TUESDAY SEPTEMBER 13TH, 2022 CPPCON 2022 AURORA, COLORADO

MDSPAN A DEEP DIVE SPANNING C++, KOKKOS & SYCL

NEVIN ":-)" LIBER Computer Scientist nliber@anl.gov













WHO AM I?

- Argonne National Laboratory
 - Computer Scientist
 - Argonne Leadership Computing Facility
 - Kokkos, C++, SYCL
 - Aurora
 - C++ Committee
 - Vice Chair, Library Evolution Working Group Incubator (LEWGI / SG18)
 - Khronos SYCL Committee Member











- mdspan is a *non-owning* multidimensional array view for C++23
- Vocabulary type
 - Usage in interfaces
 - Usage across domains



mdspan is a non-owning multidimensional array view for C++23



ElementType

■ mdspan is a *non-owning* multidimensional array view for C++23



ElementType

The elements in the array





Extents

■ mdspan is a *non-owning* multidimensional array view for C++23



Extents

Extents describes the dimensions of the multidimensional array



Extents

Extents describes the dimensions of the multidimensional array

```
template<class IndexType, size_t... Es>
class extents;
```

```
template<class IndexType, size_t Rank>
using dextents = see below;
```



Extents

Extents describes the dimensions of the multidimensional array

template<class IndexType, size_t... Es>
class extents;

template<class IndexType, size_t Rank>
using dextents = see below;



Extents

Extents describes the dimensions of the multidimensional array

template<class IndexType, size_t... Es>
class extents;



IndexType

Extents describes the dimensions of the multidimensional array

template<class IndexType, size_t... Es> class extents;

■ The type used for the index (int, size_t, etc.)





Es...

Extents describes the dimensions of the multidimensional array

template<class IndexType, size_t... Es> class extents;

- Each dimension
 - std::dynamic_extent if the dimension is determined at runtime
 - Any other number is the (compile-time) static dimension
- Es... are size_t because std::dynamic_extent is size_t





dextents

Extents describes the dimensions of the multidimensional array

```
template<class IndexType, size_t... Es>
class extents;
```

```
template<class IndexType, size_t Rank>
using dextents = see below;
```





dextents

```
template < class IndexType, size_t Rank>
using dextents = see below;
```

dextents<int, 3>

■ is an alias for

extents<int, dynamic_extent, dynamic_extent, dynamic_extent>

Corentin Jabot & I really tried to get std::dynamic_extent shortened to std::dyn in C++20

LayoutPolicy

■ mdspan is a *non-owning* multidimensional array view for C++23



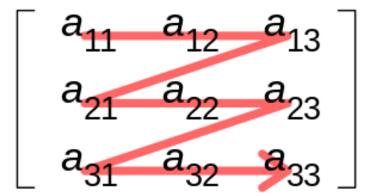
LayoutPolicy

- Maps indices into offsets
 - layout_right
 - Rightmost extent is contiguous

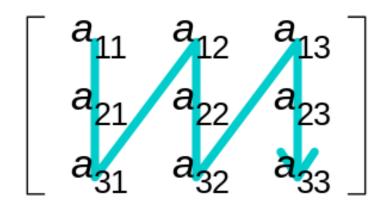
- Default
- Row-major
- C++ / C ordering
- layout_left
 - Leftmost extent is contiguous

- Column-major
- Fortran ordering
- layout_stride
- User-defined
 - Tiled, Symmetric, Sparse, Compressed, etc.

Row-major order



Column-major order



LayoutPolicy::mapping

```
template<tvpename Extents>
struct layout *::mapping {
   //...
    constexpr const extents type& extents() const noexcept;
    constexpr index type required span size() const noexcept;
    template<class... Indices>
    constexpr index type operator()(Indices...) const noexcept;
    static constexpr bool is always unique() noexcept;
    static constexpr bool is always exhaustive() noexcept;
    static constexpr bool is always strided() noexcept;
    static constexpr bool is unique() noexcept;
    static constexpr bool is exhaustive() noexcept;
    static constexpr bool is strided() noexcept;
    constexpr index type stride(rank type) const noexcept;
    template < class OtherExtents >
    friend constexpr bool operator==(const mapping&, const mapping<OtherExtents>&) noexcept;
}:
```



AccessorPolicy

mdspan is a non-owning multidimensional array view for C++23



AccessorPolicy

- Customize the pointer and reference types
- Add decorations like restrict
- Remote memory
- Compressed memory
- Atomic access
 - std::atomic_ref



default_accessor

```
template<class ElementType>
 struct default accessor {
   using offset_policy = default_accessor;
   using element type = ElementType;
   using reference = ElementType&;
   using data handle type = ElementType*;
   constexpr default_accessor() noexcept = default;
   template < class OtherElementType>
   constexpr default accessor(default accessor<OtherElementType>) noexcept {}
   constexpr reference access(data_handle_type p, size_t i) const noexcept { return p[i]; }
   constexpr pointer offset(data_handle_type p, size_t i) const noexcept { return p + i; }
 };
```



