

# Why Is My Build So Slow? Compilation Profiling and Visualization

SAMUEL PRIVETT





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#### Table of Contents

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Assumptions
- 3. Visualizing Compilation
- 4. Single File
- 5. Project Level
- 6. Higher Order
- 7. Takeaways
- 8. Questions

# Introduction

# High Level Concepts

#### About Me

- Sam Privett (He/Him)
- Robotics Software Engineer @ JnJ
- Curious about compilers



#### What is this talk?

Visualizing Compilation with Ninja and Clang

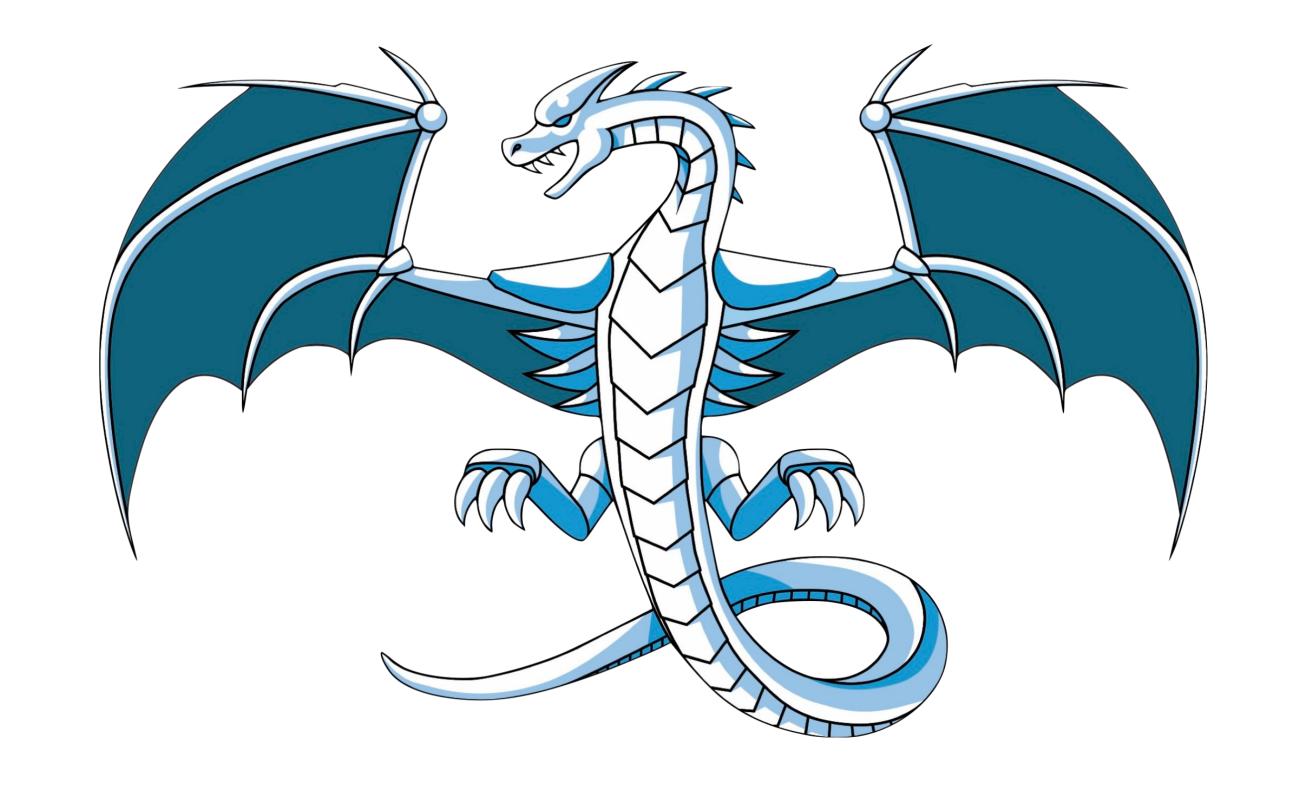


Speed up compilers



Write code that compiles faster



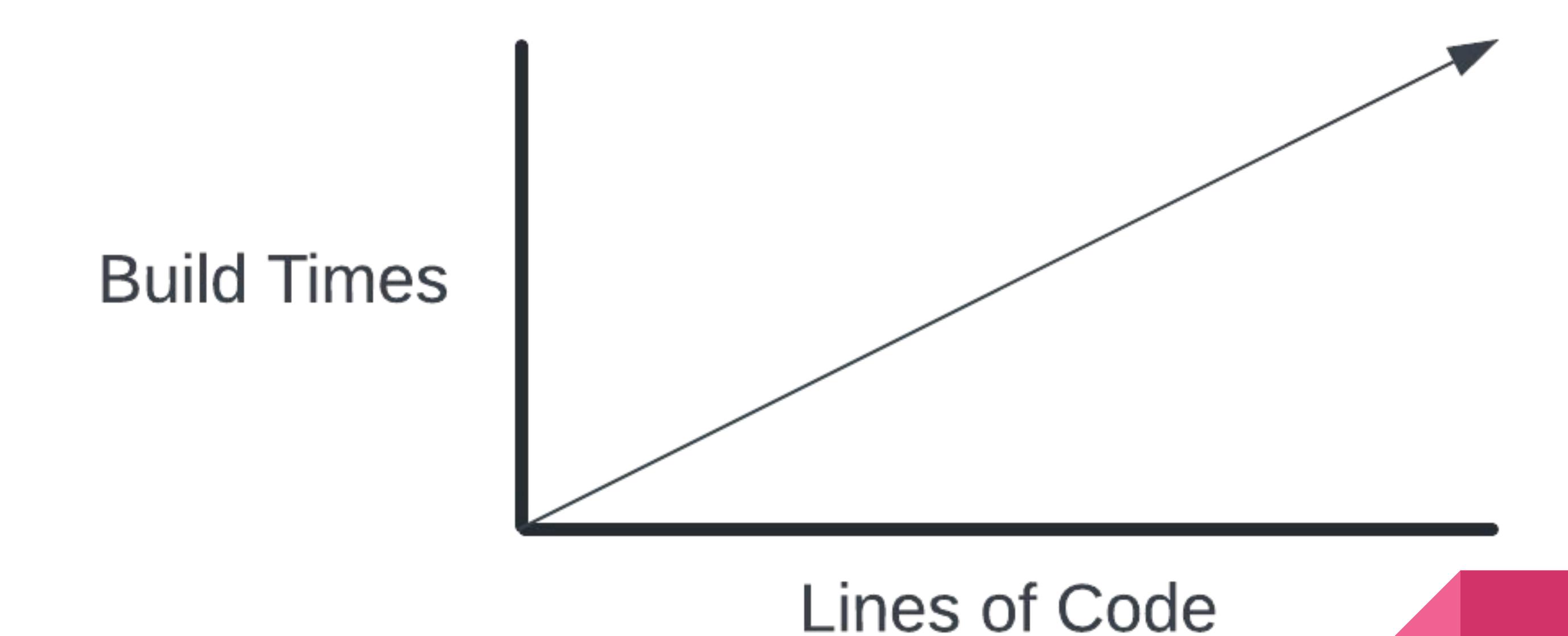


# Introduction

# Assumptions

Visualizing Compilation

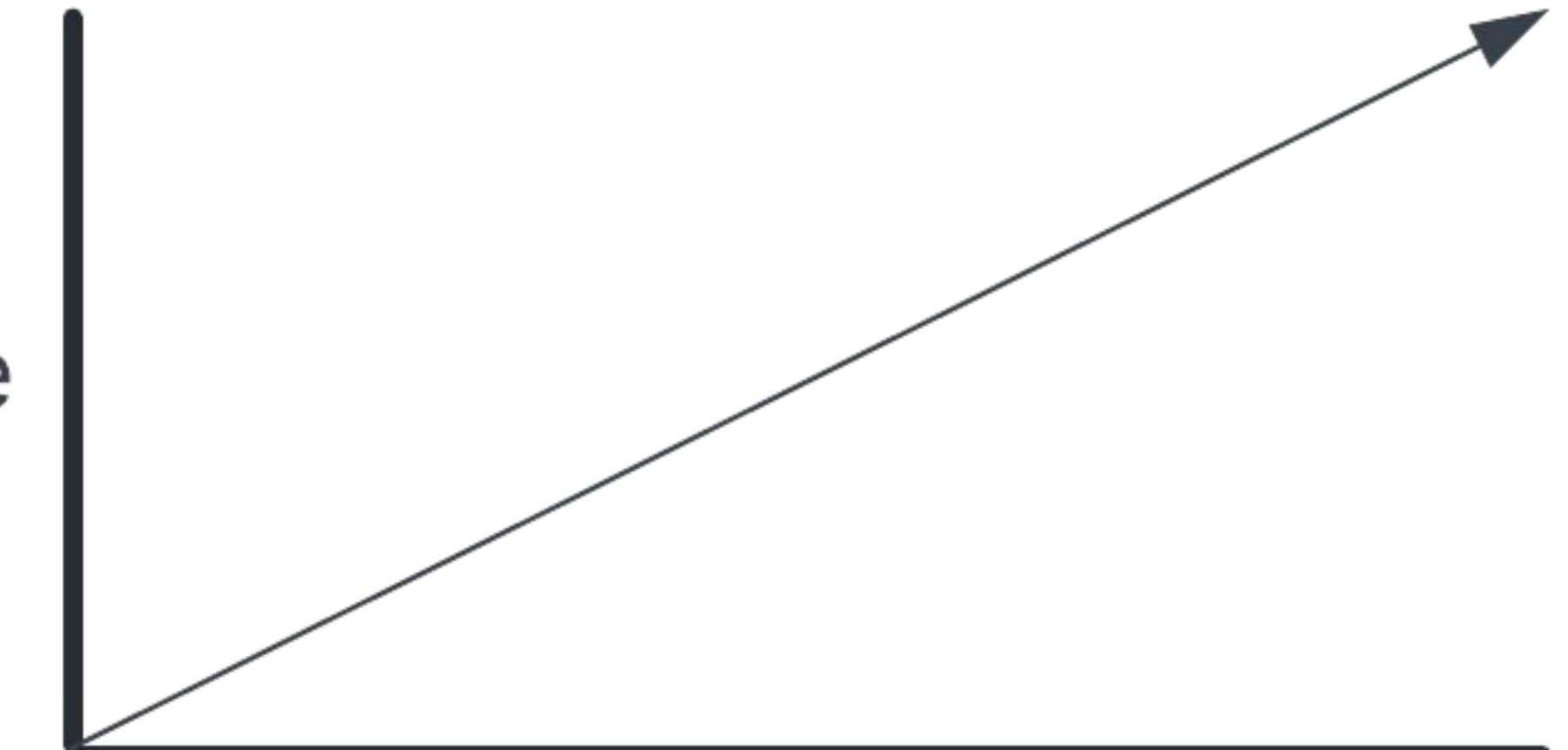
### Lines of Code ≈ Longer Build Times



# Lines of Code

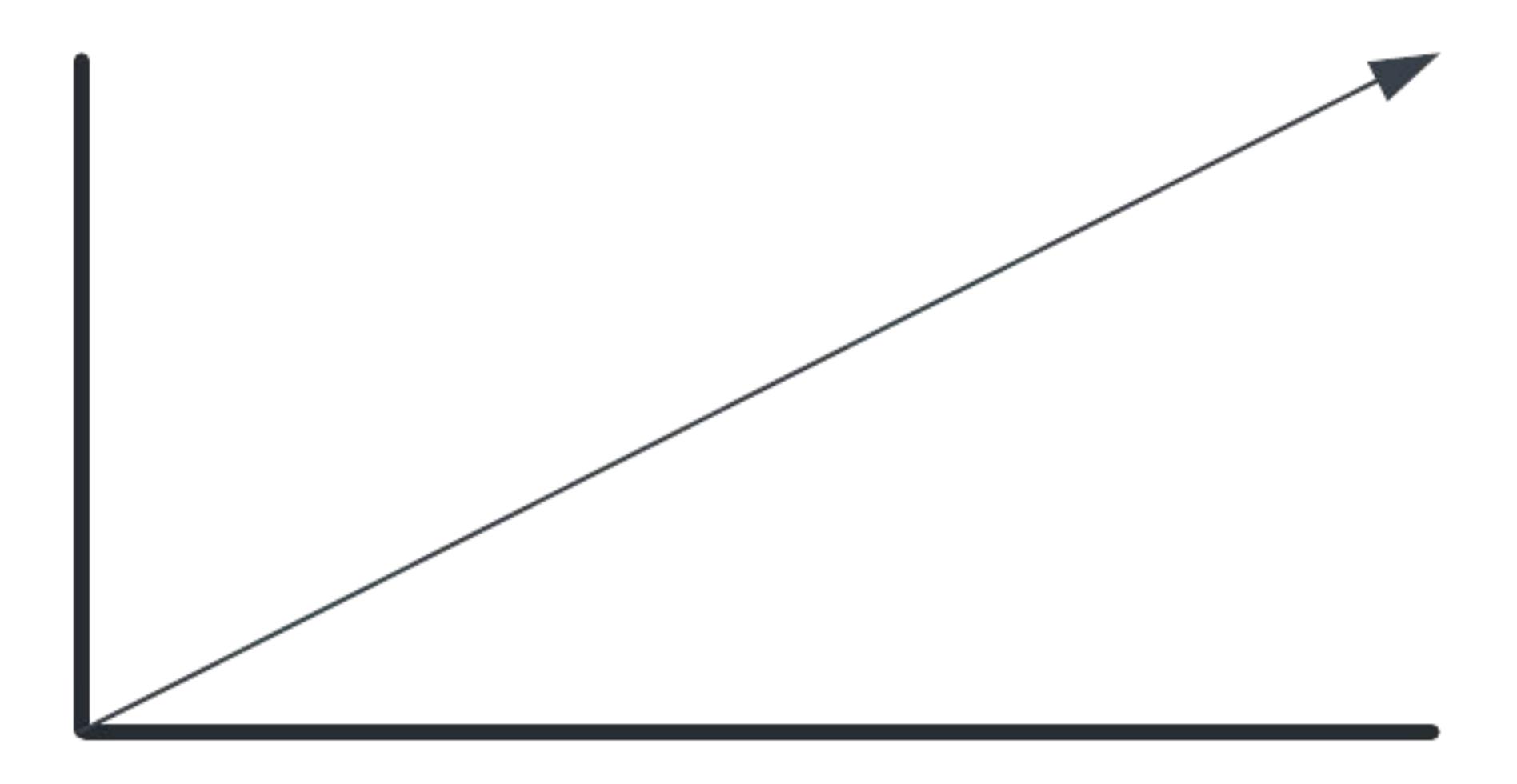




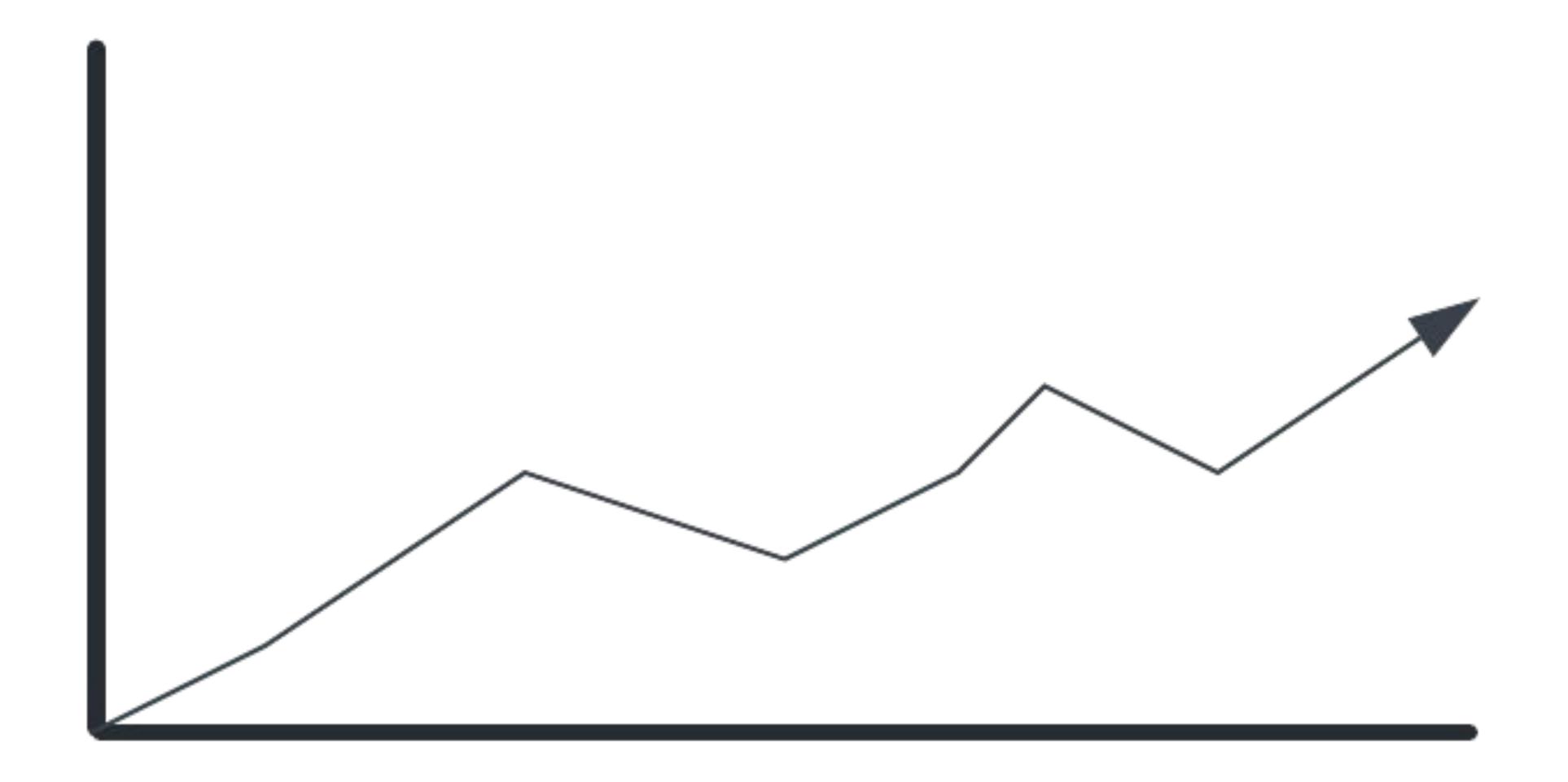


Time

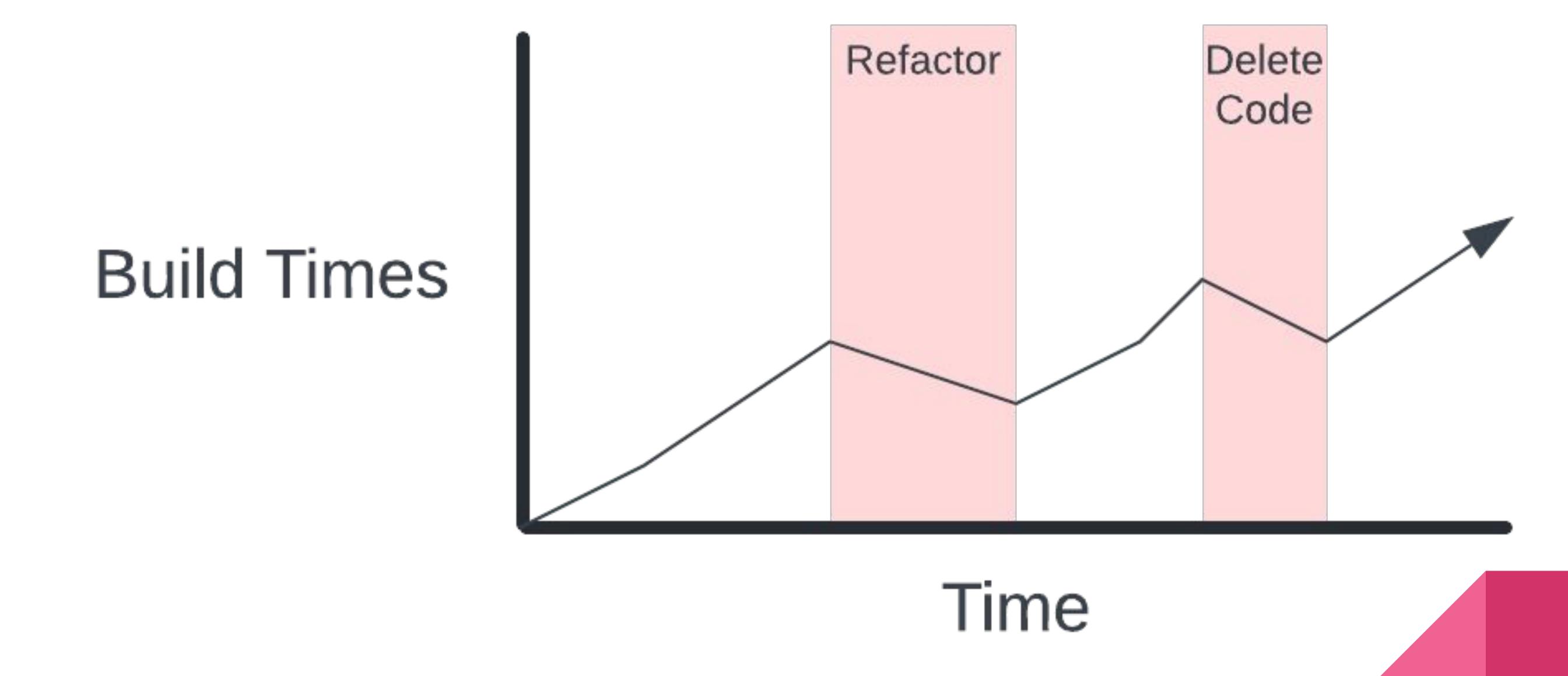




