# Chapter 1

# System Requirements Specification

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## 1.1 Introduction

This document outlines the requirements, scope, and boundaries placed upon the project based on an interpretation of the document "Year 3 Group Project Specification - Restaurant Ordering System"

# 1.2 Purpose

The purpose of this system is to support restaurant staff in taking and fulfilling food orders from customers. The system is intended to make the process of relaying orders to the kitchen and fulfilling them more efficient, whilst increasing the information available to customers regarding their order. The aim is to allow servers to take quickly take complex orders from a customer or group of customers and have this automatically relayed to kitchen staff. The kitchen staff will then be able to provide certain feedback on the order, such as estimated time to delivery, which will be viewable by customers through this system.

# 1.3 Scope

The Restaurant Ordering Support System (henceforth "The system", or "ROSS"), will be designed to receive orders from thing staff and relay this information to staff working in the kitchen. ROSS will also allow waiting staff to amend orders, kitchen staff to provide feedback on orders (for example, the time until delivery), and customers to view some or all of this feedback alongside their order details. This is to achieve the aim of increasing operational efficiency at the restaurant and customer experience.

The system will also be designed to handle a good variety of data to support the client's need to deploy the system across multiple differing restaurant environments.

The system will not be designed to provide detailed instructions on the preparation of food, only what dishes have been ordered (with any modifications). It will also not implement a stock management system, though some emulation of such a system may be implemented.

No aspect of the system will process payments from customers, though price information about items on the menu may be represented in the system. The system will also not be explicitly designed to integrate with any other technologies the restaurant may be using, for example Point of Sale or Stock Control systems.

## 1.4 Overview

## 1.4.1 Context

The system will interact with 3 existing groups of people:

## 1. Waiting Staff

These are the people who converse with customers to elicit instructions for the kitchen staff to act upon. These instructions are usually in the form of food and/or drinks orders, or amendments to previously made orders. In the existing system, they are also responsible for relaying information from the kitchen staff to a customer. Waiting staff may or may not deliver food from the kitchen to customers.

#### 2. Kitchen Staff

This group consists of any person responsible for the preparation of or drink for customer consumption.

#### 3. Customers

Anyone who enters the restaurant's premises with the intent to purchase or drink is considered a customer. The System is only concerned with formalising a customer's request, not with encouraging or eliciting purchases.

These groups of people (collectively "users") will interface with ROSS through one of five distinct software components:

- 1. A Kitchen component to display information on current, unfulfilled orders to kitchen staff. The component will also be responsible for processing input to the system from the kitchen staff.
- 2. A Waiting component to allow waiting staff to enter, view, and amend customers' orders into the system.
- 3. A Customer component allowing customers to view the current status of their order. Any other direct interaction between the system and any customer (IE not through another user) will be the responsibility of this component.
- 4. A Database component responsible for storing any persistent information required by the system. For example all current unfulfilled orders, the restaurant's menu, and the availability of items on it. These examples will not necessarily be required by or implemented in the system.
- 5. A Server component which will manage the flow of information between the four previously mentioned components.

The general process of interaction expected is for a customer to converse with a member of Waiting staff to place or amend an order to request an update on their existing order. This member of Waiting staff will then interact with the system to formalise the customer's request through the Waiting component. The staff member will then receive some information from that same component regarding the request, for example "Accepted", "Denied", details of an order, etc. These details can then be acted upon by the staff member or customer.

When a request has been formalised in this manner, the request is passed from the Waiting component to the server component, which will act upon the request and interact with other components as required. Interaction with the Database component will usually be related to either recording the request for possible future use within or outwith the system, or to confirm such a request is valid or feasible.

In the case of new orders being placed or existing orders amended, the relevant details from the request will be passed from the Server component to the Kitchen component.

This component, in relaying order details to the kitchen staff, allows them to prepare the food or drink as requested by the customer. It will also allow them to provide information related to the request to ROSS, which will then act accordingly.

The customer's direct interaction with the system will include viewing the status of their order. That is the formalisation of their order recorded by ROSS, and some or all of the related information provided by the kitchen staff. Further interaction may or may not form part of the system as finally implemented.

Interaction with the aforementioned software components will take place through hardware owned and operated by the customer (for the Customer component) or provided by the restaurant in all other cases.

Interfaces between the components will utilise standard web technologies and practices.

