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Q & A

TEE-PP.0414.md

Question: [09:13] GlobalPlatform Technology

Answer:

GlobalPlatform Technology TEE Protection Profile Version 1.3

This document outlines the Trusted Execution Environment (TEE) Protection Profile, which is a set of security requirements and guidelines for TEE-enabled devices. The TEE Protection Profile is intended to establish a common security baseline for these devices and provide guidance to developers, manufacturers, and evaluators in creating secure and trustworthy products.

The document is divided into several sections, including an introduction, TOE overview, conformance claims and consistency rationale, security problem definition, security objectives, extended requirements, security requirements, and an annex on the application of attack potential to TEE.

The TEE Protection Profile covers various aspects of TEE-enabled devices, such as the software and hardware architecture, the usage and major security features, the reference device life cycle, and the required security functional and assurance requirements.

Additionally, this document discusses different threats and attack paths, as well as the corresponding security objectives and requirements for countering them. Examples of hardware and software-based attacks are provided, along with guidance on how to evaluate the attack potential and select appropriate countermeasures.

In summary, the TEE Protection Profile is an essential resource for those involved in the development, evaluation, and deployment of TEE-enabled devices, as it offers a comprehensive set of security requirements and guidelines to ensure a high level of security and trustworthiness.

Question: [09:15] What is PP?

Answer:

PP stands for Protection Profile. In the context of information security and evaluation, a Protection Profile is a document that outlines a standardized set of security requirements for a specific class of products or systems. Protection Profiles are often used as a baseline for developers, manufacturers, and evaluators to create, assess, and compare the security of different products within the same category.

A Protection Profile typically includes information on the target of evaluation (TOE), security problem definition, security

objectives, security requirements, and conformance claims. By adhering to a Protection Profile, product developers and manufacturers can ensure that their products meet a common set of security requirements, thus making it easier for customers and evaluators to assess and compare the security features of different products within the same class.

Question: [09:33] OE.ROLLBACK

Answer:

OE.ROLLBACK is an organizational security policy stating that Trusted Application (TA) developers should not rely on the protection of TEE persistent data, TA data and keys, and TA code against rollback between two reset operations.

In the context of a Trusted Execution Environment (TEE), a rollback attack occurs when an attacker attempts to revert the state of a system or its data to an earlier point in time, which may allow them to exploit known vulnerabilities or bypass security measures that were implemented later.

The core TEE Protection Profile (PP) enforces the consistency (i.e., runtime integrity) of TEE persistent data, TA data and keys, and TA code, but it does not guarantee their integrity between two reset operations. This means that the TEE PP ensures that these data elements remain consistent and unaltered during runtime, but it does not protect them from being rolled back to a previous state after a reset operation.

As a result, TA developers should be aware of this limitation and not rely solely on the core TEE PP's protection mechanisms to prevent rollback attacks. They should implement additional security measures to mitigate the risk of such attacks and ensure the integrity of their TA data, keys, and code between reset operations.

TEE.0328.md

Question: [09:47] How do I check the TEE OS is secure. Are there any secure certificates of TEE OS?

Answer:

To ensure that a TEE OS (Trusted Execution Environment Operating System) is secure, you can look for several indicators, including compliance with industry standards, certifications, and independent security evaluations. While there isn't a single "secure certificate" for TEE OSes, there are certifications and evaluation processes that can help you assess the security of a particular TEE OS.

1. **Common Criteria (CC) Certification:** Common Criteria is an international standard for evaluating the security of IT products, including TEE OSes. A TEE OS that has undergone a Common Criteria evaluation and achieved a certification provides a certain level of assurance regarding its security properties. The certification levels range from EAL1 (lowest) to EAL7 (highest), indicating the depth and rigor of the evaluation. Check for a TEE OS with a relevant Common Criteria certification (e.g., EAL4 or higher) for a higher level of confidence in its security.
2. **FIPS 140-2/140-3 Certification:** The Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 140-2 and 140-3 are U.S. government standards for cryptographic modules used in IT products, including TEE OSes. A TEE OS with FIPS 140-2 or 140-3 certification has undergone testing and validation to ensure that its cryptographic implementations meet specific security requirements. Although this certification focuses on the cryptographic aspects, it can provide additional assurance regarding the security of a TEE OS.
3. **GlobalPlatform Compliance:** GlobalPlatform is an industry organization that defines standards and specifications for secure elements and TEEs. A TEE OS that is compliant with GlobalPlatform specifications demonstrates adherence to a set of industry-defined security requirements and best practices.
4. **Independent Security Evaluations:** In addition to certifications, a TEE OS that has undergone independent security evaluations, audits, or penetration testing by reputable security firms or researchers can provide further assurance regarding its security. Look for published reports or case studies detailing the results of such evaluations.
5. **Vendor Reputation:** Consider the reputation and track record of the TEE OS vendor when evaluating the security of a TEE OS. A vendor with a history of providing secure solutions and promptly addressing vulnerabilities can be a good indicator of the overall security of their products.

In summary, there isn't a single "secure certificate" for TEE OSes, but a combination of certifications, industry standard compliance, independent security evaluations, and the vendor's reputation can provide a good indication of the security of a

particular TEE OS.

Question: [09:54] Does OP-TEE match the certificates?

Answer:

OP-TEE (Open Portable Trusted Execution Environment) is an open-source TEE project that provides a TEE OS and related components, with a focus on portability and compliance with GlobalPlatform specifications. While OP-TEE aims to follow industry standards and best practices, it is essential to differentiate between the OP-TEE project and commercial products based on OP-TEE.

As an open-source project, OP-TEE itself does not directly hold certifications like Common Criteria or FIPS 140-2/140-3. However, OP-TEE-based solutions developed by vendors or integrated into commercial products may undergo such certifications or evaluations.

Commercial TEE products based on OP-TEE may pursue certifications, such as:

1. Common Criteria Certification: Vendors can choose to submit their OP-TEE-based products for Common Criteria evaluation, achieving certification at the appropriate EAL (Evaluation Assurance Level) to demonstrate the security of their solution.
2. FIPS 140-2/140-3 Certification: OP-TEE-based products can also be submitted for FIPS 140-2 or 140-3 certification to validate the security of the cryptographic modules used in the product.
3. GlobalPlatform Compliance: While OP-TEE is designed to be compliant with GlobalPlatform TEE specifications, individual implementations may still need to undergo testing and validation to ensure full compliance with the standards.

It is essential to recognize that the certifications belong to the specific commercial products based on OP-TEE and not to the OP-TEE project itself. When evaluating the security of an OP-TEE-based solution, consider the certifications and evaluations obtained by the specific product or vendor, as well as their overall reputation and track record in the industry.
