

# Up & Running with Propel 2

for MySQL

Ben Bankes  
OpenWest

Follow along:

```
$ mysql example_com --user=un --password=pw < <(curl http://bit.ly/spj-data)
```

# Outline

What is Propel

Why Propel

Quickstart!

Use Propel

Extend Propel

# About me

- Lead Developer at Small Business Networks
- Build apps that solve business needs (3+ years)
  - Project Management
  - Inventory
  - Time & Payroll
  - Legal Conflict Management
  - ... with existing business data
- First Child!

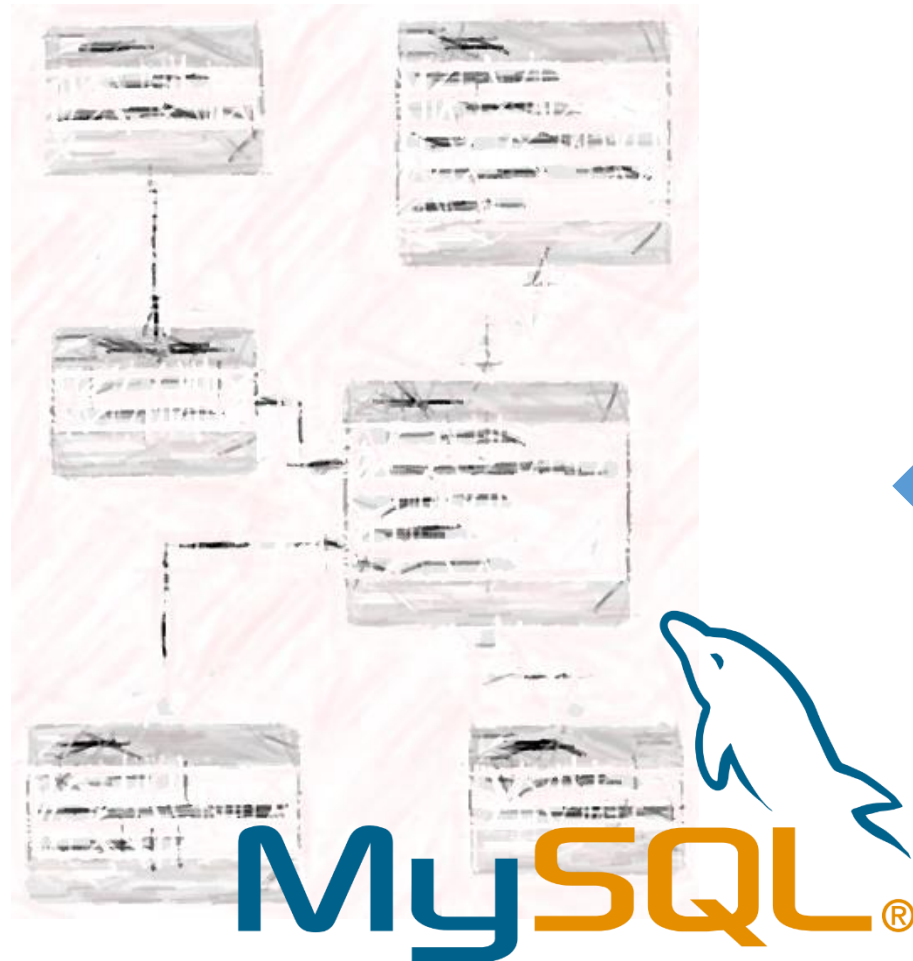


# What is Propel?

“A highly customizable  
and blazing fast  
**ORM** library for PHP 5.5+”

- [propelorm.org](http://propelorm.org)

# Object Relational Mapping



```
<?php
namespace Models\Base;

use ...

/** Base class that represents a row from a
abstract class User implements ActiveRecord
{
    /** TableName class name
    const TABLE_MAP = '\Models\Base\User';

    /** attribute to determine if this object
    protected $new = true;

    /** attribute to determine whether this
    protected $deleted = false;

    /** The columns that have been modified
    protected $modifiedColumns = array();

    /** The (virtual) columns that
    protected $virtualColumns = array();

    /** The value of the primary key
    protected $primaryKeyValue = null;

    /** The value of the primary key
    protected $primaryKeyValue = null;
```



