

# **Amazon Web Services Data Engineering Immersion Day**

Lab 1. Hydrating the Data Lake with DMS

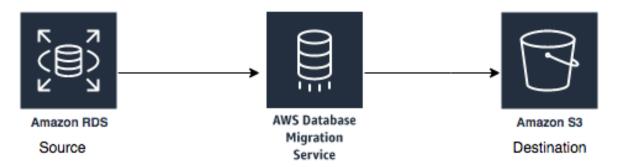
August 2020

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### Introduction

This lab will give you an understanding of the AWS Database Migration Service (AWS DMS). You will migrate data from an existing Amazon Relational Database Service (Amazon RDS) Postgres database to an Amazon Simple Storage Service (Amazon S<sub>3</sub>) bucket that you create.



In this lab you will complete the following tasks:

- 1. Create a subnet group within the DMS Lab VPC
- 2. Create a DMS replication instance
- 3. Create a source endpoint
- 4. Create a target endpoint
- 5. Create a task to perform the initial migration of the data.

Optionally, you can add ongoing replication of data changes on the source (*Only one DMS replication instance will enable this feature.*)

- 6. Create target endpoint for CDC files to place these files in a separate location than the initial load files
- 7. Create a task to perform the ongoing replication of data changes

Your instructor has created and populated the RDS Postgres database that you will use as your source endpoint in this lab.

If you'd like to run the workshop on your own after the AWS hosted event, please follow the lab instruction here: <a href="https://github.com/aws-samples/data-engineering-for-aws-immersion-day">https://github.com/aws-samples/data-engineering-for-aws-immersion-day</a>

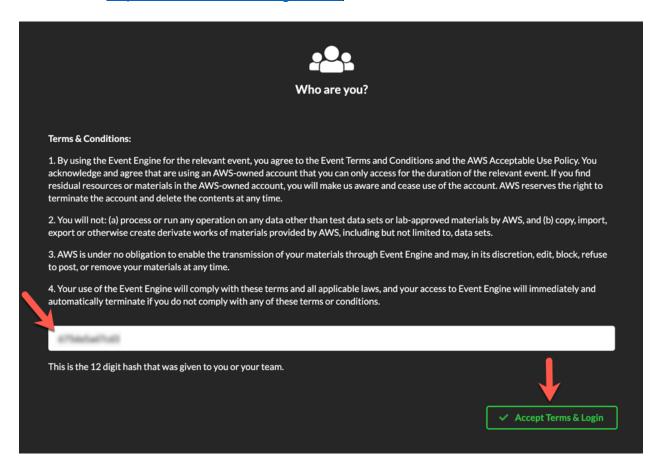
## Get Started Using the Lab Environment

Please skip this section if you are running the lab on your own AWS account.

Today, you are attending a formal event and you will have been sent your access details beforehand. If in the future you might want to perform these labs in your own AWS environment by yourself, you can follow instructions on GitHub - <a href="https://github.com/aws-samples/data-engineering-for-aws-immersion-day.">https://github.com/aws-samples/data-engineering-for-aws-immersion-day.</a>

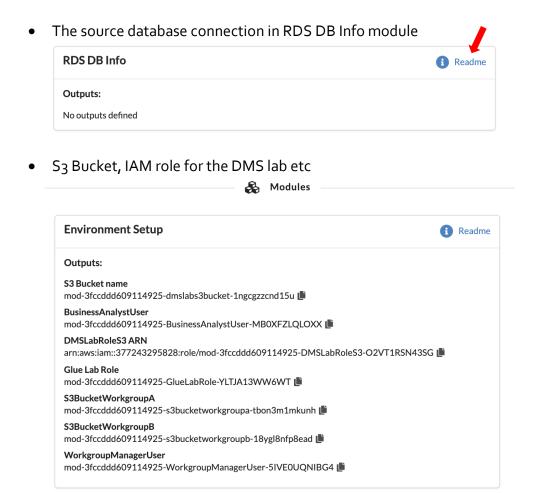
A 12-character access code (or 'hash') is the access code that grants you permission to use a dedicated AWS account for the purposes of this workshop.