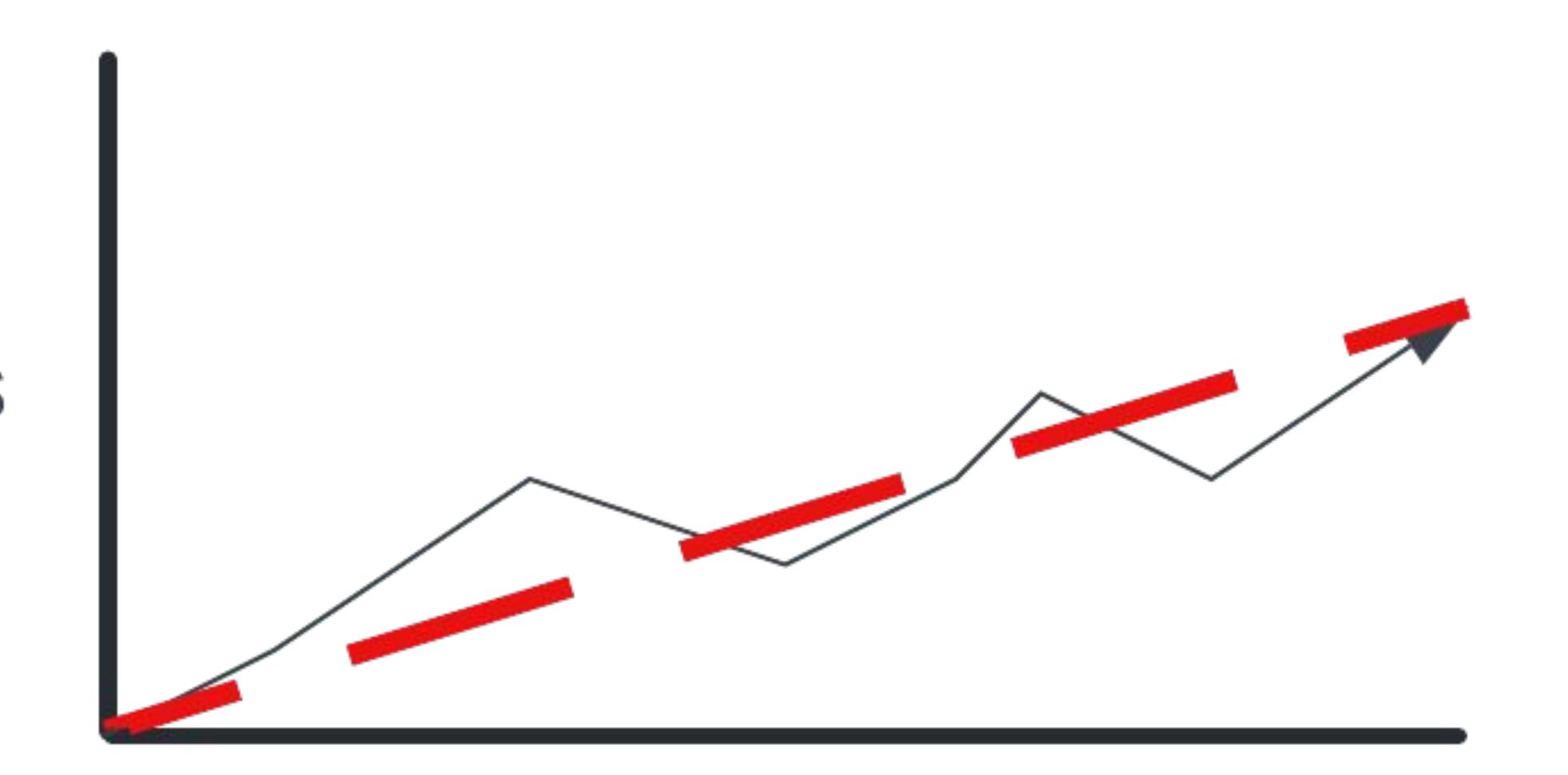
**Build Times** 



Time



Build Times



Time

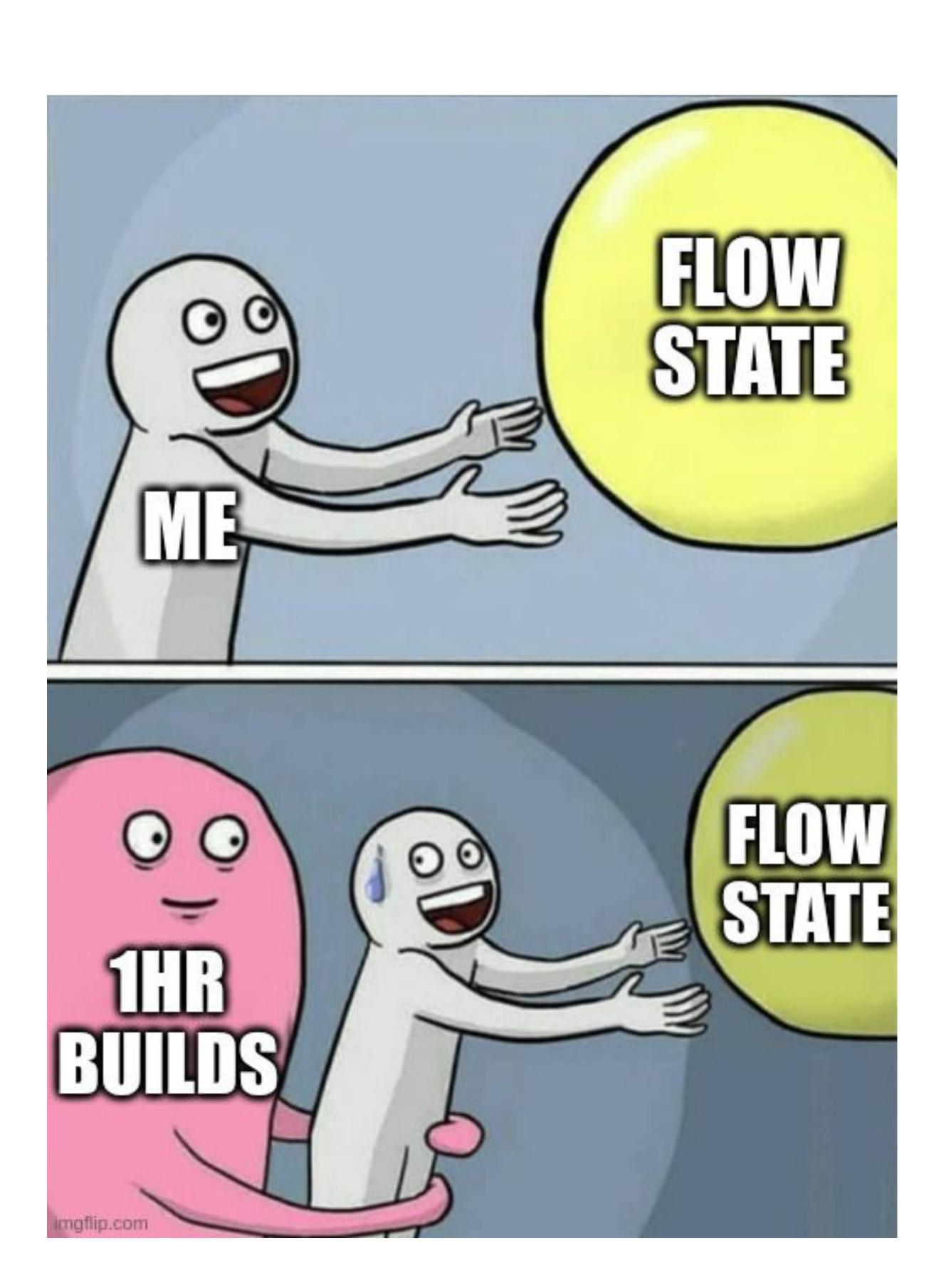
### Boiling Frog



#### Developer Productivity



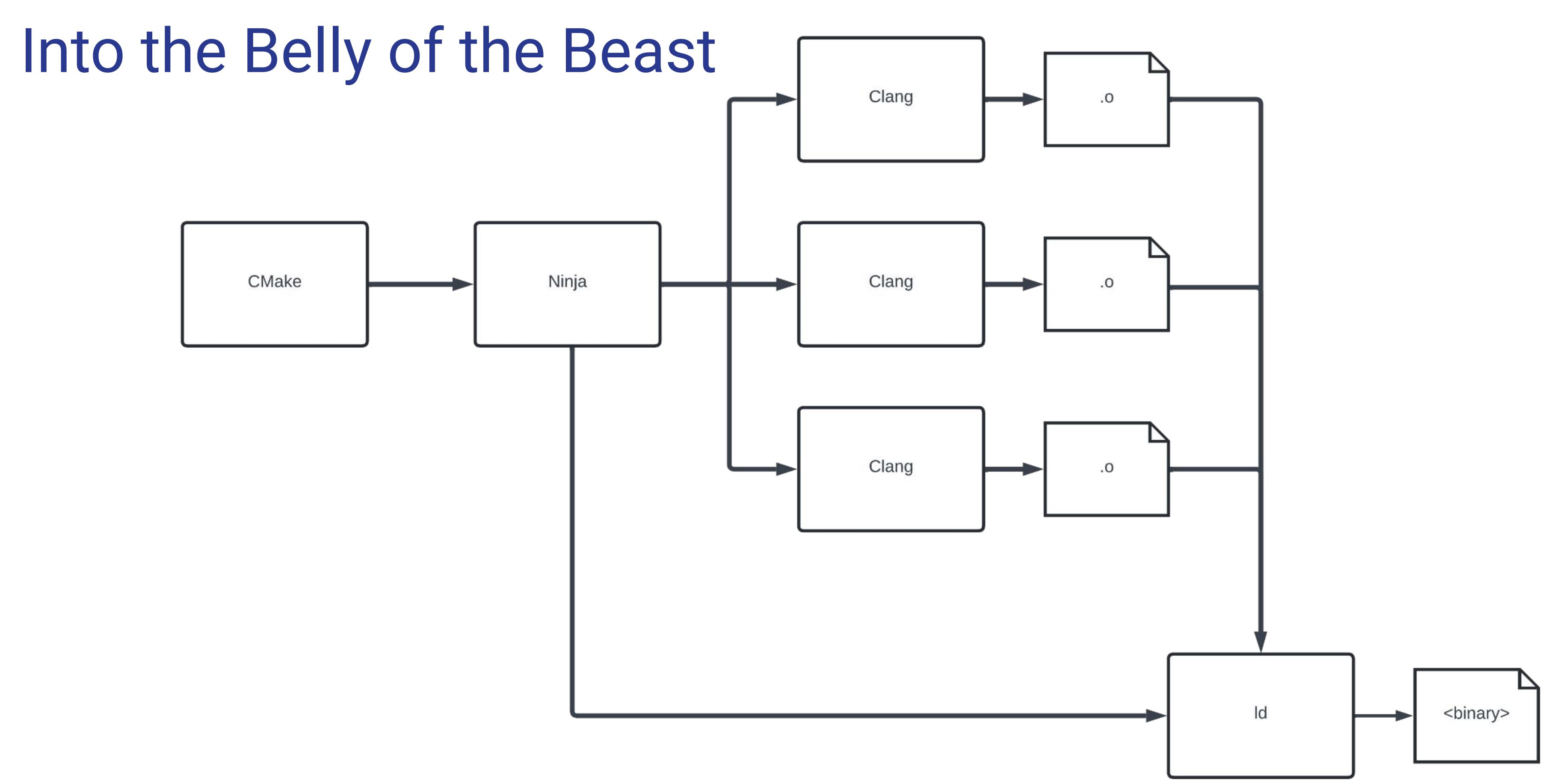
https://xkcd.com/303/



# Assumptions

# Visualizing Compilation

# Single File Gotchas



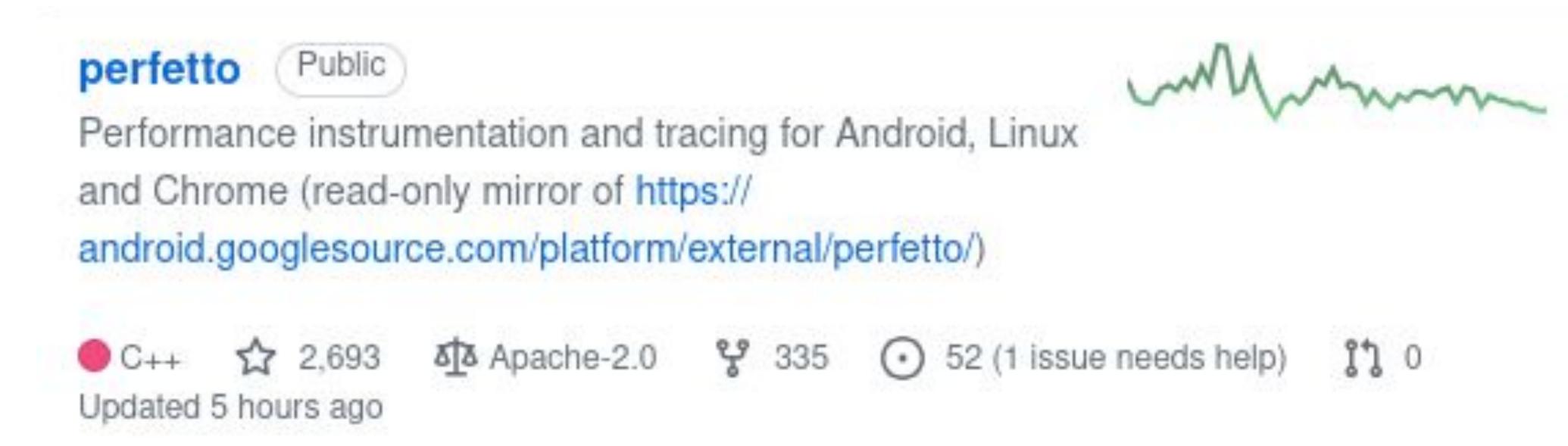
#### .ninja\_log

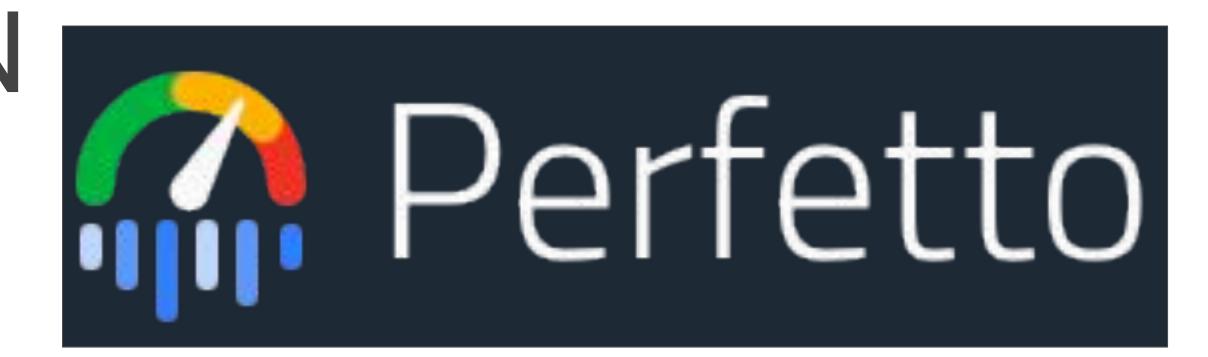
- Tracks start/stop time in ms
- Name of the output file
- Hash of the command used (compiler, linker, etc)

```
1 # ninja log v5
                                         CMakeFiles/WhyIsMyBuildSoSlow.dir/main.cpp.o
         386
                 1724180262104460299
                                                                                          696e8180c4325128
                                         CMakeFiles/WhyIsMyBuildSoSlow.dir/slow/bar.cpp.o
 386
         825
                                                                                                  f80e0b2e43465a47
                 1724180262544460313
