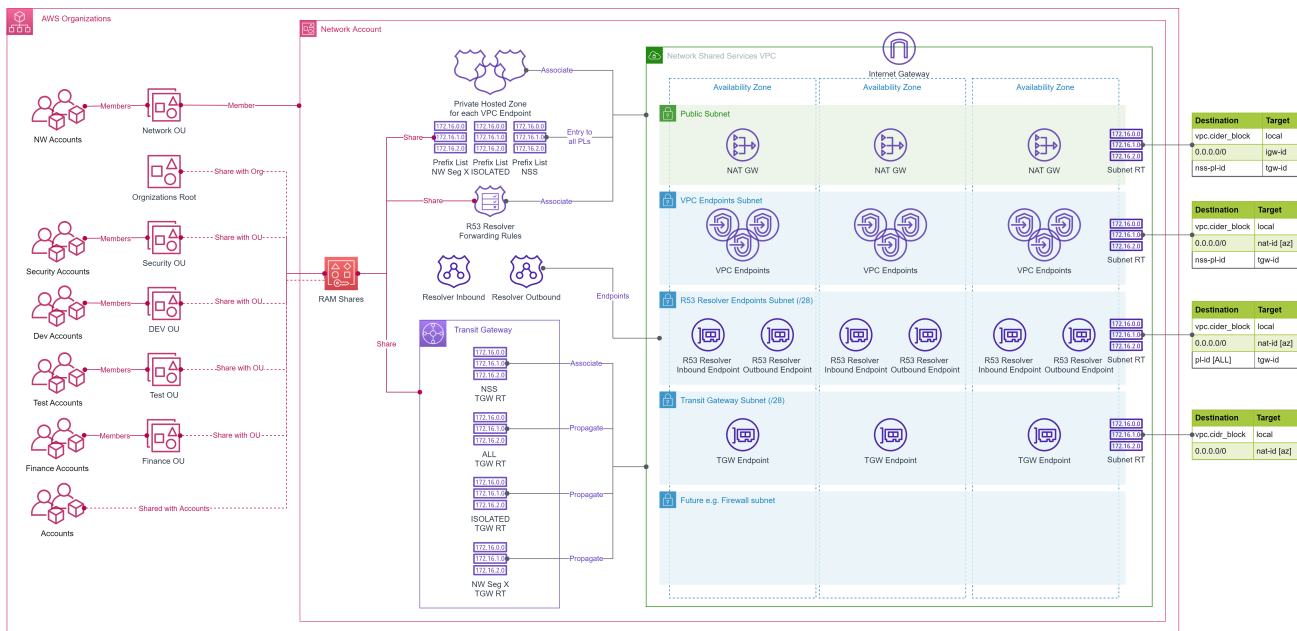


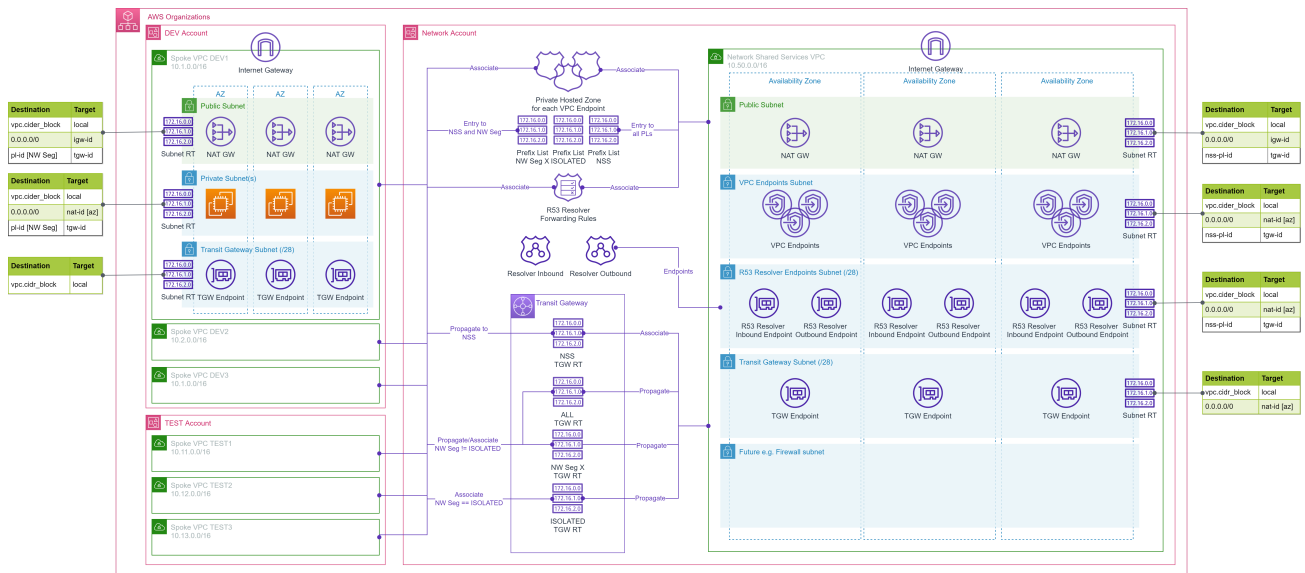
Build Multi-Account and Multi-VPC AWS network infrastructure with Network Shared Services (NSS)