AccessorPolicy

■ mdspan is a *non-owning* multidimensional array view for C++23

Construct it with a pointer and a list of extents



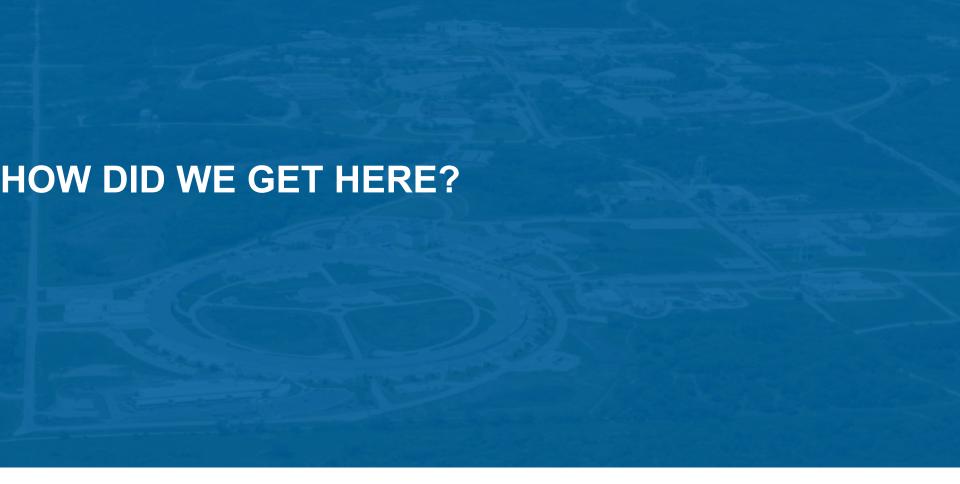
AccessorPolicy

mdspan is a non-owning multidimensional array view for C++23



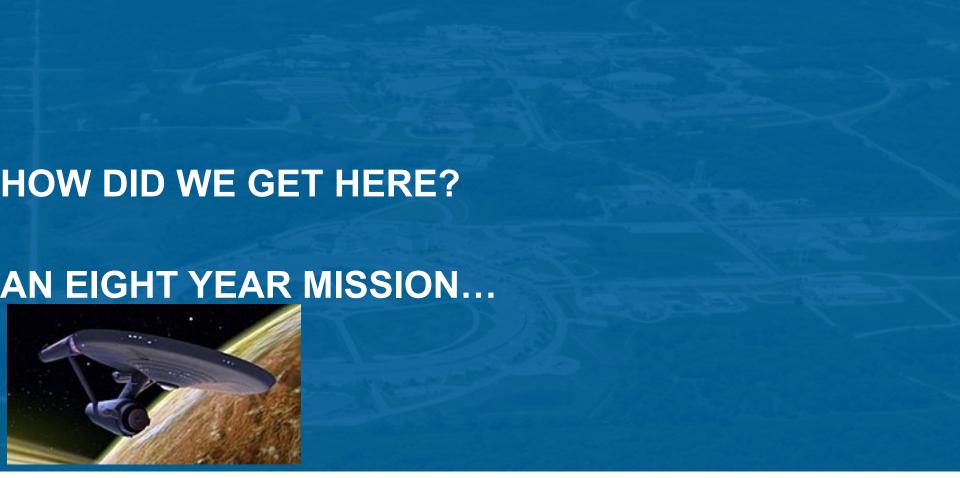
■ mdspan is a *non-owning* multidimensional array view for C++23





















N3851 MULTIDIMENSIONAL BOUNDS, INDEX AND ARRAY_VIEW

Łukasz Mendakiewicz & Herb Sutter (Microsoft)

- Based on C++Amp
- Only static extents

```
template <class ValueType, int Rank = 1>
struct array_view {
    constexpr array_view(bounds<Rank> bounds, ValueType* data) noexcept;
    // ...
    constexpr reference operator[](const index<Rank>& idx) const noexcept;
}
```

- strided_array_view
 - Contiguity in the least significant dimension is lifted



bounds<2>{ 5, 4 }

index<2>{ 1, 3 }

ARRAY_VIEW

Issaquah 2014

- Would like variadic operator[] but don't want to wait for language support
- Would like to mix static and dynamic extents



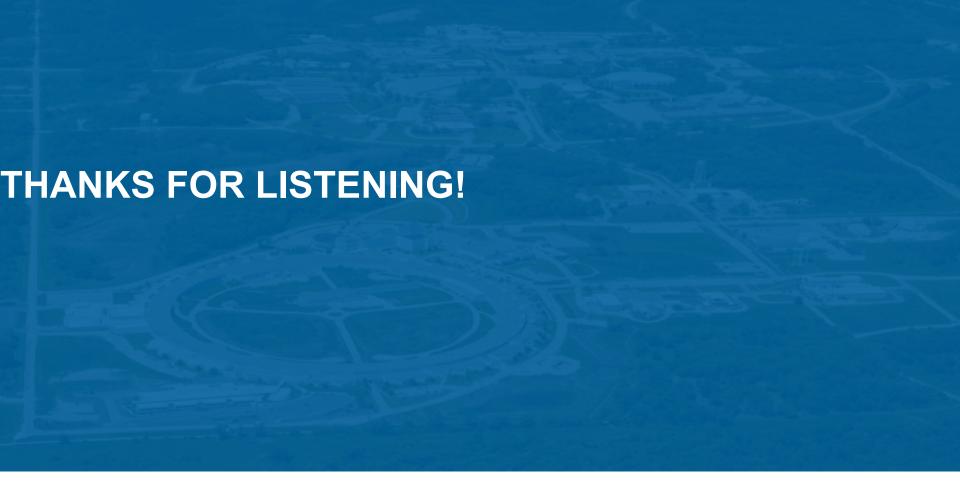
ARRAY VIEW

Issaquah 2014

- Polls: Strongly Favor | Weakly in Favor | Neutral | Weakly Against | Strongly Against
 - Comfortable with [(1, 2)] syntax? 6 4 2 2 1
 - Comfortable with (1, 2) syntax instead of [()]? 3-2-3-5-1
 - Comfortable with 2 spellings? 0 1 3 1 10
 - Delay paper in ArraysTS until fixed_array_view? 0 0 4 4 8
 - array_view should have iterators with ValueType array_view? 0 0 3 7 4
 - Add a layout template parameter? 5 6 5 1 0
 - Hold up ArraysTS for layout? Unanimously NO
 - Take array_view for ArraysTS? 9 5 1 0 0





























Born 2013 (Chicago)

- Runtime-sized arrays with automatic storage duration
 - Stack arrays
 - No bounds checking, overrun the stack, etc.
 - Need a safe way to access it, iterators, etc.



