Using Crowd-Sourcing to Identify and Solve Community Problems

-Walkthrough Evaluation-

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Contents

1	Con	nmunity Activities Page Evaluation	3
	1.1	Browsing Activities	3
	1.2	Selecting a Specific Activity	3
	1.3	Understanding the Purpose of the Platform	3
	1.4	Applying to an Activity	4
	1.5	Navigating to Other Sections (e.g., Issues, Surveys)	4
	1.6	Returning to the Homepage	5
	1.7	Identifying the Date of an Activity	5
	1.8	Exploring the Mission Statement	5
2	Rep	porting Issue Page Evaluation	6
	2.1	Task 1: Entering First Name	6
	2.2	Task 2: Entering Last Name	6
	2.3	Task 3: Entering Email Address	7
	2.4	Task 4: Describing the Issue	7
	2.5	Task 5: Submitting the Form	7
	2.6	Outcome and Improvements	8
3	Vot	e Page Evaluation	8
	3.1	Task 1: Understanding the Purpose of Voting	8
	3.2	Task 2: Selecting a Voting Option	9
	3.3	Task 3: Reviewing the Current Voting Progress	9
	3.4	Task 4: Submitting the Vote	9
	3.5	Outcome and Improvements	10
4	Mee	etings Page Evaluation	10
	4.1	Task 1: Understanding the Purpose of the Page	10

	4.2	Task 2: Filtering Meetings by Type (Live/Recorded)	11
	4.3	Task 3: Sorting Meetings Alphabetically (A-Z)	11
	4.4	Task 4: Viewing Meetings in a List Format	12
	4.5	Task 5: Viewing Details of a Specific Meeting	12
	4.6	Outcome and Improvements	12
5	Surv	veys and Polls Page Evaluation	13
	5.1	Task 1: Understanding the Purpose of the Page	13
	5.2	Task 2: Starting a New Survey	13
	5.3	Task 3: Resuming a Survey in Progress	14
	5.4	Task 4: Viewing Survey Progress	14
	5.5	Task 5: Differentiating Between Surveys	15
	5.6	Outcome and Improvements	15
6	Solu	tions Page Evaluation	16
	6.1	Task 1: Understanding the Purpose of the Page	16
	6.2	Task 2: Viewing Details of a Specific Issue	16
	6.3	Task 3: Proposing a Solution for an Issue	16
	6.4	Task 4: Checking the Number of Existing Solutions	17
	6.5	Task 5: Submitting a Solution for an Issue	17
	6.6	Outcome and Improvements	18
	6.7	Alerts Settings Page Evaluation	18
	6.8	Task 1: Understanding the Purpose of the Page	18
	6.9	Task 2: Enabling/Disabling Automatic Alerts for Issues	19
	6.10	Task 3: Enabling/Disabling Automatic Alerts for Survey Results	19
	6.11	Task 4: Adding an Area for Alerts	20
	6.12	Task 5: Removing an Area from Alerts	20
	6 13	Outcome and Improvements	20

1 Community Activities Page Evaluation

1.1 Browsing Activities

• Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

Yes, the "Browse activities" button is prominently positioned, indicating that users can view available activities.

• Will the user see the correct control?

Yes, the button is clearly visible and appropriately labeled.

• Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect?

Likely, as the label "Browse activities" is intuitive and descriptive.

• Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, the button is distinct and stands out from other elements.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly?

Assuming the interface updates or redirects users upon clicking, the feedback should be clear and immediate.

1.2 Selecting a Specific Activity

• Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

Yes, users intending to engage in a particular activity will seek to select it.

• Will the user see the correct control?

Yes, activity cards are visually distinct, making selection straightforward.

• Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect?

The presence of an "Apply" button on each card suggests the action to engage with the activity.

• Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct

Unlikely, as the "Apply" button is specific and unambiguous.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly?

Feedback should confirm the application, ensuring users are aware of the next steps. Without explicit confirmation, users might be uncertain.

1.3 Understanding the Purpose of the Platform

• Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

Yes, especially first-time users seeking context and understanding of the platform's goals.

