

Splunk 3 – AWS Cloudtrail

In this task, you'll focus on AWS-related events with some questions focusing on endpoint-related events. The questions below are from the 200 series of the BOTSv3 dataset.

Question 1:

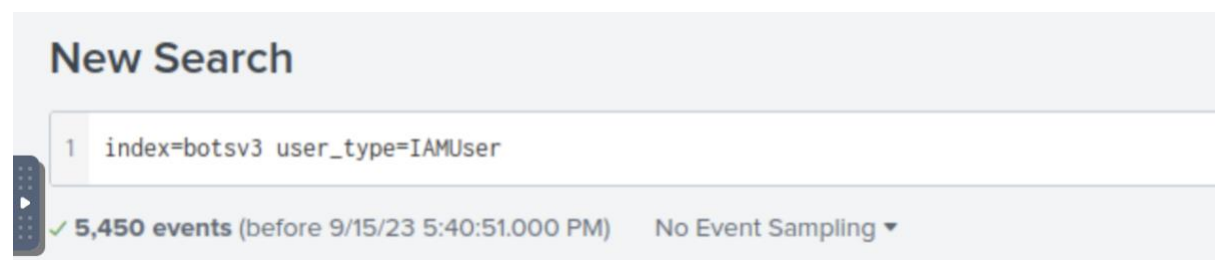
You're tasked to find the IAM (Identity & Access Management) users that accessed an AWS service in Frothly's AWS environment.

List out the IAM users that accessed an AWS service (successfully or unsuccessfully) in Frothly's AWS environment? Answer guidance: Comma separated without spaces, in alphabetical order. (Example: ajackson,mjones,tmiller)

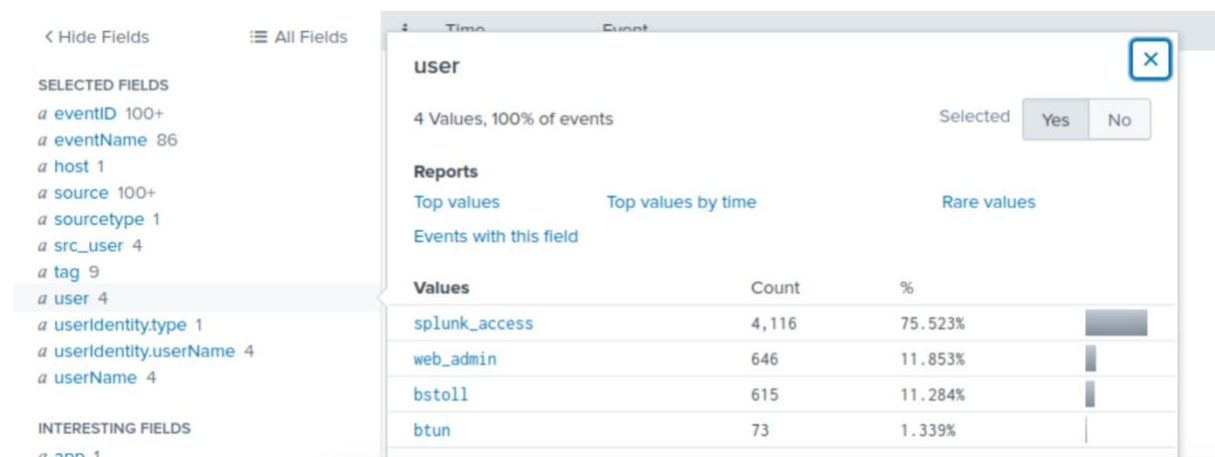
Answer: bstoll,btun,splunk_access,web_admin

I first used the query `index=botsv3 *IAM*` from this I was able to find the "IAMUser" type and field name "user-type"

I then used the following query below



From there I searched the selected fields and found the answer, all 4 users as shown below in the "user" field.



Question 2:

Make sure you exclude events related to console logins.

It might be a good idea to do a keyword search query on this one. Don't forget to surround the keyword with asterisks.

What field would you use to alert that AWS API activity has occurred without MFA (multi-factor authentication)? Answer guidance: Provide the full JSON path. (Example: iceCream.flavors.traditional)

Answer: `userIdentity.sessionContext.attributes.mfaAuthenticated`

My focus here is fields, so I used the query below with the sourcetype `aws:cloudtrail` and then hunted subfields within the `userIdentity` field and came across the answer below.

New Search

1 `index=botsv3 sourcetype="aws:cloudtrail"`

✓ **2,155 events** (before 9/16/23 12:38:15.000 PM) No Event Sampling ▾

Events (2,155) Patterns Statistics Visualization

Format Timeline ▾ — Zoom Out + Zoom to Selection × Deselect

eventSource: ec2.amazonaws.com

userIdentity.sessionContext.attributes.mfaAuthenticated

1 Value, 100% of events Selected Yes No

Reports

Top values Top values by time Rare values

Events with this field

Values	Count	%
false	2,155	100%

Show as raw text

Question 3:

What is the processor number used on the web servers? Answer guidance: Include any special characters/punctuation. (Example: The processor number for Intel Core i7-8650U is i7-8650U.)