CONTIGUOUS TYPES & CONTAINERS

<u>Type</u>	<u>Models</u>	Min Capacity	Max Capacity
Т	Exactly 1	Compile Time	Compile Time
optional <t></t>	Up to 1	Compile Time	Compile Time
array <t,n></t,n>	Exactly N	Compile Time	Compile Time
dynarray <t></t>	Exactly N	Run Time	Run Time
<pre>static_vector<t,n> fixed_capacity_vector<t,n> static_vector<t,n></t,n></t,n></t,n></pre>	Up to N	Compile Time	Compile Time
clump<t,n,a></t,n,a> small_vector <t,n,a></t,n,a>	Indefinite	Compile Time	Run Time
vector <t,a></t,a>	Indefinite	Run Time	Run Time

CONTIGUOUS TYPES & CONTAINERS

<u>Type</u>	<u>Models</u>	Min Capacity	Max Capacity
Т	Exactly 1	Compile Time	Compile Time
optional <t></t>	Up to 1	Compile Time	Compile Time
array <t,n></t,n>	Exactly N	Compile Time	Compile Time
<u>dynarray<t></t></u>	Exactly N	<u>Run Time</u>	<u>Run Time</u>
<pre>static_vector<t,n> fixed_capacity_vector<t,n> static_vector<t,n></t,n></t,n></t,n></pre>	Up to N	Compile Time	Compile Time
clump<t,n,a></t,n,a> small_vector <t,n,a></t,n,a>	Indefinite	Compile Time	Run Time
vector <t,a></t,a>	Indefinite	Run Time	Run Time

- Need a safe way to access it, iterators, etc.
 - class dynarray
 - Allocator not part of the type
 - Passed to constructors
 - How does dynarray "stack memory" work if embedded in another type?
 - And what if that aggregate type is on the heap?
 - Compiler writers do not know how to implement this

■ *Impasse!*

■ We'll have an Arrays TS (Technical Specification) to sort it out





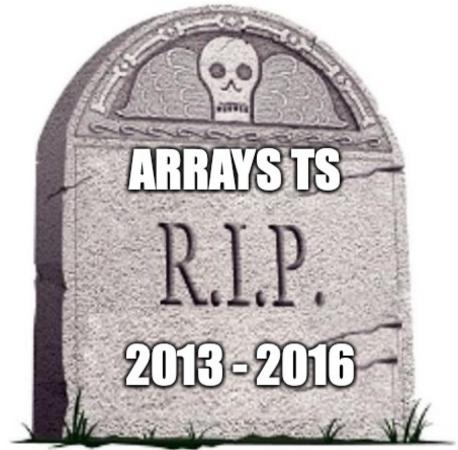
2014 (Issaquah)

- Let us add all the array like things
 - array_view
 - array_ref (span-like) and string_ref (string_view)
 - Multi-dimensional support to std::array
 - make_array
 - Extend shared_ptr and make_shared to support arrays



Died 2016 (Jacksonville)

- Should we kill the Arrays TS?
 - **85600**











N3976 (Revision 2) - Rapperswil

- Wording
- Some minor changes
- Send to Library Fundamentals TS v2
 - **104120**



N4087 (Revision 3)

Minor fixes





OTHER IMPORTANT C++ STUFF AROUND THIS TIME





THE FIRST CPPCON

September 7th-12th, 2014 Bellevue, Washington



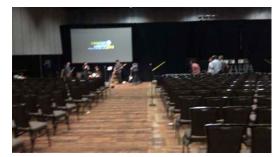
Happy to be there...



Making history...



So young...



Energetic...





THE FIRST CPPCON

September 7th-12th, 2014 Bellevue, Washington







THE FIRST CPPCON

September 7th-12th, 2014 Bellevue, Washington





But I digress...





N4177 (Revision 4) - Urbana

- Forward to formal motions?
 - **54200**



N4222 MINIMAL ADDITIONS TO THE ARRAY VIEW LIBRARY FOR PERFORMANCE AND INTEROPERABILITY

Rutger ter Borg & Jesse Perla

- Urbana (after meeting)
 - StorageOrder template tag (layout)
 - fixed_array_view (static extents as template parameters)
 - StrideType template parameter (layout)
 - Variadic operator() for index lookup
 - Polls
 - Split 1D array_view from multidimensional one 1 1 4 5 0
 - If variadic operator[] comes along, use it (else operator()) 6 3 2 0 0
 - Allow operator [] for 1D case 4 4 3 0 0





D4300 ISSUES WITH ARRAY_VIEW

H. Carter Edwards (Sandia / Kokkos)

- Array layout has a significant impact on performance, including simd-vectorize
- Array layout performance considerations should include tiling and padding
- Strided should be a layout option
- Ability to mix compile-time and runtime dimensions has performance impact
- index and bounds could be replaced by std::array<ptrdiff_t, Rank>
- array_view<T, Rank>inconsistent with std::array<T, Length>
- Interaction with memory management is not addressed
- Recommendation: delay N4177 to ArraysTS









N4346 (Revision 5) - Cologne (L(E)WG only meeting)

- LWG changes requested in Urbana incorporated
- Many detailed comments
- "Looking in good shape to move in Lenexa"





N4494 (Revision 6) - Lenexa

LWG changes requested in Cologne incorporated





N4512 (Revision 7) - Lenexa

- LWG changes requested in Lenexa (earlier in the week) incorporated
- Formal motions straw polls page
 - Voted down













```
template <class DataType
       [, class LayoutType]
       [, class MemorySpace]
       [, class MemoryTraits]>
class View;
```





DataType

```
template <class DataType
      [, class LayoutType]
      [, class MemorySpace]
      [, class MemoryTraits]>
class View;
```





DataType

```
template <class DataType
      [, class LayoutType]
      [, class MemorySpace]
      [, class MemoryTraits]>
class View;
```





DataType

- Runtime (dynamic) and compile time (static) dimensions
- Const views
- Terse notation that must be valid C++ syntax
 - Requires runtime dimensions appear first
 - View<double**>
 - 2D View of double with 2 runtime dimensions
 - View<const int***[5][3]>
 - 5D View of int with 3 runtime and 2 compile time dimensions.
 - The data is read-only (const).





- Index with operator()
 - 1D Views can be indexed with operator[]
- Sometimes owning
 - (Kokkos parlance: managed or unmanaged)
- Sometimes reference counting
 - Not inside parallel_for, parallel_reduce, parallel_scan



LayoutType

```
template <class DataType
      [, class LayoutType]
      [, class MemorySpace]
      [, class MemoryTraits]>
class View;
```

- Maps indices into offsets
 - LayoutLeft, LayoutRight, LayoutStride, LayoutTiled



MemorySpace

```
template <class DataType
     [, class LayoutType]
     [, class MemorySpace]
     [, class MemoryTraits]>
class View;
```

- Where the memory resides
 - CPU, GPU, etc.





