

# Lab 7: Shortest Paths

## COSC 3020: Algorithms and Data Structures

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### Instructions

Attempt to finish the tasks below during the lab time. You have until Friday, 02 November 2018, 23:59h to submit the solutions to WyoCourses. You may ask your TA for feedback before submitting, but this feedback will be qualitative only.

You may *not* use external libraries in your code unless explicitly stated.

### 1 All-Pairs Shortest Paths

In the lectures, we've seen Dijkstra's algorithm for finding the shortest paths from a given vertex to all other vertices in the graph. The Floyd-Warshall algorithm for finding the shortest path between all *pairs* of vertices works as follows:

Given a graph  $G = (V, E)$  with weighted edges:

- initialize a  $|V| \times |V|$  matrix `dist` to  $\infty$
- for each vertex  $v \in V$ , `dist[v][v] = 0`
- for each edge  $(u, v) = e \in E$ , `dist[u][v] = weight((u, v))`
- for each vertex  $k \in V$ :
  - for each vertex  $i \in V$ :
    - \* for each vertex  $j \in V$ :
      - **if** `dist[i][j] > dist[i][k] + dist[k][j]`:  
`dist[i][j] = dist[i][k] + dist[k][j]`

Implement the function `allPairsShortestPaths` that takes a weighted graph and returns the matrix with the distances, as described above.

What is the worst-case time complexity ( $\Theta$ ) of the algorithm?

Total 10 points.