# Why Propel?

**Greg Wilson - What We Actually Know About Software Development, and Why We Believe It's True**



# Main Features

- ORM Code generation
- IDE Friendly
- Database versioning & migrations
- Highly customizable

# Alternatives

- Doctrine
- SQL
- Build-your-own-ORM

# Doctrine

- More verbose
- Not as performant  
<https://github.com/eventhorizonpl/forked-php-orm-benchmark>
- Higher learning curve (DQL)
- No code generation



propelorm / **Propel**

Watch 85

Star 802

Fork 368

Code

Issues 195

Pull requests 87

Pulse

Graphs

Current stable (and outdated and unmaintained) version of Propel - Please use v2 <https://github.com/propelorm/Propel2> -- <http://www.propelorm.org>

3,080 commits

3 branches

13 releases

96 contributors

Branch: master

New pull request

New file

Upload files

Find file

HTTPS

<https://github.com/propel1>



Download ZIP



willdurand Merge pull request #864 from Gamesh/patch-3



Latest commit 3f7a284 on Apr 17, 2014

Propel2 is an open-source high-performance Object-Relations

📦 4,123 commits

🌿 2 branches

Branch: master ▾

New pull request

New file

Upload file

Switch branches/tags



Find a tag...

Branches

Tags

2.0.0-alpha5

2.0.0-alpha4

2.0.0-alpha3

2.0.0-alpha2

2.0.0-alpha1

📄 LICENSE

Updated license

📄 README.md

Update README, composer and circle fo



# Code Generation



schema.xml

**XML**

build

**PHP**

Active Record  
Models

Query Classes

Maps

# Quickstart!



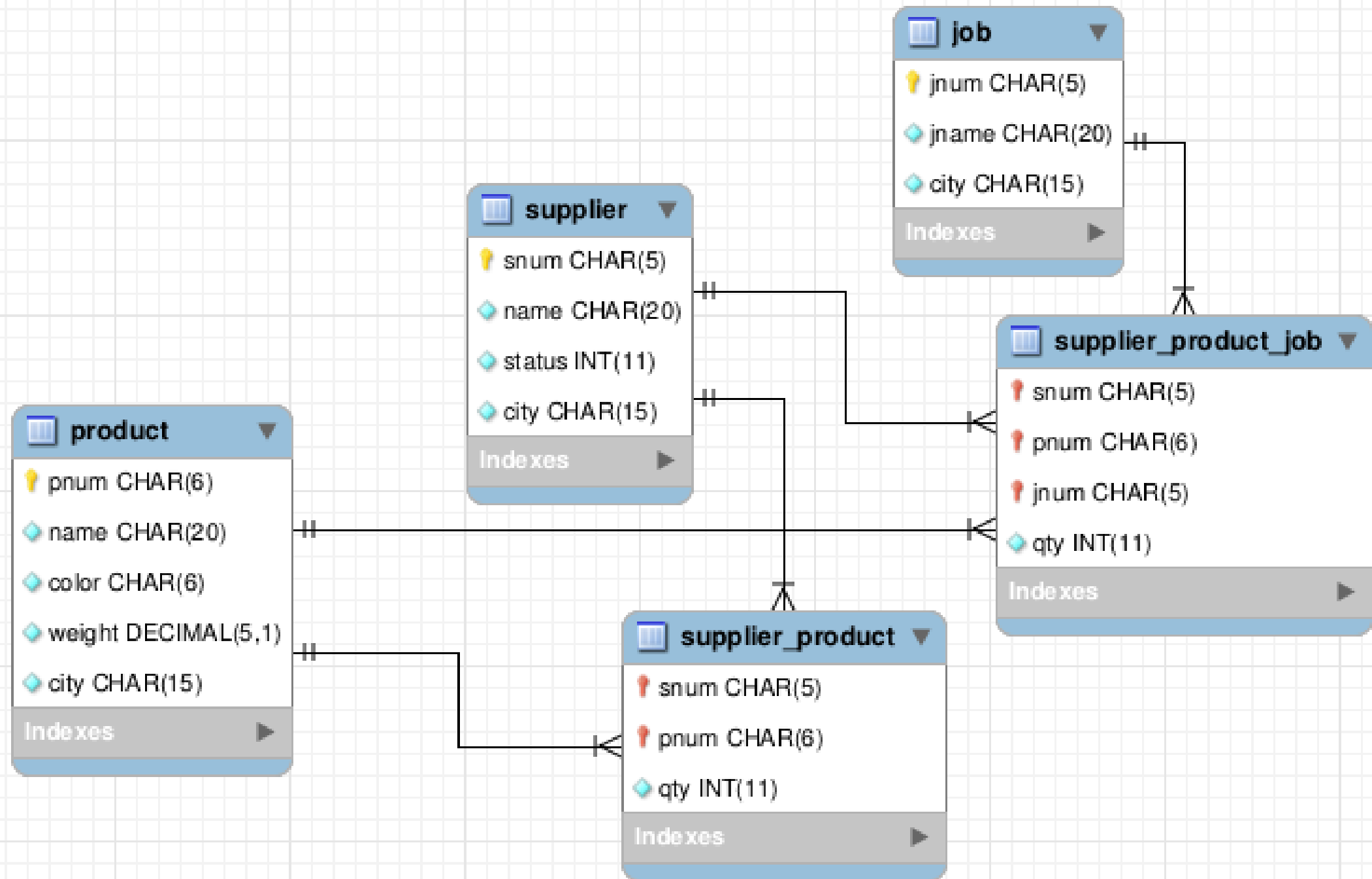
# Quickstart – Scenario

- LAMP stack for example.com
- PHP 7.0
- MySQL 5.7
- Pre-existing data