MemoryTraits

```
template <class DataType
      [, class LayoutType]
      [, class MemorySpace]
      [, class MemoryTraits]>
class View;
```



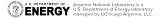
MemoryTraits

- AccessorPolicy + Managed/Unmanaged
- Atomic
- RandomAccess
 - Hint
- C restrict



Under the covers

```
template <class DataType
       [, class LayoutType]
       [, class MemorySpace]
       [, class MemoryTraits]>
class View;
```





Under the covers

Multi-dimensional array of zero or more dimensions

```
template <class DataType
       [, class LayoutType]
       [, class MemorySpace]
       [, class MemoryTraits]>
class View;
```

template <class DataType, class... Properties>
class View;











N4355 : SHARED MULTIDIMENSIONAL ARRAY WITH POLYMORPHIC LAYOUT

H. Carter Edwards & Christian Trott

```
template<class ArrayType,</pre>
         class ArrayLayout = void,
         class SizeType = size t>
class shared_array;
template<class ArrayType,
         class ArrayLayout = void,
         class SizeType = size t>
class weak array;
```





N4355 : SHARED MULTIDIMENSIONAL ARRAY WITH POLYMORPHIC LAYOUT

SizeType

Being able to customize the SizeType is important for performance!





N4355 : SHARED MULTIDIMENSIONAL ARRAY WITH POLYMORPHIC LAYOUT

Lenexa

ArrayType

- Language change!
- Allow operator[] for rank-1?
 - **26121**





- Pub Quiz!
 - This is the first appearance of

```
enum class byte : std::uint8_t {};
```

- Bonus question: what are the differences between this and byte in C++17?
 - enum class byte : unsigned char {};
 - Type punning is allowed
- Constructing with invalid values
 - std::terminate
 - Not undefined behavior



```
// class that represents a point in a multidimensional space
template <size t Rank, typename ValueType = size t>
class index;
// a random-access iterator over a static bounds or strided bounds object
// has the usual form so elided here for brevity of exposition
// comes in both const and non-const flavors
template <typename IndexType>
class bounds_iterator;
// static bounds is a fixed set of extents
// in multidimensional space for an array_view
// this is one instance of the "bounds" conceptual type
template <typename SizeType, size t FirstRange, size t... RestRanges> class static bounds;
template <size_t Rank, typename SizeType = size t>
class strided bounds;
```





```
// a helper type that is useful to
represent a dimension when
// creating and navigating strided/
multidimensional arrays
template <size_t DimSize = dynamic_range>
struct dim;
```

```
template <>
struct dim<dynamic_range>;
```



```
// a helper type that can be passed to the ValueTypeOpt
  parameter of array view, in which case the size type
  member is used to determine the type used for measurement
// and index access into the array view.
template <typename ValueType, typename SizeType>
struct array view options
      struct array_view_traits
            using value_type = ValueType;
            using size_type = SizeType;
      };
};
```



Neil MacIntosh (Microsoft)

```
// a random-access iterator over an array_view or
strided_array_view object
// has the usual form so elided here for brevity of
exposition
// comes in both const and non-const flavors
template <typename IndexType>
class array_view_iterator;
```

template <typename ValueTypeOpt, size_t FirstDimension,
size_t... RestDimensions>
class array_view;





My thoughts

- First time I can remember being present for an array_view discussion
- Way too complicated for mere mortals like me
- I'll let the people who need this figure it out
- If only I knew I would be entering this field exactly three years later to the day!...





P0122R1 SPAN: BOUNDS-SAFE VIEWS FOR SEQUENCES OF OBJECTS

- Removed multidimensional aspects from the proposal
- Unfortunately, I stopped paying attention to this proposal for a while...









SPAN

■ I'm sorry



SPAN

using size_type = size_t;

- I'm sorry
 - I lead the charge
 - Up against well-known C++ luminaries
 - At least two of which were on that Committee Fireside Chat stage last night
 - Before I was in HPC
 - And thought the performance differences were minor
 - Which is what committee members say when they want a feature
 - Don't want a feature? Can't afford even one cycle
 - More important was Interoperability with the rest of the standard library











H. Carter Edwards, Christian Trott, Juan Alday (finance), Jesse Perla (UBC.CA), Mauro Bianco (CSCS.CH), Robin Maffeo (AMD), Ben Sander (AMD), Bryce Lelbach (LBL)

- Not just Kokkos folks
- The essential issue with array_view
 - Did not fulfill C++'s zero-overhead abstraction
 - For both static and dynamic extents
 - Different memory layouts
 - Eigen
 - Matlab's C++ interface
 - Would need another library for "direct mapping to the hardware"



- Layout more general
 - Different orderings
 - Padding
- Interoperability with libraries using compile-time extents
- Zero-overhead abstraction for constexpr extents and strides
- Extensibility for view properties beyond dimensions and layouts





Multiple implicit dimensions

template<class DataType, class... Properties>
struct view;

- View of multidimensional array with multiple implicit dimensions
 - Either pass a property, or...
 - "Requires slight language specification change for correction and relaxation of array declaration."

```
view<int, view_property::implicit_dimensions<3>>;
view<int[][][]>;
```



Multiple implicit dimensions

```
view<int, view_property::implicit_dimensions<3>>;
view<int[][][]>;
```

- Equivalent-but-distinct types
- Issues when declaring the type in an interface

void DoSomething(view<???> v);

- Separate overloads
- Pay (small) runtime conversion cost
- Stay in template-land





- Layout
 - view<int[][][], view_property::layout_left>
- (Variadic) Properties get you flexibility and extensibility
 - At the cost of many equivalent-but-distinct types
- Polls
 - Do we want static zero-length extents? 3 4 2 3 0
 - Do we want property lists in the template arguments? 3 6 3 0 0
 - Do we want per view bounds checking? 3 4 2 1 1



Kona 2015

- Bikeshed
 - array_ref
- What about errors?
 - Contracts?









