# R Project Milestone 3

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 $\mbox{\tt \#\#}$  'summarise()' has grouped output by 'county'. You can override using the  $\mbox{\tt \#\#}$  '.groups' argument.

#### Visualization 1:

### **Table**

```
library(kableExtra)
##
## Attaching package: 'kableExtra'
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
       group_rows
table_col_order <- c("county", "summed_total_cost", "pop12_sqmi",</pre>
                     "med age", "renter ratio",
                     "relative_chronic_dis_mort", "med_age_CAT",
                     "summed_total_cost_CAT", "pop12_sqmi_CAT",
                     "renter_ratio_CAT", "relative_chronic_dis_mort_CAT")
merged_data_for_table <- merged_data[, table_col_order]</pre>
 table <- merged_data_for_table %> %
 rowwise() %>%
  mutate(number_highs= sum(c_across(7:11) == "High priority", na.rm = TRUE),
         number_mediums= sum(c_across(7:11) == "Medium priority", na.rm = TRUE),
         temp_rank=(number_highs*2)+number_mediums
         )%>%
  ungroup()%>%
   arrange(desc(temp_rank))%>%
   select(-c(number_highs, number_mediums))%>%
   slice(1:15)
table
## # A tibble: 15 x 12
##
      county
                summed_total_cost pop12_sqmi med_age renter_ratio relative_chronic~
##
      <chr>
                            <dbl>
                                        <dbl>
                                                <dbl>
                                                             <dbl>
                                                                                <dbl>
## 1 Amador
                       598970736.
                                        63.3
                                                 48.2
                                                             0.253
                                                                               0.102
## 2 Calaveras
                       131848234.
                                        44.6
                                                 49.1
                                                             0.231
                                                                               0.0875
## 3 Tuolumne
                       242129946
                                        24.3
                                                 47.1
                                                             0.302
                                                                               0.105
## 4 Invo
                       169160700.
                                        1.82
                                                 45.5
                                                             0.364
                                                                               0.0737
## 5 Lake
                                                 45
                      1347450993.
                                        49.1
                                                             0.342
                                                                               0.102
                                        12.6
                                                 49.2
                                                                               0.0702
## 6 Mariposa
                        17474756
                                                             0.321
## 7 Nevada
                                                 47.5
                      6352716267.
                                       103.
                                                             0.280
                                                                               0.0984
                                                 49.5
## 8 Plumas
                        46955168
                                         7.65
                                                             0.305
                                                                               0.0750
## 9 Siskiyou
                                        7.12
                                                 46.8
                                                             0.353
                      1558949981.
                                                                               0.110
## 10 Tehama
                       610226591.
                                        21.5
                                                 39.5
                                                             0.354
                                                                               0.0896
## 11 Alpine
                                        1.54
                                                 46.4
                               0
                                                             0.282
                       615640530.
## 12 Del Norte
                                        28.3
                                                 39
                                                             0.383
                                                                               0.0776
## 13 El Dorado
                                                 43.5
                      4239088028.
                                       102.
                                                             0.268
                                                                               0.0776
## 14 Humboldt
                     17981394511.
                                        38.1
                                                 37.3
                                                             0.450
                                                                               0.0929
## 15 Modoc
                      1703663257
                                         2.33
                                                 46
                                                             0.314
                                                                               0.0687
```

```
## # ... with 6 more variables: med_age_CAT <fct>, summed_total_cost_CAT <fct>,
## # pop12_sqmi_CAT <fct>, renter_ratio_CAT <chr>,
## # relative_chronic_dis_mort_CAT <fct>, temp_rank <dbl>
# kable(table,
#
        col.names = c("County", "Chronic disease mortality burden",
#
                       "Previous spending on projects",
#
                       "Population density", "Median age of population",
#
                       "% population that are renters"),
#
        caption="Top 10 Counties ranked by need for oshpd projects.",
#
         booktabs=TRUE,
#
         align='lccccc')%>%
# kable_styling(latex_options="scale_down")
# table
```