[https://github.com/benbankes/propel2-getting-started/blob/master/sql/01-supplier\\_product\\_job.sql](https://github.com/benbankes/propel2-getting-started/blob/master/sql/01-supplier_product_job.sql)

# Quickstart – Scenario User

- Database: example\_com
- User: example\_user
- Password: H7{"Qj1n>P



# Quickstart – Overview

- Get Propel library
- Configure a new Propel project
- Build Propel models
- Use Propel

Files

 public

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# Quickstart – Get Propel

## Get composer

```
wget http://getcomposer.org/ ➡  
➡ composer.phar --inet4-only
```

## Files


📁 public

📄 **composer.phar**

# Quickstart – Get Propel

## Add composer.json

```
{
  "require": {
    "propel/propel": "~2.0@dev"
  },
  "autoload": {
    "psr-4": { "": "" }
  }
}
```

 **composer.json**

## Files

 public

 composer.phar

 **composer.json**

...

# Quickstart – Get Propel

Get propel from packagist

```
$ php composer.phar install
```

## Files

 public

 composer.phar

 composer.json

 **composer.lock**

 **vendor**

...



# Quickstart – Get Propel

Add to ~/.bashrc

```
export PATH=$PATH:vendor/bin
```

Refresh path in current terminal

```
$ source ~/.bashrc
```

Files

 public

...

# Quickstart – Overview

- Get Propel library
- **Configure a new Propel project**
- Build Propel models
- Use Propel

Files

 public

...

# Quickstart – Configure Propel

Initialize Propel configuration

```
$ propel init
```

Files

 public

...

```
[sbn@localhost example.com]$ propel init
```

Propel 2 Initializer

First we need to set up your database connection.