This solution is a set of [Terraform modules](#) to build [Multi-Account and Multi-VPC AWS network infrastructure](#). Using these modules you can:

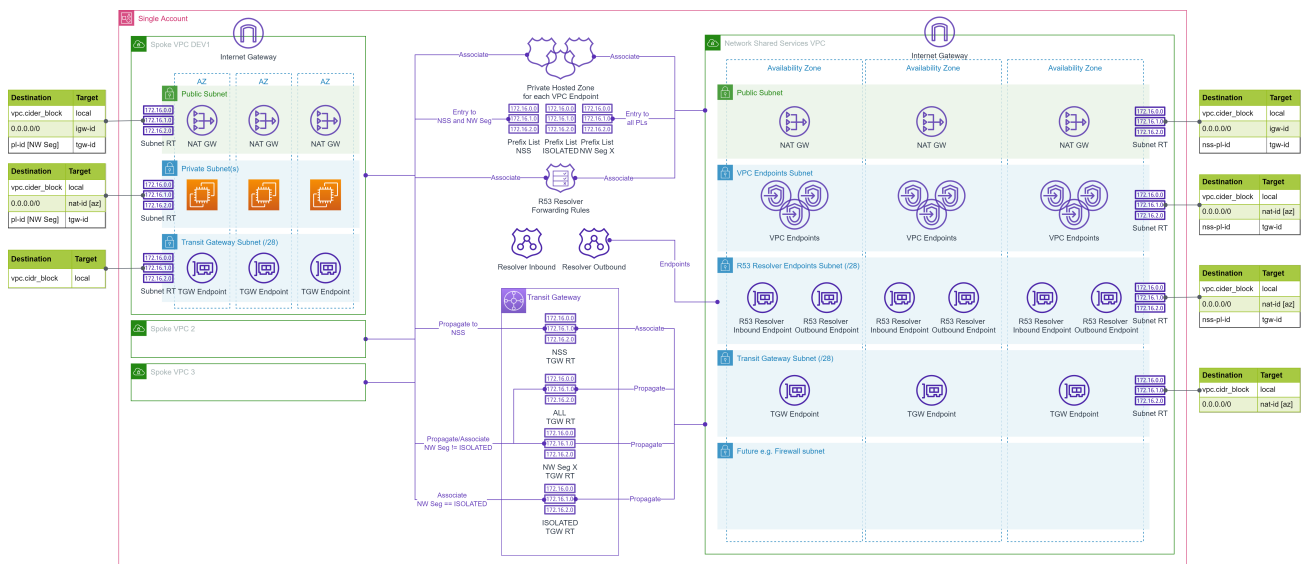
- Provision Network Shared Services (NSS) VPC in the *Network* account with
 - Network Segments for VPC to VPC connectivity.
 - Organization, Organization Units (OUs), or Accounts level sharing of NSS resources.
- Provision zero or more of the following supported NSS
 - [Centralized VPC private endpoints](#) for one or more [supported AWS services](#).
 - [Centralized hybrid DNS](#).



- Provision spoke VPCs in AWS account, with which sharing is enabled, along with
 - Network segment based VPC to VPC connectivity.
 - Connectivity to zero or more provisioned NSS.



As a side-effect, these modules support provisioning the complete solution in a single AWS account as well.