1. Go to https://dashboard.eventengine.run/, enter the access code and click Proceed:

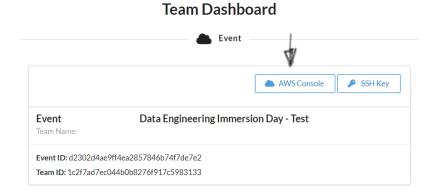


2. On the Team Dashboard web page you will see a set of parameters that you will need during the labs. Best to save them to a text file locally, alternatively you can always go to this page to review them. Replace the parameters with the corresponding values from here where indicated in subsequent labs:

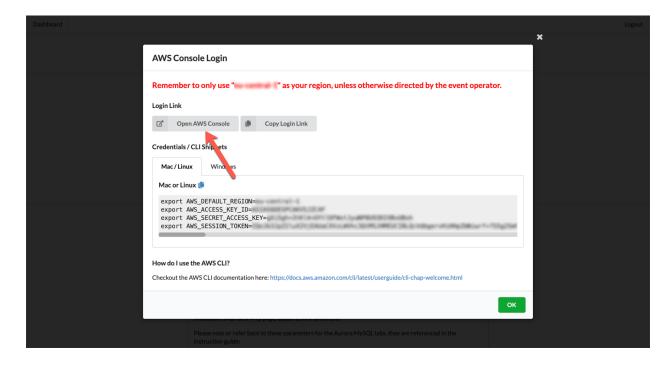
Because you're at a formal event, some AWS resources have been pre-deployed for your convenience, for example:



3. On the Team Dashboard, please click AWS Console to log into the AWS Management Console:



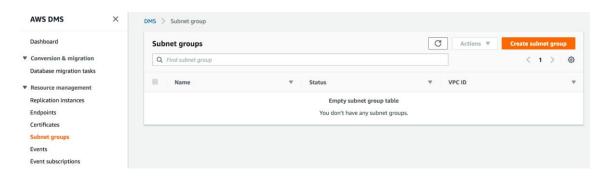
4. Click Open AWS Console. For the purposes of this workshop, you will not need to use command line and API access credentials:



Once you have completed these steps, you can continue with the rest of this lab.

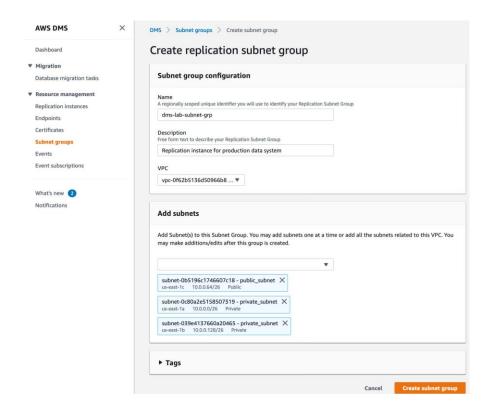
## Create the Subnet Group

- Navigate to the DMS Console: <a href="https://console.aws.amazon.com/dms/v2/home?region=us-east-1#subnetGroup">https://console.aws.amazon.com/dms/v2/home?region=us-east-1#subnetGroup</a>
- 2. On the DMS console, select **Subnet Groups**.



- 3. Click Create subnet group.
  - a. In the **Name** box, type a descriptive name that you will easily recognize (e.g., "dms-lab-subnet-grp").
  - b. In the **Description** box, type an easily recognizable description (e.g., "**Replication instance for production data system**").
  - c. For **VPC**, select the pre-created VPC ending with **dmslstudv1**. The subnet list populates in the Available Subnets pane.
  - d. Select as many subnets as you want and click Add. The selected subnets move to the Subnet Group pane. Note: DMS requires at least two separate availability zones to be selected.

Lab 1. Hydrating the Data Lake with DMS

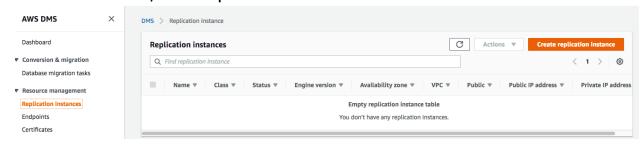


- 4. Click Create subnet group
- 5. On the DMS console, the subnet group status displays Complete.