Please pick your favorite database management system:

[mysql ] MySQL

[sqlite] SQLite

[pgsql ] PostgreSQL

[oracle] Oracle

[sqlsrv] MSSQL (via pdo-sqlsrv)

[mssql ] MSSQL (via pdo-mssql)

> **mysql**

Please enter your database host [localhost]:

Please enter your database port [3306]:

Please enter your database name: **example\_com**

Please enter your database user [root]: **example\_user**

Please enter your database password:

Which charset would you like to use? [utf8]:

Connected to sql server successful!

The initial step in every Propel project is the "build". During build time, a developer describes the structure of the datamodel in a XML file called the "schema".

From this schema, Propel generates PHP classes, called "model classes", made of object-oriented PHP code optimized for a given RDMBS. The model classes are the primary interface to find and manipulate data in the database in Propel.

The XML schema can also be used to generate SQL code to setup your database. Alternatively, you can generate the schema from an existing database.

Do you have an existing database you want to use with propel? [no]: **yes**

Where do you want to store your schema.xml?

[/var/www/html/example.com]:

Where do you want propel to save the generated php models?

[/var/www/html/example.com]:

Which namespace should the generated php models use?:

Schema reverse engineering finished.

Propel asks you to define some data to work properly, for instance: connection parameters, working directories, flags to take decisions and so on. You can pass these data via a configuration file.

The name of the configuration file is propel, with one of the supported extensions (yaml, xml, json, ini, php). E.g. propel.yaml or propel.json.

Please enter the format to use for the generated configuration file (yaml, xml, json, ini, php) [yaml]:

[0] yaml

[1] xml

[2] json

[3] ini

[4] php

> **yaml**



## Propel 2 Initializer - Summary

The Propel 2 Initializer will set up your project with the following settings:

Path to schema.xml: /var/www/html/example.com/schema.xml

Path to config file: /var/www/html/example.com/propel.yml

Path to generated php models: /var/www/html/example.com

Namespace of generated php models:

Database management system: mysql

Charset: utf8

User: example\_user

Is everything correct? [no]: **yes**

- + /var/www/html/example.com/schema.xml
- + /var/www/html/example.com/propel.yml
- + /var/www/html/example.com/propel.yml.dist

Propel 2 is ready to be used!

## Files

 public

...

 **schema.xml**

 **propel.yml**

 **propel.yml.dist**

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<database name="default" ... namespace="Uphpu\Propel2Quickstart">
  <table name="job" ... phpName="Job">
    <column name="jnum"
      phpName="Jnum"
      type="CHAR"
      size="5"
      primaryKey="true" />
    ...
    <vendor type="mysql">
      <parameter name="Engine" value="InnoDB"/>
    </vendor>
  </table>
  ...
</database>
```

 **schema.xml**

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<database name="default" ... namespace="Uphpu\Propel2Quickstart">
  <table name="supplier_product_job" ...
    phpName="SupplierProductJob">
    ...
    <foreign-key foreignTable="job"
      name="FK_supplier_product_job_job">
      <reference local="jnum" foreign="jnum"/>
    </foreign-key>
    ...
  </table>
</database>
```

 **schema.xml**

# Quickstart – Configuration Precedence

## propel.yml.dist

- Common to all developers
- Committed to repository

## propel.yml

- Overrides propel.yml.dist
- Database credentials
- Ignored in repository

```
propel:
  database:
    connections:
      default:
        adapter: mysql
        dsn: mysql:host=localhost;port=3306;dbname=example_com
        user: example_user
        password: H7{"Qj1n>P
        settings:
          charset: utf8
```

 **propel.yml**

```
# ...

propel:
  paths:
    # ...
    schemaDir: /var/www/html/example.com

    # ...
    phpDir: /var/www/html/example.com

# ...
```

 **propel.yml.dist**

# Quickstart – Overview

- Get Propel library
- Configure a new Propel project
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- Use Propel

Files

 public

...



# Quickstart – Build Propel Models

Build sql for future migrations

```
$ propel sql:build
```

Files

 **generated-sql**

 **example\_com.sql**

 **public**

...

