

***TRDP*****Train Real Time Data Protocol****TRDP System Requirement Specification**

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DOCUMENT SUMMARY SHEET

This software requirement specification with the focus to train-wide IP communication is applicable to the Train Control Management System (TCMS) developed TCNopen initiative.

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1. Introduction

1.1. Purpose

The purpose of this document is the definition of use cases, functional and non functional requirements concerning the IP communication stack (TRDP) with respect to create a flexible, modular software which can be easily ported, adapted and downsized. These requirements shall be the basis for the TRDP stack development by the TCNOpen initiative.

1.2. Intended Audience

This document is intended for TCMS engineers, system engineers and engineers responsible for the software development within the TCNOpen initiative.

1.3. References/Related Documents

Reference	Number	Title
[Wire]	IEC61375-2-3	TRDP Protocol (Annex A)

Table 1: References

1.4. Abbreviations and Definitions

Abbreviation.	Definition
API	Application Programming Interface
CCU	Central Computing Unit
DHCP	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
DNS	Domain Name System
ED	End Device
ETBN	Ethernet Train Backbone Node
FRG	Functional Redundancy Group
HMI	Human Machine Interface
ID	Identifier
IGMP	Internet Group Management Protocol
IP	Internet Protocol
MCG	Mobile Communication Gateway
MD	Message Data

Abbreviation.	Definition
NRTOS	Non-RealTime Operating System
PD	Process Data
QoS	Quality of Service
RTOS	Real Time Operating System
SDT	Safe Data Transmission
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol
TCN	Train Communication Network
TOS	Type Of Service
UDP	User Datagram Protocol
UIC	Union Internationale de Chemins de Fer (railway standardisation body)
URI	Universal Resource Identifier
XML	eXtensible Markup Language
API	Application Programming Interface
CCU	Central Computing Unit
DHCP	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
DNS	Domain Name System
ED	End Device
ETBN	Ethernet Train Backbone Node
FRG	Functional Redundancy Group
HMI	Human Machine Interface
ID	Identifier
IGMP	Internet Group Management Protocol
IP	Internet Protocol
MCG	Mobile Communication Gateway
MD	Message Data
NRTOS	Non-RealTime Operating System
PD	Process Data
QoS	Quality of Service
RTOS	Real Time Operating System
SDT	Safe Data Transmission
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol
TCN	Train Communication Network
TOS	Type Of Service
UDP	User Datagram Protocol
UIC	Union Internationale de Chemins de Fer (railway standardisation body)
URI	Universal Resource Identifier
XML	eXtensible Markup Language

Table 2: Abbreviations and Definitions

1.5. Conventions

shall or must	strictly required, mandatory
should	desired, recommended (dispensable if well justified)
can, could	possible
may	optional, allowed, acceptable
must not, shall not	strictly forbidden
should not	unwanted (only acceptable if well justified)
can not	impossible (physically or technically)