Features

The solution has following features:

- Create Network Shared Services (NSS) VPC in the target (*Network or single*) AWS Account.
- Enable sharing and connectivity at Organization, Organization Units (OUs), or Accounts level for the provisioned NSS resources.
 - If shared at the Organization level then all accounts in the Organization can use NSS.
 - If shared with a list of OUs then all accounts in those OUs can use NSS.
 - If shared with a list of accounts then only those accounts can use NSS.

- Create zero or more of the following supported NSS.
 - Centralized VPC private endpoints for one or more [supported AWS services](#).
 - Centralized hybrid DNS.
- Create spoke VPCs in an AWS account, with which sharing is enabled, along with
 - Network segment based VPC to VPC connectivity across the accounts.
 - Connectivity to zero or more provisioned NSS.
- For the NSS VPC
 - Create zero or more network segments for VPC to VPC connectivity.
 - By default two network segments "ALL" and "ISOLATED" are always created.
 - For the single account setup, disable sharing but continue to support connectivity.
 - Define CIDRs for the VPC and subnets or let the module calculate the CIDRs.
 - Use [Prefix-list](#) or super net CIDR blocks for subnet routing.
 - For NSS egress, create NAT GW in single AZ or all AZs.
- For the centralized VPC private endpoints NSS
 - Optionally enable VPC flow logs at subnet or individual AWS service level.
 - Log to Amazon CloudWatch or Amazon S3
 - Optionally encrypt the logs using a provided or generated KMS key.
 - Use a provided IAM role or create an IAM role for the Amazon CloudWatch or Amazon S3 logging.
 - Filter, aggregate, format, and partition logs based on the destination.
- For the centralized hybrid DNS NSS
 - Optionally create Route 53 resolver inbound endpoints for the provided on-premises CIDRs.
 - Optionally create Route 53 resolver outbound endpoints and Route 53 resolver forwarding rules for the provided on-premises domain names and DNS resolver IP addresses.
- For the spoke VPC
 - If no network segment is requested then connect to the "ISOLATED" network segment.
 - if the requested network segment is not supported then connect to the "ISOLATED" network segment.
 - "ISOLATED" network segment provides connectivity to NSS VPC only.
 - Enable connectivity to zero, all, or selected VPC private endpoints.
- Uniformly name and tag the provisioned resources.

Prerequisites

- The target AWS Account(s) (e.g. Tooling, Network, and spoke VPC accounts) and AWS Region are identified.
- The AWS User/Role executing the Terraform scripts must have permissions to provision the bootstrap resources in the [tooling](#) account and [Terraformer](#) IAM role in other accounts.

- For the Multi-Account environment, the master account for the AWS Organization must have enabled sharing in the [AWS Resource Access Manager \(RAM\)](#).
 - e.g. `aws ram enable-sharing-with-aws-organization`
- The [Terraform CLI](#) (`version = ">= 1.3.9"`) is installed.
- Terraform backend provider and state locking providers are identified and bootstrapped in the *Tooling* account.
 - A [bootstrap](#) module/example is provided that provisions an Amazon S3 bucket for Terraform state storage and Amazon DynamoDB table for Terraform state locking.
 - The Amazon S3 bucket name must be globally unique.
- *Terraformer* IAM role is bootstrapped in each of the target AWS account.
 - A [bootstrap](#) module/example is provided that provisions the *Terraformer* role in target AWS accounts.
- Uniform resource tagging scheme is identified.
 - The examples use only two tags: `Env` and `Project`

Usage

- Use the modules via [GitHub source](#) or copy the needed module into your repository.
- Incorporate the module in your network [CI/CD pipeline](#) as appropriate.
- This solution uses external module [terraform-aws-vpc](#) to provision the Amazon VPC.
- This solution uses external module [aws-tf-kms](#) to provision AWS KMS Key, if encrypted flow logs are enabled for VPC endpoints without providing an existing `kms_alias`.