                                         CMakeFiles/WhyIsMyBuildSoSlow.dir/fast/foo.cpp.o
                                                                                                  7c134e49e6045f83
         1144
 825
                 1724180262864460323
                                         WhyIsMyBuildSoSlow
                                                                 605a48889fdb150e
 1144
         1198
                 1724180262920460324
```

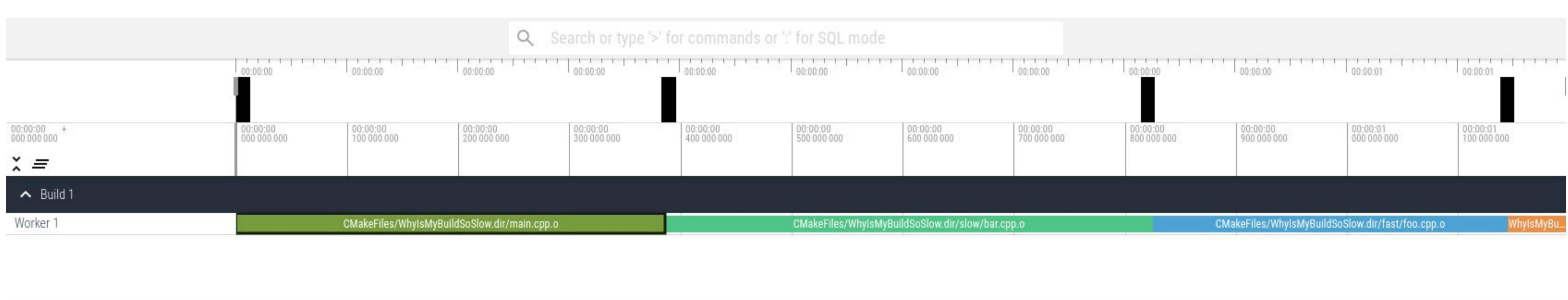
#### Visualization

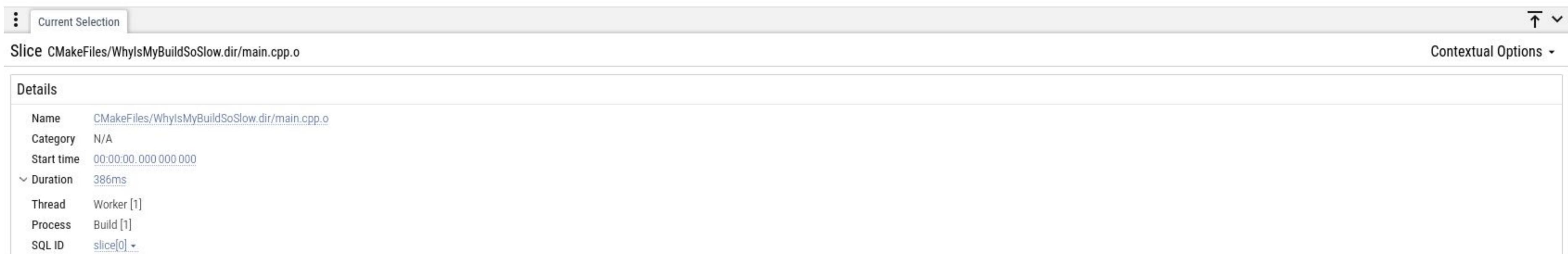
- Interactive Trace Viewer
- https://ui.perfetto.dev/
  - Can build and run server locally as well
- Chrome Event Tracing Format JSON
- ... and more!





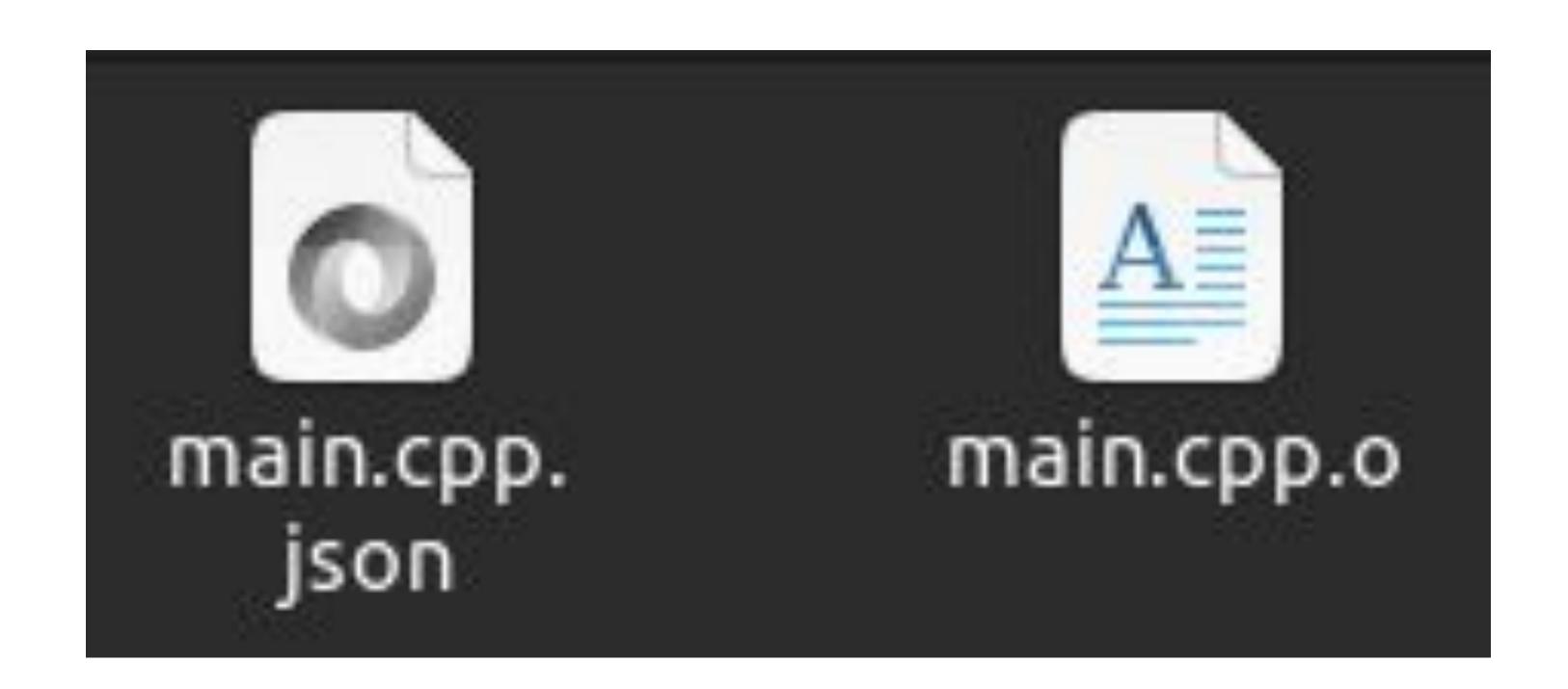
#### Visualization



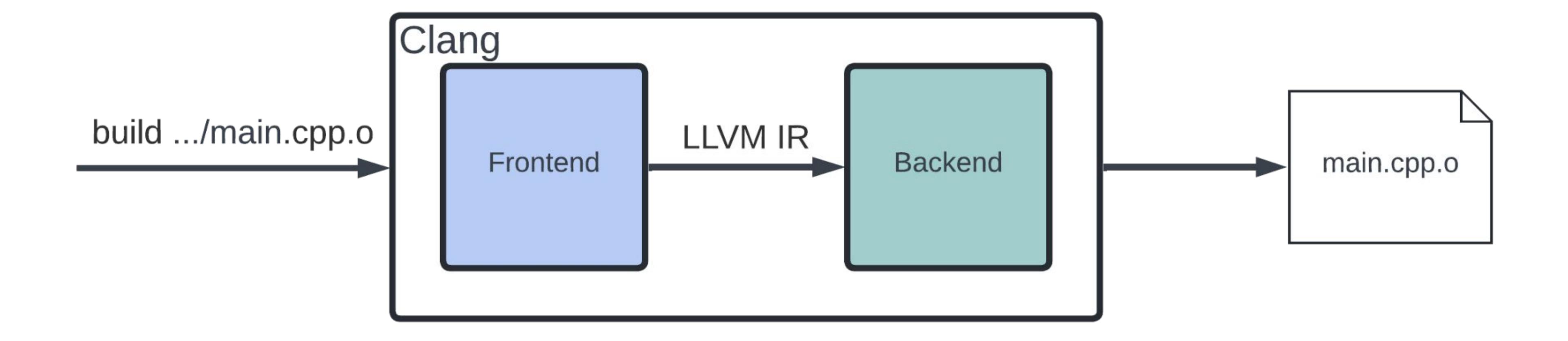


### Clang -ftime-trace

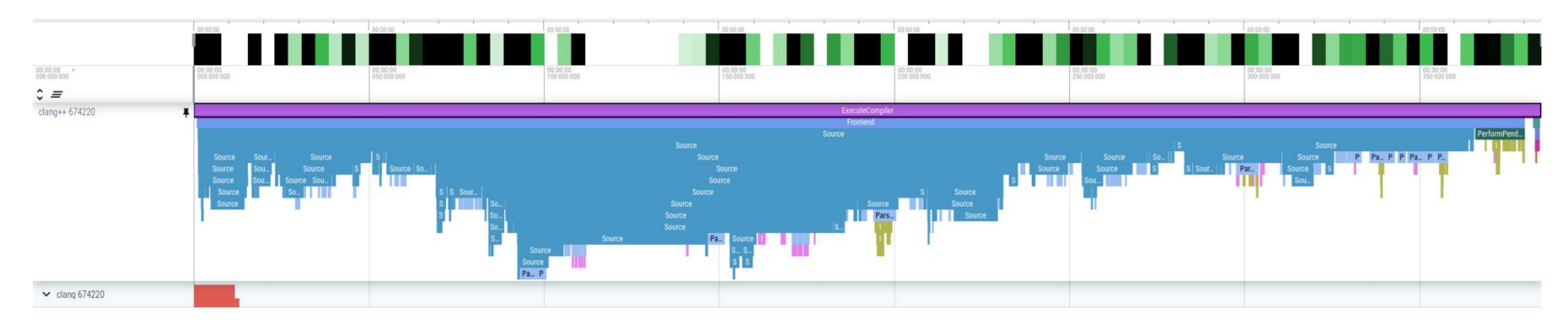
- Generates JSON file based on output filename
- Detailed information on where the compiler spent time

