# Caring in Cases of Adultery Jim Newheiser

- I. Introduction.
  - **A.** You need to be prepared to help. Gal. 6:1-2 James 5:20
  - B. God's grace in the gospel is the key to everything. Heb. 13:5-6 1 Co. 10:13 Ps. 42
- II. Your initial involvement is vital. Prov. 11:14 12:15
  - A. Data gathering.
    - 1. What was the nature of the marital unfaithfulness? Heb. 13:4
    - 2. How was the sin exposed?
    - 3. Are both parties open to reconciliation?
  - B. Help both parties deal with their emotions. Ps. 55:4-5,12-13,20 2 Co. 1:3-5
    - 1. Jesus knows what it is like to be betrayed and He has compassion for sinners.
    - 2. Encourage both parties not to be hasty. Wait and see what God may do.
  - C. Nothing is more important than building hope.
    - 1. Your hope has to be in God, not in the other person or in the marriage. Jer. 17:5-8 Heb. 13:5-6 6:18-19 Ps. 46:1-3
    - 2. God will not allow you to be destroyed by this trial. 1 Co. 10:13 Ro. 8:28-39 Ps. 34:17-18 Js. 1:2ff
    - 3. God has a purpose and is working perhaps in many lives. Rom. 8:28 Gen. 50:20
    - 4. Adultery is not the unforgivable sin. Isa. 55:6-7 Ps. 32 51 103:11-12
    - 5. Broken marriages can be redeemed.
  - D. Your focus is on pleasing God, regardless of what the other person does. 2 Co. 5:9
- III. Helping the Adulterer.
  - A. Why do people commit adultery?
    - 1. Common factors in adulterers conflict/anger with spouse, family or personal history of sexual immorality, isolation from accountability, boredom, influences of media, temptation/opportunity, sexual idolatry. Isa. 55:1-2 Ro. 1:25ff
    - 2. A wise perspective on why people fall into sexual sin in Proverbs 5. (W. Mack).
      - a. Failure to pay attention to God's wisdom. 5:1-2
      - b. Association with sinful people. 5:3-8
      - c. Failure to consider the consequences. 5:4-11
      - d. Inattentive to one's own marriage. 5:15-19
      - e. Desire for something new and different (greener grass). 5:20
      - f. Lack of God consciousness/fear of the LORD. 5:21
      - g. Failure to understand the enslaving nature of sin. 5:22-23
    - 3. Adultery is a "heart" problem. Mt. 15:19 12:33-35 Js. 1:13-16 Ga. 5:19 Ro. 1:2