CONTRACTS

- C++ has only one knob that says "Here Be Dragons"
 - Undefined Behavior
 - Everything else is <u>defined</u> behavior
 - And developers will write code dependent on defined behavior
- Contracts will give us more knobs
 - C++26 hopefully?









P0009R1 POLYMORPHIC MULTIDIMENSIONAL ARRAY REFERENCE

Jacksonville 2016

- view is now array_ref
- Debate on signed vs. unsigned size_type



P0009R2 POLYMORPHIC MULTIDIMENSIONAL ARRAY REFERENCE

pre-Oulu 2016

- Add details for layout mapping
- Relaxed array declaration syntax moved to P0332
- Motivation and examples moved to P0331



P0009R3 POLYMORPHIC MULTIDIMENSIONAL ARRAY REFERENCE

post-Oulu 2016

Undesirable Extent Mechanism (B) Proposal

```
template<size_t... IntegralExtent>
struct extents;
```



P0009R4 POLYMORPHIC MULTIDIMENSIONAL ARRAY REFERENCE

Albuquerque 2017

- Renamed to mdspan
- Align with span
- extents now part of this proposal
 - Still hoping for mdspan<int[][][]>
- Polls
 - We should be able to index with span<int-type [N] > (in addition to an array)? 2 11 1 1 0
 - We should be able to index with 1d mdspan? 0 8 7 0 0
 - Forward this to LWG for Library Fundamentals v3? Unanimous consent



LIBRARY FUNDAMENTALS V3

First working draft post-Rapperswil 2018

- Never got mdspan
- As for it shipping...
 - P2631R0 <u>Publish TS Library Fundamentals 3 Now!</u> Alisdair Meredith, Bryce Adelstein Lelbach, Jonathan Wakely
 - September 15th, 2022 mailing (two days from now!) for Kona discussion
 - Other possible directions (rejected by the authors):
 - Rebase onto C++23
 - Merge into C++23
 - Merge into C++26
 - Drop the TS entirely





P0009R5 POLYMORPHIC MULTIDIMENSIONAL ARRAY REFERENCE

Jacksonville 2018

- P0009R4 changes except span<int-type [N] > (weak support 2 11 1 0 0 & no proven need)
- P0009R5 not reviewed in Jacksonville



P0900R0 AN ONTOLOGY FOR PROPERTIES OF MDSPAN (DAISY HOLLMAN)

Jacksonville 2018

• We want the customization of basic_mdspan to be two customization points Mapper and Accessor (akin to Allocator design)?

```
basic_mdspan<T, Extents, Mapper, Accessor>
mdspan<T, N...>
```

- **3** 4 5 1 0
- WA I don't want too many types in the template argument list
- We want the customization of basic_mdspan to be an arbitrary (and potentially user-extensible) list of properties (akin to Executor property design)?

12262



P0009R6 MDSPAN: A NON-OWNING MULTIDIMENSIONAL ARRAY REFERENCE

Rapperswil 2018

- Replaced variadic property list with extents, layout mapping and accessor properties
- Added accessor policy concept
- Renamed mdspan to basic mdspan





P0009R7 MDSPAN: A NON-OWNING MULTIDIMENSIONAL ARRAY REFERENCE

post-Rapperswil 2018

- Wording
- How to refer to span (as that will be in C++20, not C++17)



P0009R8 MDSPAN: A NON-OWNING MULTIDIMENSIONAL ARRAY REFERENCE

San Diego 2018

Update based on reference implementation





P0009R9 MDSPAN: A NON-OWNING MULTIDIMENSIONAL ARRAY REFERENCE

Kona 2019

Wording

• (I joined Argonne a week before this meeting)



P1161R3 DEPRECATE USES OF THE COMMA OPERATOR IN SUBSCRIPTING EXPRESSIONS - CORENTIN JABOT

Kona 2019 for C++20

CURRENT

```
array[x]  // 0k
array[(x,y)] // 0k, uses y as index/key
array[x,y]  // 0k, uses y as index/key
```

PROPOSED



P0009R10 MDSPAN: A NON-OWNING MULTIDIMENSIONAL ARRAY REFERENCE

Prague 2020

- Wording and paper cleanup
- C++20 is done!
 - span is hot
 - mdspan is not
- I accepted the LEWGI vice chair position
- And then the pandemic hit...



P0009R11 MDSPAN

2021 telecons, telecons, telecons...

- I'm now an author on P0009!
- Changed all sizes from ptrdiff_t to size_t
- Explicit about trivially copyable



TRIVIALLY COPYABLE

- How do we copy objects in C++?
 - Copy constructor / copy assignment operator
 - Running code
 - Code may access both source and destination
 - Can we do the same for inter-device copying (host/device or device/device)?
 - Where would the code run?
 - May not be able to simultaneously access source and destination
 - We can copy the bytes (object representation) that make up the object
 - C++ trivially copyable used as a proxy for types where we can copy the bytes





P0009R12 MDSPAN

2021 telecons, telecons, telecons...

- Now L(E)WG wants the design decisions back in the paper *sigh*
- Poll
 - Prefer the IS over LFTSv3 as ship vehicle for P0009 (mdspan)
 - **106100**
- Still hopeful for mdspan<T[][][] mdspan<T[][64][]> syntax



P2128 MULTIDIMENSIONAL SUBSCRIPT OPERATOR

Mark Hoemmen, Daisy Hollman, Corentin Jabot, Isabella Muerte, Christian Trott

- Because P1161 deprecated the use of comma expressions in subscript expressions in C++20
 - Now make them ill-formed and give a new meaning to commas in subscript expressions
- ■a[a, y, z]
 - Eliminate workarounds
 - a(x, y, z)
 - a[x][y][z]
 - a[{x, y, z}]
- "We propose that operator[] should be able to accept zero or more arguments, including variadic arguments."
- "Both its use and definition would match that of operator()."
 - Except P1169 static operator() changes fell through the cracks
 - P2589 static operator[] would fix this, but probably not in time for C++23