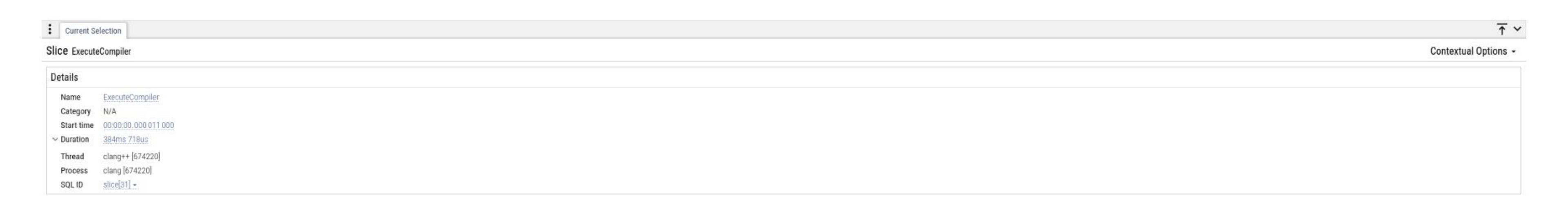


### We Need to Go Deeper

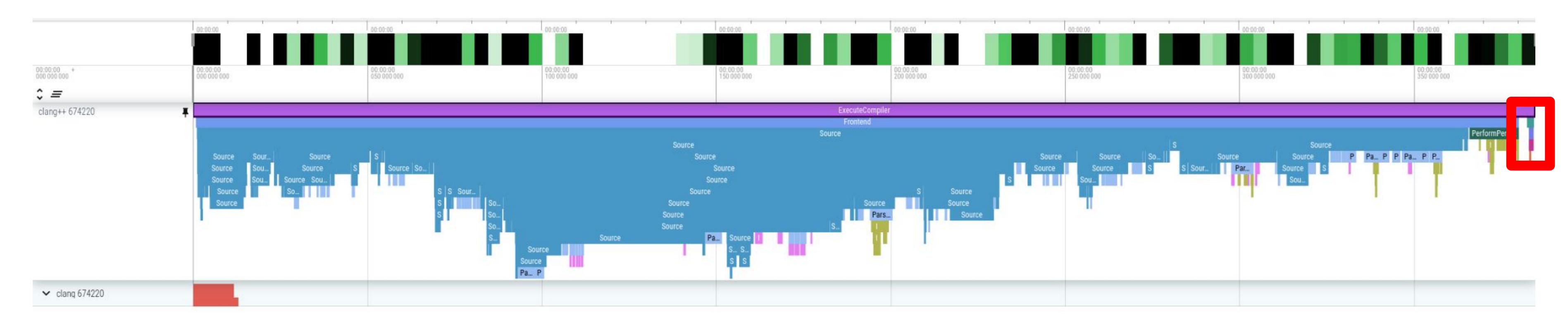


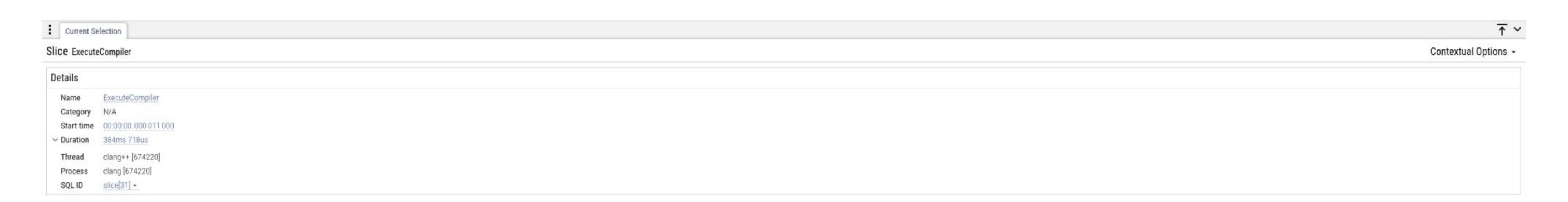
#### Visualization





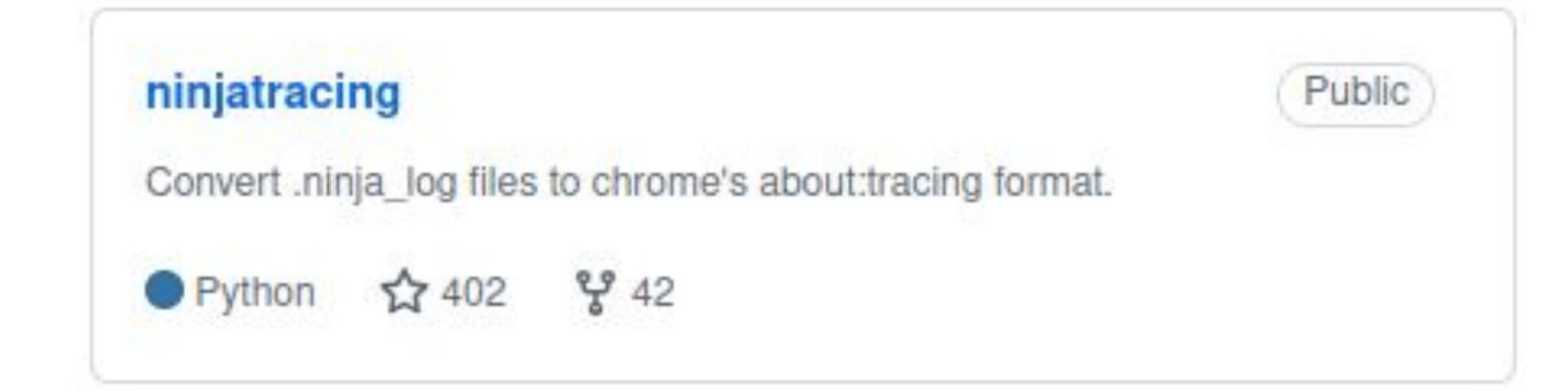
#### Visualization

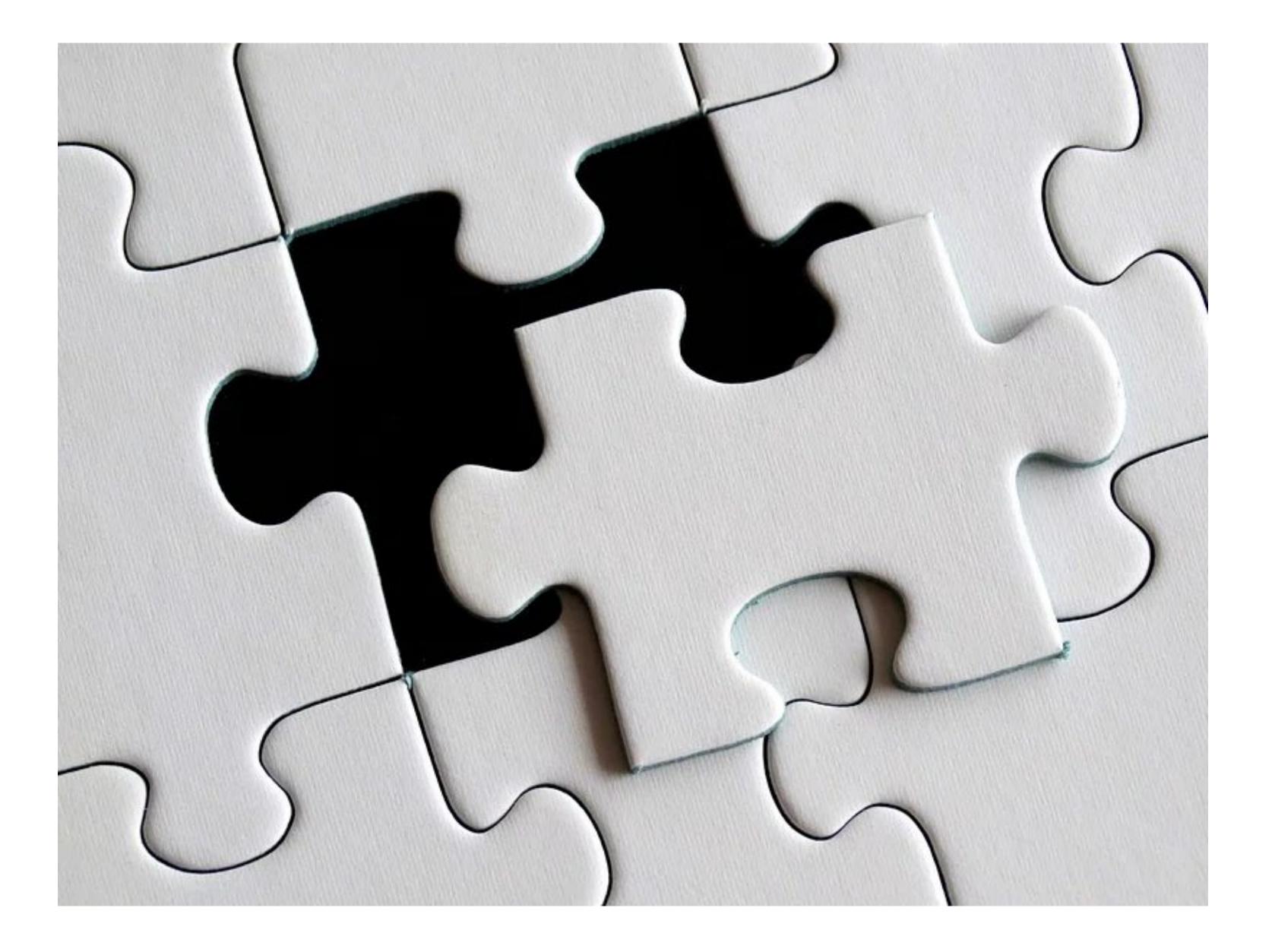




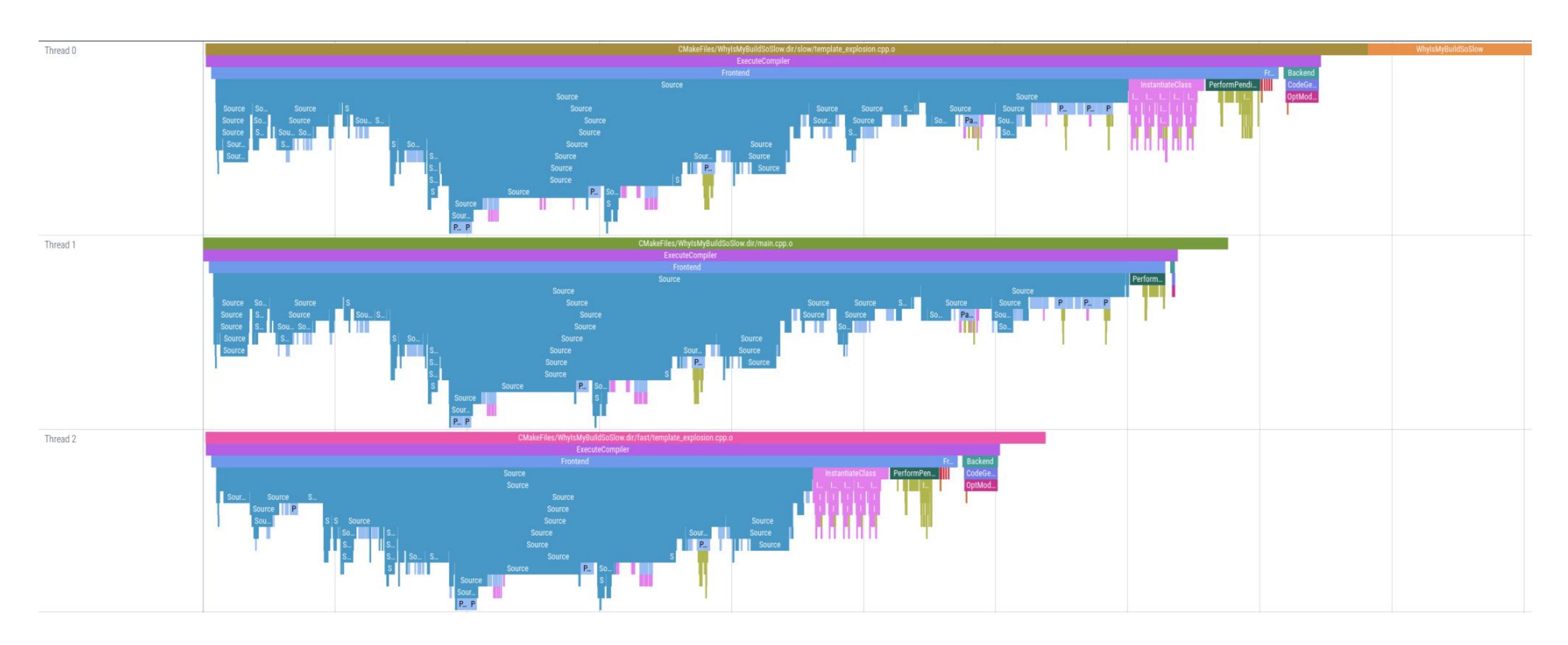
### ninjatracing

- Convert .ninja\_log files to chrome tracing format
- Embed -ftime-trace .json files





### Combining Visualizations



# Visualizing Compilation

# Single File

# Project Level

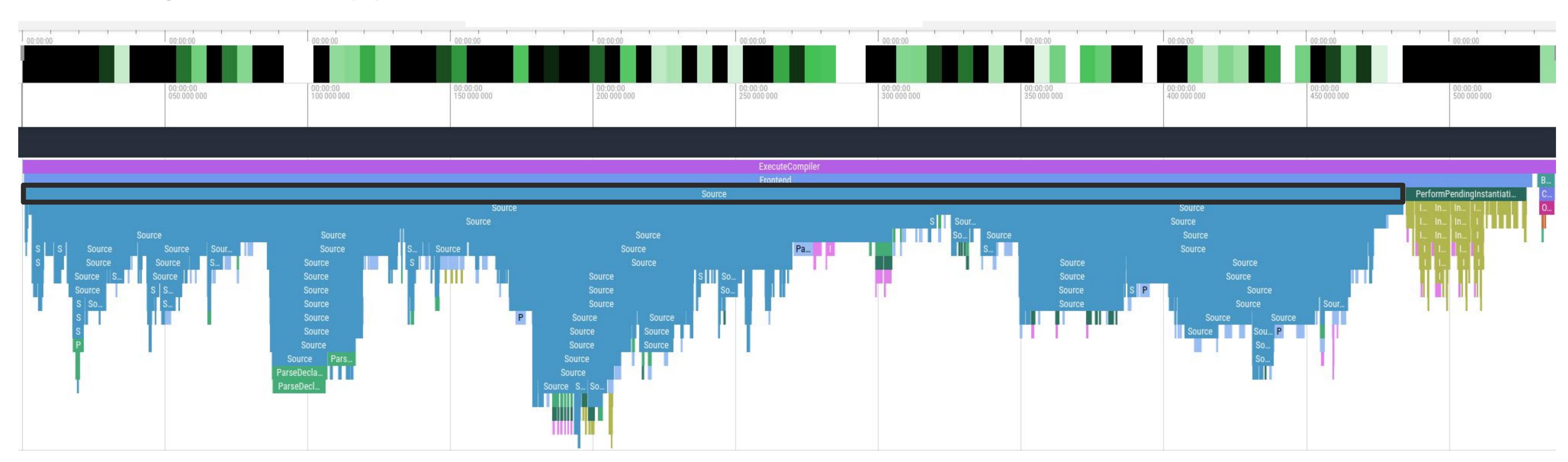
```
#include <iostream>
int main() {
    std::cout << "Hello, world!" << std::endl;
}</pre>
```

```
#include <iostream> ~69,000 Lines!
int main() {
    std::cout << "Hello, world!" << std::endl;
}</pre>
```

```
clang main.cpp -stdlib=libc++ -E &> prep_main.cpp
```