2. TRDP Description

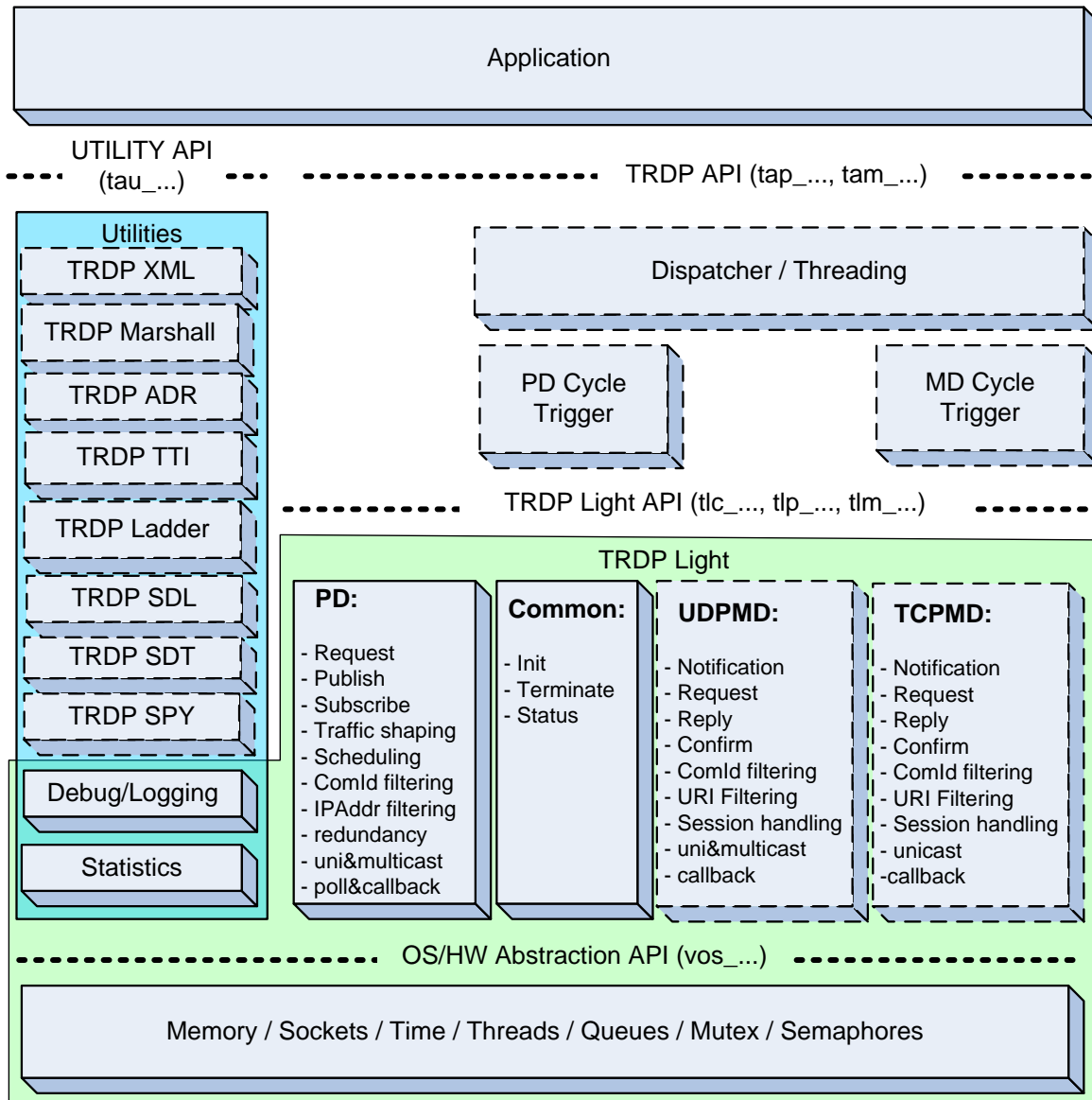


Figure 1 TRDP Modular Structure

2.1. Use Cases

In the following chapters the functionalities on the different end device (differentiated by their performance) are described.

2.1.1. Low End ED's (TRDP Light)

- PD (unicast, multicast, request)
- PD scheduling, shaping, timeout supervision
- PD base cycle triggering from application
- optional MD
 - MD base cycle triggering from application
 - MD using only call back interface
- Only IP addressing
- Only ECN (no ETB) communication
(ETB communication only done by standard and high end ED's !)
- Basic TRDP status & statistics provision via PD
- Optional extended TRDP status & statistics provision via MD
- time synchronisation via PD
- SW download by TFTP, manual check if files transferred completely and correctly
- No file system (only binary code)
- Optional SDT receive
- Necessary marshalling/unmarshalling to be done in application

2.1.2. Standard ED's

- PD (unicast, multicast, request)
- PD cycle handling
- MD (unicast and multicast)
- MD session handling
- Queue usage for MD

- Redundancy support
- URI addressing
- ECN & ETB communication
- Marshalling/Unmarshalling
- Basic TRDP status & statistics provision via PD
- Extended TRDP status & statistics provision via MD
- XML configuration file
- time synchronisation via PD
- SW download by specific protocol to ensure completeness and correctness of files
- Optional SDT
- Optional train to wayside communication