P0009R13 MDSPAN

- dextents type alias
- Removed old mdspan and renamed basic_mdspan to mdspan

```
template < class ElementType, class Extents, class LayoutPolicy, class AccessorPolicy>
class basic_mdspan { /* ... */ };

template < class T, size_t... Extents>
    using mdspan = basic_mdspan < T, extents < Extents...>>;
```

- Deduction guides (CTAD) [P2299]
- operator[]





CLASS TEMPLATE ARGUMENT DEDUCTION (CTAD) (AKA DEDUCTION GUIDES)





Deduction Guides (C++17)

Class template parameters are deduced from the constructor arguments

```
template < class T1, class T2>
pair(T1, T2) -> pair < T1, T2>;
```

- All parameters must be deduced
- Implicit and user defined ones
- Creates a different overload set
 - Exactly one match pair(...) -> exactly one match pair<T1, T2>::pair(...)

```
pair<int, const char*> t(2, "Three"); // All pair ctors
pair d(2, "Three"); // Only CTAD ctors
```





- No need to specify template parameters when declaring non-member variables
 - Immense gain in usability for types with lots of template parameters
 - Like mdspan
 - But it is a tradeoff
 - Still need to know the exact type with template parameters
 - Declaring member variables
 - Compile time debugging





mdspan (from C++23)

```
template<class CArrav>
 requires(is array v<CArray> && rank v<CArray> == 1)
 mdspan(CArrav&)
   -> mdspan<remove_all_extents_t<CArray>, extents<size_t, extent_v<CArray, 0>>>;
template<class Pointer>
 requires(is pointer v<remove reference t<Pointer>>)
 mdspan(Pointer&&)
   -> mdspan<remove pointer t<remove reference t<Pointer>>. extents<size t>>:
template<class ElementType, class... Integrals>
 requires((is convertible_v<Integrals, size_t> && ...) && sizeof...(Integrals) > 0)
 explicit mdspan(ElementType*, Integrals...)
   -> mdspan<ElementType, dextents<size t, sizeof...(Integrals)>>;
template<class ElementType, class OtherIndexType, size t N>
 mdspan(ElementType*, span<OtherIndexType, N>)
   -> mdspan<ElementType. dextents<size t. N>>:
template<class ElementType, class OtherIndexType, size t N>
 mdspan(ElementType*, const array<OtherIndexType, N>&)
   -> mdspan<ElementType. dextents<size t. N>>:
template<class ElementType, class IndexType, size t... ExtentsPack>
 mdspan(ElementType*. const extents<IndexType. ExtentsPack...>&)
   -> mdspan<ElementType, extents<IndexType, ExtentsPack...>>;
template<class ElementType, class MappingType>
 mdspan(ElementType*, const MappingType&)
   -> mdspan<ElementType, typename MappingType::extents_type,
             typename MappingType::layout_type>;
template<class MappingType, class AccessorType>
 mdspan(const typename AccessorType::data_handle_type&, const MappingType&,
        const AccessorType&)
   -> mdspan<typename AccessorType::element_type, typename MappingType::extents_type,
             typename MappingType::layout_type, AccessorType>;
```





mdspan(T*)

// pointer to one object

```
template<class Pointer>
  requires(is_pointer_v<remove_reference_t<Pointer>>)
 mdspan(Pointer&&)
    -> mdspan<remove_pointer_t<remove_reference_t<Pointer>>, extents<size_t>>;
// ...
int i = 0:
int* p = &i;
mdspan d(p);
// mdspan(int*&)
  remove reference t<int*&> --> int*
// is pointer v<int*> == true
// remove pointer t<int*> --> int
// mdspan<int, extents<size_t>> ->
   mdspan<int, extents<size_t>, layout_right, default_accessor<int>>
// template<class... OtherIndexTypes>
   constexpr explicit mdspan<int, extents<size_t>>::mdspan(int*, OtherIndexTypes... exts);
  template<> constexpr explicit mdspan<int, extents<size t>>::mdspan(int*)
```









P0009R14 MDSPAN

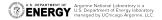
- Send P0009R14 (mdspan) to LWG for C++23 with priority P3 (to be confirmed with a Library Evolution electronic poll)
 - 97000
 - **11/2021**



P0009R15 MDSPAN

2022 telecons, telecons, telecons...

LWG wording review





P0009R16 MDSPAN

2022 telecons, telecons, telecons...

LWG wording review





P0009R17 MDSPAN

- submdspan moved to a separate paper
 - Not enough time to review it before C++23 feature freeze
 - I didn't have enough time to review it in this talk either. :-)



P2553R2 MAKE MDSPAN SIZE_TYPE CONTROLLABLE

2022 telecons, telecons, telecons...

Added SizeType template parameter for extents

template<class SizeType, size_t... Es> class extents;

- Initially constrained to unsigned types
- LEWG relaxed that constraint
 - Do not constrain extents size_type to unsigned_integral, allow for signed extents
 7-8-1-0-0
 - The concept of the size_type should be a Mandate rather than a Constraint 7-10-0-0-0
 - Send [P2553R1] Make mdspan size_type Controllable to Library Working Group for C++23, classified as an improvement of an existing feature ([P0592R4] bucket 2 item)
 7-9-1-1-0





P2599R2 INDEX_TYPE & SIZE_TYPE IN MDSPAN

```
Throughout the standard, size_type stands for an unsigned type
Rename size_type to index_type
• What should mdspan::size() return?
   ■ P0009R16 returned old size type
   ■ P0009R17 returned size t
template<...> class extents { // ...
     using size type = make unsigned t<index type>;
};
template<...> class mdspan { // ...
     using size type = typename extents::size type;
     constexpr size type size() const noexcept;
};
■ Separate paper from P0009 to lessen risk of P0009 not making C++23
```





