## 14:332:424 Introduction to Information and Network Security Fall 2017

## Assignment 4

Due: Friday, December 8th, 11:55pm

Total: 100 points

For each of the protocols below, please answer the following questions

**Question 1:** What is the flaw of this protocol? How can attackers break the protocol?

Question 2: What are the possible methods to prevent the attack?

You only need to answer the above two questions for protocol 1 and 2. The maximum of 30 extra points will be given if you finish protocol 3.

Protocol 1: Naïve Vote Protocol (50 pts)

Step 1:  $A \rightarrow S: \{V\}_{K_S}$ 

The voter A encrypts his vote V with the public key  $K_S$  of the vote server S. The server decrypts the message with his private key and registers the vote.

## **Protocol 2: Handshake Protocol (50 pts)**

Step 1:  $A \rightarrow B$ :  $\{N_A\}_{K_{AB}}$ 

Step 2:  $B \rightarrow A$ :  $\{N_A + 1\}_{K_{AB}}$ 

A generates a random number (nonce)  $N_A$  and sends it to B encrypted with shared key  $K_{AB}$ , B decrypts the message, computes  $N_A+1$ , and returns to A the encrypted result.

## **Protocol 3: Simple Symmetric Key Exchange Protocol (Extra: 30pts)**

Step 1:  $A \rightarrow S$ :  $\{T_A, B, K_{AB}\}_{K_{AS}}$ 

Step 2:  $S \rightarrow B$ :  $\{T_S, A, K_{AB}\}_{K_{BS}}$ 

A chooses a session key  $K_{AB}$  and shares the key with B through a trusted server S.  $T_A$  and  $T_B$  are timestamps given by A and S respectively. B will accept  $K_{AB}$  as fresh if it arrives in a certain window of time.