2.1.3. High End ED's

Like Standard ED's but with the following features added

- multithreading support
- time synchronisation via NTP
- Web services

3. Specific Requirements

3.1. General

ID	Requirement
TRDP1001	TRDP shall have a modular structure that allows to leave out MD communication as well as one or more of the optional components without source code changes.
TRDP1002	TRDP shall support optional a configuration via an XML-File.
TRDP1003	TRDP shall use an OS/HW abstraction API to separate all OS/HW depending interfaces and to allow so easy portability and adaptability.
TRDP1004	TRDP shall use optional PHY multicast address filtering. This is necessary to prevent overload of simple devices in networks without ring switches.
TRDP1005	TRDP used well-known ports shall be configurable at stack initialisation time. As TRDP default ports shall be used the ports defined in IEC61375-2-3.
TRDP1006	The ports shall be used in the following way: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• For receiving any process data telegrams and for receiving UDP message data notification, request and confirm telegrams the well-known port shall be used.• For receiving UDP message data reply telegrams the port the related request was sent from shall be used.• For sending any process data telegrams and for sending UDP message data notification, request and confirm telegrams a private source port different from the well-known port shall be used.• For sending UDP message data reply telegrams any source port different from the one the request was received from can be used.• TCP connections shall be established between a source port different from the well-known port and the well-known port as destination.
TRDP1007	As frame check sequence the CRC32 according IEEE802.3 shall be used. The CRC calculation shall be done on the wire data – little endian format and byte alignment. Start value shall be 0xffffffff. The CRC itself shall be big endian.
TRDP1008	TRDP shall support cyclic data transmission (PD). Specific requirements see chapter 3.3.
TRDP1009	TRDP shall support optional event data transmission (MD). Specific requirements see chapter 3.4.
TRDP1010	TRDP shall support optional safe data transmission.
TRDP1012	TRDP shall provide optional PD interface for status and statistics access
TRDP1013	TRDP shall provide optional MD interface for status and statistics access
TRDP1014	TRDP shall provide API to access status and statistics
TRDP1015	TRDP shall support a utility set to be used by the application. Specific requirements see 3.6
TRDP1016	Marshalling/unmarshalling shall be configurable as option for each telegram

3.2. *TRDP API*

ID	Requirement
TRDP0201	

3.3. Process Data Transmission

ID	Requirement
TRDP3001	TRDP PD shall support push communication pattern.
TRDP3001	TRDP PD push shall support point to point communication, cyclic without acknowledge, source knows the sink
TRDP3002	TRDP PD push shall support point to multipoint communication, cyclic without acknowledge, source knows the sink, e.g.redundancy groups
TRDP3003	TRDP PD push shall support point to multipoint communication, cyclic without acknowledge, source doesn't know the sink, e.g.redundancy groups
TRDP3004	TRDP PD shall support pull communication pattern.
TRDP3005	TRDP PD pull shall support point to point communication, without acknowledge, source knows the sink
TRDP3006	TRDP PD pull shall support point to point communication, without acknowledge, source doesn't know the sink
TRDP3007	TRDP PD pull shall support point to multipoint communication, without acknowledge, source knows the sink, e.g.redundancy groups
TRDP3008	TRDP PD pull shall support point to multipoint communication, without acknowledge, source doesn't know the sink, e.g.redundancy groups
TRDP3009	A publisher/subscriber shall use an IP unicast address for addressing a known subscriber/publisher.
TRDP3010	A publisher/subscriber shall use an IP multicast address for addressing groups of known subscribers/publishers (e.g. redundancy groups).
TRDP3011	A publisher/subscriber shall use an IP multicast address for addressing unknown subscribers/publishers.
TRDP3012	TRDP shall use PD-PDU like defined in IEC61375-2-3
TRDP3013	The sequence counter: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Shall be managed for sending process datagrams per ComId/MsgType at each requester/publisher.• Shall be managed (stored) for received process datagrams per SourceIPAddr/ComId/MsgType at each publisher/subscriber.• Shall be incremented with each sending of the process datagram. Datagrams sent in parallel via different subnets are sent with the same sequence counter to detect duplication at receiver side.• Can be used for the surveillance if the communication layer is still sending the PD.
TRDP3014	The protocol version shall consist of: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Higher significant octet: Version, incremented for incompatible changes• Lower significant octet: Release, incremented for compatible changes
TRDP3015	MsgType shall define the type of the datagram. 'Pr' = PD Request 'Pp'=PD Reply 'Pd' = PD Data 'Pe' = PD Data (Error)