• Will the user see the correct control?

Yes, the "What we believe" section provides clear background information.

• Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect?

Yes, the descriptive text effectively clarifies the platform's purpose.

• Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, as this information is static and clearly presented.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly?

Yes, the content directly explains the platform's intent, facilitating user comprehension.

1.4 Applying to an Activity

• Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

Yes, users who intend to participate will look to apply to an activity.

• Will the user see the correct control?

Yes, the "Apply" button on activity cards is intuitive and easily identifiable.

• Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect?

Feedback should confirm the action, such as displaying a confirmation message upon clicking.

• Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct

No, the "Apply" button is specific to the application action.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly?

Clear confirmation messages are necessary to reassure users that their application was successful.

1.5 Navigating to Other Sections (e.g., Issues, Surveys)

• Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

Yes, users exploring additional features will use the navigation menu to access other sections.

• Will the user see the correct control?

Yes, the navigation menu is standard, positioned at the top, and easily accessible.

• Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect?

Yes, labels like "Issues" or "Surveys" clearly indicate their respective functions.

• Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, the menu items are distinct and specific to their functions.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly?

Yes, page updates or redirects provide immediate feedback confirming the navigation action.

1.6 Returning to the Homepage

• Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

Yes, users may want to revisit the homepage at any point.

• Will the user see the correct control?

Likely, if the "Home" link in the navigation menu is clear and consistently positioned.

• Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect?

Yes, the label "Home" intuitively implies redirection to the homepage.

• Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, the "Home" link is specific and serves a unique function.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly?

Yes, page redirection acts as confirmation of the action.

1.7 Identifying the Date of an Activity

• Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

Yes, users may need to know the date of an activity for planning purposes.

• Will the user see the correct control?

Yes, the date is prominently displayed on the activity card.

• Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect?

Yes, the date's visibility directly conveys the relevant information.

• Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct

one?

No, as the date information is static and clearly associated with each activity.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly?

No additional feedback is required, as the date information is straightforward.

1.8 Exploring the Mission Statement

• Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

Yes, especially users interested in understanding the platform's goals and mission.

• Will the user see the correct control?

Yes, the mission statement is visibly placed below the activity section.

- Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect? Yes, the text directly explains the mission, ensuring clarity.
- Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, as the mission statement is standalone and easily identifiable.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly? Yes, the informative text provides sufficient context and understanding.

2 Reporting Issue Page Evaluation

2.1 Task 1: Entering First Name

- Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

 Yes, users need to input their first name as part of the issue reporting process.
- Will the user see the correct control? Yes, the "First Name" field is clearly labeled.
- Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect? Yes, the placeholder text ("First Name") reinforces the expected input.
- Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, the field is specific and clearly labeled.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly? Yes, assuming validation messages appear if the field is left empty.

2.2 Task 2: Entering Last Name

- Will the user be trying to produce the effect? Yes, following logically after entering the first name.
- Will the user see the correct control? Yes, the "Last Name" field is clearly labeled.
- Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect? Yes, the placeholder text ("Last Name") clarifies the requirement.
- Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, the field is distinct and context-specific.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly? Yes, assuming validation exists for empty or incorrect input.

2.3 Task 3: Entering Email Address

- Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

 Yes, users recognize that their email is necessary to report an issue.
- Will the user see the correct control?

 Yes, the "Email" field is clearly labeled and includes a placeholder.
- Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect? Yes, the placeholder ("Email") reinforces the field's purpose.
- Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, this field is specific to email input.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly? Yes, if the system provides error messages for invalid email formats.

2.4 Task 4: Describing the Issue

- Will the user be trying to produce the effect? Yes, users need to describe the issue to submit the form.
- Will the user see the correct control?

 Yes, the "Issue" text area is labeled and includes placeholder text to prompt input.
- Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect? Yes, the placeholder text clearly explains what should be entered.
- Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, the text area is distinct and well-positioned.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly? Yes, assuming the system provides validation or feedback if the field is left blank.

2.5 Task 5: Submitting the Form

- Will the user be trying to produce the effect?
 Yes, users expect to click the "Submit" button after completing the form.
- Will the user see the correct control?