\$ du -bh main.cpp 82 main.cpp \$ du -bh prep\_main.cpp 2.9M prep\_main.cpp

clang main.cpp -stdlib=libc++ -ftime-trace



#### Includes - Recommendations

- Refactor massive header files
  - Having smaller header files gives consumers a better chance at including only what's strictly necessary for them
- Forward declarations
  - Requires no external tooling
  - Frowned upon for entities defined in another project
  - Can obfuscate dependencies
- Include What You Use
  - <u>IWYU Project</u>

```
template <int N>
struct Sum {
    static const int value = N + Sum<N - 1>::value;
};

template <>
struct Sum<0> {
    static const int value = 0;
};
```

```
#include <iostream>
template <int N>
struct Sum {
  static const int value = N + Sum<N - 1>::value;
struct Sum<0> {
  static const int value = 0;
int main()
  std::cout << Sum<5>::value << std::endl;
```

```
#include <iostream>
template <int N>
struct Sum {
  static const int value = N + Sum<N - 1>::value;
struct Sum<0> {
  static const int value = 0;
int main()
  std::cout << Sum<5>::value << std::endl;
```

cppinsights.io

```
template<int N>
struct Sum
 static const int value = N + Sum<N - 1>::value;
/* First instantiated from: insights.cpp:5 */
#ifdef INSIGHTS_USE_TEMPLATE
template<>
struct Sum<4>
 static const int value = 4 + Sum<3>::value;
#endif
/* First instantiated from: insights.cpp:5 */
#ifdef INSIGHTS_USE_TEMPLATE
template<>
struct Sum<3>
 static const int value = 3 + Sum<2>::value;
// Sum<2>, Sum<1>, Sum<0>
int main()
 std::cout.operator<<(Sum<5>::value).operator<<(std::endl);
 return 0;
```

#include <iostream>

Sum<8192>::value ~33,000 Lines!



#### Templates

- Template Instantiation is a type of monomorphization
- Trade build time (and binary size) for faster run times



#### Templates - Recommendations

- Consider whether you need to use Template Meta Programming
  - constexpr and consteval can go a long way
  - Is there a way to more directly express intent to the compiler?



- Re-evaluate your API
  - Do you need to be generic over that extra type?
  - Can you eliminate recursion?

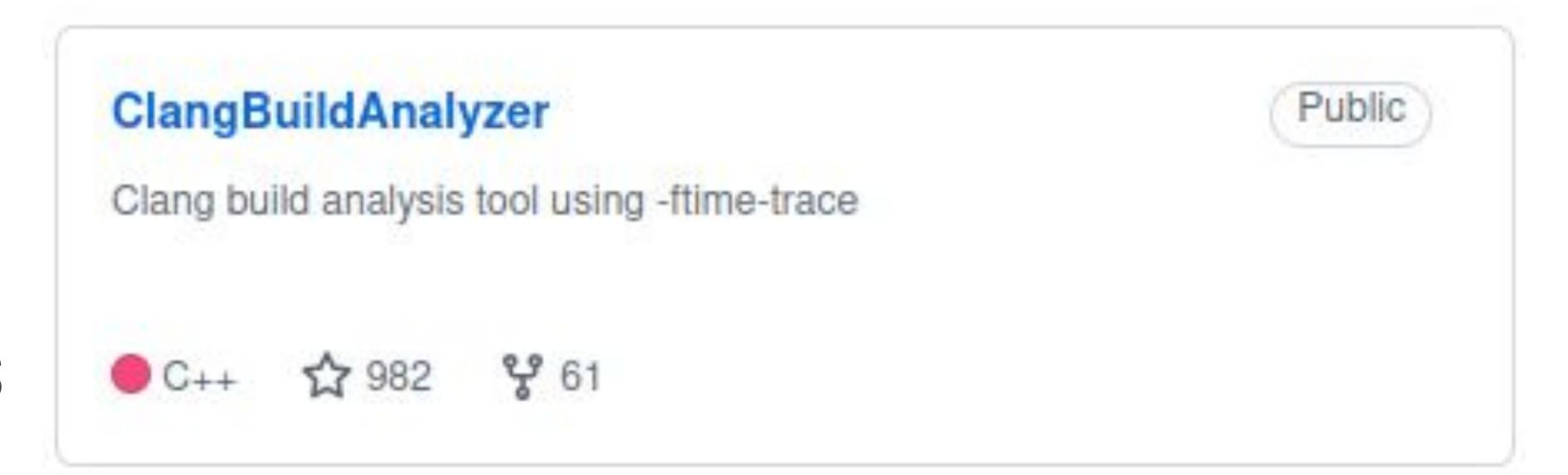
# Single File

Project Level

Higher Order

# ClangBuildAnalyzer

- High level overview of hot spots
  - Files that took longest to parse
  - Templates that took longest to instantiate
  - Functions that took longest to compile
  - Expensive headers (with include chains!)
- Support for incremental builds



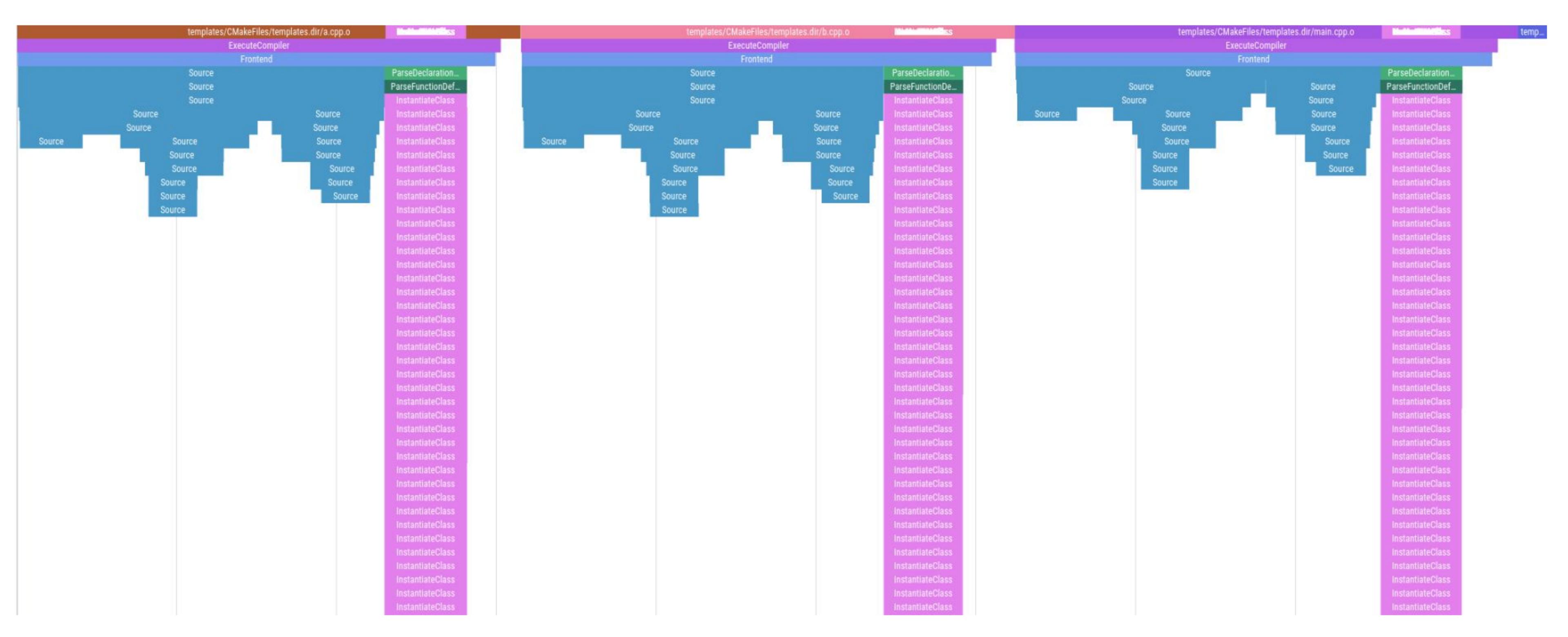
#### Translation Units

```
// templates.hpp
#include <iostream>
template <int N>
struct Sum {
   static const int value = N + Sum<N - 1>::value;
template <>
struct Sum<0> {
    static const int value = 0;
```

#### #include "templates.hpp" Translation Units Sum<8192>::value main.cpp.o main.cpp Clang Clang a.cpp.o a.cpp ld <binary> Clang b.cpp.o b.cpp

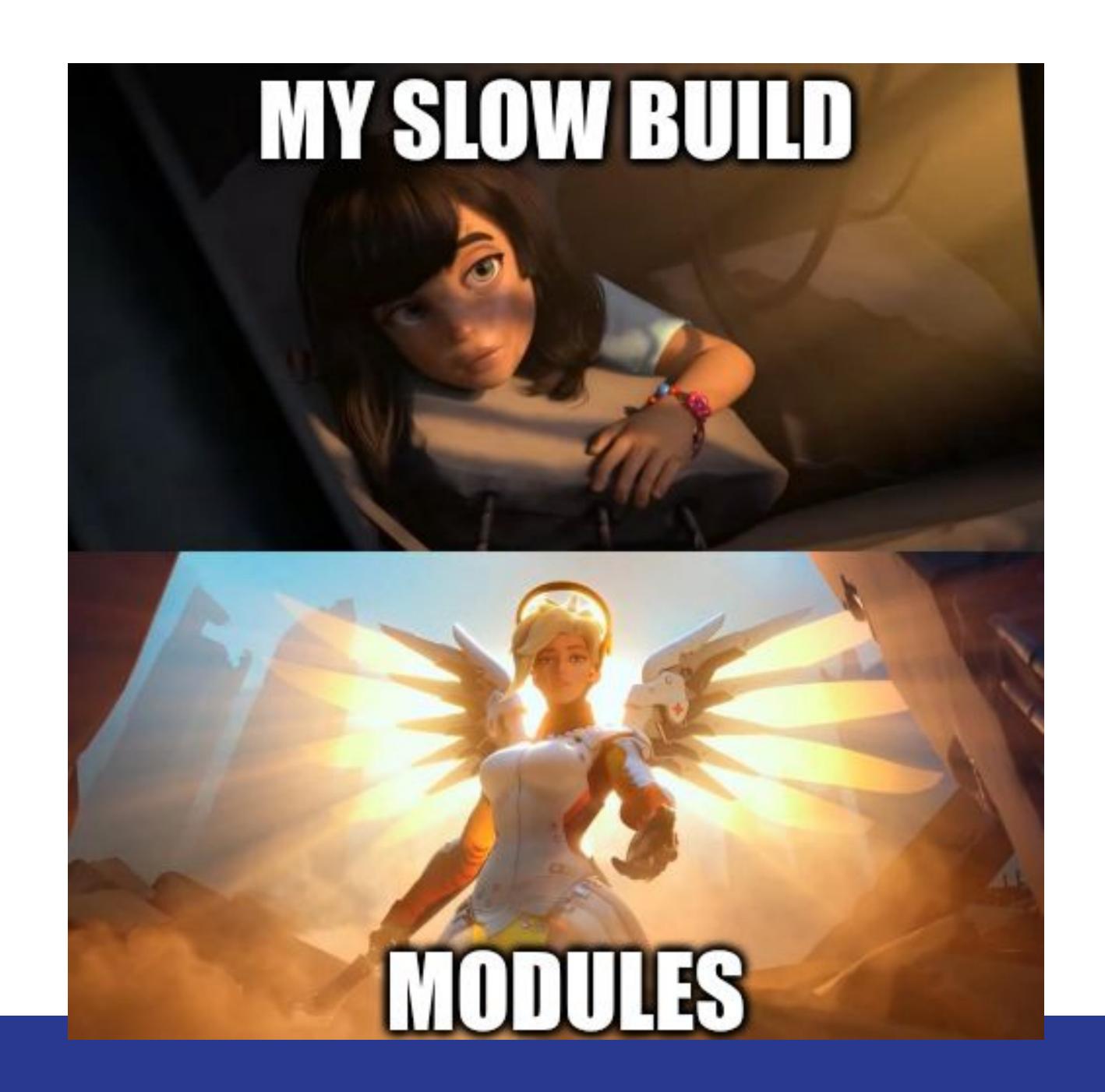
#### Translation Units

#### ≈1.91 seconds



#### Translation Units

- #include and template costs are per translation unit
  - #pragma once and header guards won't save you

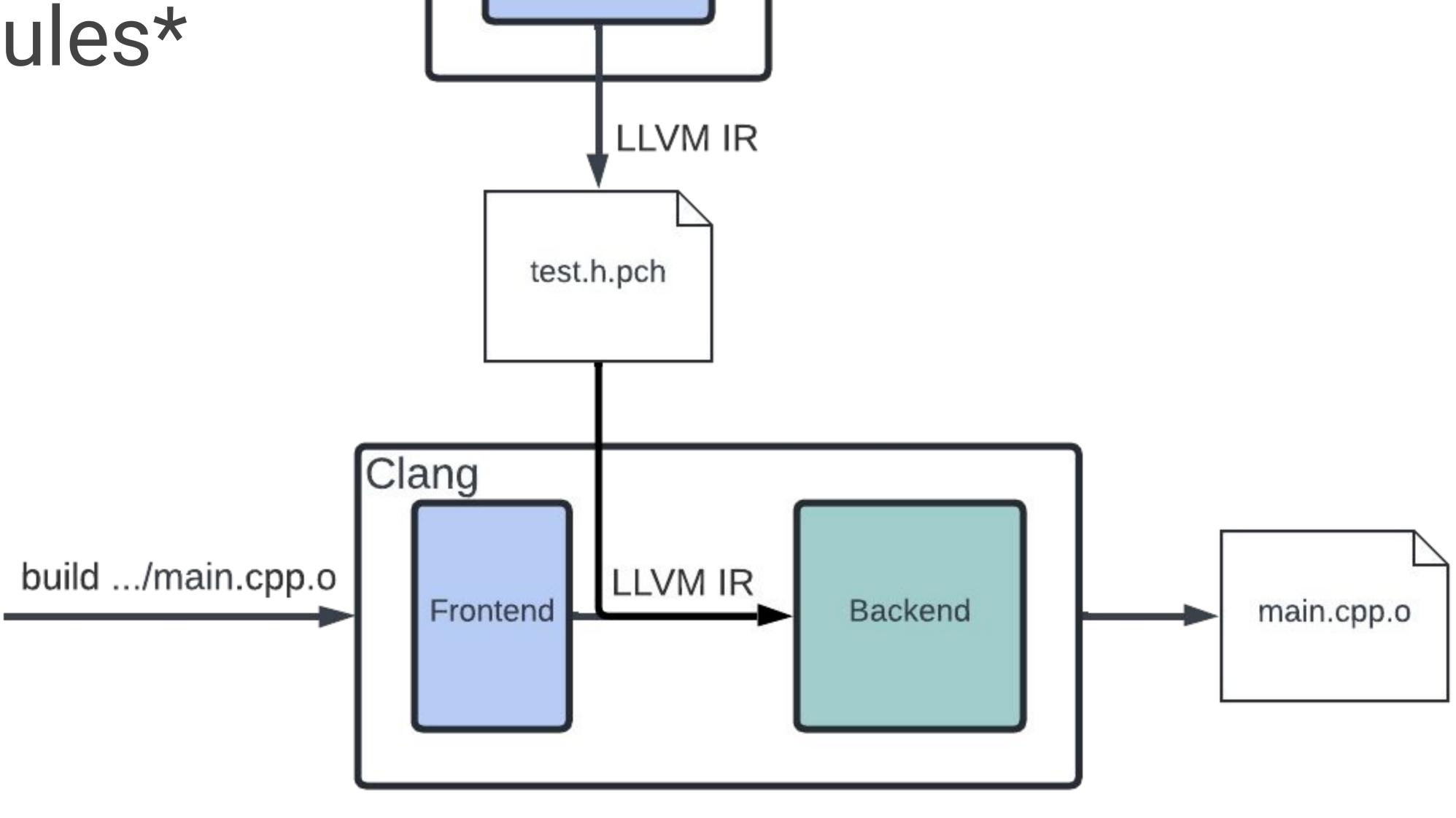


# Wait, Why Do Modules Help?

- Eliminate redundant parsing

- Precompiled Headers ≈ Modules\*

- Modules are more flexible



Clang

Frontend

build .../test.h.pch

# Using Precompiled Headers

#### ≈1.16 seconds



#### Translation Units - Recommendations

- Precompiled headers
  - Not a standard feature
  - target\_precompile\_headers
- Modules
  - Standard feature (as of C++20)!
  - Few compilers have full support
  - <u>cmake-cxxmodules</u>

