Fonctions de transfert dans le domaine de Laplace

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S02 - C01

Déterminer la fonction de transfert qui régit le comportement d'un S.L.C.I.

- 1. Mise en équation (Moteur à Courant Continu $\frac{\omega_m}{u_m}$)
- 2. Transformées de Laplace
- 3. Fonction de transfert

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- 2. Transformées de Laplace
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Mise en équation

$$u_{m}(t) = R_{m} \cdot i_{m}(t) + L_{m} \cdot \frac{d i_{m}(t)}{dt} + e(t) \qquad (1)$$

$$e(t) = K_{e} \cdot \omega_{m}(t) \qquad (2)$$

$$c_{m}(t) = K_{i} \cdot i_{m}(t) \qquad (3)$$

$$J \cdot \frac{d \omega_{m}(t)}{dt} = c_{m}(t) \qquad (4)$$

R

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$$(2)$$

$$(3)$$

$$(4)$$

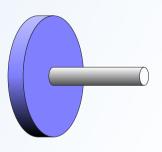
Mise en équation

$$u_m(t) = R_m \cdot i_m(t) + L_m \cdot \frac{d i_m(t)}{dt} + e(t)$$
 (1)

$$e(t) = K_e \cdot \omega_m(t)$$
 (2)

$$c_m(t) = K_i \cdot i_m(t) \tag{3}$$

$$J \cdot \frac{d\omega_m(t)}{dt} = c_m(t) \tag{4}$$



Équation différentielle

$$\frac{u_m(t)}{K_e} = \frac{L_m \cdot J}{K_i \cdot K_e} \cdot \frac{d^2 \omega_m(t)}{dt^2} + \frac{R_m \cdot J}{K_i \cdot K_e} \cdot \frac{d \omega_m(t)}{dt} + \omega_m(t) \tag{5}$$

Équation différentielle d'ordre 2 avec second membre. Méthode de résolution:

- Recherche de la solution de l'équation sans second membre à l'aide du discriminant,
- Recherche d'une solution particulière afin d'obtenir la solution générale.

Autre solution possible: La transformée de Laplace qui permet de résoudre des équations différentielles linéaires à coefficients constants.

Passage dans le domaine de Laplace

$$u_{m}(t) = R_{m} \cdot i_{m}(t) + L_{m} \cdot \frac{d i_{m}(t)}{dt} + e(t)$$

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Théorème de la dérivée première:

$$L\left[\frac{df(t)}{dt}\right] = p \cdot F(p) - f(0^+)$$
 Hypothèse:

 Conditions initiales nulles (obligatoire pour la Fonction de Transfert)

Passage dans le domaine de Laplace

$$u_m(t) = R_m \cdot i_m(t) + L_m \cdot \frac{d i_m(t)}{dt} + e(t)$$

$$e(t) = K_e \cdot \omega_m(t)$$

$$(1) \qquad U_m(p) = R_m \cdot I_m(p) + L_m \cdot p \cdot I_m + E(p)$$

$$(5) \qquad E(p) = K_e \cdot \Omega_m(p)$$

$$(6)$$

$$C_m(t) = K_i \cdot I_m(t) \tag{3}$$

$$J \cdot \frac{d\omega_m(t)}{dt} = c_m(t) \qquad (4) \qquad J \cdot p \cdot \Omega_m(p) = C_m(p) \qquad (8)$$

$$U_m(p) = R_m \cdot I_m(p) + L_m \cdot p \cdot I_m(p) + E(p)$$
(5)

$$E(p) = K_e \cdot \Omega_m(p) \tag{6}$$

$$C_m(p) = K_i \cdot I_m(p) \tag{7}$$

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$$I_{m}(p) = \frac{C_{m}(p)}{K_{i}} \text{ et } E(p) = K_{e} \cdot \Omega_{m}(p) \Rightarrow U_{m}(p) = R_{m} \cdot \frac{C_{m}(p)}{K_{i}} + L_{m} \cdot p \cdot \frac{C_{m}(p)}{K_{i}} + K_{e} \cdot \Omega_{m}(p)$$

$$(9)$$

$$U_m(p) = R_m \cdot \frac{C_m(p)}{K_i} + L_m \cdot p \cdot \frac{C_m(p)}{K_i} + K_e \cdot \Omega_m(p)$$
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(9)

$$C_{m}(p) = J \cdot p \cdot \Omega_{m}(p) \ (12) \Rightarrow U_{m}(p) = R_{m} \cdot \frac{J \cdot p \cdot \Omega_{m}(p)}{K_{i}} + L_{m} \cdot p \cdot \frac{J \cdot p \cdot \Omega_{m}(p)}{K_{i}} + K_{e} \cdot \Omega_{m}(p)$$
 (10)

$$U_m(p) = R_m \cdot \frac{C_m(p)}{K_i} + L_m \cdot p \cdot \frac{C_m(p)}{K_i} + K_e \cdot \Omega_m(p)$$
(9)

$$U_m(p) = R_m \cdot \frac{J \cdot p \cdot \Omega_m(p)}{K_i} + L_m \cdot p \cdot \frac{J \cdot p \cdot \Omega_m(p)}{K_i} + K_e \cdot \Omega_m(p)$$
(10)

$$U_m(p) = \left(\frac{R_m \cdot J \cdot p}{K_i} + \frac{L_m \cdot J \cdot p^2}{K_i} + K_e\right) \cdot \Omega_m(p)$$
(11)

$$U_m(p) = R_m \cdot \frac{J \cdot p \cdot \Omega_m(p)}{K_i} + L_m \cdot p \cdot \frac{J \cdot p \cdot \Omega_m(p)}{K_i} + K_{\theta} \cdot \Omega_m(p)$$
(10)

$$U_m(p) = \left(\frac{R_m \cdot J \cdot p}{K_i} + \frac{L_m \cdot J \cdot p^2}{K_i} + K_e\right) \cdot \Omega_m(p)$$
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$$\frac{\Omega_m(p)}{U_m(p)} = \frac{1}{K_e + \frac{R_m \cdot J}{K_i} \cdot p + \frac{L_m \cdot J}{K_i} \cdot p^2}$$
(12)

$$\frac{\Omega_m(p)}{U_m(p)} = \frac{1}{K_e + \frac{R_m \cdot J}{K_l} \cdot p + \frac{L_m \cdot J}{K_l} \cdot p^2}$$
(12)

Forme canonique:

$$\frac{\Omega_m(p)}{U_m(p)} = \frac{\frac{1}{K_e}}{1 + \frac{R_m \cdot J}{K_i \cdot K_e} \cdot p + \frac{L_m \cdot J}{K_i \cdot K_e} \cdot p^2}$$
(13)

$$\frac{\Omega_m(p)}{U_m(p)} = \frac{1}{K_e + \frac{R_m \cdot J}{K_i} \cdot p + \frac{L_m \cdot J}{K_i} \cdot p^2}$$
(12)

Forme canonique:

Partie constante unitaire

$$\frac{\Omega_m(\rho)}{U_m(\rho)} = \frac{\frac{1}{K_e}}{1 + \frac{R_m \cdot J}{K_i \cdot K_e} \cdot \rho + \frac{L_m \cdot J}{K_i \cdot K_e} \cdot \rho^2}$$
(13)

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