Answer: E5-2676

I first used `"index=botsv3 *Intel*"` however it produced too many search results. I then used the table function to go through all the potential sourcetypes whereby I found `"hardware"` and finally came up with the query below which produced 3 results.

New Search

1 index=botsv3 sourcetype=hardware

✓ 3 events (before 9/16/23 12:43:54.000 PM) No Event Sampling ▼

Then after investigating I found the processor number highlighted below under the event

i	Time	Event
▼	8/20/18 2:26:25.000 PM	<div>KEY</div> <div>VALUE</div> <div>CPU_TYPE Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2676 v3 @ 2.40GHz</div> <div>CPU_CACHE 30720 KB</div> <div>CPU_COUNT 2</div> <div>HARD_DRIVES xvda 8 GB;</div> <div>Show all 9 lines</div> <div>Event Actions ▼</div>

Question 4:

Bud accidentally makes an S3 bucket publicly accessible. What is the event ID of the API call that enabled public access? Answer guidance: Include any special characters/punctuation.

Answer: ab45689d-69cd-41e7-8705-5350402cf7ac

This was quite difficult and took sometime. I initially tried to find an error code as the question suggested the incident was an accident however with no luck. I then went further using the query below but it didn't produce the policy or rule I was looking for.

New Search

1 index=botsv3 sourcetype="aws:cloudtrail"
2 | dedup responseElements.configRules{}.configRuleName
3 | table responseElements.configRules{}.configRuleName

✓ 2 events (before 9/16/23 1:13:49.000 PM) No Event Sampling ▼

Events Patterns Statistics (2) Visualization

```
iam-password-policy
iam-user-group-membership-check
iam-user-no-policies-check
lambda-function-public-access-prohibited
rds-multi-az-support
rds-storage-encrypted
restricted-ssh
root-account-mfa-enabled
s3-bucket-logging-enabled
s3-bucket-public-read-prohibited
s3-bucket-public-write-prohibited
```

I then done some research into event names in relation to modifying/updating buckets or permissions and came up with "PutBucketAcl". I then added the following into the query below which produced 2 events. After analysing the events I was able to decipher the event ID as highlighted below.

New Search

1 index=botsv3 sourcetype="aws:cloudtrail" eventType=AwsApiCall eventName=PutBucketAcl

✓ 2 events (before 9/16/23 1:24:34.000 PM) No Event Sampling ▼

Events (2) Patterns Statistics Visualization

Format Timeline ▼ — Zoom Out + Zoom to Selection × Deselect

List ▼ ↗ Format 20 Per Page ▼

< Hide Fields ≡ All Fields

SELECTED FIELDS

aws_account_id 1

type": "Group"}, "Permission": "READ"}, {"grantee": {"URI": "http://acs.amazonaws.com/groups/global/AllUsers", "xmins:xs1": "http://www.w3.o
type": "Group"}, "Permission": "WRITE"]], "Owner": {"DisplayName": "bstoll", "ID": "4c018053e740f45beb45f68c0f5eff6347745488ae540130432c9f
amazonaws.com/doc/2006-03-01/"), "bucketName": "frothlywebcode"}, "recipientAccountId": "622676721278", "eventType": "AwsApiCall")

Show syntax highlighted

awsRegion = us-west-1 | aws_account_id = 622676721278 | eventId = ab45689d-69cd-41e7-8705-5350402c7ac | eventName = PutBucketAcl | event
host = splunk.frothly | source = s3://cloudtrail-622676721278/AWSLogs/622676721278/CloudTrail/us-west-1/201... | sourcetype = aws:cloudtrail | tag = ch
user = bstoll | useridentity.type = IAMUser | useridentity.userName = bstoll | userName = bstoll | user_group_id = 622676721278

Question 5:

What is Bud's username?

Answer: bstoll

After finding the event in the previous question I was simply able to go through the fields and find the user as stated below. "bstoll"

	network
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> user ▼	bstoll
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> useridentity.type ▼	IAMUser
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> useridentity.userName ▼	bstoll

Question 6:

What is the name of the S3 bucket that was made publicly accessible?

