

Miniature Deployable High Gain Antenna for CubeSats



Office: (714) 372-1617 e-mail: charles.s.macgillivray@boeing.com

> Mobile: (714) 392-9095 e-mail: zserfv23@gmail.com

April 22nd, 2011

The Boeing Company Boeing Defense, Space & Security (BDS) / Phantom Works **Advanced Network & Space Systems Group Huntington Beach, CA**

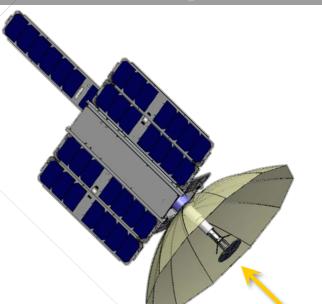


This document does not contain technical data within the definition contained in the International Traffic in Arms Regulations (ITAR) and the Export Administration Regulations (EAR), as such, it is releasable by any means to any person whether in the U.S. or abroad. The Export Compliance log number for this document is RG3517-NT. (Assigned IAW PRO-4527, PRO 3439)

Miniature Deployable High Gain Antenna

- Applicable to High-Speed Communications and a Variety of Missions

BDS | Phantom Works



Requirement	Value	Rationale / Comments
Operating Frequency	S-Band	Represents common and popular satellite communications frequency
Gain	~18 dBi	For 400 km orbit and 5.4m Diameter Ground Terminal, supports up to 28.5 Mbps
Deployed Diameter	> 50 cm	Maximizing diameter for the given minimal stowed volume is the primary design goal
Mass	< 1.0 kg	Initial Design Goal. Mass minimized



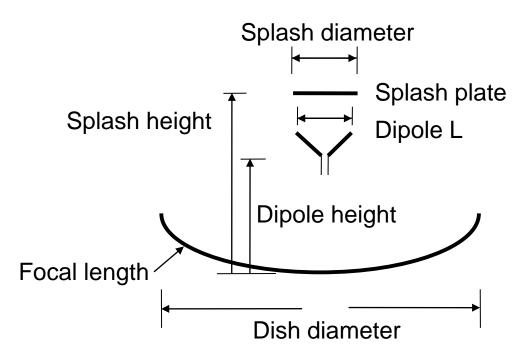
Miniature High Gain Antenna
Opens up New Mission
Opportunities and Represents a
Game Changing Capability for
CubeSats

Enables Direct Communication with End User

S-Band Antenna Geometry and Nomenclature

BDS | Phantom Works

- Antenna Simulation and Analysis Performed on a Wide Array of Different Geometries
 - Performance Driven by Small Packaging and Mechanical Deployment Requirements (not vice versa)
 - Multiple iterations to come up with feasible mechanical solution that yielded best performance



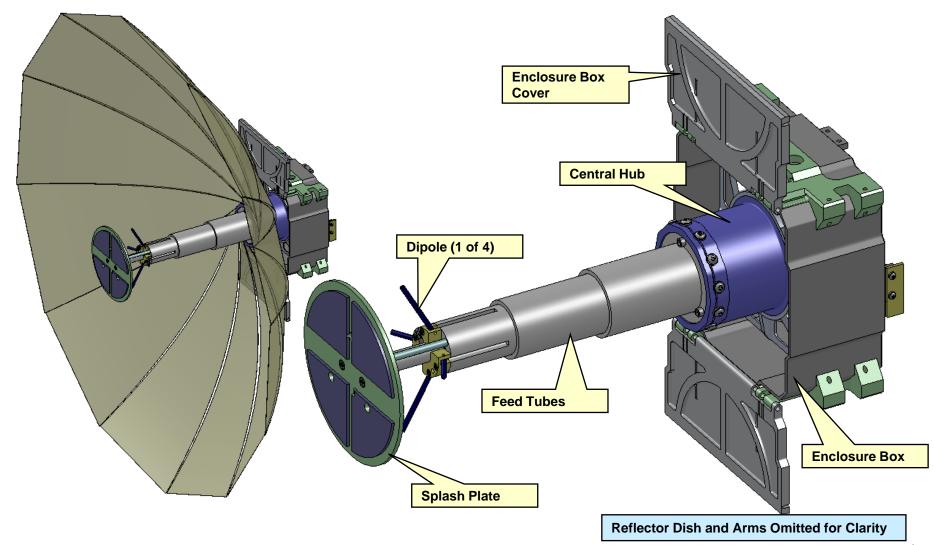
Predicted Performance of Baseline Design