P2599R2 INDEX_TYPE & SIZE_TYPE IN MDSPAN

- Send P2599R0 (mdspan::size_type should be index_type) to Library for C++23 classified as an improvement (B2), to be confirmed with a Library Evolution electronic poll 2-7-2-2-0
 - SA: It's already a conscious choice by the user to use a signed type. So I don't think it will be surprising. The consistency of having it be called size_type is more important
- mdspan, extents, and layouts should have both an index_type (which is whatever the user provides for the first template parameter to extents) and a size_type (which is make_unsigned_t<index_type>) 3-9-1-1-0
 - WA: It's additional complexity
- Modify P2599R1 (mdspan::size_type should be index_type) such that mdspan::sizes return type is size_type, and send the modified paper to Library for C++23 classified as B2 Improvement, to be confirmed with a Library Evolution electronic poll 5-8-0-1-0
 - WA: This is a late change.
- Put P2599R2 into C++23 pending LEWG approval 18-0-0
- Send [P2599R2] index_type & size_type In mdspan to Library Working Group for C++23, classified as an improvement of an existing feature ([P0592R4] bucket 2 item) 14-7-2-1-0





P2604R0 MDSPAN: RENAME POINTER AND CONTIGUOUS

- LWG review of P0009 wanted naming changes for problematic names
- pointer --> data_handle_type
 - Really is an opaque handle to data
 - Need not be dereferencable or indexable
 - Follows precedence of std::thread::native_handle_type
- Similar reasoning for mdspan::data() —> mdspan::data_handle()
- contiguous —> exhaustive
 - contiguous implies linear order, which isn't necessarily true
- Separate paper from P0009 to lessen risk of P0009 not making C++23
 - **13-13-0-0-0**



P2613R1 ADD THE MISSING 'EMPTY' TO 'MDSPAN'

2022 telecons, telecons, telecons...

- Add empty() to go along with size()
- Separate paper from P0009 to lessen risk of P0009 not making C++23
 - Almost didn't make it, as P2613R0 had a wording bug
 - **10-10-1-1-0**

[[nodiscard]] constexpr bool empty() const noexcept;





P0009R18 MDSPAN

Christian Trott, D.S. Hollman, Damien Lebrun-Grandie, Mark Hoemmen, Daniel Sunderland, H. Carter Edwards, Bryce Adelstein Lelbach, Mauro Bianco, Ben Sander, Athanasios Iliopoulos, John Michopoulos, Nevin Liber

- Apply the changes in P0009R18 (MDSPAN) to the C++ working paper
 - Unanimous consent
 - 2022-Jul-25 11:25 am CDT















BUT THAT WAS THE C++20 PRAGUE CELEBRATION





BUT THAT WAS THE C++20 PRAGUE CELEBRATION HERE IS THE P0009 MDSPAN CELEBRATION:









MDSPAN

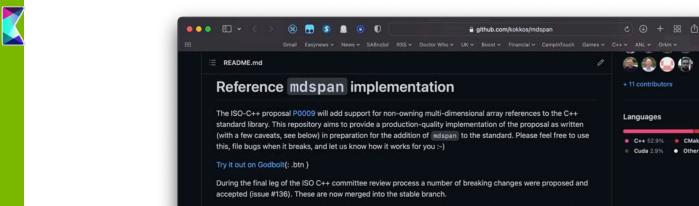
http://eel.is/c++draft/views#mdspan.syn

As of 2022-August-17:

```
24.7.4
              Header <mdspan> synopsis
                                                                                      [mdspan.syn]
  namespace std {
   // [mdspan.extents], class template extents
    template<class IndexType, size t... Extents>
      class extents;
   // [mdspan.extents.dextents], alias template dextents
    template<class IndexType, size t Rank>
      using dextents = see below;
   // [mdspan.layout], layout mapping
    struct layout left;
    struct layout right;
    struct layout stride;
   // [mdspan.accessor.default], class template default accessor
   template<class ElementType>
      class default accessor;
   // [mdspan.mdspan], class template mdspan
    template<class ElementType, class Extents, class LayoutPolicy = layout right,
             class AccessorPolicy = default accessor<ElementType>>
      class mdspan;
```







before

alias.

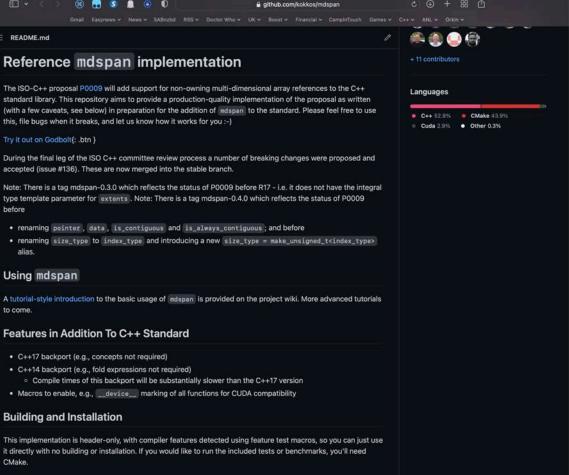
to come.

CMake.

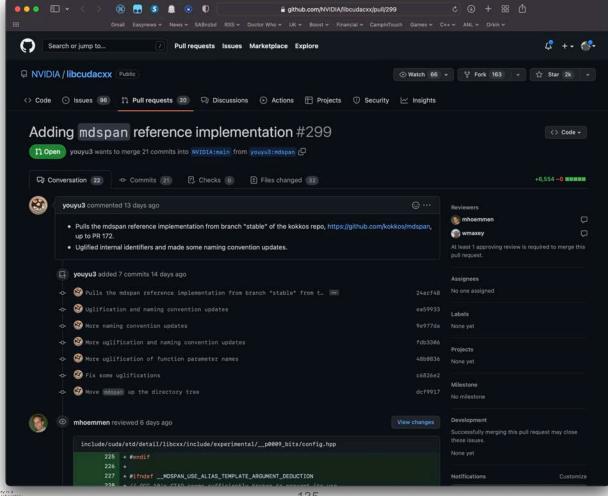
Using mdspan

Features in Addition To C++ Standard . C++17 backport (e.g., concepts not required) C++14 backport (e.g., fold expressions not required)

Building and Installation

















SYCL & MDSPAN

Tom Deakin, Dániel Berényi, Nevin Liber Ronan Keryell, Roland Schulz, Thomas Applencourt, James Brodman, Aksel Alpay, Gregory Lueck, Gordon Brown, Tadej Ciglarič

- A small subgroup of the Khronos SYCL Committee started thinking about and fleshing out how we can take advantage of mdspan in SYCL about a year ago
- First thoughts
 - Accessors
 - Unified Shared Memory (USM)
 - Strides, offsets and sub-buffers
 - More than three dimensions
 - Unify buffers and images





SYCL ACCESSORS

template <typename DataT, int Dimensions, access_mode AccessMode, target AccessTarget, ...>
class accessor { /* ... */ };

- accessor is the non-owning view of sycl::buffer
 - access_mode: read, write, read_write
 - target: device, host_task
- mdspan improvements over accessors
 - LayoutPolicy flexibility for order data is stored
 - AccessPolicy restrict, atomic, volatile, etc.