- B. The adulterer must first repent and confess his/her sin before God. Ps. 51:1ff 32:1ff
  - **1.** The greatest sin is against God. Ps. 51:4 Gen. 39:9b Pr. 2:17 3:5-6 14:12 2 Samuel 11-12 **Isa. 55:1-2 Mt. 19:6**
  - 2. Such deeds reflect the condition of one's heart before God. Mark 7:20ff Gal. 5:16-21 Ps. 51:4 Isa. 55:1-2 Gen. 39:9b Mt. 12:33-35 Gal. 5:19-21
  - 3. One does not suddenly fall into such sins. James 1:14-15
  - 4. He/she must fully accept blame no excuses or minimizing. Pr. 28:13 Ps. 51:3
  - 5. The adulterer has been lying to himself and needs to address the lies he/she has believed about God, his/her spouse, marriage, etc. Ps. 51:6
  - 6. The adulterer may find that his heart has grown cold and hard towards God and that it may take some time for it to be warm and soft again.
- C. The adulterer must make a clean break from his sin repent. Pr. 28:13 2 Co. 7:10-11
  - 1. Adulterers are often double-minded and weak.
  - 2. The guilty party needs to see both his/her sin and the other person as God sees them. Prov. 2:16-19 7:6ff
  - 3. The break from the past cannot be protracted. Mt. 5:29-30 2 Tim. 2:22 Pr. 5:8
  - 4. All contact with the third party must be broken off and every bridge burned.
  - 5. Every excuse and rationalization must be obliterated.
- D. The adulterer must confess and seek forgiveness of his/her spouse. Mt. 5:23-24
  - 1. Must he/she confess if the spouse doesn't know? Yes!
  - 2. The greatest sin against one's spouse is the breach of trust.
  - 3. The lies need to stop NOW! Pr. 12:22
- E. Go through the seven As of confession (from "The Peacemaker", by Ken Sande).
  - 1. Address everyone affected.
  - 2. Avoid if, but or maybe. Pr. 4:5-6 7:4-5
  - 3. Admit specifically.
  - 4. Acknowledge the hurt.
  - 5. Accept the consequences.
  - 6. Alter your behavior.
  - 7. Ask for forgiveness. Mt. 5:23-24
- F. How specific should a confession be? Eph. 4:29 5:4
  - 1. The guilty spouse needs to confess how he/she fell into sin, the duration and the nature of the sinful relationship.
  - 2. Guilty parties tend to hold back details and minimize sin, thus undermining trust and hope for restoration. Eph. 4:25
  - 3. The innocent spouse has to make it "safe" for the guilty spouse to be honest.
  - 4. Often the innocent spouse wants to know more than would be edifying. Eph. 4:29
  - 5. It can be very helpful to involve a counselor during this process. Pr. 11:14 12:15
- G. Make a specific action plan for godly change by God's grace.
- H. Prepare the guilty spouse for the challenges he/she may face.

- 1. Temptation to go back to the affair.
- 2. Temptation to self-pity and despair.
- 3. A heart which feels cold towards God and one's spouse.
- 4. Dealing with the emotions of the innocent spouse.

## IV. Helping the victim of adultery.

- A. The non-adulterer must also come to grips with his/her sin.
  - 1. Such a trial may expose sins and weaknesses.
  - 2. His/her sin does not excuse what the other person has done.
  - 3. But he/she may have been guilty of making the temptation greater. Lev. 19:14
  - 4. Has he/she been bitter/angry/aloof/self-righteous since finding out? Ro. 12:17-19
- B. The innocent spouse must see the sin of the guilty party as God sees it.
  - 1. His/her spouse's sin is primarily against God. Ps. 51:4
  - 2. Your role is to restore (not to judge). Gal. 6:1-2
- C. How can you know if your spouse's repentance is genuine? 2 Co. 7:10-11
  - 1. Characteristics of worldly sorrow.
    - a. Self-focused. Gen. 4:13
    - b. Hates the consequences of sin.
    - c. Blame-shifting.
    - d. Resents accountability.
    - e. Impatient demanding to be trusted and restored immediately.
  - 2. Characteristics of godly sorrow.
    - a. Focused upon the other person.
    - b. Hates the sin itself.
    - c. Fully accepts responsibility.
    - d. Seeks accountability. 1 Co. 10:12
    - e. Patient.
  - 3. What is the difference between repentance and penance?
  - 4. What if you are not sure whether the other person is repentant?
  - 5. While waiting to see if the guilty party is truly repentant, some form of separation may be appropriate.
  - 6. How long should the innocent party wait to see if the guilty spouse will repent?
- D. Should forgiveness be granted if the guilty party is not repentant?
  - 1. What if the guilty spouse continues in adultery? Mt. 18:15ff 19:9 Luke 6:27-28
  - 2. One can have a forgiving attitude regardless of the attitude of the guilty party. Mark 11:25-26 Luke 23:34 1 Pe. 2:22-23 4:19 Ro. 12:19 Eph. 4:31-32
  - 3. But full transactional forgiveness can only be granted when forgiveness is sought. Luke 17:3-4 1 Jo. 1:8-9
  - 4. Forgiveness is only possible because of the gospel. Mt. 18:21-35 Col. 3:12-14
  - 5. How long can the innocent party wait before granting forgiveness?
  - 6. Must the innocent party fully forgive and take back the guilty party? Num. 14:20
- E. What does biblical forgiveness look like? Jer. 31:34