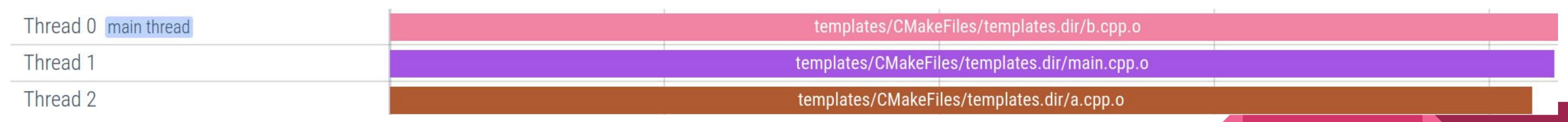


# Sometimes, Duplicating Work is Faster

#### 1089ms

| Thread 0 main thread | templates/CMakeFiles/templates_pch.dir/cmake_pch.hxx.gch |  |  | templates/CMak te |               |
|----------------------|--|--|--|-------------------|---------------|
| Thread 1             |  |  |  |                   | templates/CMa |
| Thread 2             |  |  |  |                   | templates/CMa |

#### 890ms



#### But...

#### 1089ms

| Thread 0 main thread | templates/CMakeFiles/templates_pch.dir/cmake_pch.hxx.gch | templates/CMak te |
|----------------------|--|-------------------|
| Thread 1             |  | templates/CMa     |
| Thread 2             |  | templates/CMa     |



### Free House for You, Jim!

#### 1089ms

| Thread 0 main thread | templates/CMakeFiles/templates_pch.dir/cmake_pch.hxx.gch |  |  | tem | plates/CMak te |            |
|----------------------|--|--|--|-----|----------------|------------|
| Thread 1             |  |  |  |     | tem            | plates/CMa |
| Thread 2             |  |  |  |     | tem            | plates/CMa |

#### 1137ms

| Thread 0 main thread | templates/CMakeFiles/templates_pch.dir/cma | templates/CMa te |              |
|----------------------|--|------------------|--------------|
| Thread 1             | templates/CMakeFiles/foo.dir/foo.cpp.o     | tem              | templates/CM |
| Thread 2             |  |                  | templates/CM |

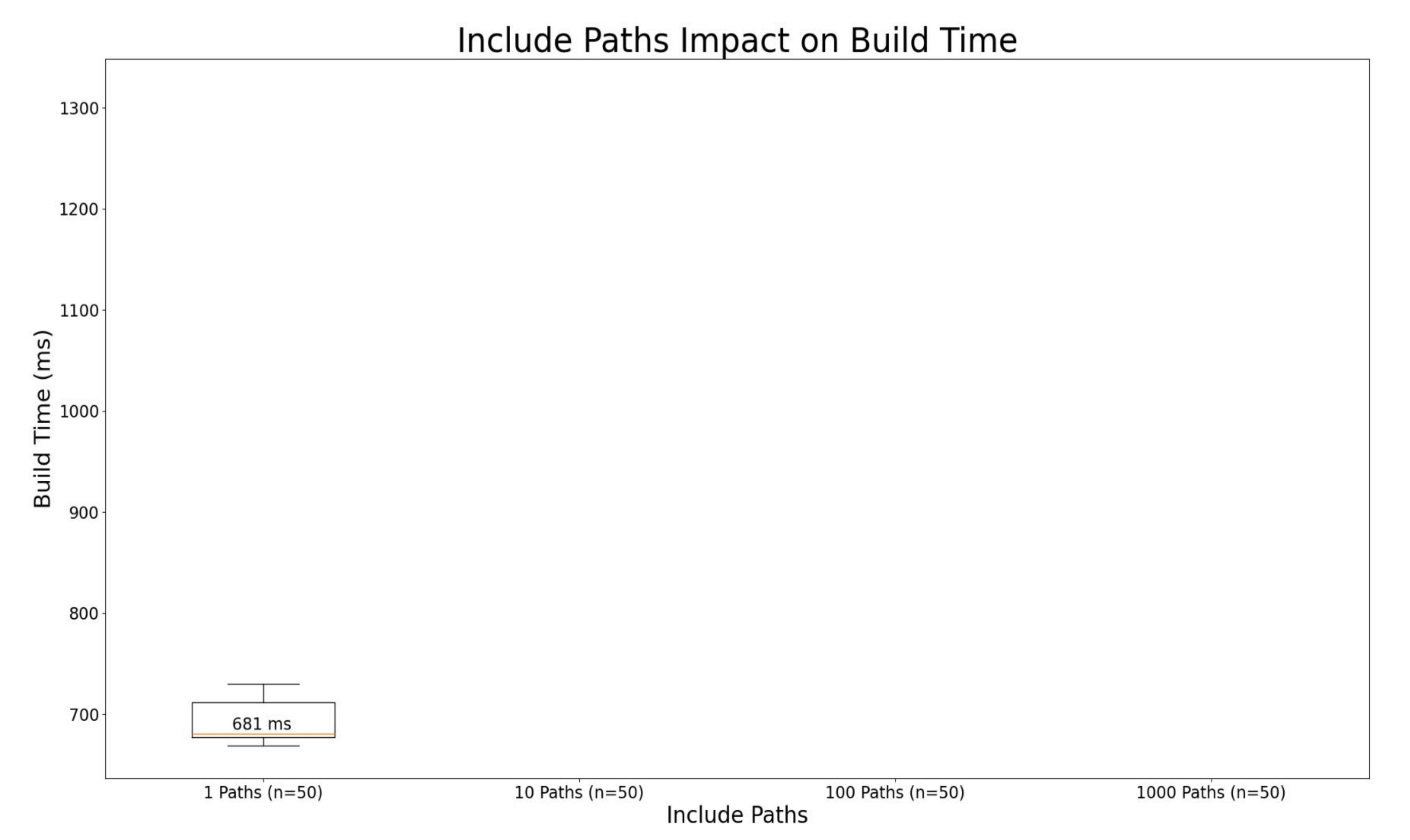
### Poor Dependency Management

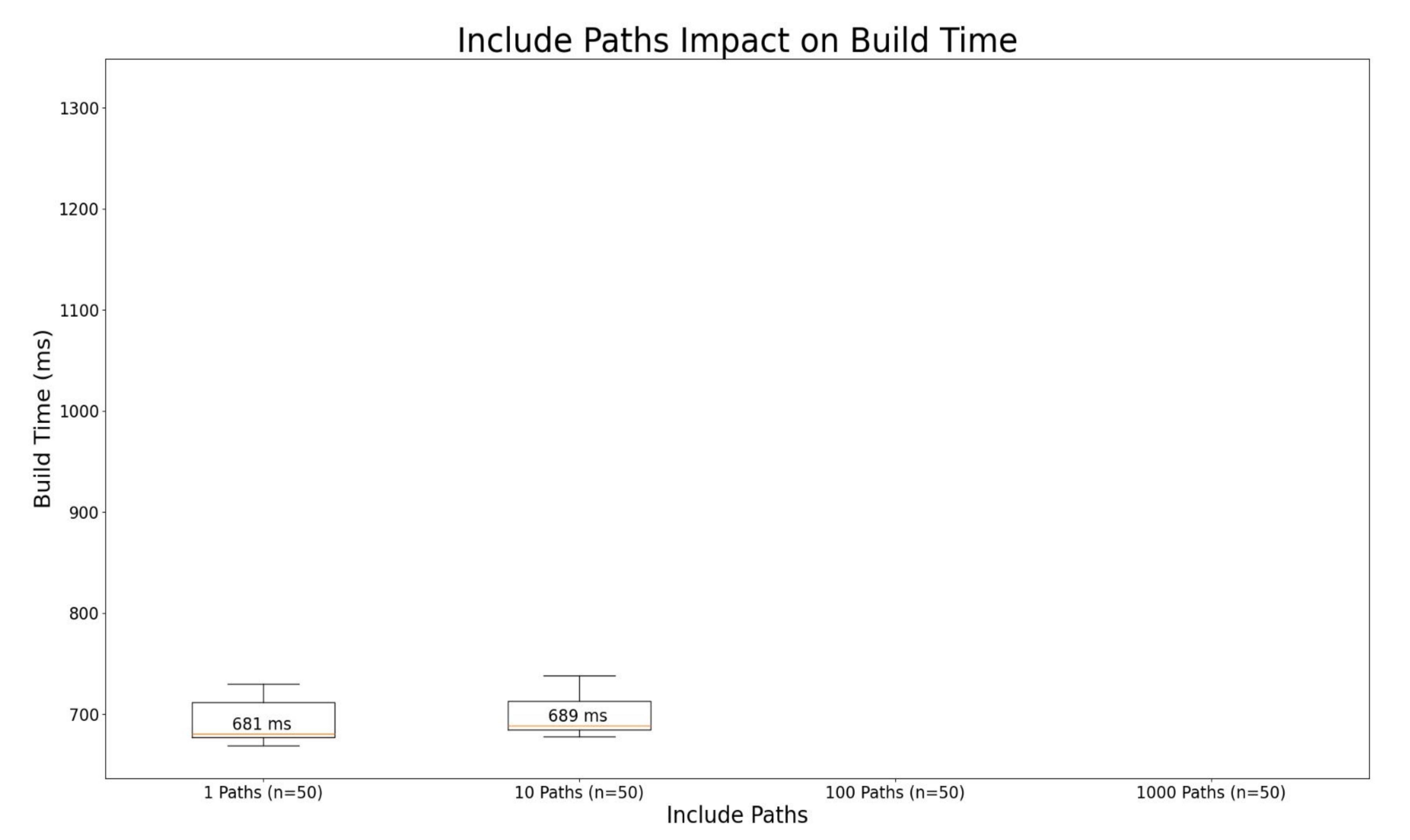
- Builds should be purely functional
  - Single-core and parallel builds should just work
- Avoid large dependency bottlenecks
  - Can force the build to be synchronous
  - Especially important when generating code (i.e., Protobuf)
- Prefer smaller targets
- Explicitly expressed dependencies enables efficient hardware utilization while maintaining build correctness

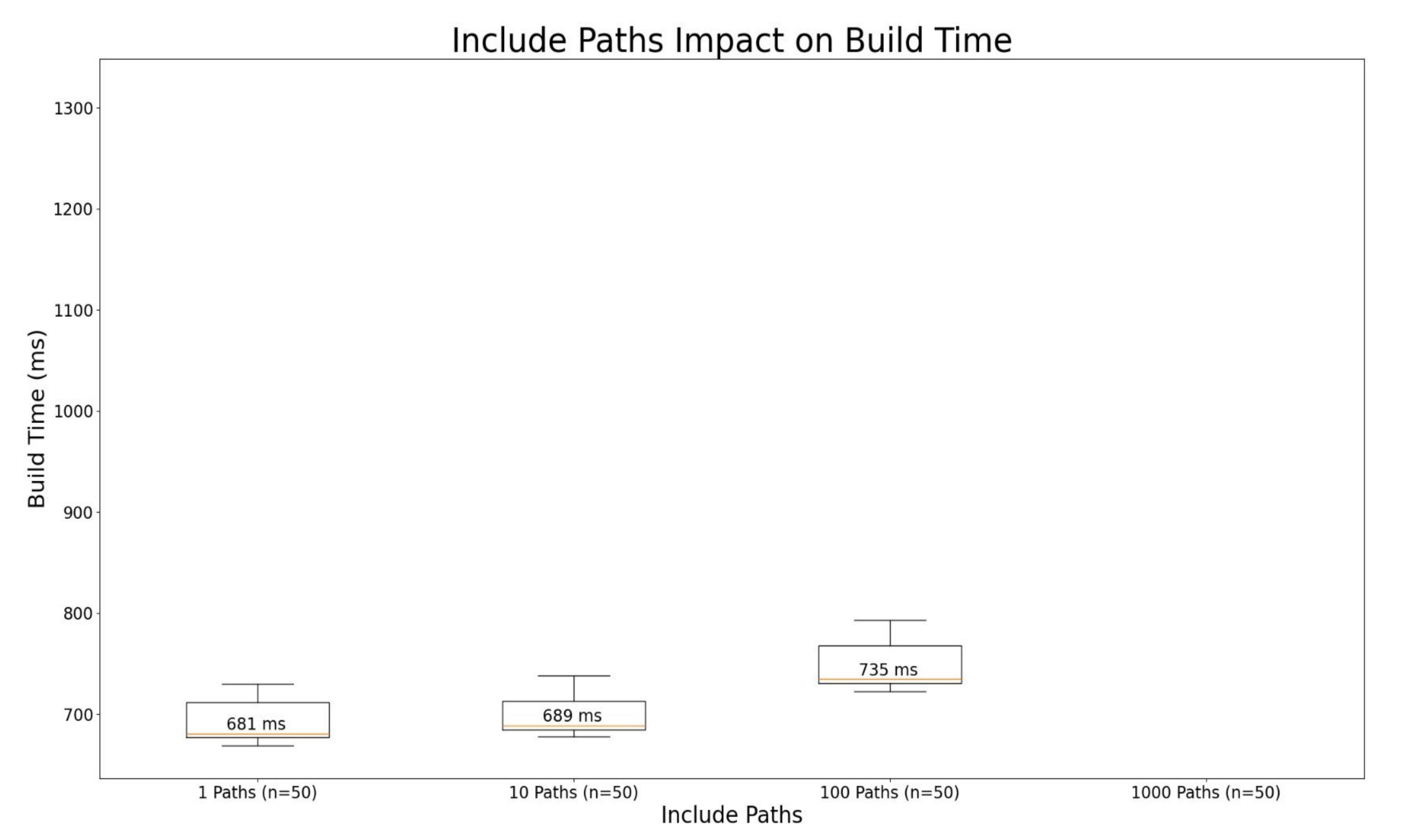
#### Compiler Include Paths

```
#include <iostream>
int main() {
    std::cout << "Hello, world!" << std::endl;
}</pre>
```