# Quickstart – Build Propel Models

Build sql for future migrations

```
$ propel sql:build
```

Build model classes in php

```
$ propel model:build
```

## Files

 generated-sql

 **Uphpu**

 **Propel2Quickstart**

 **Base**

 **Om**

 **Job.php**

 **JobQuery.php**

...

# Quickstart – Build Propel Models

Build sql for future migrations

```
$ propel sql:build
```

Build model classes in php

```
$ propel model:build
```

Convert yml config to php

```
$ propel config:convert
```

## Files

 generated-sql

 Uphpu

 **generated-conf**

 **config.php**

# Quickstart – Overview

- Get Propel library
- Configure a new Propel project
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- Use Propel

Files

 public

...

```
<?php
require_once '../vendor/autoload.php';
require_once '../generated-conf/config.php';

use \Uphpu\Propel2Quickstart\JobQuery;
$colJobs = JobQuery::create()->find();
$arrJobs = $colJobs->toArray();
$text = print_r($arrJobs, true);
?>

<pre><?=$text?></pre>
```

 **public**

 **index.php**

# Success!

```
Array  
(  
  [0] => Array  
    (  
      [Jnum] => J1  
      [Jname] => Sorter  
      [City] => Paris  
    )  
  [1] => Array  
  ...  
)
```

Use Propel

# Main Features

- ORM Code generation
- IDE Friendly
- Database versioning & migrations
- Highly customizable



# What can we do?

```
new Job();           // Job
new JobQuery();      // JobQuery
JobQuery::create();  // JobQuery
JobQuery::create()->findOne();    // Job

JobQuery::create()->find();
// PropelObjectCollection of Jobs
```

# IDE Friendly



CREATE



READ



UPDATE



DELETE

---

**C**

**R**

**U**

**D**

# IDE Friendly - Create

```
$job = new Job();  
$job->setJnum('J8');  
$job->setJname('Weld');  
$job->setCity('Austin');  
$job->save();
```

```
$job = new Job();  
$job->setJnum('J8')  
    ->setJname('Weld')  
    ->setCity('Austin')  
    ->save();
```

```
INSERT INTO job (jnum, jname, city)  
VALUES ('J8', 'Weld', 'Austin');
```

# IDE Friendly – Read

```
echo $job->getJnum();  
// 'J8'
```

```
echo $job->toJSON();
```

->toArray()

->toXML()

->toYAML()

->toJSON()

->toCSV()

->\_\_toString()

# IDE Friendly - Updating

```
$job = JobQuery::create()->findOne();  
$job->setCity('New York');  
$job->save();
```

# IDE Friendly - Deleting

```
JobQuery::create() ->findOne() ->delete();
```

# Aside - Log Queries

```
use \Propel\Runtime\Propel;
```

```
JobQuery::create()->find();
```

# Aside - Log Queries

```
use \Propel\Runtime\Propel;  
Propel::getConnection()->useDebug(true);  
JobQuery::create()->find();  
echo Propel::getConnection()  
    ->getLastExecutedQuery();
```

```
SELECT job.jnum, job.jname, job.city FROM job;
```



# IDE Friendly – Relations

```
$colJobs = JobQuery::create()->find();  
  
foreach ($colJobs as $aJob) {  
    $aJob->getSupplierProductJobs();  
}
```

# IDE Friendly – Relations

```
$colJobs = JobQuery::create()->find();
```

```
foreach ($colJobs as $aJob) {  
    $aJob->getSupplierProductJobs();  
}
```

N+1

# IDE Friendly – Relations

```
$colJobs = JobQuery::create()->find();
```

```
$colJobs->populateRelation('SupplierProductJobs');
```

```
foreach ($colJobs as $aJob) {  
    $aJob->getSupplierProductJobs();  
}
```

1+1

# IDE Friendly – Relations

```
$colJobs = JobQuery::create()  
    ->joinWithSupplierProductJob()  
    ->find();
```

```
foreach ($colJobs as $aJob) {  
    $aJob->getSupplierProductJobs()  
}
```

