# Final Year Project Report

Full Unit - Project Plan

## Resourceful Robots

Cougar Tasker

A report submitted in part fulfilment of the degree of

MSci (Hons) in Computer Science

**Supervisor:** Anand Subramoney



Department of Computer Science Royal Holloway, University of London

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## **Declaration**

Signature:

This report has been prepared on the basis of my own work. V	-		
unpublished source materials have been used, these have been ac	knowledged.		
Word Count:			
Student Name: Cougar Tasker			
2			
Date of Submission:			
Date of Submission:			

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### **Abstract**

Autonomous systems are becoming integral to modern society[2]. Within this context, this project seeks to address a pressing challenge: the efficient utilisation of resources by autonomous robots operating in dynamic environments.

Autonomous robots such as Boston-dynamic's Spot are increasing in prevalence across various domains[1]. As these robots take on more complex tasks, optimising their resource consumption, particularly energy, becomes paramount.

#### **Motivations**

My inspiration for studying this degree in artificial intelligence comes in large part from my belief that AI is becoming increasingly pivotal in shaping the future of technology and industry. For this purpose, this project presents an invaluable opportunity for my personal and professional growth. It is a fantastic platform to improve my comprehension of reinforcement learning while offering hands-on experience.

What is unique about this resource-gathering robot project is its structured progression of complexity, Starting from fundamental concepts and culminating in advanced techniques. This gradient makes the complex nature of reinforcement learning more approachable than it may be in industry.

This project interests me because of its generality and applicability to many different scenarios. Resource-gathering has the potential to incorporate many real-world constraints like energy, visibility and obstacles. I would like to see how this impacts different exploration strategies.

Last year, I completed my year-long internship at Zing, a digital communications company that is progressively incorporating AI systems for its customers. This experience has demonstrated to me the value of understanding the internals of these AI systems. Hinsert reference to the increased value of ai in business; Through this project, I aim to improve my understanding of autonomous agents' benefits, biases, and limitations. This knowledge will be desirable for many companies like Zing working with artificial agents.

### **Objectives**

The primary objective is to develop and evaluate reinforcement learning agents. where the agent must navigate, make decisions, and gather resources while managing its energy reserves. the project will include two parts the report and a graphical program that implements the

This project intends to achieve the following goals:

- Energy-Efficient Navigation: Create a robot that can autonomously navigate a grid world while making optimal decisions to conserve energy. The robot should learn to prioritise energy-efficient paths.
- Resource Gathering Strategies: Design intelligent resource-gathering strategies for the

robot, ensuring it collects essential resources while balancing energy expenditure. The robot should adapt its behaviour based on the availability of resources and its current energy levels.

- Dynamic Energy Management: The robot should monitor its energy reserves and adjust its actions accordingly. This includes learning when to engage in resource gathering and when to return to a charging station.
- Effective Exploration: Develop exploration strategies that enable the robot to learn and adapt to different grid world scenarios.

#### Extension:

an extension would be to implement deep reinforcement learning, this is integrating artificial neural networks with Q-learning. this unlocks working in environments with far larger observations and action spaces. this can be used to extend our existing environment or a further extension of integrating a different environment such as one from OpenAI's gym library.

# **Project Specification**

Your project specification goes here.

## Chapter 1: Introduction

The project report is a very important part of your project and its preparation and presentation should be of extremely high quality. Remember that a significant portion of the marks for your project are awarded for this report.

The format of the final report is fixed by the template of this document and the Department of Computer Science suggests its usage.

While this may sound like a rather prescriptive approach to report writing, it is introduced for the following reasons:

- 1. The template allows students to focus on the critical task of producing clear and concise content, instead of being distracted by font settings and paragraph spacing.
- 2. By providing a comprehensive template the Department benefits from a consistent and professional look to its internal project reports.

The remainder of this document briefly outlines the main components and their usage.

A final project report is approximately 15,000 words and must include a word count. It is acceptable to have other material in appendixes. Your **interim report** for the December Review meeting, even if it is a collection of reports, should have a total word count of about 5,000 words. This should summarise the work you have done so far, with sections on the theory you have learnt and the code that you have written.

Also remember that any details of report content and submission rules, as well as other deliverables, are defined in the project booklet.

### 1.1 How to use this template

#### 1.1.1 Test

#### Test

The simplest way to get started with your report is to save a copy of this document. First change the values for the initial document definitions such as studentname and reportyear to match your details. Delete the unneeded sections and start adding your own sections using the styles provided. Before submission, remember to fill in the Declaration section fields.

# Chapter 2: Page Layout & Size

The page size and margins have been set in this document. These should not be changed or adjusted.

In addition, page headers and footers have been included. They will be automatically filled in, so do not attempt to change their contents.

## Chapter 3: Headings

Your report will be structured as a collection of numbered sections at different levels of detail. For example, the heading to this section is a first-level heading and has been defined with a particular set of font and spacing characteristics. At the start of a new section, you need to select the appropriate LATEX command, \chapter in this case.

### 3.1 Second Level Headings

Second level headings, like this one, are created by using the command \section.

#### 3.1.1 Third Level Headings

The heading for this subsection is a third level heading, which is obtained by using command \subsection. In general, it is unlikely that fourth of fifth level headings will be required in your final report. Indeed it is more likely that if you do find yourself needing them, then your document structure is probably not ideal. So, try to stick to these three levels.

### 3.2 A Word on Numbering

You will notice that the main section headings in this document are all numbered in a hierarchical fashion. You don't have to worry about the numbering. It is all automatic as it has been built into the heading styles. Each time you create a new heading by selecting the appropriate style, the correct number will be assigned.

## Chapter 4: Presentation Issues

### 4.1 Figures, Charts and Tables

Most final reports will contain a mixture of figures and charts along with the main body of text. The figure caption should appear directly after the figure as seen in Figure 4.1 whereas a table caption should appear directly above the table. Figures, charts and tables should always be centered horizontally.



Figure 4.1: Logo of RHUL.

#### 4.2 Source Code

If you wish to print a short excerpt of your source code, ensure that you are using a fixed-width sans-serif font such as the Courier font. By using the **verbatim** environment your code will be properly indented and will appear as follows:

```
static public void main(String[] args) {
   try {
     UIManager.setLookAndFeel(UIManager.getSystemLookAndFeelClassName());
   }
   catch(Exception e) {
     e.printStackTrace();
   }
   new WelcomeApp();
}
```

# Chapter 5: **References**

Use one consistent system for citing works in the body of your report. Several such systems are in common use in textbooks and in conference and journal papers. Ensure that any works you cite are listed in the references section, and vice versa.

# Chapter 6: Project Information and Rules

The details about how your project will be assessed, as well as the rules you must follow for this final project report, are detailed in the project booklet .

You must read that document and strictly follow it.

# **Bibliography**

[1] Martin Hagele. Robots conquer the world [turning point]. *IEEE Robotics & Automation Magazine*, 23(1):120–118, 2016.

[2] Cédrick Zaouter, Alexandre Joosten, Joseph Rinehart, Michel MRF Struys, and Thomas M Hemmerling. Autonomous systems in anesthesia: where do we stand in 2020? a narrative review. *Anesthesia & Analgesia*, 130(5):1120–1132, 2020.