 Yes, the "Submit" button is prominently displayed and styled distinctively.
- Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect? Likely, as "Submit" is a universal label for completing forms.
- Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, the "Submit" button is clear and actionable.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly? Yes, assuming the system provides confirmation or error messages after submission.

2.6 Outcome and Improvements

Findings:

- The interface is clean, intuitive, and follows a logical flow.
- All fields are clearly labeled, and placeholders reinforce user expectations.
- The form submission process is straightforward.

Improvements:

- Validation Feedback: Implement real-time validation (e.g., highlighting missing fields or displaying error messages for incorrect email formats).
- Submission Confirmation: Provide a confirmation message after successful submission to reassure users that their issue was recorded.
- Optional Fields: Clarify if any fields are optional, as currently, all fields appear mandatory.

3 Vote Page Evaluation

3.1 Task 1: Understanding the Purpose of Voting

- Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

 Yes, users visiting the page aim to understand the context and purpose of the vote.
- Will the user see the correct control?

 Yes, the explanation on the right clearly communicates the purpose of the vote.
- Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect?

 Yes, the descriptive text explains the goal, such as allocating extra funds for the metro.
- Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, as the information is static and well-placed.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly?

Yes, the instructions are clear and visually separated from the voting options.

3.2 Task 2: Selecting a Voting Option

- Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

 Yes, users are expected to choose an option from the available categories.
- Will the user see the correct control?
 Yes, voting options are presented as distinct buttons.
- Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect? Yes, clicking an option highlights it (e.g., "More funds to the metro" turns blue), indicating selection.
- Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, the controls are specific and clearly labeled.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly? Yes, assuming the selected option changes appearance to confirm selection.

3.3 Task 3: Reviewing the Current Voting Progress

- Will the user be trying to produce the effect?
 Yes, users are likely to check the number of votes cast and overall progress.
- Will the user see the correct control?

 Yes, the progress bar and text (e.g., "3398 votes out of 10,000") are prominently displayed.
- Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect?

 Yes, the progress bar provides a visual indicator, and numerical data clarifies the current status.
- Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, the progress bar is unique to this task.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly?

Yes, the combination of visual (progress bar) and textual feedback is sufficient.

3.4 Task 4: Submitting the Vote

- Will the user be trying to produce the effect? Yes, users will look for a way to finalize their choice.
- Will the user see the correct control? Yes, the "Sign here" button is labeled and clearly positioned.
- Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect? Likely, although "Sign here" could be more descriptive (e.g., "Submit Vote").

• Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, as "Sign here" is distinct and actionable.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly?

Feedback such as a confirmation message is necessary to ensure users know their vote was recorded.

3.5 Outcome and Improvements

Findings:

- The page is simple and intuitive, with a logical layout for understanding, selecting, and submitting votes.
- Visual indicators (e.g., the progress bar and button highlights) effectively guide users.
- The "Sign here" label may confuse users unfamiliar with the process.

Improvements:

• Clarify Submission Button Label:

Change "Sign here" to "Submit Vote" for better clarity and user understanding.

• Provide Confirmation Feedback:

Add a message or pop-up after submission (e.g., "Your vote has been recorded. Thank you!") to confirm the action.

• Improve Voting Feedback:

When a user selects an option, display a temporary message such as "You selected: [Option]" to confirm their choice before submission.

4 Meetings Page Evaluation

4.1 Task 1: Understanding the Purpose of the Page

• Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

Yes, users visiting the page aim to schedule or view meetings.

• Will the user see the correct control?

Yes, the title "Meetings" at the top of the page is clear and unambiguous.

• Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect?

Yes, the meeting cards and filters clarify the page's functionality.

• Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, the design focuses solely on meetings.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly?

Yes, the organization of meeting cards below the title supports user understanding.

4.2 Task 2: Filtering Meetings by Type (Live/Recorded)

• Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

Yes, users may wish to view only live or recorded meetings.

• Will the user see the correct control?

Yes, the toggle buttons labeled "Live" and "Recorded" are distinct and prominently displayed near the top.

• Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect?

Likely, if selecting a filter dynamically updates the displayed meetings.

• Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, as the filter buttons are specific to this functionality.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly?

Yes, assuming the displayed content updates immediately or shows a confirmation message.

4.3 Task 3: Sorting Meetings Alphabetically (A-Z)

• Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

Yes, users may wish to sort meetings to find one quickly.

• Will the user see the correct control?

Yes, the "A-Z" button is visible and appropriately labeled.

• Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect?

Likely, as clicking the button should rearrange the meeting cards accordingly.

• Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, the "A-Z" button is specific to sorting.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly?

Yes, assuming the meeting cards reorder visibly after the button is clicked.

4.4 Task 4: Viewing Meetings in a List Format

- Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

 Yes, users preferring a list view over cards would seek this option.
- Will the user see the correct control?
 Yes, the "List View" toggle button is clearly labeled.
- Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect?

 Likely, as the interface should update to display meetings in a list format.
- Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, this toggle button is specific to changing the view format.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly? Yes, if the display changes visibly to a list format.

4.5 Task 5: Viewing Details of a Specific Meeting

- Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

 Yes, users would want to see details of a meeting such as its time, topic, and description.
- Will the user see the correct control?

 Yes, the meeting cards display all relevant information clearly.
- Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect? Yes, as the cards are labeled clearly and are easy to scan.
- Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, the cards are the only elements displaying meeting details.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly? Yes, the static cards provide all necessary details directly.

4.6 Outcome and Improvements

Findings:

- The page layout and controls are intuitive, with clear separation of filtering and sorting options.
- The meeting cards are well-structured, providing essential information at a glance.
- Feedback mechanisms for filtering, sorting, and view changes rely on visible updates.

Improvements:

- Add Feedback for Filter and Sort Actions: Provide a message or animation to confirm when filters or sorting options are applied.
- **Highlight Selected Filter:** Visually emphasize the active filter (e.g., underline "Live" or "Recorded") to indicate the current selection.
- Include More Details in List View: Ensure the "List View" displays additional information such as participant count or a link to join/record the meeting for a more detailed overview.
- Improve Accessibility: Add tooltips or hover descriptions for buttons (e.g., explain "Live" and "Recorded" for first-time users).

5 Surveys and Polls Page Evaluation

5.1 Task 1: Understanding the Purpose of the Page

- Will the user be trying to produce the effect?
 Yes, users visiting the page aim to participate in surveys or polls.
- Will the user see the correct control? Yes, the title "Surveys & Polls" is clearly displayed at the top, making the purpose explicit.
- Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect? Yes, the survey cards list specific surveys with clear descriptions and action buttons ("Begin" or "Continue").
- Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?
 - No, the design focuses exclusively on surveys.
- Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly?

 Yes, the labels and layout are straightforward, facilitating user comprehension.

5.2 Task 2: Starting a New Survey

- Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

 Yes, users will want to participate in surveys marked with the "Begin" button.
- Will the user see the correct control?

 Yes, the "Begin" button is prominently displayed on cards for surveys that have not been started.
- Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect?

 Likely, as clicking "Begin" should navigate the user to the survey's first question.

• Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, the button is specific to starting new surveys.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly?

Yes, assuming there is a visual or navigation confirmation that the survey has started.

5.3 Task 3: Resuming a Survey in Progress

• Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

Yes, users may wish to continue a survey they previously started.

• Will the user see the correct control?

Yes, the "Continue" button is distinct and only available on surveys with progress indicators.

• Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect?

Yes, the presence of a percentage completion bar and "Continue" button clearly indicate the option to resume.

• Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, the button is unambiguous.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly?

Yes, assuming the system loads the user's previous responses and navigates to the appropriate question.

5.4 Task 4: Viewing Survey Progress

• Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

Yes, users may want to check their completion status for surveys they have started.

• Will the user see the correct control?

Yes, the progress bar (e.g., "15

• Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect?

Yes, the progress indicator provides a direct and visual representation of status.

• Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, as the progress bar is integral to each survey card.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly?

