

CPP 程式設計題

命題者：SCY

題目名稱(中文/英文)：GuessNumber

主要測試觀念：

Basics

- ☒ C++ BASICS 1
- ☐ FLOW OF CONTROL
- ☒ FUNCTION BASICS
- ☐ PARAMETERS AND OVERLOADING
- ☐ ARRAYS
- ☒ STRUCTURES AND CLASSES
- ☐ CONSTRUCTORS AND OTHER TOOLS
- ☐ OPERATOR OVERLOADING, FRIENDS, AND REFERENCES
- ☐ STRINGS
- ☐ POINTERS AND DYNAMIC ARRAYS

Functions

- ☐ SEPARATE COMPILATION AND NAMESPACES
- ☐ STREAMS AND FILE I/O
- ☐ RECURSION
- ☒ INHERITANCE
- ☐ POLYMORPHISM AND VIRTUAL FUNCTIONS
- ☐ TEMPLATES
- ☐ LINKED DATA STRUCTURES
- ☐ EXCEPTION HANDLING
- ☐ STANDARD TEMPLATE LIBRARY
- ☐ PATTERNS AND UML

題目說明：

Listed below is code to play a guessing game in which two players attempt to guess a number. Your task is to extend the program with objects that represent either a human player or a computer player.

// you can modify the following codes to let your "guess" more smarter

```
bool checkForWin(int guess, int answer)
{
    if (answer == guess)
    {
        cout << "You're right! You win!" << endl;
        return true;
    }
    else if (answer < guess)
        cout << "Your guess is too high." << endl;
    else
        cout << "Your guess is too low." << endl;
    return false;
}
```

```
void play(Player &player1, Player &player2)
{
    int answer = 0, guess = 0;
    answer = rand() % 101;
    bool win = false;

    while (!win)
    {
        cout << "Player 1's turn to guess." << endl;
        guess = player1.getGuess();
        win = checkForWin(guess, answer);
        if (win) return;

        cout << "Player 2's turn to guess." << endl;
```

```

    guess = player2.getGuess();
    win = checkForWin(guess, answer);
}
}

```

The play function takes as input two Player objects.

Define the Player class with a virtual function named getGuess(). The implementation of Player::getGuess() can simply return 0.

Next, define a class named HumanPlayer derived from Player. The implementation of HumanPlayer::getGuess() should prompt the user to enter a number and return the value entered from the keyboard.

Next, define a class named ComputerPlayer derived from Player. The implementation of ComputerPlayer::getGuess() should be in **smarter way (i.e., not randomly select a number from 0 to 100).**

Finally, construct a main function that invokes play(Player &player1, Player &player2) with two instances of a HumanPlayer (human vs. human), an instance of a HumanPlayer and ComputerPlayer (human vs. computer), and two instances of ComputerPlayer (computer vs. computer).

Note that please use this following code snippets as your main()

```

// Main
int main()
{
    HumanPlayer playerH1, playerH2;
    ComputerPlayer playerC1, playerC2;

    play(playerH1, playerH2);
    play(playerH1, playerC1);
    play(playerC1, playerC2);

    return 0;
}

```

輸入說明：當你是 HumanPlayer 時，輸入猜測的數字，當是 ComputerPlayer 時則要由電腦自動輸入猜測的數字 in *smarter way* (i.e., not randomly select a number from 0 to 100.)

輸出說明：

太小輸出 Your guess is too low.

太大輸出 Your guess is too high.

猜中數字輸出 You' re right! You win!

```
Player 1's turn to guess.  
50  
Your guess is too high.  
0~50  
Player 2's turn to guess.  
25  
Your guess is too high.  
0~25  
Player 1's turn to guess.  
12  
Your guess is too low.  
12~25  
Player 2's turn to guess.  
18  
Your guess is too low.  
18~25  
Player 1's turn to guess.  
23  
Your guess is too high.  
18~23  
Player 2's turn to guess.  
100  
you guess out of range.  
20  
Your guess is too high.  
18~20  
Player 1's turn to guess.  
19  
You're right! You win!  
Player 1's turn to guess.  
50  
Your guess is too low.  
50~100  
Player 2's turn to guess.  
computer guess 57  
Your guess is too high.  
50~57  
Player 1's turn to guess.  
53  
Your guess is too high.  
50~53  
Player 2's turn to guess.  
computer guess 51  
You're right! You win!  
Player 1's turn to guess.  
computer guess 3  
Your guess is too low.  
3~100  
Player 2's turn to guess.  
computer guess 56  
Your guess is too high.  
3~56  
Player 1's turn to guess.  
computer guess 46  
Your guess is too high.  
3~46  
Player 2's turn to guess.  
computer guess 45  
Your guess is too high.  
3~45  
Player 1's turn to guess.  
computer guess 6  
Your guess is too low.  
6~45  
Player 2's turn to guess.  
computer guess 42  
Your guess is too high.  
6~42  
Player 1's turn to guess.  
computer guess 24  
You're right! You win!
```

IO 範例 :

附屬資料：

☒解答程式：GuessNumber.cpp(檔名)

☒測試資料：

☐易，僅需用到基礎程式設計語法與結構

☐中，需用到多項程式設計語法與結構

☒難，需用到多項程式結構或較為複雜之資料型態或結構

解題時間：30 分鐘。

其他註記：

main 使用 input_main

除了輸出要求以外的 output 為方便 debug 的輸出，可有可無