



MA: Multimarker Testing Related to Ovarian Cancer (Preauthorization Required)

M.9

M.9 MA: Multimarker Testing Related to Ovarian Cancer (Preauthorization Required)

POLICY

Ovarian Cancer Diagnostic Algorithmic Tests

I. Ovarian cancer diagnostic algorithmic tests (i.e., OVA1, Overa, ROMA, and OvaWatch) (0003U, 81500, 81503, 0375U) are **not medically necessary** for all indications, including but not limited to:

- A. Preoperative evaluation of adnexal masses to triage for malignancy
- B. Screening for ovarian cancer
- C. Selecting patients for surgery for an adnexal mass
- D. Evaluation of patients with clinical or radiologic evidence of malignancy
- E. Evaluation of patients with nonspecific signs or symptoms suggesting possible malignancy
- F. Postoperative testing and monitoring to assess surgical outcome and/or to detect recurrent malignant disease following treatment

Ovarian Cancer Treatment Algorithmic Tests

I. Ovarian cancer treatment algorithmic tests (0172U) may be considered **medically necessary** when:

- A. The member has a diagnosis of ovarian cancer, **AND**
- B. The member is being considered for PARP inhibitor therapy.



Dates

Original Effective

11-01-2024

Last Review

08-07-2024

Next Review

08-07-2025

PRACTICE GUIDELINES AND POSITION STATEMENTS

National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN)

NCCN guidelines for Ovarian Cancer, Fallopian Tube Cancer, and Primary Peritoneal Cancer (1.2023) recognize the use of biomarker analysis for risk assessment for ovarian cancer in women with a pelvic mass as an emerging technology; however, the NCCN panel of experts currently does not recommend these biomarker tests for clinical use. (p. MS-10 and p. MS-11)

Ovarian Cancer Treatment Algorithmic Tests

National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) NCCN guidelines for Ovarian Cancer, Fallopian Tube Cancer, and Primary Peritoneal Cancer (1.2023) recommend genetic risk evaluation, and germline and somatic testing if not previously done, including BRCA1/2 to inform maintenance therapy for patients with ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancer. If a patient does not have a germline BRCA1/2 mutation, homologous recombination status may inform on the benefit of PARP inhibitor therapy. (p. OV-1)

American Society of Clinical Oncology (ASCO)

ASCO (2020) issued a guideline for the use of PARP inhibitors in the management of ovarian cancer, which included the following summary of recommendations:

"The guideline pertains to patients who are PARPi naïve. All patients with newly diagnosed, stage III-IV EOC (epithelial ovarian, tubal, or primary peritoneal cancer), whose disease is in complete or partial response to first-line, platinum-based chemotherapy with high-grade serous or endometrioid EOC should be offered PARPi maintenance therapy with niraparib. For patients with germline or somatic pathogenic or likely pathogenic variants in BRCA1



instability and a partial or complete response to chemotherapy plus bevacizumab combination. Maintenance therapy (second line or more) with single-agent PARPi may be offered for patients with EOC who have not received a PARPi and have responded to platinum-based therapy regardless of BRCA mutation status. Treatment with a PARPi should be offered to patients with recurrent EOC that has not recurred within 6 months of platinum-based therapy, who have not received a PARPi and have a g/sBRCA1/2, or whose tumor demonstrates genomic instability. PARPis are not recommended for use in combination with chemotherapy, other targeted agents, or immune-oncology agents in the recurrent setting outside the context of a clinical trial. Recommendations for managing specific adverse events are presented. Data to support reuse of PARPis in any setting are needed.” (p. 3

Quick Code Search

Use this feature to find out if a procedure and diagnosis code pair will be approved, denied or held for review. Simply put in the procedure code, then the diagnosis code, then click "Add Code Pair". If the codes are listed in this policy, we will help you by showing a dropdown to help you.

Procedure

Enter at least the first 3 characters of the code

Diagnosis

Enter at least the first 3 characters of the code

CODES

+ **CPT-PLA**

+ **CPT4**



National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN). NCCN Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology: Ovarian Cancer including Fallopian Tube Cancer and Primary Peritoneal Cancer. Version 1.2023.

https://www.nccn.org/professionals/physician_gls/pdf/ovarian.pdf

2020

Tew WP, Lacchetti C, Ellis A, et al. PARP Inhibitors in the Management of Ovarian Cancer: ASCO Guideline. J Clin Oncol. 2020;38(30):3468-3493. doi:10.1200/JCO.20.01924

2023

National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN). NCCN Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology: Genetic/Familial High Risk Assessment: Breast, Ovarian and Pancreatic. Version 3.2023.

https://www.nccn.org/professionals/physician_gls/pdf/genetics_bop.pdf

REVISIONS

01-24-2025

Changed and updated investigational denial to not medically necessary

HAVE AN IDEA? WE'RE HERE TO HELP YOU MANAGE YOUR WORK



[Privacy](#) [Legal](#) [Non-Discrimination and Translation](#) [Site Map](#)

© 2025 Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Nebraska.

Blue Shield of Nebraska is an independent licensee of the Blue Cross and Blue Shield Association. The Blue Cross and Blue Shield Association licenses Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Nebraska to offer certain products and services under the Blue Cross® and Blue Shield® brand names within the state of Nebraska.