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## Part 1

Uses Bisection method to solve  $x-2^x=0$

```
fprintf('Part 1\n')

solutionFound = false;
currentIteration = 0;

% Set maximum number of iterations here
maxIterations = 30;

% Set acceptable error tolerance here
tolerance = 10^-4;

% Set range here
a = 0;
b = 1;

fa = a-2^-a;

while currentIteration < maxIterations && ~solutionFound
    currentIteration = currentIteration + 1;
    p = (a + b) / 2;
    fp = p-(2^-p);
    if fp == 0 || (b-a)/2 < tolerance
        solutionFound = true;
    end
    if sign(fa)*sign(fp) > 0
        a = p;
        fa = fp;
    else
        b = p;
    end
end
if ~solutionFound
    fprintf('Max iterations of %d reached\n', maxIterations)
end
fprintf('Tolerance: %e, Approximation: %.4f, Iterations: %d\n',
    tolerance, p, currentIteration)
```

Part 1

---

*Tolerance: 1.000000e-04, Approximation: 0.6412, Iterations: 14*

## Part 2

Uses Bisection method to solve  $x-2^{-x}=0$

```
fprintf('Part 2\n')

solutionFound = false;
currentIteration = 0;

% Set maximum number of iterations here
maxIterations = 30;

% Set acceptable error tolerance here
tolerance = 10^-12;

% Set range here
a = 0;
b = 1;

fa = a-2^-a;

while currentIteration < maxIterations && ~solutionFound
    currentIteration = currentIteration + 1;
    p = (a + b) / 2;
    fp = p-(2^-p);
    if fp == 0 || (b-a)/2 < tolerance
        solutionFound = true;
    end
    if sign(fa)*sign(fp) > 0
        a = p;
        fa = fp;
    else
        b = p;
    end
end
if ~solutionFound
    fprintf('Max iterations of %d reached\n', maxIterations)
end
fprintf('Tolerance: %e, Approximation: %.12f, Iterations: %d\n',
    tolerance, p, currentIteration)
```

*Part 2*

*Max iterations of 30 reached*

*Tolerance: 1.000000e-12, Approximation: 0.641185744666,  
Iterations: 30*

## Part 3

Uses Bisection method to solve  $x^3+x-4=0$

```
fprintf('Part 3\n')
```

---

```
solutionFound = false;
currentIteration = 0;

% Set acceptable error tolerance here
tolerance = 10^-4;

% Set range here
a = 1;
b = 4;

fa = (a^3)+a-4;

while ~solutionFound
    currentIteration = currentIteration + 1;
    p = (a + b) / 2;
    fp = (p^3)+p-4;
    if fp == 0 || (b-a)/2 < tolerance
        solutionFound = true;
    end
    if sign(fa)*sign(fp) > 0
        a = p;
        fa = fp;
    else
        b = p;
    end
end
fprintf('Tolerance: %e, Approximation: %.4f, Iterations: %d\n',
    tolerance, p, currentIteration)

Part 3
Tolerance: 1.000000e-04, Approximation: 1.3788, Iterations: 15
```

## Part 4

Uses Bisection method to find the value of  $3^{.5}$

```
fprintf('Part 4\n')

solutionFound = false;
currentIteration = 0;

% Set acceptable error tolerance here
tolerance = 10^-8;

% Set range here
a = 1;
b = 2;

fa = (a^2)-3;

while ~solutionFound
    currentIteration = currentIteration + 1;
```

---

```

    p = (a + b) / 2;
    fp = (p^2)-3;
    % checks to make sure previousp variable exists first since the
    first
    % time the loop is run there is no previous value for p
    if fp == 0 || (exist('previousp', 'var') && abs((p-previousp)/p) <
tolerance)
        solutionFound = true;
    end
    if sign(fa)*sign(fp) > 0
        a = p;
        fa = fp;
    else
        b = p;
    end
    previousp = p;
end
fprintf('Tolerance: %e, Approximation: %.8f, Iterations: %d\n',
tolerance, p, currentIteration)

```

Part 4

Tolerance: 1.000000e-08, Approximation: 1.73205082, Iterations:  
26

## Part 5

Runs four fixed-point iteration methods to compute  $21^{1/3}$  and ranks their speed of convergence

```

fprintf('Part 5\n')

% Set acceptable error tolerance here
tolerance = 10^-10;

% set initial approximation here
p0 = 1;

%Part A

currentIteration = 0;
solutionFound = false;
previousp = p0;

while ~solutionFound
    currentIteration = currentIteration + 1;
    p = ((20*previousp) + (21/(previousp^2)))/21;
    if abs(p - previousp) < tolerance
        fprintf('Part A: Tolerance: %e, Approximation: %.10f,
Iterations: %d\n', tolerance, p, currentIteration)
        solutionFound = true;
    end
    previousp = p;
end

```

---

```

%Part B

currentIteration = 0;
solutionFound = false;
previousp = p0;

while ~solutionFound
    currentIteration = currentIteration + 1;
    p = previousp - ((previousp^3-21)/(3*previousp^2));
    if abs(p - previousp) < tolerance
        fprintf('Part B: Tolerance: %e, Approximation: %.10f,
Iterations: %d\n', tolerance, p, currentIteration)
        solutionFound = true;
    end
    previousp = p;
end

%Part C

currentIteration = 0;
solutionFound = false;
previousp = p0;

while ~solutionFound
    currentIteration = currentIteration + 1;
    p = previousp - (((previousp^4)-(21*previousp))/
((previousp^2)-21));
    if abs(p - previousp) < tolerance
        fprintf('Part C: Tolerance: %e, Approximation: %.10f,
Iterations: %d\n', tolerance, p, currentIteration)
        solutionFound = true;
    end
    previousp = p;
end

%Part D

currentIteration = 0;
solutionFound = false;
previousp = p0;

while ~solutionFound
    currentIteration = currentIteration + 1;
    p = (21/previousp)^.5;
    if abs(p - previousp) < tolerance
        fprintf('Part D: Tolerance: %e, Approximation: %.10f,
Iterations: %d\n', tolerance, p, currentIteration)
        solutionFound = true;
    end
    previousp = p;
end

fprintf('From greatest to least speed of convergence, it goes b, d, a.
C does not converge.\n')

```

---

---

```
Part 5
Part A: Tolerance:  1.000000e-10,  Approximation:  2.7589241758,
        Iterations:  135
Part B: Tolerance:  1.000000e-10,  Approximation:  2.7589241764,
        Iterations:   9
Part C: Tolerance:  1.000000e-10,  Approximation:  0.0000000000,
        Iterations:   2
Part D: Tolerance:  1.000000e-10,  Approximation:  2.7589241764,
        Iterations:  37
From greatest to least speed of convergence, it goes b, d, a. C does
not converge.
```

## Part 6

Uses fixed-point iteration to find an approximation to the fixed point of  $g(x) = 2^{-x}$

```
fprintf('Part 6\n')

% Set acceptable error tolerance here
tolerance = 10^-4;

% set initial approximation here
p0 = 1;

currentIteration = 0;
solutionFound = false;
previousp = p0;

while ~solutionFound
    currentIteration = currentIteration + 1;
    p = 2^(-previousp);
    if abs((p - previousp)/p) < tolerance
        fprintf('Tolerance: %e, Approximation: %.4f, Iterations:
%d\n', tolerance, p, currentIteration)
        solutionFound = true;
    end
    previousp = p;
end
```

```
Part 6
Tolerance:  1.000000e-04,  Approximation:  0.6412,  Iterations:  12
```

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