#### 1.4.2 User Characteristics

Expanding on the user groups defined in Subsection 1.4.1: Context, their use of the system can be further defined as follows:

#### 1. Waiting Staff

This group will interact with the system through a mobile wireless device, most likely in the form of a tablet computer. Each member of the group will have a device. Given the number of staff members varies by restaurant, the size of this group is unknown, however it is not expected for there to be any more than 20 such people at any given time. This group consists only of Waiting staff who are working at the time in question.

It is expected that with their regular usage this group will become familiar with the system's interface design (the Waiting component particularly), its functionality and limitations. As such the Waiting component can rely more heavily on implicit knowledge, making it more efficient to use through a simpler interface.

per is a distinct possibility that certain aspects of the interface could be operated without looking at it given enough experience, and the design will aim to maximise this possibility.

Using the system both on a regular basis multiple times a day and in relation to employment, this group place ease of use and functionality significantly higher than visual aesthetics. They do not want to enjoy the interface per se, rather they want it to be second nature and make no investment - physical or mental - in its operation.

#### 2. Kitchen Staff

The kitchen staff also will make regular usage of the system multiple times a day in their employment. However their requirements are subtly different. In the potentially hectic and high-pressure environment of a kitchen the interface (kitchen component) must require a minimal amount of time and thought to operate. The aesthetics must also be carefully considered in order to convey as much information as possible without requiring appreciable concentration - it should work well with only glances from the staff.

While implicit knowledge can be assumed through experience of the operation will likely not feature due to the changing nature of the information being displayed.

s group will utilise a number of touch-screen devices of a size roughly according to an average desktop PC monitor. These will be installed in the kitchen itself in fixed locations, and may be shared ween members. As such the size of hen is the determining factor rather than the plant of staff. An amount from 1 to 5 would be considered normal, with anything up to 10 devices being reasonably expected.

#### 3. Customers

Unlike other groups the customers will not make regular usage of the system, and will not likely use it constantly throughout the day. As such they place a relatively high value on the aesthetics and enjoyment

from using the system, and are willing to sacrifice some aspects of usability or functionality. That is not to say those aspects can be neglected.

As a consequence, customers will require much more prompting and signposting from the system to help formalise their intent. Given their intermittent usage, customers will willingly pay more attention to the interface and afford more deliberation in their actions. This reduces the requirement for a slick and intuitive interface relative to the Kitchen and Waiting staff members.

# 1.5 Functional Requirements

# F-UR-1 Allow ting staff member to place customers' orders

prity: variable mighest Priority: Must Have

Source: "Group Project Specification Document"

# F-UR-1.1 Allow staff member to enter unique ntification

Priority: Must Have

The system will accept from the staff member 1 or more pieces of information that will allow the order to be uniquely identified by both staff member and customer. These details will be some combination of:

- Any part of the customer's name. Forename, surname, nickname, pen name and similar are all acceptable.
- Group Number. A number determined by the restaurant to group relevant orders together. For example, using a table number allows multiple separate orders by different people to be logically grouped.
- Unique Order Number. A number specific and unique to the order to which it is assigned. This is the only detail allowed to be used by itself.

The unique ID should be easily memorable by the customer. It is preferred if the customer has some reference to the Group Number or Unique Order Number eg. Number marked on the table.

## F-UR-1.2 Present staff member with restaurant menu

## Priority: Must Have

Show to the staff member the menu of the restaurant in a hierarchical manner.

The position of elements displayed to the person should be consistent for any number of orders where the menu hierarchy has not been modified, and for any location in that hierarchy.

# F-UR-1.3 Allow staff member to navigate the menu and select an item

#### Priority: Must Have

The staff member must be able to navigate the menu hierarchy in an arbitrary order, able to revisit and/or return to a previous location in the hierarchy.

They must also be able to select any item from the menu, and to return to the menu from that selection. The location in the menu they return to should be the same location from which they made the selection.

# F-UR-1.4 Allow staff member to record arbitrary details regarding selected item

#### Priority: Must Have

After selecting an item, the person must be able to record any arbitrary requests made by the customer regarding the item. This may include, but is not limited to:

- Requests to omit items (eg remove cheese from a burger)
- Requests to add or substitute items (eg swap chips for curly fries)
- Acknowledgement of dietary or allergy requirements (eg peanut allergy)
- Selection from options listed on menu (eg cake with choice of custard or ice cream)

It must also be possible to record the amount of said item to be ordered. Where some arbitrary detail/request has been recorded, for example to omit cheese, that detail should be applied to all of the items specified by the amount recorded. So for example if the request "No cheese" and the amount "5" are recorded for an item "burger", the order should consist of 5 burgers of which none have cheese.