SYCL ACCESSORS

template <typename DataT, int Dimensions, access_mode AccessMode, target AccessTarget, ...>
class accessor { /* ... */ };

- mdspan improvements over accessors (continued)
 - Rectangular copies
 - USM copies from host
 - Async copy to/from all memory space combinations
- Alternative
 - Add these features to SYCL accessor







SYCL & MDSPAN

- embedded_ptr(hipSYCL)
 - Lightweight (compared with accessor) to get pointers to data inside kernels
 - In general we can't use raw pointers
 - Can't always share between host and device
 - We can use the embedded_ptr to directly create construct an mdspan

```
sycl::buffer<double, 2> A = {N,P};
embedded_ptr p_A {A, sycl::read_only};
cgh.parallel_for(...) {
    std::mdspan md_A {p_A, {N, P}};
}
```



SYCL & MDSPAN

Current Status

- Grew the subgroup to include implementers
- Working on proposal for next Khronos F2F Meeting (October 2022 Phoenix)
 - Buffer accessor mdspan
 - embedded_ptr mdspan
 - USM mdspan
 - C++23 baseline?
 - mdspan::operator[] requires it

Stay tuned!













KOKKOS

- Refactoring View to use mdspan
- Papers targeting C++26
 - P1673 A free function linear algebra interface based on the BLAS
 - P1684 mdarray
 - P2630 submdspan









mdarray

- Adaptor
 - stack, queue, priority_queue, flat_set, flat_map





ContainerPolicy

- "Replaces" AccessorPolicy from mdspan
 - Generalization of needed contiguous container features
 - create() method



Cologne 2019

- Polls
 - Do this as containers (md_array, md_vector?) instead of as adaptor? 0 7 2 2 3
 - Continue work and come back (we believe this is a problem the standard should solve? 8 8 3 2 0



Container Adaptor

- Why an adaptor?
 - array<T,N>, vector<T,A>, static_vector<T,N>, small_vector<T,N,A>
 - Device specific containers (sometimes C++ Standard Library containers won't work)
 - User defined containers



- Uses Container, not ContainerPolicy
 - Defaults to array when all static extents
 - Otherwise, defaults to vector
- Poll: The default container should be std::vector? 3 4 3 0 0



- Poll:
 - We support the presented container adapter design 8 8 0 1 0

- Consistent with C++23 mdspan
- Added size constructible container requirements

Strong Invariants

- mdarray with all static extents is not default constructible
 - Move assignment modifies both the source and destination underlying containers
 - What is the moved-from state of an mdarray of all static extents?
 - Valid-but-unspecified state of the underlying container isn't sufficient
 - What is the state of both the source and destination if move assignment throws?
 - Common standard containers:
 - array no problem (array elements in moved-from state won't break mdarray invariants)
 - vector::clear() isn't sufficient to maintain the invariant
 - User defined containers?
 - Even if clear() solved it (which is doesn't), in general clear() can throw too
- Other adaptors with invariants don't answer these questions either
 - Will probably file an NB comment for flat_map (, flat_set, priority_queue)











- Returns a different mdspan type
- Originally part of P0009
- Added customization points so that submdspan can work with user-defined policies
- Added the ability to specify slices as compile time values



SliceArgs

- index_type (from input mdspan)
 - Rank of resulting mdspan is one less than the input mdspan
 - Contains only elements where the index matches this slice specifier
- tuple<index_type, index_type>
 - Begin to end subrange of elements
- full_extent_t
 - Full range of indices
- strided_index_range<OffsetType, ExtentType, StrideType>{.offset, .extent, .stride}
- If any of index_type, OffsetType, ExtentType, StrideType is integral_constant
 - Compile time constant baked into the mdspan return type





strided_index_range{.offset, .extent, .stride}

- offset
 - The start index
- extent
 - Length of the subrange (not the end index)
- stride
 - Stride within that subrange



Customization Points

```
template<class Mapping, class ... SliceArgs>
auto submdspan mapping(const Mapping&, SliceArgs...) { /* ... */ }
template<class Mapping, class ... SliceArgs>
size t submdspan offset(const Mapping&, SliceArgs...) { /* ... */ }
template<class T, class E, class L, class A,
         class ... SliceArgs)
auto submdspan(const mdspan<T,E,L,A>& src, SliceArgs ... args) {
 size_t sub_offset = submdspan_offset(src.mapping(), args...); // ADL
 auto sub_map = submdspan_mapping(src.mapping(), args...);  // ADL
 typename A::offset policy sub acc(src.accessor());
 typename A::offset policy::data handle type
   sub handle = src.accessor().offset(src.data handle(), sub offset);
  return mdspan(sub handle, sub map, sub acc); // Customizations
```





SPECIAL THANKS: ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY **KOKKOS TEAM** C++ COMMITTEE KHRONOS SYCL COMMITTEE

...AND A CAST OF TENS? HUNDREDS?

(THANK THEM / BLAME ME)











■ This was supported by the Exascale Computing Project (17-SC-20-SC), a collaborative effort of two U.S. Department of Energy organizations (Office of Science and the National Nuclear Security Administration) responsible for the planning and preparation of a capable exascale ecosystem, including software, applications, hardware, advanced system engineering, and early testbed platforms, in support of the nation's exascale computing imperative. Additionally, this research used resources of the Argonne Leadership Computing Facility, which is a DOE Office of Science User Facility supported under Contract DE-AC02-06CH11357.







