- void display(std::ostream& os) const a query that inserts into os the label and value stored in the current object separated by a space-colon-space string (":") as shown in the example above
- std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& os, const LVPair& pair) a non-friend helper function that inserts into the os object the LVPair object referenced in the 2<sup>nd</sup> function parameter

#### Execution

A text file named **Sales.txt** is included in the directory containing the Visual Studio project file. When executing your solution specify this file name as a command line argument.

# In-Lab Submission (30%)

To test and demonstrate execution of your program use the same data as shown in the output example above.

Upload your source code to your matrix account. Compile and run your code using the latest version of the gcc compiler and make sure that everything works properly.

Then, run the following command from your account: (replace profname.proflastname with your professor's Seneca userid)

```
~profname.proflastname/submit 345XXX w3 lab<ENTER>
```

and follow the instructions. Replace XXX with the section letter(s) specified by your instructor.

## SPECIFICATIONS - AT HOME

The at-home part of this workshop upgrades your in-lab solution to include

- a) alignment of the label and value output in pretty columnar format
- b) accumulation of the values in a List for a specified label

To implement each upgrade, you will derive a templated class from your original templated class (one derived class from **List** and one derived class from **LVPair**) and specialize the class derived from **LVPair** as described below.

Copy your completed in-lab header files (**List.h** and **LVPair.h**) to your at-home project directory. Add your template upgrades to these header files.

The output from your solution will look something like:

```
Command Line : C:\Users\...\Debug\at_home.exe References.txt Sales.txt
Individual Index Entries
_____
Types : 23
Pointers : 26
References: 26
Pointers : 150
Pointers : 162
References: 65
Collated Index Entries
______
Pointers 26 150 162
References 26 65
Detail Ticket Sales
==============
Student: 25
Adult : 13
Student: 12
```

#### Main Module

Complete the main function supplied with the at-home project file by adding 4 statements:

- a) Declare an object named references as an instance of an LVList derived class. In this case, each derived class object is a SummableLVPair object, which consists of a label of std::string type and a value of std::string type.
- b) From each record received as input from the References.txt file create a temporary SummableLVPair object and add it to the references object.
- c) Declare an object named ticketSales as an instance of an LVList derived class. In this case, each derived class object is a SummableLVPair object, which consists of a label of std::string type and a value of int type. (Hint: Examine the declaration of the ticketSales object in in\_lab/w3.cpp for an example of the syntax for this instruction.)
- d) From each record received as input from the Sales.txt file create a temporary SummableLVPair object and add it to the ticketSales object.

## List Module

Derive, from your original **List** template, a class template named **LVList** to manage a list of summable elements.

Your derived template adds one member function to the list hierarchy:

V accumulate(const L& label) const – a query that receives a reference to an unmodifiable label (L) object and returns the sum of the values of all elements in the current LVList object in a locally created value (V) object. This function initializes the accumulator (V) object to the initial value for objects of the label-value pair (T) (see below) and then accumulates the values by calling the append query on each element in the list stored in the base class. (Hint: to access the size() and operator[]() member functions of the base class, cast the current object (\*this) to a reference to the base class sub-object – ((List<T, N>&)\*this) – before calling the member function on the base class sub-object.)

#### LVPair Module

Derive, from your original **LVPair** template class, a class template named **SummableLVPair** to manage the addition and pretty displaying of individual labeled values. Your derived class includes the following two *class* variables of the specified type:

- V holds the initial value for starting a summation (this depends on the type of the value in the label-value pair.
- size\_t holds the minimum field width for pretty columnar output of label-value pairs

   this is the minimum number of characters needed to display any of the labels in a set of labels.

Enable overriding of your LVPair::display() member function by declaring it virtual. This is the only change that you need to make to your original template.

Your derived template class includes the following member functions:

- SummableLVPair() default constructor leaves the object in a safe empty state
- SummableLVPair(const L& label, const V& v) an overloaded constructor that calls the base class 2-argument constructor, passes the values received to the base class and increases the stored field width if it is less than the return of characters required to display the label for all LVPair objects. This class assumes that the type of the first parameter has a member function named size(), which returns that value.
- const V& getInitialValue() a class function that returns the initial value for summations of LVPair objects; that is, the
- V append(const L& label, const V& value) const sum
- V sum(const L& label, const V& sum) const this query receives two unmodifiable references one to a label (label) and another to a partially accumulated sum (sum) and returns the sum of the value of the current object and the partially accumulated sum in a V object.
- void display(std::ostream& os) const a query that inserts into the std::ostream object
  the label and value stored in the base class. Before calling the display() function on the
  base class, this query sets the std::ostream object to left-justified insertion and a field
  width equal to that stored for objects of this class.

Your design includes the following statements:

- A templated declaration that initializes the field width class variable to 0.
- A template specialization that initializes the starting value for an LVPair<std::string, int> type to 0.
- A template specialization that initializes the starting value for an LVPair<std::string, std::string> type to an empty string.

• A template specialization of the **sum()** query for **LVPair**<**std::string**, **std::string**> types that inserts a single space between concatenating strings.

#### Reflection

Study your final solution, reread the related parts of the course notes, and make sure that you have understood the concepts covered by this workshop. This should take no less than 30 minutes of your time. Explain in your own words what you have learned in completing this workshop. Include in your explanation but do not limit it to the following points (40%):

- The reason for specializing the **sum()** member function.
- The reason for specializing the initial value for a summation.
- The reason for defining the class variable outside the class definition.

To avoid deductions, refer to code in your solution as an example of your implementation of the concepts that you describe.

Include all corrections to the Quiz you have received (30%).

## **At-Home Submission (70%)**

To test and demonstrate execution of your program use the same data as shown in the output example above.

Upload your source code to your matrix account. Compile and run your code using the latest version of the gcc compiler and make sure that everything works properly.

Then, run the following command from your account: (replace profname.proflastname with your professor's Seneca userid)

~profname.proflastname/submit 345XXX\_w3\_home<ENTER>

and follow the instructions. Replace XXX with the section letter(s) specified by your instructor.