	<p>Coded in ASCII for better reading with open protocol analyzer tools (e.g. Wireshark)</p> <p>NOTE: MsgType 'Pe' shall be used only for notification use and must not be sent over the bus</p>
TRDP3016	<p>The ComId forms together with the source IP address an unique identifier within the train</p> <p>The ComId is application dependent but should be standardized in the application profiles. It should be the reference towards the following parameters of the PD datagram:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • structure (data set) (one-to-one relation) • source URI • sink URI • validity behavior (behavior in case of invalid data / timeout) • timeout • cycle time • redundancy (source is redundant) <p>(Note: source IP address might be changed by R-NAT)</p>
TRDP3017	<p>The topology counter:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • shall be used (train addressing) as defined in standard part IEC 61375-2-5 • shall be set by the user • shall be set to 0 (zero) if no ETB is present • should be set to 0 (zero) for consist internal communication
TRDP3018	<p>The dataset length:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • shall be the length of the user data set in number of octets without padding octets and FCS. • shall be the primary information about the user data size
TRDP3019	<p>Reserved:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • shall be set to 0
TRDP3020	<p>The requested ComId:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • shall be used only in a PD request • shall be used as ComId in the reply • If set to 0, the ComId of the request shall be used for the reply
TRDP3021	<p>The reply IP address:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • shall be used only in a PD request • shall be used as destination IP address in the reply • If set to 0, the source IP address of this request shall be used for the reply.
TRDP3022	<p>The header frame check sequence:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • shall be calculated for the PD-PDU header • shall not include the HeaderFCS itself.
TRDP3023	<p>If the user data length is not a multiple of 4 octets, octets with a value of 0 (zero) shall be appended until a multiple of 4 octets is reached (padding</p>

	bytes).
TRDP3024	The user data frame check sequence: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• shall be calculated for the PD-PDU user data set• shall not include the padding bytes nor FCS.• shall be the last 32-bit word of the telegram after the user dataset on a 4 byte alignment.• shall be calculated only if DatasetLength is > 0
TRDP3025	TRDP PD shall provide a poll mechanism to retrieve received PD
TRDP3026	TRDP PD shall provide a callback mechanism to retrieve received PD
TRDP3027	Process data are prepared cyclically by the publisher and shall be given to the TRDP layer calling the PD.prepare primitive.
TRDP3028	To receive a request, the publisher shall subscribe for it.
TRDP3029	Until receiving the first datagram for request matching to the filter criteria the related data shall be marked as invalid.
TRDP3030	Also a request for already cyclically published PDU shall be possible.
TRDP3031	Each incoming request datagram shall be answered by the TRDP layer using the available process datagram and the in the request datagram given IP address.
TRDP3032	To receive the related reply for a request, the publisher needs to subscribe for it. Destination IP address and source IP address of the process datagram as possible filter criteria.
TRDP3033	Until receiving the first request datagram matching to the filter criteria of the subscription, the related data shall be marked as invalid.
TRDP3034	Before sending the request datagram the related reply data at subscriber TRDP layer shall be set to invalid.
TRDP3036	Timeout supervision at subscriber TRDP layer shall be restarted after sending the request datagram.
	The TRDP PD request datagram can contain user data.
TRDP3037	TRDP PD shall be only received after a previous subscription
TRDP3038	Process data are prepared cyclically by the publisher and shall be given to the TRDP layer calling the prepare primitive.
TRDP3039	The publisher TRDP layer shall send the data in the configured cycle to the configured address.
TRDP3040	Any subscriber can subscribe for the process datagram using ComID, destination IP address and source IP address of the process datagram as possible filter criteria.
TRDP3041	Timeout supervision at subscriber TRDP layer shall be started after subscription.
TRDP3042	Timeout supervision at subscriber TRDP layer shall be restarted after receiving the related PD PDU.
TRDP3043	Until receiving the first datagram matching to the filter criteria the data shall be marked as invalid.
TRDP3044	TRDP PD shall support redundancy
TRDP3045	The service primitives for redundancy handling shall be used in the same way for the publisher of the pull and the push pattern.