Frequency	Peak Directivity
GHz	dBic
2	16.96
2.1	17.74
2.2	18.28
2.3	18.12
2.4	18.59
2.5	18.95

Final Baseline Design

- Deployed

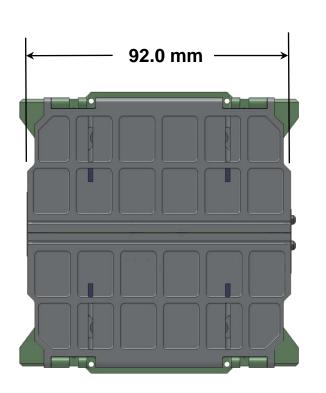


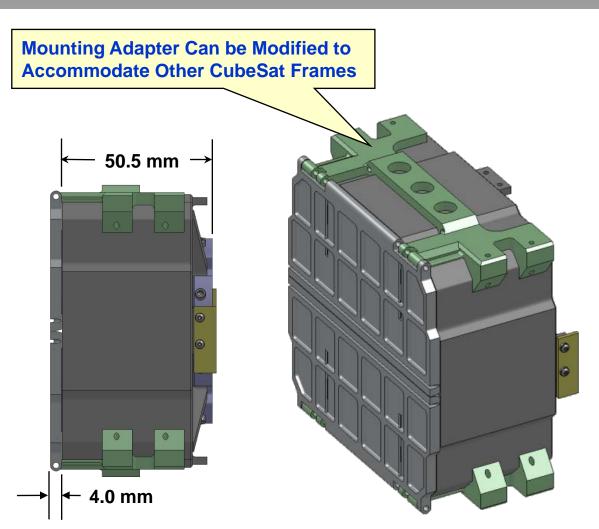


Final Baseline Design (Continued)

- Stowed







Mesh Dish Prototype Hardware - Utilizes Conductive Mesh Fabric





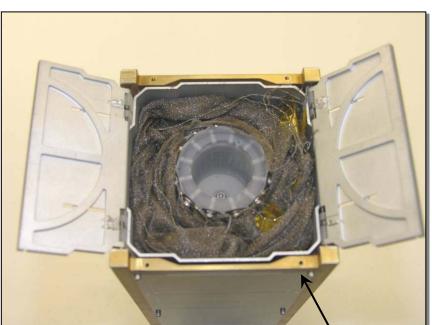




Stowed Packaging

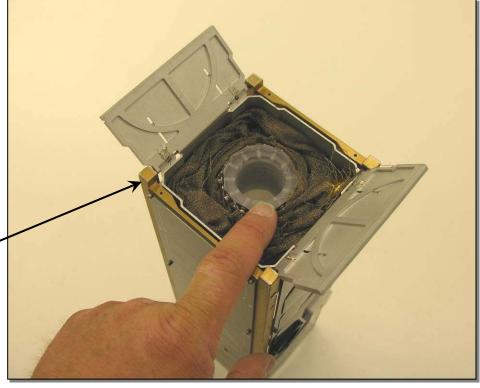
- Feed Tube and Splash Plate Removed to Show Internal Packaging