Quotas

The following table lists the default quotas relevant to this solution. Most of these quotas can be increased on request.

| Service | Quota | Adjustable | Comments |
|------------------------|-------|------------|---|
| VPCs per Region | 5 | Yes | 100s of VPC per Region are possible |
| Subnets per VPC | 200 | Yes | More subnets mean smaller IP ranges per subnet |
| Route tables per VPC | 200 | Yes | This solution uses one route table per subnet |
| Routes per route table | 50 | Yes | Prefix-list is used for routes. Entries in the prefix-list count towards this limit. Suggest using <code>super_net_cidr_blocks</code> feature of the solution |

| Service | Quota | Adjustable | Comments |
|---|-----------------|------------|---|
| IPv4 CIDR blocks per VPC | 5 | Yes | Up to total 50. This solution supports one CIDR block per VPC |
| IPv6 CIDR blocks per VPC | 5 | No | Not supported by this solution |
| EIP per Region | 5 | Yes | One EIP is used by each NAT GW in this solution |
| Internet GW per Region | 5 | Yes | One IGW per VPC |
| NAT GW per AZ | 5 | Yes | This solution provision max one NAT GW per AZ |
| Prefix lists per Region | 100 | Yes | This solution uses (number of nw segments+1) prefix-lists. Minimum 3. |
| References to a prefix list per resource type | 5000 | Yes | This solution references nw segment prefix-list in subnet route tables |
| VPC endpoints per VPC | 50 | Yes | Combined quota for interface and Gateway endpoints in a VPC. |
| Transit gateways per account | 5 | Yes | This solution uses one TGW |
| TGW route tables per TGW | 20 | Yes | This solution uses (number of nw segments+1) TGW route tables. Minimum 3. |
| Attachments per TGW | 5000 | No | Each connected VPC uses one attachment |
| Max bandwidth per VPC attachment to TGW | up to 50 Gbps | No | |
| Private Hosted zones | 500 per account | Yes | This solution creates one PHZ per VPC endpoint |
| VPC associations per private hosted zone | 300 | Yes | In this solution each spoke VPC that uses a centralized VPC endpoint uses one association |

| Service | Quota | Adjustable | Comments |
|--|---------------|------------|--|
| R53 resolver endpoints per Region | 4 per account | Yes | This solution creates 2 resolver endpoints |
| IP addresses per R53 resolver endpoint | 6 | Yes | This solution creates one ip address per AZ in NSS VPC |
| QPS per IP address per R53 endpoint | 10000~ | | QPS varies based on query |
| IP addresses per R53 rule | 6 | Yes | Each on-premises DNS resolver endpoint uses one IP address |
| VPC associations per R53 rule | 2000 | Yes | In this solution each spoke VPC may use one association |

Future Enhancements

This solution will be enhanced in future to improve currently supported NSS and include more NSS as following:

- Improve centralized hybrid DNS with optional
 - Route 53 DNS Firewall
 - DNS query logs
 - DNS QPS alarm
- Support flow logs for all NSS and spoke VPCs/Subnet(s).
- Support multiple secondary CIDRs and connectivity for spoke VPCs.
- [Centralized egress to internet](#) with optional
 - [AWS Network Firewall inspection](#)
 - [Gateway load balancer and security appliance inspection](#)
- Improve VPC-to-VPC connectivity with optional
 - On-premises connectivity via VPN or Direct Connect Gateway
 - [AWS Network Firewall inspection](#)
 - [Gateway load balancer and security appliance inspection](#)
- [Centralized ingress from internet](#) with optional
 - [AWS Network Firewall inspection](#)
 - [Gateway load balancer and security appliance inspection](#)

References

- AWS Whitepapers
 - [Building a Scalable and Secure Multi-VPC AWS Network Infrastructure](#)
- AWS Blogs
 - [Centralize access using VPC interface endpoints to access AWS services across multiple VPCs](#)
 - [Integrating AWS Transit Gateway with AWS PrivateLink and Amazon Route 53 Resolver](#)
 - [Simplify DNS management in a multi-account environment with Route 53 Resolver](#)
- AWS Documentation
 - [AWS services that integrate with AWS PrivateLink](#)
 - [Amazon VPC quotas](#)
 - [Quotas for your transit gateways](#)
 - [Amazon Route 53 Quotas](#)
- AWS Open Source Projects
 - [aws-ia/terraform-aws-vpc](#)
 - [aws-samples/aws-tf-kms](#)
 - [aws-ia/terraform-aws-network-hubandspoke](#)
 - [aws-samples/vpc-endpoint-sharing](#)
 - [aws-samples/hub-and-spoke-with-inspection-vpc-terraform](#)
 - [aws-samples/aws-network-hub-for-terraform](#)

Security

See [CONTRIBUTING](#) for more information.

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