Answer: frothlywebcode

This was also surprisingly difficult, after some research I found the standard field name given for S3 buckets is usually "Bucket" or "bucketname". I used both in the query and was able to find the answer in the event below

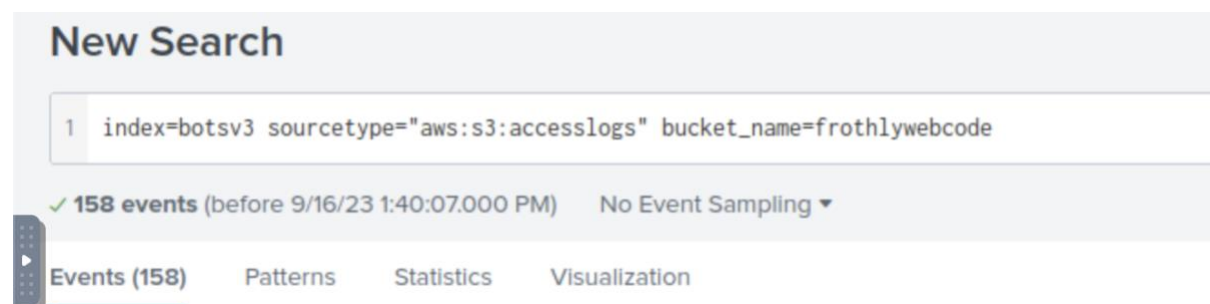
```
ser"}, {"Permission": "FULL_CONTROL"}, {"Grantee": {"URI": "http://acs.s
ype": "Group"}, {"Permission": "READ"}, {"Grantee": {"URI": "http://acs.
type": "Group"}, {"Permission": "WRITE"}]}, {"Owner": {"DisplayName": "bs
amazonaws.com/doc/2006-03-01/"}, {"bucketName": "frothlywebcode"}, "reci
Show syntax highlighted
awsRegion = us-west-1 | aws_account_id = 622676721278 | eventID = ab456
host = splunk.froth.ly | source = s3://cloudtrail-622676721278/AWSLogs/62267
user = bstoll | useridentity.type = IAMUser | useridentity.userName = bstoll
```

Question 7:

What is the name of the text file that was successfully uploaded into the S3 bucket while it was publicly accessible? Answer guidance: Provide just the file name and extension, not the full path. (Example: filename.docx instead of /mylogs/web/filename.docx)

Answer: OPEN_BUCKET_PLEASE_FIX.txt

I used the bucketName:"frothlywebcode" from the previous question combined with the sourcetype "aws:s3:accesslogs". This produced 158 events from which I investigated the field names.



Using the “key” field you can see the 4 files below. As im after a .txt file I queried “OPEN_BUCKET_PLEASE_FIX.txt” value and confirmed that it was in fact the answer

Left sidebar fields:

- # date_minute 9
- a date_month 1
- # date_second 6
- a date_wday 1
- # date_year 1
- # date_zone 1
- a error_code 9
- # http_status 4
- a index 1
- a key 4
- # linecount 1
- a object_size 4
- a operation 24
- a punct 33
- a referrer 4
- a remote_ip 12
- a request_id 100+
- a request_time 53
- a request_uri 61
- a requestor 7

Right sidebar: key

4 Values, 100% of events

Selected Yes No

Reports

- Top values
- Top values by time
- Rare values

Events with this field

Values	Count	%
-	131	82.911%
frothly_html_memcached.tar.gz	24	15.19%
OPEN_BUCKET_PLEASE_FIX.txt	2	1.266%
%25E2%2580%2598%25E2%2580%2599frothly_html_memcached.tar.gz	1	0.633%

2:23:32.000 PM ole/i-06fea586f3d3c8ce8 B06C8CD736FB611F REST.GET.OBJECT frothly_f

Filters:

- ☐ http_status ▼ 200
- ☐ key ▼ OPEN_BUCKET_PLEASE_FIX.txt
- ☐ object_size ▼ 377

Question 8:

What is the FQDN of the endpoint that is running a different Windows operating system edition than the others?

Answer: BSTOLL-L.froth.ly

I used the OS field within the “wineventlog” which came up with the following values. I was able to then find that the different windows operating system edition was in fact “Microsoft Windows 10 Enterprise”

OS

2 Values, 100% of events

Selected Yes No

Reports

- Top values
- Top values by time
- Rare values

Events with this field

Values	Count	%
Microsoft Windows 10 Pro	174	85.294%
Microsoft Windows 10 Enterprise	30	14.706%

Show all 22 lines

From there I could find the host of that windows operating system.

The screenshot shows a Splunk search results interface. A panel titled 'host' is open, displaying '1 Value, 100% of events'. Below this, there are tabs for 'Reports' (Top values, Top values by time, Rare values) and 'Events with this field'. A table shows the following data:

Values	Count	%
BSTOLL-L	30	100%

However the question was asking for the FQDN (fully qualified domain name) and so I used the host value from above in the query below to then find the answer under the "ComputerName" subfield below as shown.

```
1 index=botsv3 sourcetype="wineventlog" host="BSTOLL-L"
```

List ▾ Format ▾ 20 Per Page ▾		
i	Time	Event
>	8/20/18 3:17:58.000 PM	08/20/2018 03:17:58 AM LogName=Security SourceName=Microsoft Windows security auditing. EventCode=4689 EventType=0 Type=Information ComputerName=BSTOLL-L.froth.ly TaskCategory=Process Termination OpCode=Info RecordNumber=989884 Keywords=Audit Success Message=A process has exited.