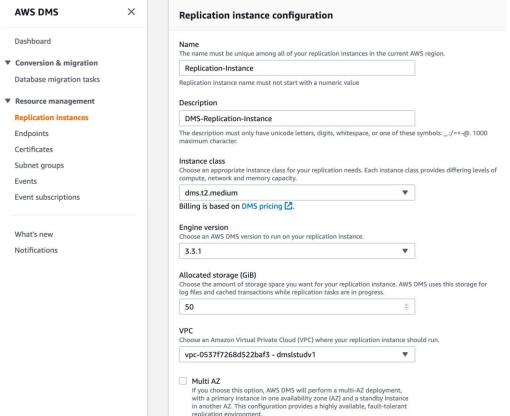
# Create the Replication Instance

1. On the DMS console, select **Replication instances**.



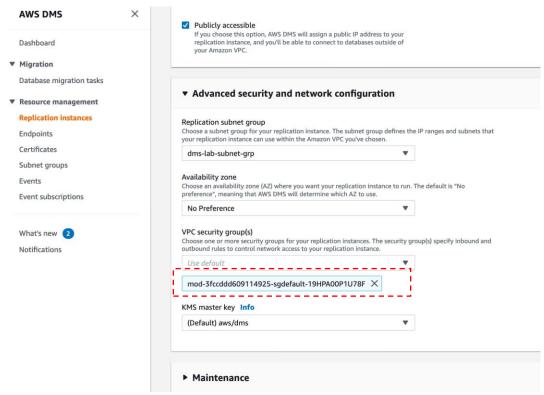
2. Click Create replication instance.

- a. For **Name**, type a name for the replication instance that you will easily recognize. (e.g., "DMS-Replication-Instance").
- b. For **Description**, type a description you will easily recognize. (e.g., "DMS Replication Instance").
- c. For Instance class, choose dms.t2.medium
- d. Select Engine version as 3.3.1
- e. For **VPC**, select the name of the VPC that you created earlier with AWS CloudFormation template. VPC name ending with **dmslstudv1**



- f. Click Advanced security and network configuration section.
- q. Select the security group with **sqdefault** in the name.

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- 3. Click Create.
- 4. The DMS console displays **creating** for the instance status. When the replication instance is ready, the status changes to **available**. While replication instance is spinning up, you can proceed to next step for DMS endpoint creation.



# Create the DMS Source Endpoint

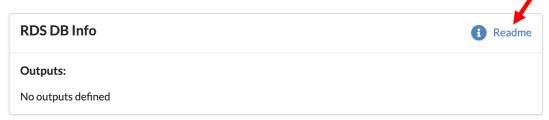
Please proceed to create your endpoints, without waiting for the step above.

On the DMS console, select Endpoints



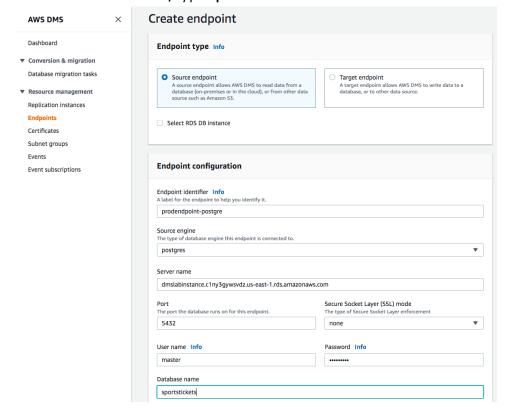
2. Click Create endpoint.

- a. select Source endpoint type.
- b. For **Endpoint identifier**, select an easily recognizable name (e.g. **rds-source-endpoint**)
- c. For Source engine, select postgres
- d. For **Server** name, get the information from **RDS DB Info** module on your event engine dashboard.

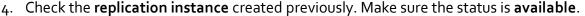


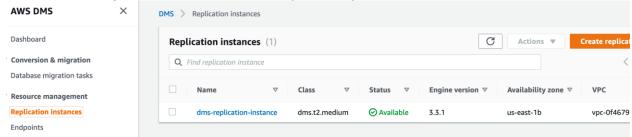
If you are running the lab outside of AWS hosted event, enter the **DMSInstanceEndpoint** parameter value from **dmslab-instructor** CloudFormation Outputs tab

- e. For Port, enter 5432
- f. For SSL mode, choose none
- g. For User name, type master
- h. For Password, type master123
- i. For Database name, type sportstickets