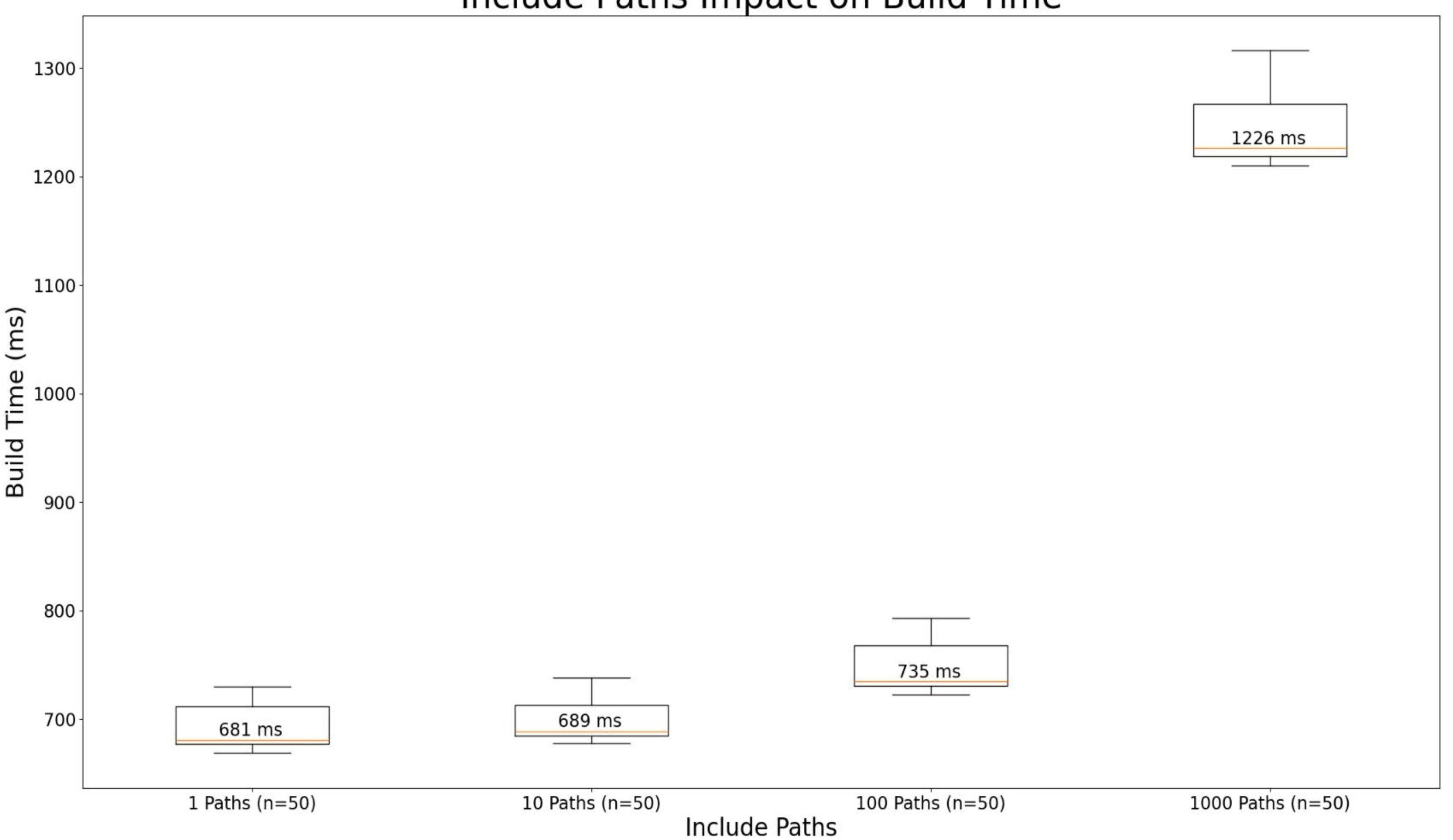
```
clang -I... -stdlib=libc++ main.cpp
```





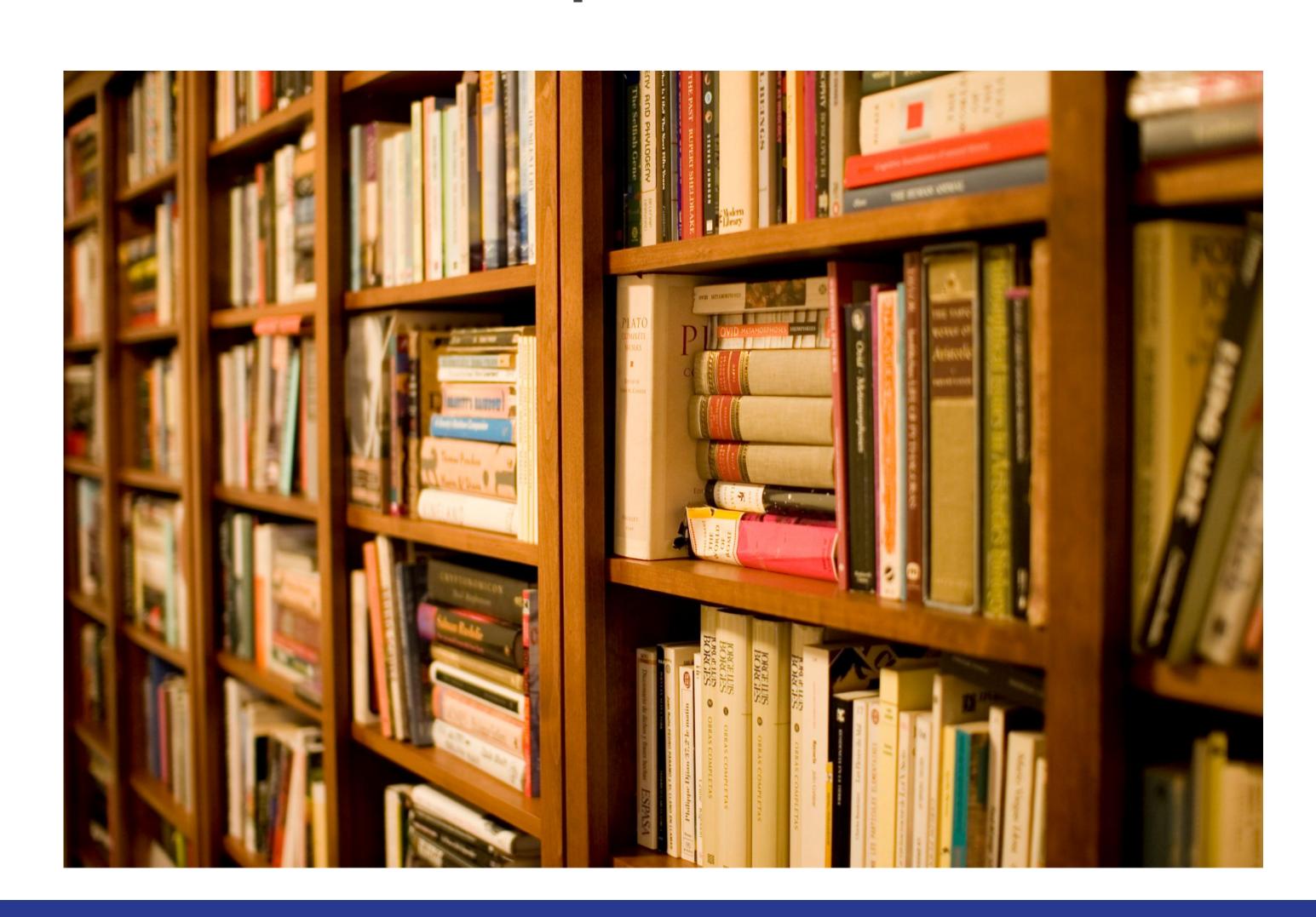


#### Include Paths Impact on Build Time



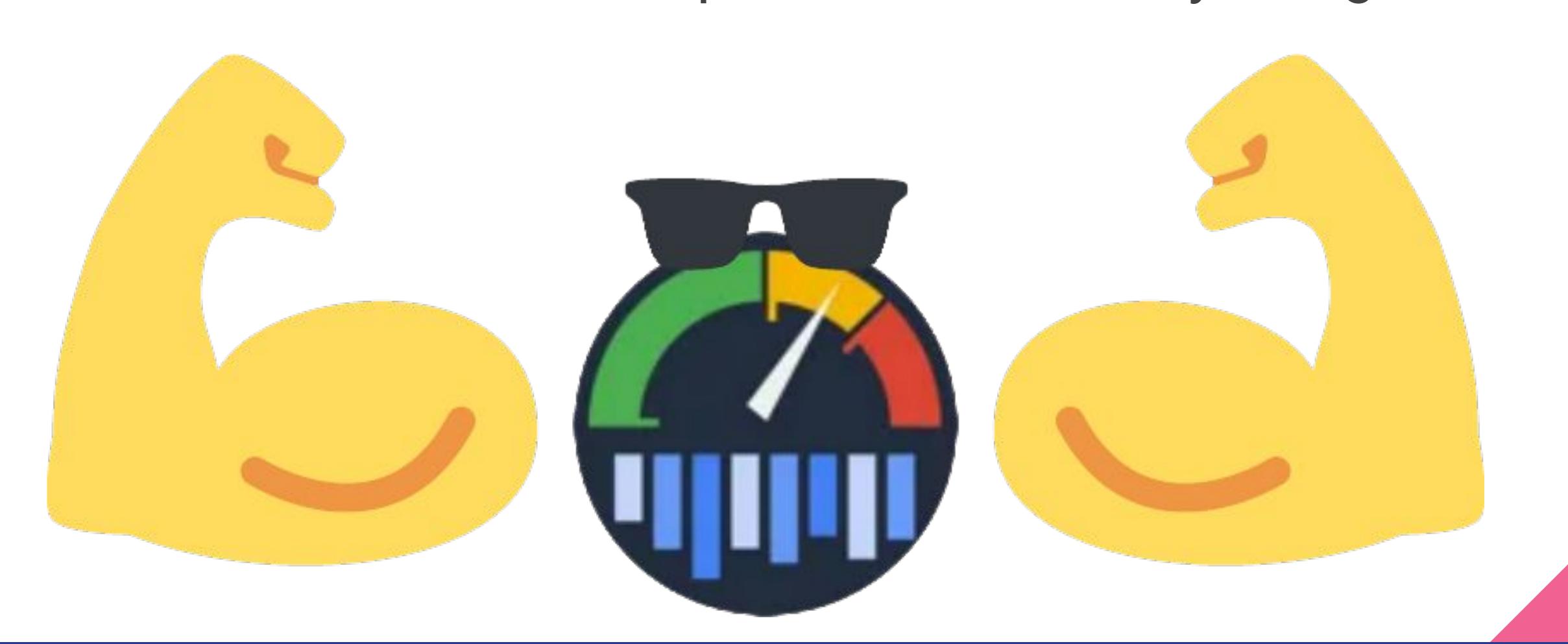
#### Compiler Include Paths

- Interacting with the filesystem is not free
- Caches abound but still expensive at scale
- Scales per translation unit



### Querying Traces

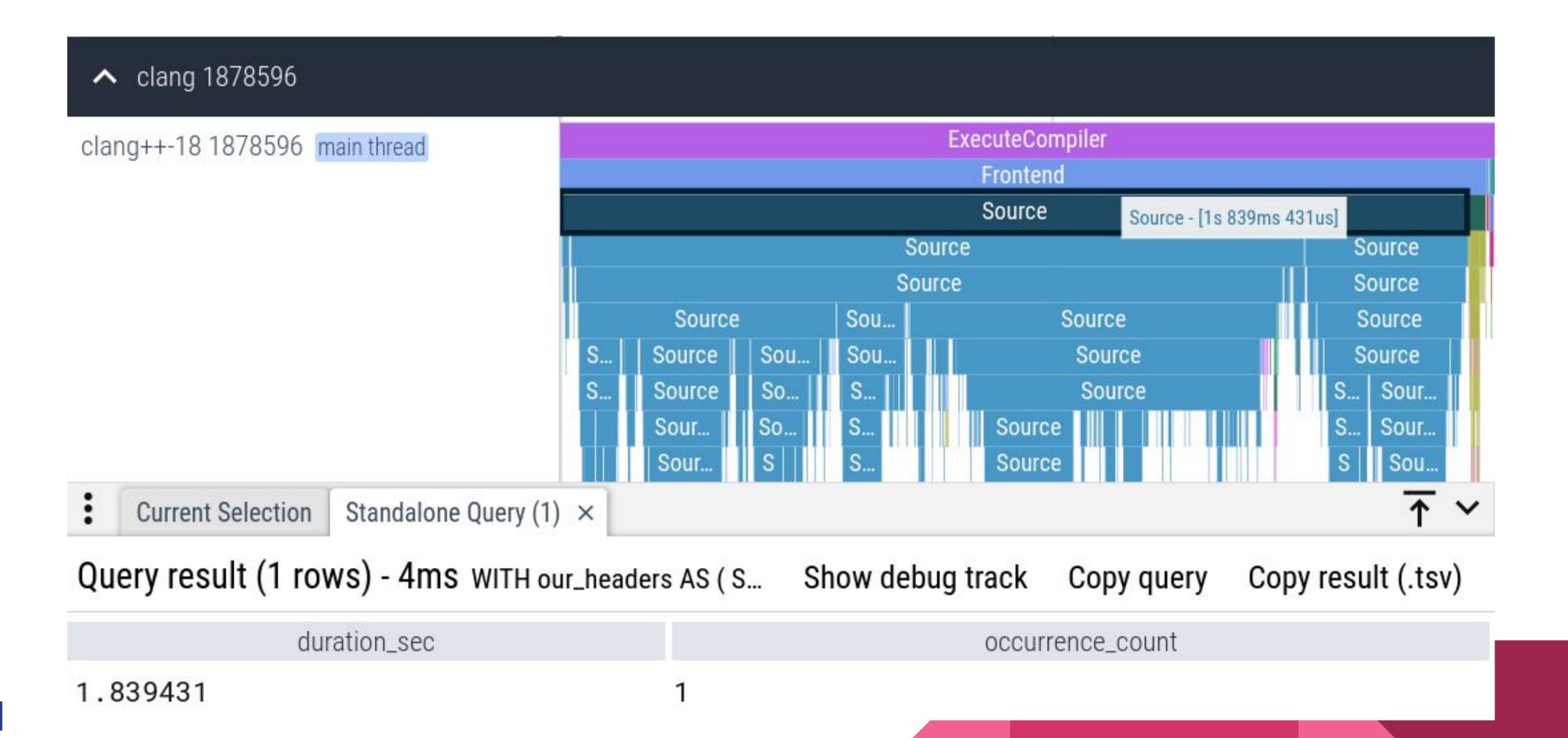
- Perfetto's superpower
- Answer complex questions like
  - "How much of the build is spent including this specific header?"
  - "What is the total impact on our build by using this external library?"