## F-UR-1.5 Forming and placing order for fulfilment

#### Priority: Must Have

The staff member must be able to select and record details for a number of different items and have the system remember all previous selections and their details. Additionally they must be able to view this list of selections (defined as an order), and remove items from it.

They must be able to place this order for fulfilment, such that information recorded by the system is displayed pursuant to item F-UR-3.

The exact number of items an order may contain is specified in item NF-UR-13.

## F-UR-1.6 Automatically grouping items in an order

#### Priority: Could Have

The system could automatically group certain menu items together in the order and show these groups as part of item F-UR-3, with the aim of all the items in a group being complete and delivered to the customer at approximately the same time. For example, it could group starters, mains, and desserts into separate groups such that each group is individually prepared and served sequentially.

## F-UR-1.7 Specify item groupings in an order

#### Priority: Should Have

Similar to item F-UR-1.6 and in addition to item F-UR-1.4 above, the system should separately and explicitly record groupings of items within an order. Any specified grouping must override any automatic grouping that may otherwise be made by the system under item F-UR-1.6.

## F-UR-2 Allow waiting staff to amend existing orders

#### Priority: Must Have

Source: "Group Project Specification Document"

#### F-UR-2.1 Retrieve order details

The system must request the unique identification details entered as part of item F-UR-1.1 from the user.

If these details are invalid, the system must notify the user and prompt again for input.

There is no expectation for the system to check if the details refer to the intended order.

Once a valid (but not necessarily 'correct') set of ID details has been received, the system must display the details of the order (to which the entered ID details refer) to the user. The system is not required to display all stored information regarding the order, only that which is considered pertinent.

## F-UR-2.2 Amend or Remove order details

With an order being displayed to the user, they must be able to select any item in the order and change any associated details recorded as part of item F-UR-1.4.

The user must also have the ability to remove any number of items from an order.

The system will also provide functionality to remove the entire order from the system.

The waiting staff member may remove an order marked complete under item F-UR-4.2, but may not modify its details.

#### F-UR-2.3 Confirm amended order

Once the user has finished modifying the order (including removing it entirely) this change in information must be propagated through the system, and specifically notify the Kitchen staff as per item F-UR-3.2.

## F-UR-3 Display state of orders to Kitchen Staff

Priority: Must Have

Source: "Group Project Specification Document"

#### F-UR-3.1 Display all unfulfilled orders

The system must produce a complete list of all orders placed under item F-UR-1 for display to Kitchen Staff with regards to item NF-UR-6 and any other relevant requirements. All relevant information for an order must be displayed. This should be as a collection of menu items, and must include any requests made in accordance with item F-UR-1.4.

## F-UR-3.2 Notify of amendments to orders

The system must explicitly draw the attention of any Kitchen staff to changes in the order state which result from actions taken under item F-UR-2. This includes where entire orders have been removed from the system.

## F-UR-4 Add or Update order information from Kitchen

Priority: Variable

Highest Priority: Must Have

Source: "Group Project Specification Document"

#### F-UR-4.1 Provide an estimate of time to complete an order

Priority: Must Have

The system must allow Kitchen staff to provide an estimate of the time required to complete preparation of an entire order. This must be recorded by ROSS and made available for users to view as part of item F-UR-2.1.

The system must also allow for this estimate to be changed at any time.

#### F-UR-4.2 Mark an order as complete

Priority: Must Have

Kitchen staff must be able to mark an order as complete within the system, after which it cannot be amended - though it must be able to be removed from the system.

# F-UR-4.3 Provide an estimate of time to complete an individual item

Priority: Should Have

The system should allow Kitchen staff to specify an estimated preparation time for each individual item in an order, and have these individual timings displayed as part of item F-UR-2.1. From these estimates the system should derive an overall estimate for the entire order.

The system must also allow for these estimates to be changed at any time if made.

## F-UR-5 Kitchen staff can acknowledge information changes

Priority: Should Have Source: Tommy Lamb

#### F-UR-5.1 Kitchen staff can acknowledge order amendments

With respect to item F-UR-3.2, kitchen staff may (but are not required to) acknowledge amendments to orders. Where an amendment is acknowledged the interface must display the modified order in the same manner as any other order which is in the same state. For example, if an order currently being prepared is amended the acknowledgement should cause it to be represented in the same manner as other in-progress orders. Likewise for orders awaiting preparation, and any other states that may occur. This requirement does **not** include where orders have been cancelled/removed form the system. See item F-UR-5.2.