TRDP3046	If a redundant device enters the master state it shall call PD.activate to start publishing the redundant process data.
TRDP3047	If a redundant device enters the slave state it shall call PD.deactivate to stop publishing the redundant PD.
TRDP3048	Starting TRDP the redundant ComIds shall be initialized in a way that they are not published.
	TRDP PD shall optional support PD redundancy groups
TRDP3049	To not to overload subscribers, the publisher of pushed PD-PDU shall apply a traffic shaping mechanism for equal distribution of the PD-PDU's over the time.
TRDP3050	TRDP PD shall provide publish of one or more PD-PDU
TRDP3051	TRDP PD shall provide unpublish of one or more PD-PDU
TRDP3052	TRDP PD shall provide subscribe to one or more PD-PDU defined by its ComId
TRDP3053	TRDP PD shall provide unsubscribe to one or more PD-PDU defined by its ComId
TRDP3054	TRDP PD subscription shall support optional source address filtering
TRDP3055	TRDP PD source address filtering should use PHY multicast filtering if available

3.4. Message Data Transmission

ID	Requirement
TRDP4001	TRDP MD transfer is limited to 64kByte
	A caller shall be able to define by the request type whether a reply is expected or not.
	A replier shall be able to define by the reply type whether a confirmation of its reply is expected or not.
TRDP4002	TRDP MD shall support three MD transfer options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • request without reply ('notification') • request with reply but without confirmation ('request without confirmation') • request with reply and confirmation ('request with confirmation')
TRDP4003	TRDP shall provide two mechanisms to transfer message data (via UDP and via TCP) the different service primitives of the two possibilities must not be mixed.
TRDP4004	TRDP MD shall support push communication pattern.
TRDP4005	TRDP MD push shall support point to point communication, sporadic with acknowledge, source knows the sink
TRDP4006	TRDP MD push shall support point to point communication, sporadic without acknowledge, source knows the sink
TRDP4007	TRDP MD push shall support point to multipoint communication, sporadic with acknowledge, source knows the sink

TRDP4008	TRDP MD push shall support point to multipoint communication, sporadic with acknowledge, source knows the sink
TRDP4009	TRDP MD push shall support point to multipoint communication, sporadic without acknowledge, source doesn't know the sink
TRDP4010	TRDP MD push shall support point to multipoint communication, sporadic with acknowledge, source doesn't know the sink
TRDP4011	TRDP MD shall support pull communication pattern.
TRDP4012	TRDP MD pull shall support point to point communication, sporadic with acknowledge, source knows the sink
TRDP4013	TRDP MD pull shall support point to point communication, sporadic without acknowledge, source knows the sink
TRDP4014	TRDP MD pull shall support point to multipoint communication, sporadic with acknowledge, source knows the sink
TRDP4015	TRDP MD pull shall support point to multipoint communication, sporadic with acknowledge, source knows the sink
TRDP4016	TRDP MD pull shall support point to multipoint communication, sporadic without acknowledge, source doesn't know the sink
TRDP4017	TRDP MD pull shall support point to multipoint communication, sporadic with acknowledge, source doesn't know the sink
TRDP4018	A caller shall use an IP unicast address or an IP multicast address for addressing known replier(s).
TRDP4019	A caller shall use an IP multicast address for addressing unknown repliers.
TRDP4020	A caller may use an IP multicast address for addressing a known replier redundancy group.
TRDP4021	A replier shall respond to the caller's unicast address.
TRDP4022	TRDP shall use PD-PDU like defined in IEC61375-2-3
TRDP4023	The TRDP MD sequence counter <ul style="list-style-type: none">• shall be incremented with each repetition of the message• shall be returned with the reply message shall start with value: 0
TRDP4024	The protocol version shall consist of: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Higher significant octet: Version, incremented for incompatible changes• Lower significant octet: Release, incremented for compatible changes
TRDP4025	MsgType shall define the type of the telegram. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 'Mn' = Notification (Request without reply)• 'Mr' = MD Request with reply• 'Mp' = MD Reply without confirmation• 'Mq' = MD Reply with confirmation• 'Mc' = MD Confirm