BDS | Phantom Works

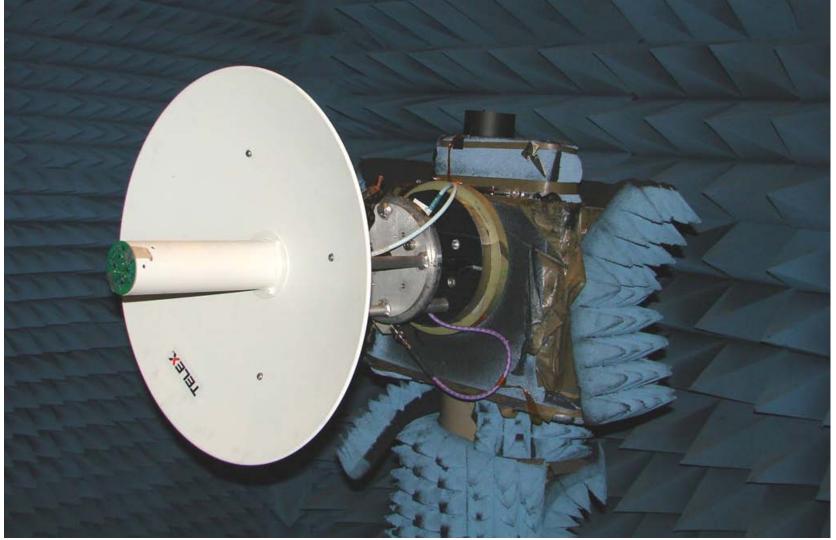


Enclosure Box Integrated with CubeSat Structure Frame

- Stowed Dish Packaging Efficiency was Better Than Expected
 - Allows for Dish Diameters Greater than 0.50 m



Deployable Feed Element Assembly RF Testing - RF Test Results Showed Excellent Performance



Mechanical Deployment Testing

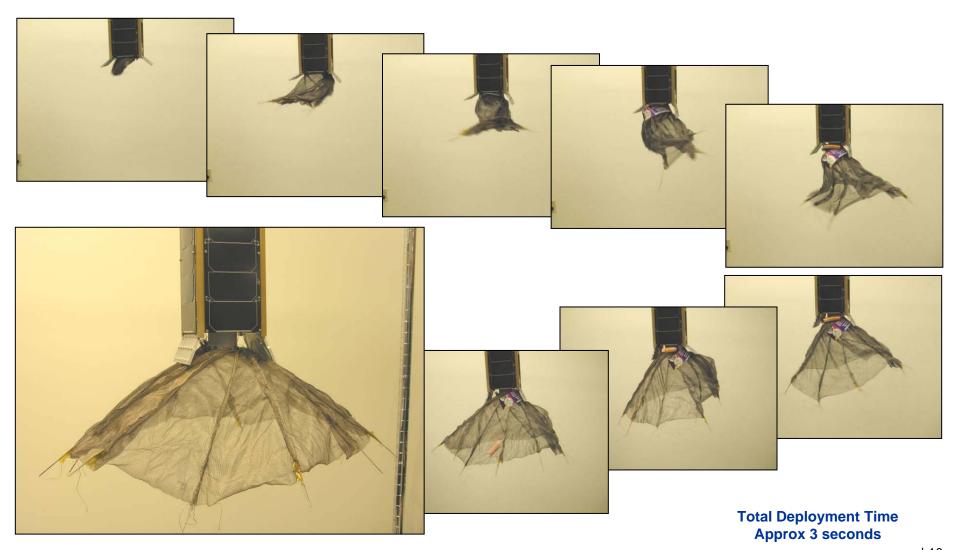
- Verified Initial Deployment Motions



- Enclosure Box Testing Successfully Demonstrated That:
 - Boeing "standard" burn wire PCB consistently cut monofilament restraint line
 - Enclosure Box doors consistently open when restraint line is cut
 - "First Motion" of hub moving out of box and dish arms deploy without entanglement
- Deployment Tests of Feed Tubes Performed
 - Manually testing identified areas for minor improvement that can easily be incorporated in next design revision

Mechanical Deployment Test

- Slow Motion Frame Sequence of Hub and Mesh Dish Deployment



Summary

- Development Proved Very Successful

BDS | Phantom Works 🤿

- Developed Deployable Antenna Design from Initial Concept to a Working Prototype
 - Proved that design concept is fundamentally sound
 - Validated deployment approach and that packaging of a high gain antenna is possible within CubeSat shape and size restrictions
 - New novel RF Balun design shown to provide excellent performance
 - Packaging efficiency of mesh dish and radial arms is better than expected
- Deployable Feed Tube Design Represented Significant Portion of Development Effort
 - Telescoping Tube approach is straightforward
 - Stowed packaging height a function of feed length

Current Design Lays Successful Foundation for the Final Design to Support Flight Demonstration