- 1. The four promises of forgiveness (from "The Peacemaker"). Jer. 31:34 1 Co. 13:5
  - a. I will not dwell on this incident.
  - b. I will not bring this incident up and use it against you.
  - c. I will not talk to others about this incident.
  - d. I will not allow this incident to stand between us or hinder our relationship.
- 2. Forgiveness is declared.
- 3. Forgiveness is sacrificial and complete.
- 4. Sins which have been fully forgiven cannot be used as grounds for divorce.
- 5. Once forgiveness has been granted, normal marital relations should be resumed.
- F. Prepare the innocent spouse for the challenges he/she will face.
  - 1. You may be tempted to keep bringing up and rehashing the past. Phil. 4:8-9
  - 2. Some family and friends may be an unhelpful influence. 1 Co. 15:33 1 Ki. 12:8
  - 3. You may be tempted to anger and revenge. Rom. 12:17-21
  - 4. You may be tempted to fear. Ps. 46:1ff 91:2
  - 5. Be prepared to deal with setbacks.
  - 6. Forgiveness is both an event and an ongoing process.

# V. Rebuilding the marriage.

- A. Seeking and granting forgiveness only clears away the weeds and rubble so that something new and beautiful can be built.
- B. It may be appropriate to formally re-commit to the marriage covenant.
- C. The guilty spouse needs to rebuild his/her relationship with the Lord. Rom. 12:2
- D. The innocent spouse needs to look to the Lord, not the guilty spouse, to give him/her strength to forgive and love. Jer. 17:5-8
- E. The object is not merely to go back to the way things were before the adultery, but to bring the marriage into the greatest possible conformity to the biblical ideal.
  - 1. Sin patterns from before the affair must be addressed.
  - 2. Expectations and accountability.
  - 3. Communication patterns need to be transformed.
  - 4. Each spouse needs to learn how to be a dispenser of grace to the other. Phil. 2:3-4
- F. Resuming marital intimacy can be a challenge for both parties. 1 Co. 7:3ff
- G. Over time wounds heal and relationships grow by God's grace.

#### VI. Conclusion.

- A. The path for the offender (from Robert Jones).
  - 1. Break the adulterous relationship immediately.
  - 2. Admit the facts; disclose honestly.
  - 3. Confess to God, spouse, and appropriate others both the adultery and the deception/lies and seek their forgiveness.
  - 4. Develop and implement a specific action plan for godly change.
  - 5. Believe the gospel and move forward, continuing the action plan.
- B. The path for the innocent party (from Robert Jones).
  - 1. Your security and identity are in Jesus Christ, not your spouse and your marriage. Ps. 27:10 73:25-26
  - 2. View this trial biblically, seeing God's sovereign, wise, loving purposes. Ro. 8:28
  - 3. Forgive your spouse attitudinally and unconditionally in light of the gospel.

- 4. Forgive your spouse relationally and transactionally if he repents.
- 5. Healing is a process. Deal with bad memories when they arise.

### VII. Recommended resources.

- A. Jones, "Restoring Your Broken Marriage"
- B. Smith, "Help! My Spouse Committed Adultery"
- C. Summers, "Help! My Spouse has been Unfaithful"

# VIII. Homework assignments.

- A. For the adulterer.
  - 1. Read "Repentance" by Miller.
  - 2. Read Psalm 51 and 32.
  - 3. Make a plan for decisively breaking with your sinful relationship.
  - 4. Make a list of your sins. First confess to God, then your spouse.
  - 5. Make a plan for helping your spouse through this hard time.
- B. For the spouse.
  - 1. Read "From Forgiven to Forgiving" by Jay Adams.
  - 2. Read Matthew 18:21-35.
  - 3. Make a list of your sins. First confess to God, then your spouse.
  - 4. Make a plan for helping your spouse through this hard time.
- C. Both listen to "Rebuilding a Marriage after an Affair" by Mack (www.idbc.org).