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ‘Me’= MD error <p>NOTE; Coded in ASCII for better reading with open protocol analyzer tools (e.g. Wireshark)</p> <p>NOTE: MsgType ‘Me’ is only for notification use and must not be sent over the bus</p>
TRDP4026	The ComId shall form together with the source IP address an unique identifier within the train.
TRDP4027	<p>The ComId is application depending but should be standardized in the application profiles. It should be the reference for the following parameters of the MD telegram:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • structure (data set) • source URI • sink URI • timeout <p>(Note: source IP address might be changed by R-NAT)</p>
TRDP4028	TRDP MD shall support unspecified MD (ComId = 0).
TRDP4029	<p>The topology counter:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • shall be used (train addressing) as defined in standard part IEC 61375-2-5 • shall be set by the user • shall be set to 0 (zero) if no ETB is present • should be set to 0 (zero) for consist internal communication.
TRDP4030	The DatasetLength shall contain the length of the user data set in number of octets without padding octets and FCS.
TRDP4031	<p>The ReplyStatus value shall be set by the replier to report the execution result of a request message or by the caller sending a confirmation. The execution result is supplied by the replying application and transmitted to the requesting application in addition to the response message itself.</p> <p>In case of a TRDP error reply (‘Me’) the value is supplied by TRDP.</p> <p>< 0x0000 NOK, 0x0000 OK, > 0x0000 user reply status</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 - timeout • 2 - session abort • 5 – no memory • 7 – data invalid

TRDP4032	<p>The sessionId:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• shall identify a “request-reply” or a “request-reply-confirm” session which is composed of a call session and a reply session.• shall be computed at caller side and reused at replier (listener) side.• shall be used at caller side to relate a reply message to the original request message• shall be used at replier side to identify a retransmission of the request in case the reply message was not received and to identify the confirm message• shall be a UUID according to RFC 4122, time based version
TRDP4033	<p>The reply timeout shall be a μs value used in a request / reply session.</p>
TRDP4034	<p>The source URI:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• shall be the used for functional addressing• shall be a null terminated string• filling bytes at the end shall be set to 0• shall contain only the “user part” without “host part” and “@”
TRDP4035	<p>The destination URI:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• shall be used for functional addressing• shall be a null terminated string• filling bytes at the end shall be set to 0• shall contain only the “user part” without “host part” and “@”
TRDP4036	<p>The header frame check sequence:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• shall be calculated for the MD header• shall not include the HeaderFCS itself
TRDP4037	<p>If the user data set length is not a multiple of 4 octets, octets with a value of 0 (zero) shall be appended until a multiple of 4 octets is reached (padding bytes).</p>
TRDP4038	<p>The user data frame check sequence:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• shall be calculated for the MD user dataset• shall not include the padding bytes nor FCS itself• shall be the last 32-bit word of the telegram after the user dataset on 4 byte alignment