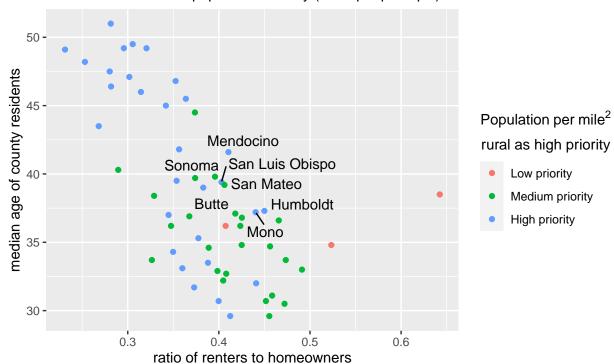
#### Visualization 2:

## Using demographic data to rank counties

```
## renter ratio median = 39%
## median age median = 37.05
## population density 1st quantile (low cutoff) = 25.887
## population density 3rd quantile (high cutoff) = 333.485
ggplot(data = merged data, aes(x = renter ratio, y = med age)) +
geom_point(data = merged_data, aes(x = renter_ratio, y = med_age,
                                   color = pop12 sqmi CAT)) +
geom_text_repel(aes(label=ifelse((med_age > 37 & renter_ratio > 0.39
    & (pop12_sqmi_CAT=="High priority" | pop12_sqmi_CAT=="Medium priority")),
    county, "")))+
  labs(title = "Demographic data with priority counties identified:",
subtitle = "counties with high median age (>37yo), high ratio of renters (>39%),
and low or medium population density (<333 people/sqmi)",
      x = "ratio of renters to homeowners",
       y = "median age of county residents",
         bquote(atop(Population~per~mile^{"2"}, "rural as high priority")))+
  theme(plot.title=element_text(hjust=0.5),
        plot.subtitle=element_text(hjust=0.5))
```

## Demographic data with priority counties identified:

counties with high median age (>37yo), high ratio of renters (>39%), and low or medium population density (<333 people/sqmi)



### Visualization 3:

## Using mortality and investment data to rank counties

```
## make data set with continuous data and ranking factor for the demographic
## data in the first figure
second_fig_data_temp<-merged_data%>%
  select(c("county", "pop12_sqmi_CAT", "med_age_CAT", "renter_ratio_CAT"))%>%
rowwise() %>%
mutate(number_highs= sum(c_across(2:4) == "High priority", na.rm = TRUE),
        number_mediums= sum(c_across(2:4) == "Medium priority", na.rm = TRUE),
        demo_rank=(number_highs*2)+number_mediums
        )%>%
  ungroup()%>%
  select(c("county", "demo_rank"))
second_fig_data_final<-full_join(second_fig_data_temp, merged_data, by="county")</pre>
summary(second_fig_data_final$relative_chronic_dis_mort)
      Min. 1st Qu. Median
                              Mean 3rd Qu.
## 0.00000 0.06187 0.07255 0.07213 0.08664 0.13044
## make the figure
## relative chronic disease mortality median = 0.07213
## log(relative\ chronic\ disease\ mortality\ median) = log(0.07213) = -2.629285
## summed total cost median = 5961782208
## log(summed total cost median) = log(5961782208) = 22.50864
ggplot(data = second_fig_data_final,
       aes(y = relative chronic dis mort, x = log(summed total cost))) +
geom_point(data = second_fig_data_final,
           aes(y = relative_chronic_dis_mort, x = log(summed_total_cost),
                                   color = as.factor(demo_rank))) +
guides(color = guide legend(reverse=TRUE))+
geom text repel(aes(label=ifelse(
   (relative_chronic_dis_mort >= 0.07213 & summed_total_cost<=5961782208</pre>
   & demo_rank >3), county, "")), max.overlaps = Inf)+
labs(title = "Additional data with priority counties identified:",
subtitle = "counties with high chronic disease mortality,
low previous investment, and high priority based on demographics",
        x = "Log(total dollars invested in previous projects)",
        y = Log(relative number of chronic disease \n mortality events between 2015-2020)",
        color = "priority ranking \n score based on \n demographics data") +
  theme(plot.title=element_text(hjust=0.5),
         plot.subtitle=element_text(hjust=0.5))
```

# Additional data with priority counties identified:

counties with high chronic disease mortality, low previous investment, and high priority based on demographics