#### F-UR-5.2 Kitchen staff must acknowledge order cancellations

With respect to item F-UR-3.2, kitchen staff **must** acknowledge any order which has been cancelled. Until this acknowledgement the interface must continue to draw attention to the cancelled order. Only after this acknowledgement is received may the system consider the order cancellation completed and act accordingly.

## F-UR-6 Allow kitchen staff to remove orders

Priority: Could Have Source: Tommy Lamb

## F-UR-6.1 Remove order from system

The system could allow kitchen staff members to cancel an order, removing it from the list of unfulfilled orders in the system.

The system should record a reason for the cancellation as provided by the kitchen staff member cancelling the order.

#### F-UR-6.2 Notify Waiting staff member of cancellation

When an order is cancelled by the kitchen, the system should notify at least one member (and preferably only one) of the waiting staff who can relay this information to the customer in a personable manner.

## F-UR-7 Allow customer to view order status

Priority: Must Have

Source: "Group Project Specification Document"

#### F-UR-7.1 Retrieve order details for customer

This should function in the same manner as item F-UR-2.1, without specifying that the user interface be the same.

This requirement need not show the same details as item F-UR-2.1, only those details considered relevant to the customer.

The minimal set of details that must be shown are:

- Items ordered, alongside any specific requests made under item F-UR-1.4.
- Estimated preparation times as recorded under item F-UR-4.
- If the order has been marked complete by the kitchen as under item F-UR-4.

#### F-UR-8 Allow customer to make, amend, and remove orders

Priority: Could Have

Source: "Group Project Specification Document"

## F-UR-8.1 Customer placing an order

This would execute in the same manner as item F-UR-1. However the specific implementation of those requirements (including User Interface elements) should be considerably different, respecting the differing user needs outlined in Subsection 1.4.2: User Characteristics

#### F-UR-8.2 Customer amending or removing an order

This would execute in the same manner as item F-UR-2. However the specific implementation of those requirements (including User Interface elements) should be considerably different, respecting the differing user needs outlined in Subsection 1.4.2: User Characteristics

## F-UR-9 Generate report based on previous, fulfilled orders

Priority: Could Have

Source: "Group Project Specification Document"

The system could generate reports based on the orders made through ROSS for use by restaurant management in business decisions. The exact form or usage of these reports is unspecified.

#### F-UR-10 Intelligent recommendation system for order items

Priority: Will Not

Source: "Group Project Specification Document" ROSS will not implement functionality to display to a user recommendations for items to add to the order being made or amended.

# 1.6 Usability Requirements

## NF-UR-1 Quick for waiting staff to enter orders

Priority: Variable

Highest Priority: Must Have

Source: Tommy Lamb

# NF-UR-1.1 Single item orders must take no more than 1 minute

Priority: Must Have

From start to finish, it must be possible to take less than 1 minute for a member of waiting staff to record a single item as part of an order. This time does not include recording any specific requests under item F-UR-1.4, nor any time taken for the order to be propagated through the system (eg passing the order to the server component). This does include entering unique information (item F-UR-1.1), but not generating the information (eg asking the customer their name).

This requirement does not stipulate that all such orders must take less than 1 minute, only that it is feasibly achievable with the User Interface being used.

The requirement also makes no specification for the experience of the staff member. It is acceptable for the staff member in question to be experienced both in using the interface and menu structure in meeting this requirement.

Reasonable accommodation should be made for the complexity of ID information being entered and the size/complexity of the menu.

## NF-UR-1.2 Single item orders should take no more than 30 seconds Priority: Should Have

The same conditions as item NF-UR-1.1, except that the process should take no longer than 30 seconds. In meeting this requirement consideration must be made for the size and complexity of menu. It may not be (and is not expected) that all items in the menu could be used in meeting this requirement. Likewise a certain level of experience may be required in meeting this requirement.

## NF-UR-2 Menu information must be up to date

## Priority: Must Have Source: Tommy Lamb

With respect to item F-UR-1.2, the menu information displayed by the system should represent the menu at that time. The menu information must not be outdated (but may become outdated in the time it is being displayed to the user).

### NF-UR-3 Orders placed must be validated

Priority: Must Have Source: Tommy Lamb

With respect to item F-UR-1.5 and item F-UR-2.3, any orders or amendments recorded by the system must be confirmed to be valid. Where it is invalid, the system must notify the user.