ONLY 1

# IDE Friendly - Querying

```
JobQuery::create()  
  ->filterByJnum( 'J2' )  
  ->useSupplierProductJobQuery()  
    ->filterByPnum( 'P2' )  
    ->filterBySupplier($supplier)  
  ->endUse()  
  ->orderByCity()  
  ->find();
```

# Aside – Instance Pooling

```
JobQuery::create()->find();  
JobQuery::create()->find();  
// Only one query is issued
```

## Aside – On-demand Hydration

```
$authors = AuthorQuery::create()  
    ->limit(50000)  
  
    ->find();  
foreach ($authors as $author) {  
    echo $author->getFirstName();  
}
```

**RAM  
HEAVY**

## Aside – On-demand Hydration

```
$authors = AuthorQuery::create()  
    ->limit(50000)  
    ->setFormatter(ModelCriteria::FORMAT_ON_DEMAND)  
    ->find();  
foreach ($authors as $author) {  
    echo $author->getFirstName();  
}
```

RAM  
LIGHT



# Main Features

- ORM Code generation
- IDE Friendly
- Database versioning & migrations
- Highly customizable

# Database Versioning Principles

- Schema & reference data under source control
- Script all schema & reference data changes
- Store schema version number in the database

<http://enterprisecraftsmanship.com/2015/08/10/database-versioning-best-practices/>

# Database Versioning Principles

- Schema & reference data under source control
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<http://enterprisecraftsmanship.com/2015/08/10/database-versioning-best-practices/>

# Alter Database - Procedure

- 1) Update schema.xml
- 2) Rebuild models
- 3) Build migration script
- 4) Run migration

# Update schema.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<database name="default" ... >
    ...
    <table name="category">
        <column name="id" type="integer" primaryKey="true"
            autoIncrement="true" />
        <column name="title" type="varchar" required="true" />
    </table>
</database>
```

 **schema.xml**

# Rebuild Models

```
$ propel model:build
```

- + Category.php
- + CategoryQuery.php
- + Base/BaseCategory.php
- + Base/BaseCategoryQuery.php
- + Map/CategoryTableMap.php

# Build Migration Script

```
$ propel diff
```

5 tables found in all databases.

Comparing models...

Structure of database was modified in datasource "default": 1 added tables  
"/var/www/html/example.com/generated-migrations/**PropelMigration\_1458180736.php**" file successfully created.

Please review the generated SQL statements, and add data migration code if necessary.

Once the migration class is valid, call the "migrate" task to execute it.

# Run Migration

```
$ propel migrate
```

Executing migration PropelMigration\_1458180736 up

3 of 3 SQL statements executed successfully on datasource "default"

Migration complete. No further migration to execute.



# Database Versioning Principles

- Schema & reference data under source control
- Script all schema & reference data changes
- Store schema version number in the database

<http://enterprisecraftsmanship.com/2015/08/10/database-versioning-best-practices/>

# Get Schema Version Number

```
SELECT * FROM example_com.propel_migration;
```

version
1458180736

# Main Features

- ORM Code generation
- IDE Friendly
- Database versioning & migrations
- **Highly customizable**

# Behaviors - Traits for Tables

- Extract common patterns (eg. created\_at, updated\_at)
- Add columns to database
- Add methods to Model & Query classes
- Add pre/post hooks for save() & delete()
- 13 built-in behaviors / write your own

# Behaviors – Nested Set Example

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<database name="default" ... >
  ...
  <table name="category">
    <column name="id" type="integer" primaryKey="true"
      autoIncrement="true" />
    <column name="title" type="varchar" required="true" />
    <behavior name="nested_set" />
  </table>
</database>
```