Yes, the percentage text and bar are easy to interpret.

5.5 Task 5: Differentiating Between Surveys

- Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

 Yes, users will want to identify specific surveys of interest (e.g., public transport vs. parks).
- Will the user see the correct control?

 Yes, each card has a distinct title and description summarizing the survey topic.
- Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect? Yes, the titles and summaries make it clear which topic each survey covers.
- Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, the cards are specific and distinguishable.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly? Yes, the descriptions provide sufficient context for decision-making.

5.6 Outcome and Improvements

Findings:

- The page is clear and user-friendly, with well-labeled buttons and progress indicators.
- Users can easily differentiate between surveys based on card titles and descriptions.
- The use of "Begin" and "Continue" buttons aligns with user expectations.

Improvements:

- Add Feedback After Survey Actions: Provide confirmation messages or animations when a survey is started or resumed (e.g., "Survey started!" or "Resuming survey...").
- **Highlight Active Surveys:** Use visual cues (e.g., card highlighting or an "In Progress" label) to distinguish ongoing surveys from unstarted ones.
- Improve Progress Clarity: Include estimated time to completion next to the progress bar (e.g., "15% Complete 5 minutes remaining").
- Group Surveys by Category: Use category headers or filters to organize surveys (e.g., "Transportation," "Environment") if the list grows larger.

6 Solutions Page Evaluation

6.1 Task 1: Understanding the Purpose of the Page

• Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

Yes, users visiting the page seek to view and address active issues in the community.

• Will the user see the correct control?

Yes, the title "Active Issues" and the issue cards immediately convey the page's purpose.

• Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect?

Yes, the structure of the page (issue titles, descriptions, and "Propose Solution" buttons) makes the function clear.

• Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, as the issue cards are the central focus of the page.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly?

Yes, the clear layout and functionality make it easy to proceed.

6.2 Task 2: Viewing Details of a Specific Issue

• Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

Yes, users may wish to explore the details of an issue before proposing a solution.

• Will the user see the correct control?

Yes, selecting an issue card or clicking "Propose Solution" displays the issue's details in the right-hand panel.

• Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect?

Likely, as the "Current Issue" panel clearly displays the selected issue and its description.

• Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, the issue cards and buttons are specific to this task.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly?

Yes, the details are displayed prominently in the panel, making the next step intuitive.

6.3 Task 3: Proposing a Solution for an Issue

• Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

Yes, users who wish to contribute will be motivated to propose solutions.

• Will the user see the correct control?

Yes, the "Propose Solution" button is clearly labeled and positioned on each issue card.

• Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect?

Likely, as clicking the button reveals a form to submit a solution in the "Current Issue" panel.

• Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, the button is specific and unambiguous.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly?

Yes, assuming the form is simple to complete and provides validation feedback.

6.4 Task 4: Checking the Number of Existing Solutions

• Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

Yes, users may want to gauge the number of proposed solutions before submitting their own.

• Will the user see the correct control?

Yes, the number of solutions is displayed at the bottom of each issue card (e.g., "1 solution," "5 solutions").

• Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect?

Yes, the numerical indicators are clear and tied directly to the relevant issue.

• Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct

No, as the indicators are specific to each issue.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly?

Yes, the displayed numbers are self-explanatory.

6.5 Task 5: Submitting a Solution for an Issue

• Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

Yes, users with proposed solutions will want to submit them via the form.

• Will the user see the correct control?

Yes, the form is positioned in the "Current Issue" panel and includes labeled fields and a "Submit" button.

• Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect?

Likely, as the form fields are intuitive, and clicking "Submit" should confirm the action.

• Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, as the form and button are specific to submitting solutions.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly?

Yes, assuming the submission triggers a confirmation message or success indicator.

6.6 Outcome and Improvements

Findings:

- The page is clear and organized, with distinct sections for viewing and addressing issues.
- The "Propose Solution" button and "Current Issue" panel facilitate engagement with specific issues.
- Feedback for submission and existing solutions is functional but could be enhanced for clarity.