#### NF-UR-4 Kitchen estimates should be quick to enter

Priority: Must Have Source: Tommy Lamb

With respect to item F-UR-4, it must take no longer than 30 seconds to enter a time estimate or mark an order as complete. The user must be able to complete this task using their non-dominant hand. The criteria must also be met if the user is using their dominant hand. In either case, the task must be completable using only a single hand, not both.

This does not include the time taken to come up with the estimate or to realise the order is ready, only the time to register the information in the system.

This does not preclude a user using two hands to operate the system, just that it must be fully operable using a single hand.

#### NF-UR-5 Kitchen estimates are not required by system

Priority: Should Have Source: Tommy Lamb

While the system must support preparation time estimates as per item F-UR-4, the system should also cope with orders which have no estimate provided. This should hold true for the entire life-cycle of an order, from when it is first placed through to completion and including any modifications. When displaying order details as per item F-UR-2.1, a meaningful message must be displayed (if pertinent) regarding the lack of estimate. This applies particularly to item F-UR-7.

# ·UR-6 Kitchen displays must be easily read

Priority: Must Have Source: Tommy Lamb

#### NF-UR-6.1 Displays understandable from a distance

With respect to item F-UR-3, all information displayed (in whatever form that may take) must be understandable by a user from a distance of at least 150 centimetres. The user is assumed to have good vision (does not require corrective lenses) and an unobstructed view of the interface. It is also assumed they are familiar with the interface and can therefore recognise certain graphical elements eg. symbols, colour coding.

## NF-UR-6.2 Displays easy to understand and unambiguous

With respect to item F-UR-3, a user must be able to understand any **single** piece of information being displayed within 5 seconds. They must have understood the information well enough to accurately relay it to another person at least 5 seconds after viewing the display.

The user is assumed to have a view of the display meeting the assumptions and constraints of item NF-UR-6.1. This includes interface experience.

## NF-UR-7 Kitchen interface must not rely on audio cues

Priority: Must Have Source: Tommy Lamb

With respect to item F-UR-3, no piece of information should be solely communicated to users through sound of any sort. This does not preclude the use of audible cues within the interface, but any such cue must be used in combination with a visual element of some description.

#### NF-UR-8 Order status must remain up to date

Priority: Must Have Source: Tommy Lamb

With respect to item F-UR-2.1, the information displayed to the user must reflect the most recent information held in the system. Any changes in the information as held by the system must be reflected in the interface within 2 minutes of the change occurring.

This time does not include any delays caused by technical issues, such as those which may affect communication between the various system components. Rather this reflects a normal operating environment.

#### NF-UR-9 Customer interface cannot require training

Priority: Must Have Source: Tommy Lamb

For any functionality involving a customer (the group as defined in Subsection 1.4.1: Context), the interface must be fully usable without training or instruction external to the interface itself. In other words, the customer must be able to execute any function of the system given

the interface and no other information.

It is assumed however that the customer in question has awareness of the context of usage, and a basic level of technological competence. Explicitly, an inability to use a standard web browser (or similar event) would not count has a failure against this requirement, even though it is part of the overall interface.

# 1.7 Performance Requirements

#### NF-UR-10 ROSS must handle at least 500 orders an hour

Priority: Must Have Source: Craig Duffy

ROSS must be able to handle anything up to and including 500 orders being placed for each and every continuous hour of operation without error

This requirement does not preclude the system failing due to an excess number of orders in a period of time shorter than one hour.

### NF-UR-11 ROSS must be capable of handling 10 orders in one minute

Priority: Must Have Source: Tommy Lamb

The system must have the capability to handle at least 10 orders being placed within one minute without error. This does not require that 10 orders be handled every minute for the duration of operation, rather that within one minute of **independent** operation 10 orders could be handled. It is acceptable that conditions preceding the minute in question prevent 10 orders being processed without error.

It is acceptable for the system to fail should more than 10 orders be placed within one minute.

#### NF-UR-12 Orders must be propagated quickly

Priority: Must Have Source: Tommy Lamb

The system must be able to fully propagate a new order or amendment to an existing order through all components within 1 minute of confirmation. Explicitly, any capable component must be able to display to a user the details of the order within 1 minute of confirmation.

Confirmation here refers to the completion of item F-UR-2.3 or item F-UR-1.5.

#### NF-UR-13 System must support orders up to 100 items

Priority: Must Have Source: Tommy Lamb

The system must support the placement of orders consisting of up to

(but not including) 100 items. The order may contain any combination of unique or duplicate items, which may or may not have specific requests made under item F-UR-1.4. The value of 100 does **not** include any amounts specified under item F-UR-1.4. As such the order may request more than 100 portions of food or drink from the kitchen when the order as entered into the system does not list more than 100 items.