 **schema.xml**

# Behaviors – Nested Set Example

```
$ propel model:build
```

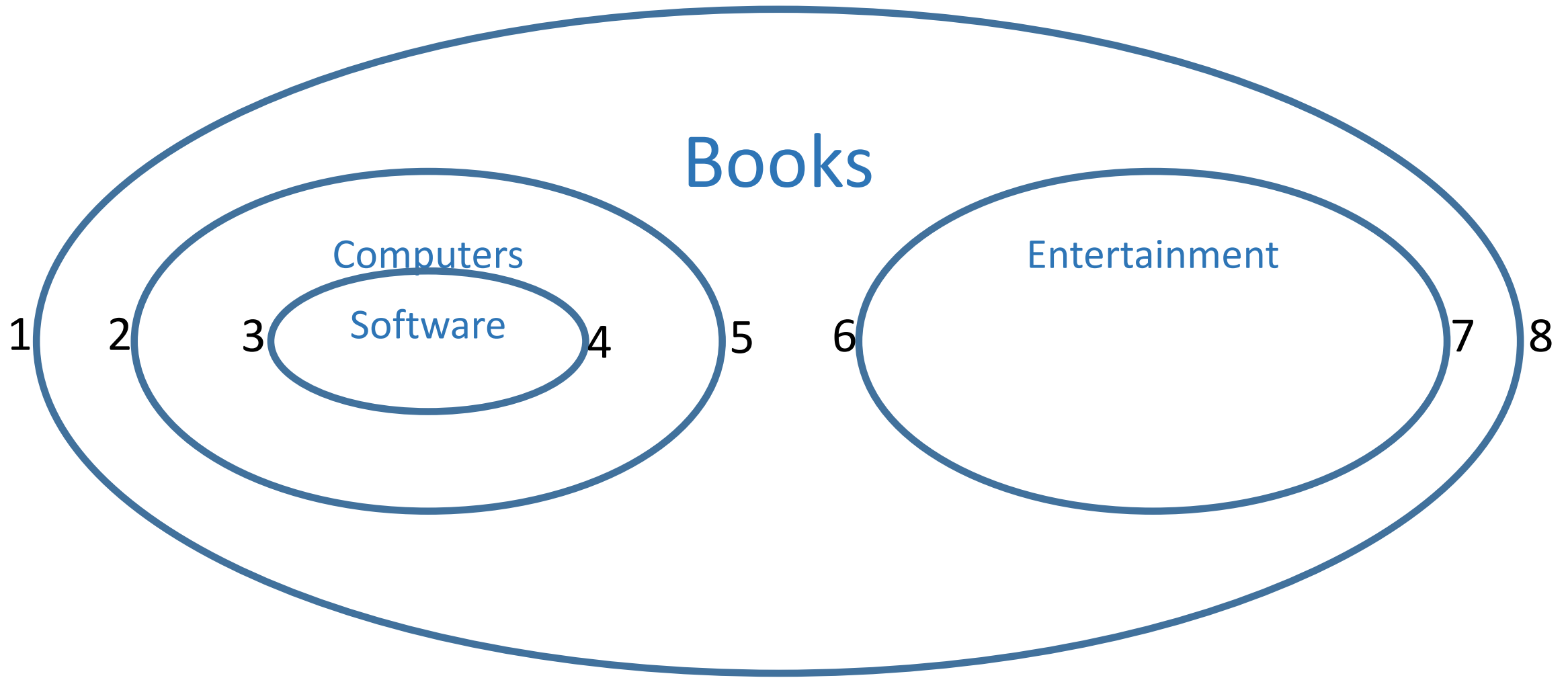
```
$ propel diff
```

```
$ propel migrate
```

# Behaviors – Nested Set Example

- Added 3 columns
- Added 18 methods to CategoryQuery class
- Added 39 methods to Category Model

# Behaviors – Nested Set Example





# Demo

<http://sandbox.propelorm.org/db117c8>

# Build Your Own Behaviors

<https://github.com/gharlan/propel-default-order-behavior>

# What can't Propel do?

- LEFT JOIN with foreign resource using LIMIT
- Custom join conditions

# Questions

- ORM Code generation
- IDE Friendly
- Database versioning & migrations
- Highly customizable

@benbankes

[bbankes@gmail.com](mailto:bbankes@gmail.com)