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • shall be calculated only if DatasetLength is > 0
TRDP4039	If a TRDP MD user (caller) sends a notification, a notification message (MsgType 'Mn') shall be sent. The session identifier of the notification message shall be set to 0.
TRDP4040	If a TRDP MD user (caller) sends a request message, a call session shall be opened and a request message (MsgType 'Mr') shall be sent.
TRDP4041	To ensure that the session identifier is unique, each request-reply/request-reply-confirm session shall be identified by a 16 byte UUID according to RFC 4122, time based version. The session identifier is calculated at caller side in the TRDP layer, transmitted within each message and used at caller and replier side to identify the related call and reply session.
TRDP4042	A timeout value for the reply message(s) shall be defined by the TRDP user (caller).
TRDP4043	During the call session, the TRDP layer shall wait for incoming reply messages (MsgType 'Mp' or 'Mq'). All incoming reply messages related to the call session (identified by the received session id) shall be given immediately to the TRDP user.
TRDP4044	If the number of expected incoming replies is reached and there are no more outstanding confirmations from TRDP user (caller), the call session shall be closed.
TRDP4045	If the replier requests a confirmation (MsgType 'Mq'), the TRDP layer shall start a timer with the given confirm timeout time of the reply and wait for the confirmation from the TRDP user (caller).
TRDP4046	The confirmation shall contain in the destination URI the source URI received in the reply query.
TRDP4047	After getting the confirmation from TRDP user (caller), the TRDP layer shall send a confirmation message (MsgType 'Mc') to the replier.
TRDP4048	A confirmation message must not contain user data and shall be sent only as unicast.
TRDP4049	The TRDP user (caller) shall take care to provide the confirmation in time as indicated by the ReplyTimeOut parameter of the reply.
TRDP4050	If the number of incoming replies is reached and the confirm timeout timer expires while waiting for outstanding confirmations from TRDP user (caller), the TRDP user (caller) shall be notified that confirmations are missing and the call session shall be closed.
TRDP4051	If the reply timeout timer expires and less than the expected replies have been received, the TRDP Layer shall notify its TRDP user (caller) about the number of missing repliers. The call session shall be closed when all requested confirmations are sent or the confirmation timeout timer has timed out.
TRDP4052	If for TCP retransmission or continuing of the transmission is wished, this shall be done in a higher level service or in the application. TRDP shall provide the interface to continue a transmission after the connection was lost.

TRDP4053	If for UDP retransmission is wished, this shall be done in a higher level service or in the application.
TRDP4054	If the number of replies is not known (parameter NoOfRepliers = 0 and the timer expires, the total number of replies shall be indicated to the TRDP user (caller) and the call session shall be closed.
TRDP4055	If the TRDP layer receives a reply message (MsgType 'Mp' or 'Mq') without having opened a call session for the indicated session id, the message shall be discarded.
TRDP4056	Each TRDP user (replier) that wants to receive MD shall register as listener for MD sent to a specific URI (multicast or unicast) or for MD of a specific ComId.
TRDP4057	All incoming messages shall be checked against registered listeners. Any message to a not registered listener shall be discarded.
TRDP4058	If a notification message (MsgType 'Mn') is received, the message shall be passed to the related listener.
TRDP4059	If a request message (MsgType 'Mr') is received, a reply session shall be opened using the received session id, a timeout timer with the received reply timeout shall be started, the message shall be passed to the related listener and the TRDP layer shall wait for the MD.reply of the listener.
TRDP4060	If a request message (MsgType 'Mr') is received for an open reply session, the request message shall be discarded.
TRDP4061	After receiving the MD.reply from the TRDP user (listener), the TRDP layer shall send, depending on MD.reply of the listener, a reply message without confirmation (MsgType = 'Mp') or a reply message with confirmation (MsgType = 'Mq') to the caller.
TRDP4062	A reply message shall be sent only as unicast.
TRDP4063	If a reply message without confirmation (MsgType = 'Mp') was sent, the reply session shall be closed.
TRDP4064	If a reply message with confirmation (MsgType = 'Mq') was sent, the timeout timer of the reply session shall be restarted using the given confirm timeout value.
TRDP4065	The MD.reply of a listener shall use an IP address unique URI as source URI.
TRDP4066	If a confirmation message (MsgType 'Mc') is received for an open reply session with the received session id the related listener shall be notified and the session shall be closed.
TRDP4066	If a confirmation message (MsgType 'Mc') is received without having an open reply session with the received session id, the message shall be discarded.
TRDP4067	If the reply timeout timer of a reply session expires, the reply session shall be closed. In case of a timeout because of a missing confirmation or a missing MD.reply of the listener, the listener shall be notified.
TRDP4068	TRDP MD interface shall provide ComId addressing/listening
TRDP4069	TRDP MD interface shall provide user part addressing/listening