This is a technical requirement placed on the system and does not preclude a lower operational limit being imposed by the restaurant.

# 1.8 System Interfaces

See also requirements specified under Section 1.6: Usability Requirements.

## NF-UR-14 Intercomponent communication must use web standards

Priority: Must Have Source: Tommy Lamb

In communicating between components, with the exception of between the server and database components, HTTP and underlying networking standards must be used. These may include, but are not limited to:

- Ethernet
- 802.11 (commonly called Wi-Fi)
- IPv4 / IPv6
- TCP / UDP

In addition to this, the usage of HTTP must be through standard protocols and practices.

The precise form of data being transferred should be some combination of the following, complying with W3C standards:

- HTML
- CSS
- JavaScript
- JSON

Communication between server and database components should be carried out using the best available standard compatible with the specific database implementation. For example (which is non-binding), SQL.

The exact versions of any technology listed here is explicitly unspecified at this time. The mandated use of these standards does not preclude the use of non-standard software, where that software itself conforms to or makes use of these standards. For example, JavaScript libraries or What-You-See-Is-What-You-Get editors.

NF-UR-15 Human-Computer interfaces must be touchscreen compatible

Priority: Must Have Source: Tommy Lamb

The hardware interface between Kitchen, Waiting, and Customer components and their users must be fully compatible with touchscreen technology. Any and all functionality or features of these components should be accessible through a touch screen interface.

This does not preclude the potential use of other Human-Computer interface technologies, such as a mouse and keyboard.

NF-UR-16 Hardware-Software interfaces should be through standard web browsers and operating systems

Priority: Should Have

Source: "Group Project Specification Document"

With the exception of Server and Database components, all components should operate on their hardware and be fully functional through any of the following browsers:

- Google Chrome
- Mozilla Firefox
- Apple Safari
- Microsoft Edge

Additionally those components which run on browsers should be fully functional on any of the following operating systems:

- Microsoft Windows
- Apple MacOS
- Apple iOS
- Android
- Certain Linux Distributions, including

Ubuntu

CentOS

No specification is made for what hardware the system should operate on, as this is considered in the domain of the operating system being used.

# 1.9 System operations

### 1.9.1 Human System Integration Requirements

No specific requirements are made under this section. Other requirements relevant to Human-System integration may be found in Section 1.8: System Interfaces and Section 1.6: Usability Requirements.

## 1.9.2 Maintainability

## NF-UR-17 Standard components should be easily maintained

Priority: Should Have Source: Tommy Lamb

Those components of the system which have not been specifically designed or implemented as part of this project should be reasonably maintainable by a single person who has appropriate domain-specific knowledge and experience. Certain issues may arise with which the person requires assistance from an outside party. This requirement does not preclude that possibility, nor is this requirement considered unmet under such circumstances. It is only required that such a person be able to maintain the specified components to a reasonable degree. The components to which this requirement applies include, but are not necessarily limited to:

- Operating System Software
- Device drivers
- All hardware owned and operated by the restaurant, including

Waiting staff devices

Kitchen devices

The server hardware

Networking hardware

• Web server software

This requirement explicitly does not apply to be poke software written as part of this project.

# 1.10 Assumptions and Dependencies

It is assumed that the restaurant is capable of implementing and maintaining a reliable wireless Local Area Network.

It is further assumed that the restaurant has or will have an active wireless Local Area Network implemented for the installation of this system.

It is assumed that the restaurant has or will have the ability to maintain

the server hardware and software - where said software has not been implemented as part of this project - by the end of this project. This may or may not be through a Service-Level Agreement with Buzzword.

As a corollary, no assumptions have been made regarding the maintenance of the software implemented for this project - namely the 5 components mentioned in Section 1.3: Scope.

# 1.11 Definition of Terms

Term	Definition
Server	The hardware and software environment which will provide copies of the Kitchen, Waiting, and Customer components to connected client devices. Also provides the hardware and software for execution of the Server and Database components.  Server does <b>not</b> refer to a waiter, waitress, or other member of staff.
Client device	The device being used to interact with the system. This will be the computer used by Kitchen staff, mobile or tablet device used by waiting staff, and any customer's device which has received the Customer component of the system from the server.
Local Area Network (LAN)	The collection of computer networking devices within the restaurant's premises.