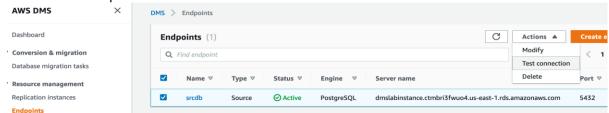


3. Click **Create endpoint** to create the endpoint. When available, the endpoint status changes to **active**.

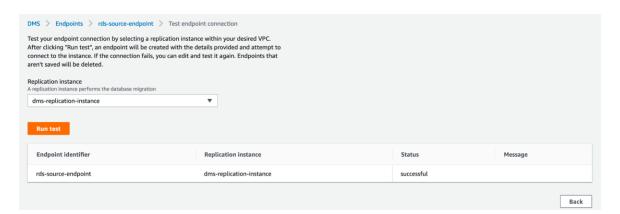




5. Select your newly created source **endpoint**, and choose **Test connection** on the **Actions** drop-down list.



6. Click **Run test**. This step tests connectivity to the source database system. If successful, the message "Connection tested successfully" appears. **You may need to wait for the DMS replication instance to become available first**.

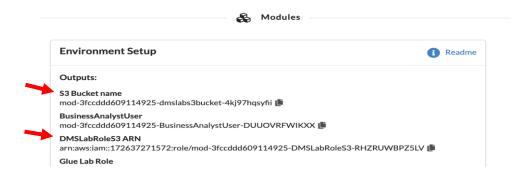


# Create the Target Endpoint

Before start, make sure you have the following values handy (on your event dashboard).

- DMSLabRoleS<sub>3</sub> ARN It looks like "arn:aws:iam::<account number>:role/xxx-DMSLabRoleS<sub>3</sub>-xxxx"
- BucketName It looks like "xxx-dmslabs3bucket-xxxx"

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If you are running the lab outside of AWS hosted event, can find them in dmslab-student <u>Cloudformation</u> Outputs tab.

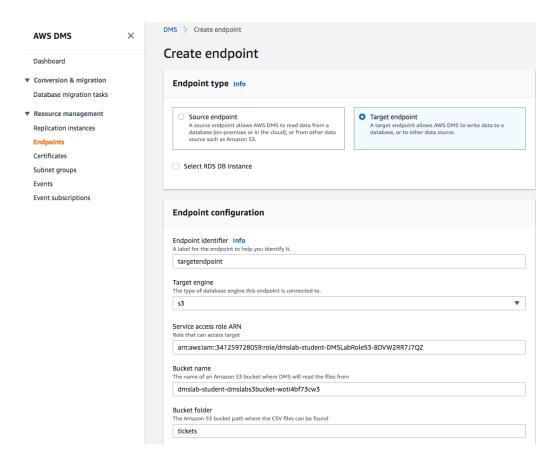
1. On the DMS console, select **Endpoints**.



#### 2. Click Create endpoint.

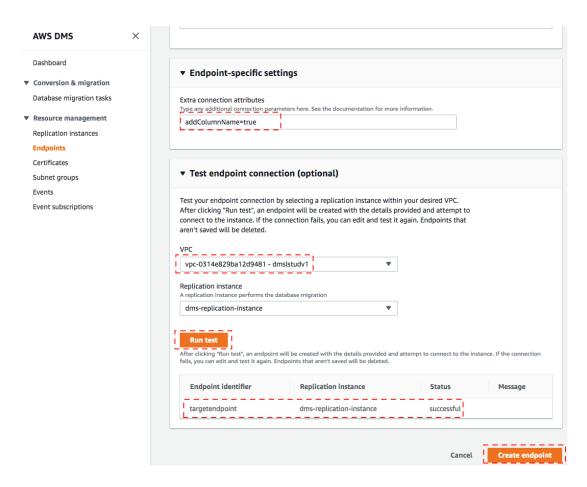
- a. For Endpoint type, select Target endpoint.
- b. For Endpoint identifier, type an easily recognized name such as **s3-target-endpoint**.
- c. For Target engine, choose s3.
- d. For Service access role ARN, paste the DMSLabRoleS3 value noted earlier
- e. For Bucket name, paste the value of BucketName noted earlier
- f. For Bucket folder, type tickets

#### Lab 1. Hydrating the Data Lake with DMS

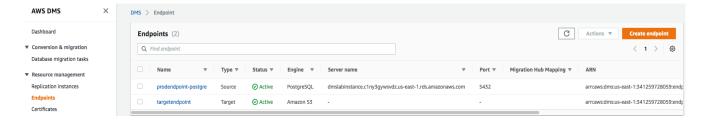


- q. Click Endpoint-specific settings to expand the section.
- h. In the Extra connection attributes box, type addColumnName=true
- i. This attribute includes the column names in the files in the S<sub>3</sub> bucket.
- j. Expand the **Test endpoint connection (optional)** section, and choose your **VPC** name with **dmslstudv1** on the drop-down list.
- k. Click **Run test**. This step tests connectivity to the source database system. If successful, the message "Connection tested successfully" appears.