Improvements:

- Improve Feedback for Submission: Add a confirmation message (e.g., "Thank you for your solution!") after submitting the form.
- **Highlight Active Issue:** Use a visual indicator (e.g., border or shading) to highlight the issue currently displayed in the "Current Issue" panel.
- Include Solution Previews: Provide a preview of existing solutions in the "Current Issue" panel for users to view and compare before submitting their own.
- Streamline Navigation Between Issues: Allow users to switch between issues without closing the "Current Issue" panel (e.g., add navigation arrows or a drop-down).

6.7 Alerts Settings Page Evaluation

6.8 Task 1: Understanding the Purpose of the Page

• Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

Yes, users visiting this page likely want to manage alerts related to their issues, survey results, or specific areas.

• Will the user see the correct control?

Yes, the title "Alerts" at the top and descriptive sections for toggles and areas make the purpose clear.

- Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect?

 Yes, the toggle switches and "Add area" button clearly align with managing alerts.
- Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, the layout is straightforward, and options are specific to alerts.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly? Yes, the design guides users toward the intended functionality.

6.9 Task 2: Enabling/Disabling Automatic Alerts for Issues

• Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

Yes, users who want to manage issue alerts will look for a toggle to enable or disable notifications.

- Will the user see the correct control?
 - Yes, the toggle switch for "Automatic alerts for your issues" is clearly labeled and prominently positioned.
- Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect?

 Likely, as toggling the switch on/off provides visual feedback (e.g., change in the switch state).
- Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, the toggle is distinct and unambiguous.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly?

Yes, if the interface visually confirms the change (e.g., color change, tooltip, or message).

6.10 Task 3: Enabling/Disabling Automatic Alerts for Survey Results

• Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

Yes, users who want to receive or stop receiving survey-related alerts will look for a toggle switch.

• Will the user see the correct control?

Yes, the toggle for "Automatic alerts for survey results" is clearly positioned next to the description.

- Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect? Likely, as the toggle state provides immediate feedback.
- Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, the toggle is clearly distinct.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly?
Yes, assuming the interface provides visual or textual confirmation of the change.

6.11 Task 4: Adding an Area for Alerts

- Will the user be trying to produce the effect? Yes, users may want to set up alerts for specific areas.
- Will the user see the correct control?
 Yes, the "Add area" button is prominently displayed above the list of areas.
- Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect?

 Likely, if clicking the button triggers a modal or input field to add a new area.
- Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, the button is labeled clearly and stands out.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly?

Yes, assuming the system confirms the addition (e.g., the new area appears in the list with a success message).

6.12 Task 5: Removing an Area from Alerts

- Will the user be trying to produce the effect?

 Yes, users may want to remove an area for which they no longer need alerts.
- Will the user see the correct control?
 Yes, the "Remove" buttons are displayed next to each listed area.
- Will the user see that the control produces the desired effect?

 Likely, as clicking "Remove" is expected to delete the corresponding area from the list.
- Is there another control that the user might select instead of the correct one?

No, the "Remove" buttons are specific and unambiguous.

• Will the user understand the feedback to proceed correctly? Yes, assuming the system asks for confirmation (e.g., "Are you sure you want to remove this area?") and provides visual feedback (e.g., the area disappears).

6.13 Outcome and Improvements

Findings:

- The page is simple and intuitive, with clear controls for managing alerts and associated areas.
- The toggle switches and action buttons are well-labeled and positioned.
- Feedback for adding/removing areas or enabling/disabling alerts is necessary to reassure users.

Improvements:

- Add Confirmation for Actions: Include confirmation messages for enabling/disabling toggles and adding/removing areas (e.g., "Alert enabled for your issues" or "Grigorescu area removed successfully").
- Enable Area-Specific Notifications: Allow users to customize notifications for each area (e.g., receive alerts for issues only in "Marasti").
- **Highlight Active Toggles:** Use color or animation to emphasize active toggles for better visual feedback.
- Improve Accessibility: Add tooltips for toggles and buttons to provide additional context for users unfamiliar with the terms (e.g., "Automatic alerts will notify you of changes to your submitted issues").