

primary purpose / concern
main / central idea
organization

筛选主线

根据逻辑关系, 判断功能, 思考重要性

让

比

双主体对比

转

质疑 — 前后均为主线

转向 — 仅转向后为主线

顺

推论

补

① 抛出问题 → 给出解法

② 作者观点 → 证明 / 展开

③ 怪事 → 解释

outline

动词

different hypothesis

抽象名词

of sth

具体名词

选项分析

动词

① 作者视角 → 必须是作者可发出的

② 中性词

不要浪费时间, 先往后看

③ 有情感色彩

中性词: (弱词、不思考)

极无述

present, discuss, describe, summarize, examine
cite, outline, consider

X = conclude
总结

有情感色彩词: (思考是否有对应的作者立场)

- ✓ propose, argue...
- ✓ challenge, question, qualify, undermine, call into question...
- ✓ remedy, correct
- ✓ support, confirm... → 作者要出现
- ✓ evaluate, critique, assess, respond, analyze...
- ✓ defend, trace, reconcile, synthesize, clarify...

情感色彩过丰富

作者立场
一个极端的观点、时间线

compare contrast

调和文章中出现的矛盾
几乎以错

调和

将模糊概念
澄清
1. ambiguity
2. clarify

④ 无态度词

抽象名词

单纯观点 (看不出具体逻辑关系)

view, belief, argument, assertion, contention,
interpretation, perspective,
understanding, position, point

推论 (看不出具体逻辑关系)

speculation, conjecture, implication,
significance... either imply / result

找原因

x assumption

explanation, hypothesis, theory
找原因. 假设

找结果

consequence, impact, effect, significance

具体名词

事实

phenomenon, event, discovery, finding

问题解决

problem; solution

x ✓ x ✓ x x ✓ x

position
= view

significance
= explanation
= result