TRDP4070	TRDP MD shall optional support redundancy/FRG

3.4.1. UDP Message Data Transmission

ID	Requirement
TRDP4101	UDP MD transmission shall support unicast and multicast addressing.

3.4.2. TCP Message Data Transmission

ID	Requirement
TRDP4201	TCP MD transmission shall support unicast addressing.
TRDP4202	Using TCP for data transmission requires an established TCP connection between the caller and the replier device. So the first call to a specified device shall open a connection if there was no connection established before.
TRDP4203	As long as a TCP connection to another device in the required direction is open, it should be reused for all further calls to this device.
TRDP4204	<p>The caller shall close an existing TCP connection (active end) in the following cases:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A signal that the TCP connection will be closed has been received. • TRDP shut down or re-initialization. • A timeout occurred because the TCP connection was not used anymore for a defined time.
TRDP4205	The replier shall use the connection opened by the caller
TRDP4206	<p>The replier shall close an existing TCP connection (passive end) in the following cases:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A signal that the TCP connection will be closed has been received. • TRDP shut down or re-initialization. • Another TCP connection was opened from the same caller device and the old connection is not used anymore for a defined time.

3.5. OS/HW Abstraction Interface

ID	Requirement
TRDP5001	OS/HW abstraction interface shall include socket handling
TRDP5002	OS/HW abstraction interface shall include memory handling
TRDP5003	OS/HW abstraction interface shall include timer handling
TRDP5004	OS/HW abstraction interface shall optional include task handling
TRDP5005	OS/HW abstraction interface shall optional include mutex/semaphore handling
TRDP5006	OS/HW abstraction interface shall optional include mailbox handling

3.6. Utility support

ID	Requirement
TRDP6001	Communication framework shall include optional utility to read in XML configuration file(s) controlled by application.
TRDP6002	Communication framework shall include optional utility for marshalling/unmarshalling
TRDP6003	Communication framework shall include optional utility for IP-URI, URI-IP address translation
TRDP6004	Communication framework shall include optional utility for SDT
TRDP6005	Communication framework shall include optional debug/logging utility
TRDP6006	Communication framework shall include payload FCS calculation utility
TRDP6007	Communication framework shall include optional file upload/download utility
TRDP6008	Communication framework shall include optional SW download utility

3.6.1. TRDP XML - XML Configuration File Support

ID	Requirement
TRDP6101	The configuration via a XML file is optional
TRDP6102	XML file configuration shall support all data necessary for the configuration of TRDP, SDT and marshalling.
TRDP6104	XML file configuration shall support multiple interfaces
TRDP6104	XML file configuration shall support mapped devices

3.6.2. TRDP Marshall – User Data Marshalling/Unmarshalling Support

ID	Requirement
TRDP6201	The marshalling/unmarshalling is optional
TRDP6202	The marshalling/unmarshalling function shall be supported for ComId's and for DataSetId's.
TRDP6203	It should be possible to change the marshalling/unmarshalling data base during run time

3.6.3. TRDP ADR - URI-IP Address Translation

ID	Requirement
TRDP6301	

3.6.4. TRDP TTI - Train Topology Information Access

ID	Requirement
TRDP6401	

3.6.5. TRDP SDT - Safe Data Transmission Support

ID	Requirement
TRDP6501	TRDP MD interface shall meet the requirements stated in [wire]

3.6.6. TRDP SDL - SW Download Support

ID	Requirement
TRDP6701	