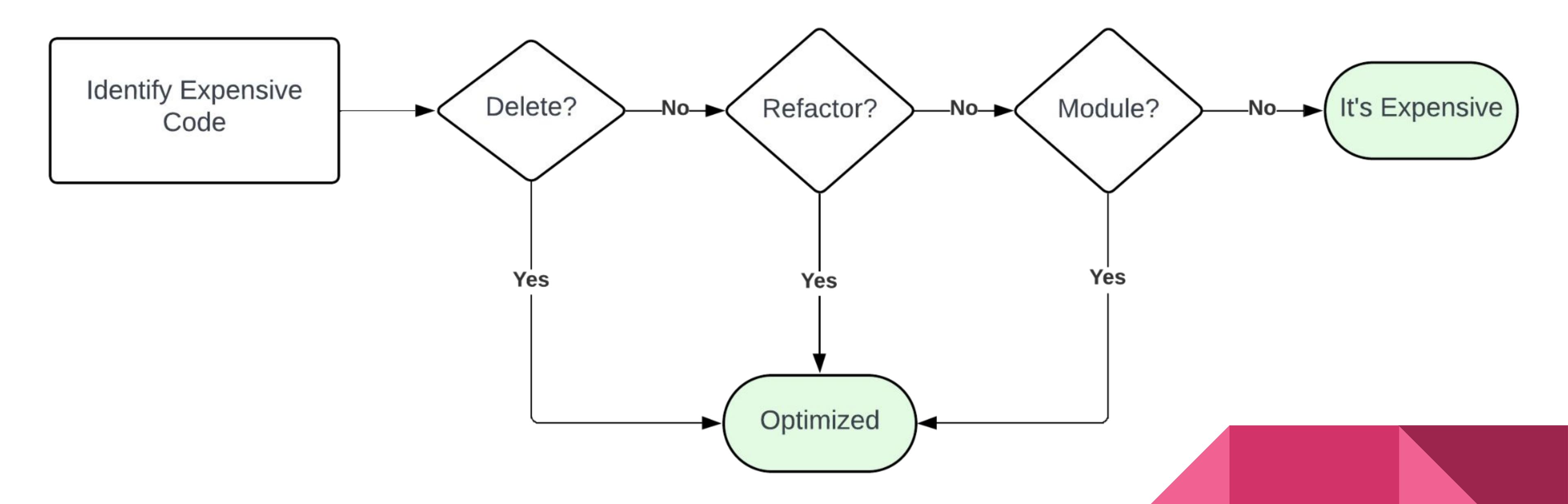
### Querying Traces

"How much of the build is spent including this specific header?"

```
WITH our_headers AS (
SELECT
DISTINCT arg_set_id,
display_value
FROM
args
WHERE
KEY = 'args.detail'
AND (display_value LIKE 'my_header.h')
) SELECT
SUM (slice.dur) / 1e+9 AS duration_sec,
COUNT (*) AS occurrence_count
FROM
our_headers JOIN slice
ON our_headers.arg_set_id = slice.arg_set_id
```



# Project Level Analysis



### Is the Juice Worth the Squeeze?

- Optimizing build times is a lot of work
- Focus on low hanging fruit





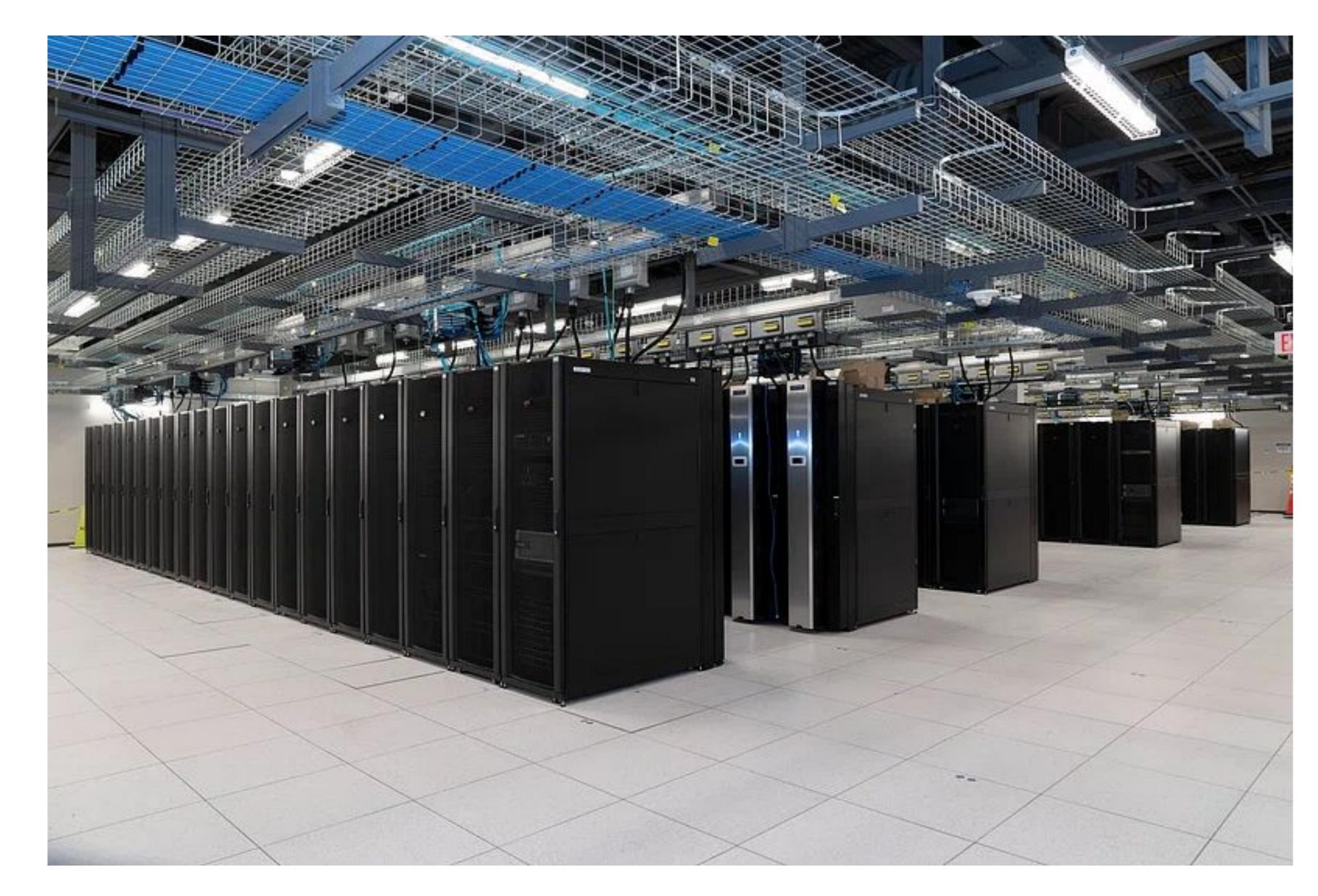
# Project Level

# Higher Order

# Takeaways

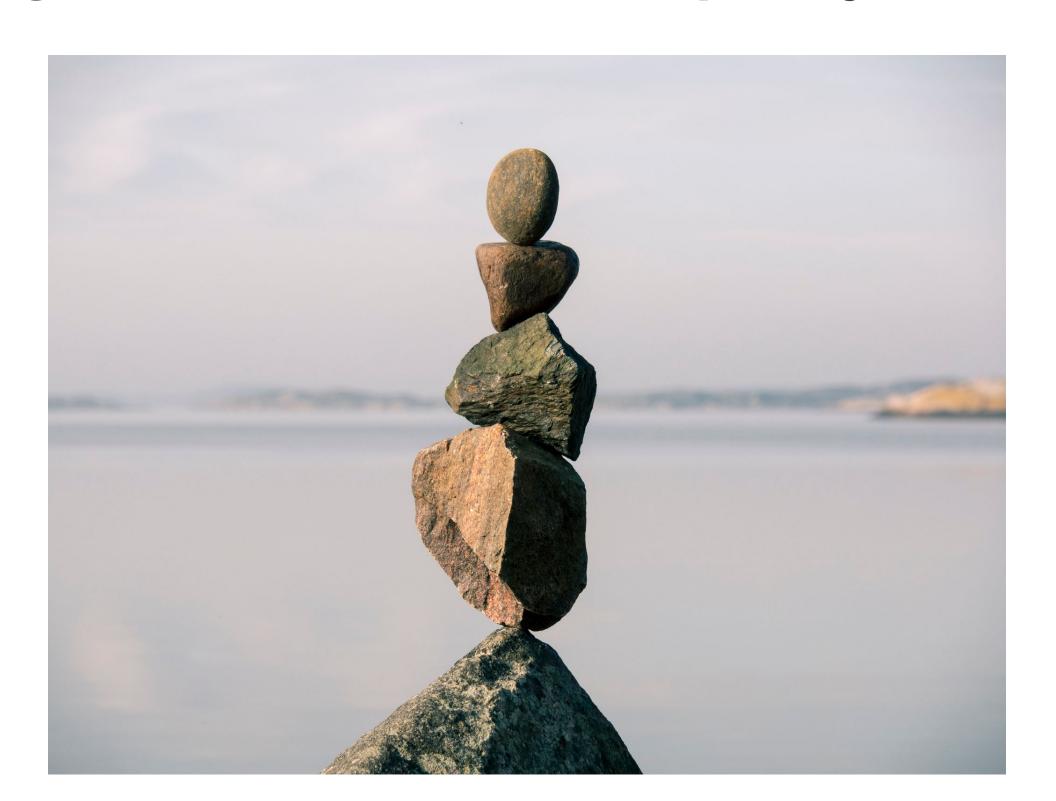
### The Easy Stuff Is Gone, Now What?

- Do less work
  - Incremental build
  - Use a package manager
- Compiler caching
- Throw hardware at it
- Distributed builds



## What Andy Giveth, Bill Taketh Away

- Andy and Bill's Law
  - New software will always consume any increase in computing power that new hardware can provide
- Wirth's law
  - Software is getting slower more rapidly than hardware is becoming faster



# Higher Order

# Takeaways

Questions?

### Takeaways

- Profile your builds
- Compilation requires parsing which isn't free
- Better hardware won't always save us from ourselves
- We are all stewards of our build times
- Give a compiler engineer a hug





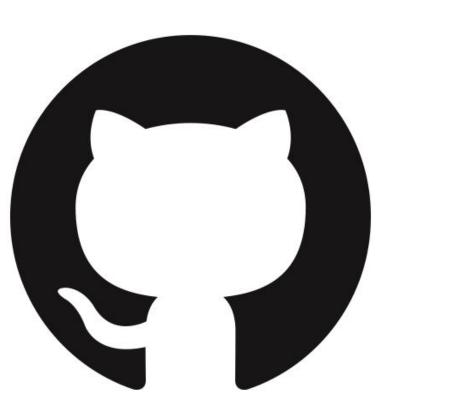
#### Thank You!



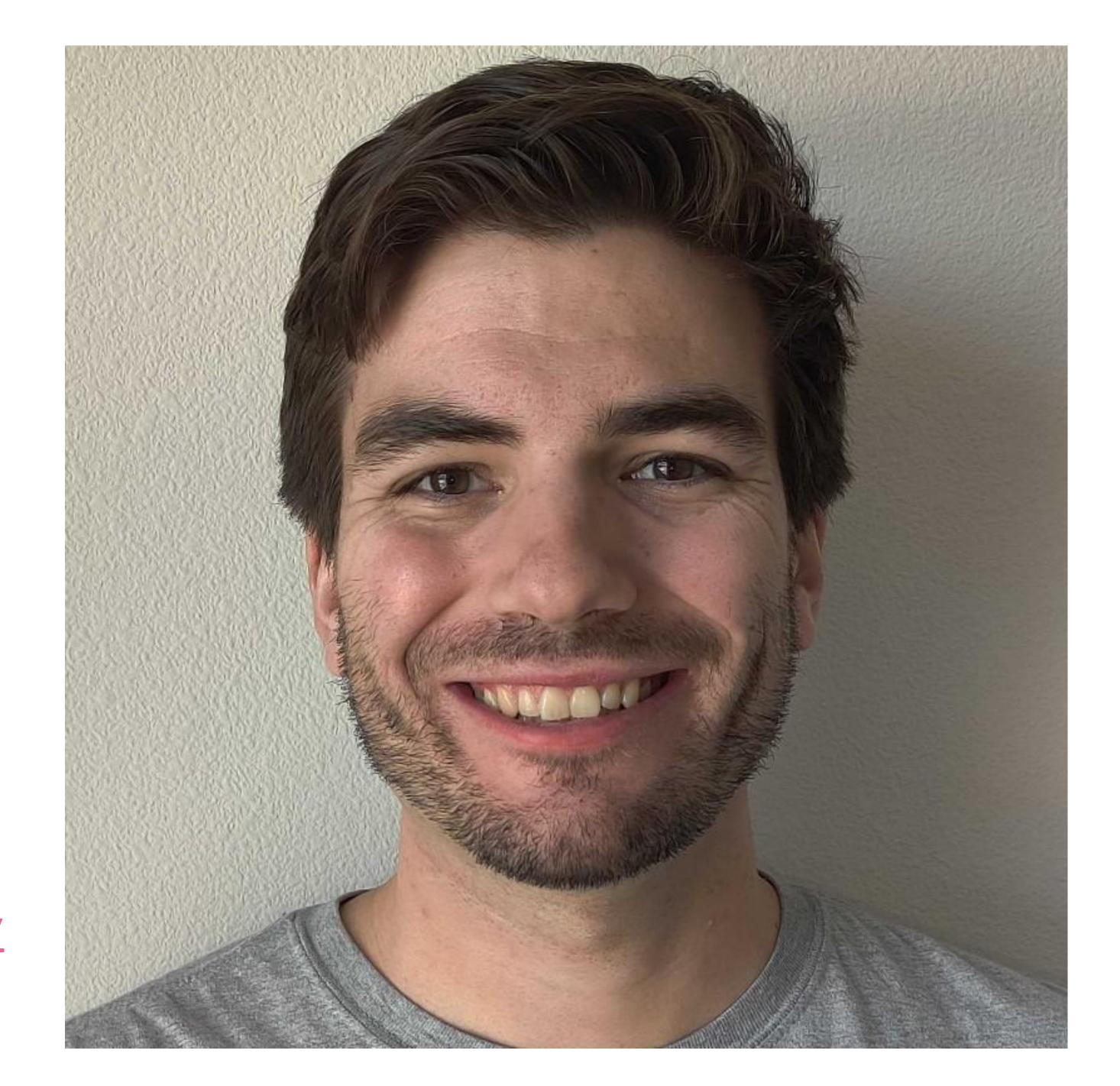
https://github.com/maspe36/WhylsMyBuildSoSlow



https://www.linkedin.com/in/sam-privett/







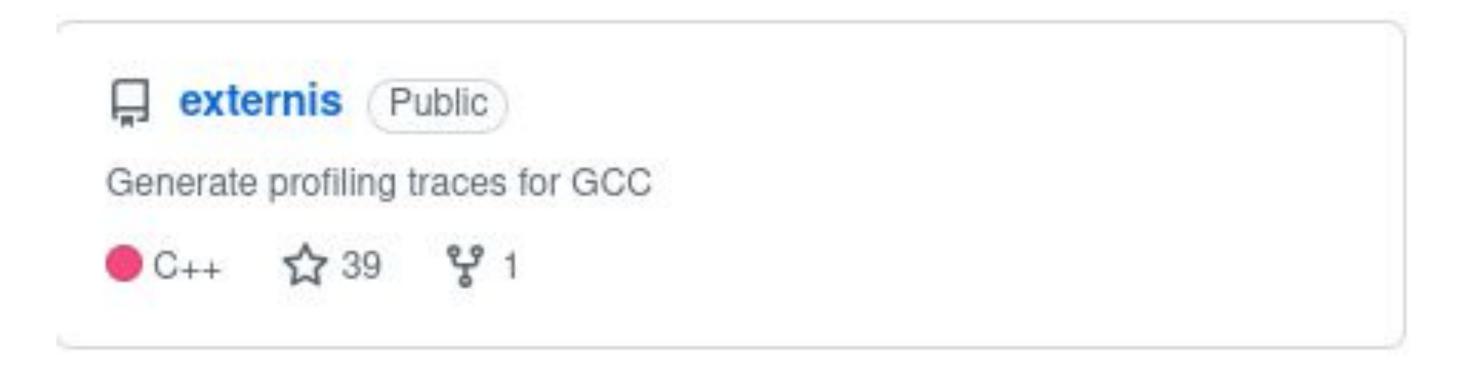


careers.jnj.com

# Takeaways

Questions?

## GCC Profiling



- Externis, GCC Plugin "similar" to -ftime-trace
- Write a script to parse <u>-ftime-report</u>

### Profile Memory Consumption

Really nice presentation on this from an LLVM Performance Workshop

https://llvm.org/devmtg/2023-02-25/slides/basic-memory-profiler.pdf

TL;DR: Nothing yet, but maybe soon