Lab 1. Hydrating the Data Lake with DMS

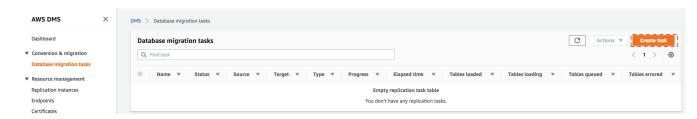


3. Click Create Endpoint. When available, the endpoint status changes to active.



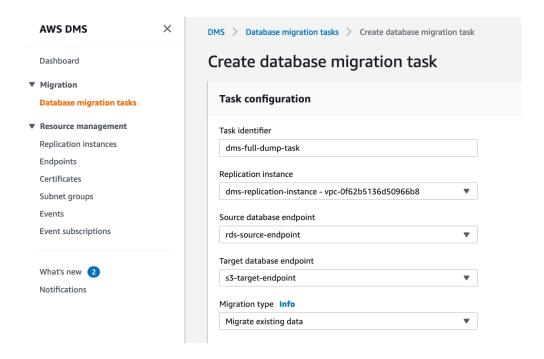
# Create a task to perform the initial full copy

1. On the DMS console, select **Database Migration Tasks**.

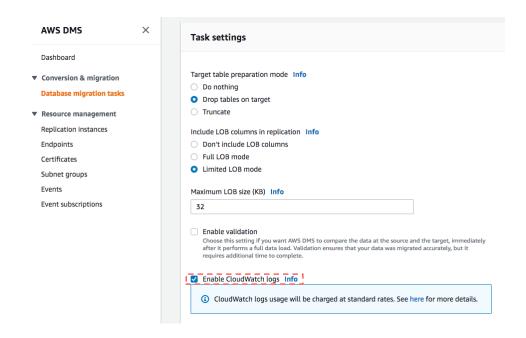


#### 2. Click Create Task.

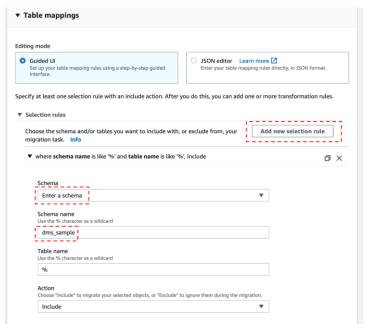
- a. Type an easily recognized Task name e.g. dms-full-dump-task
- b. Select your **Replication instance** from drop down.
- c. Select your **Source endpoint** from drop down.
- d. Select your **Target endpoint** from drop down.
- e. For, Migration type choose Migrate existing data.



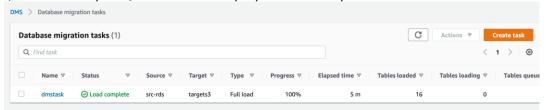
Under Task Settings, select the Enable CloudWatch logs check box.



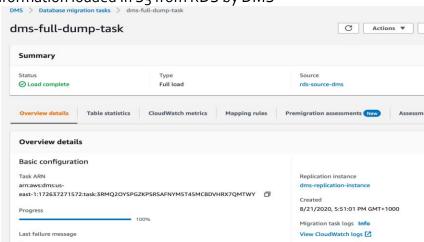
- g. Go to **Table Mappings**.
- h. Click on Add new selection rule and select Enter a Schema in Schema field.
- For Schema name, type dms\_sample and keep the settings for the remaining fields



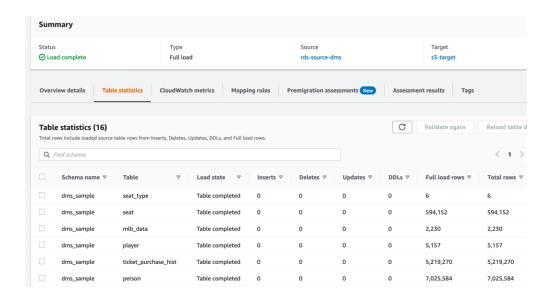
- 3. Click **Create task**. Your task is created and starts automatically. (Note: The complete creation and data extraction process takes around 5 minutes.)
- 4. Once complete, the console displays 100% complete.



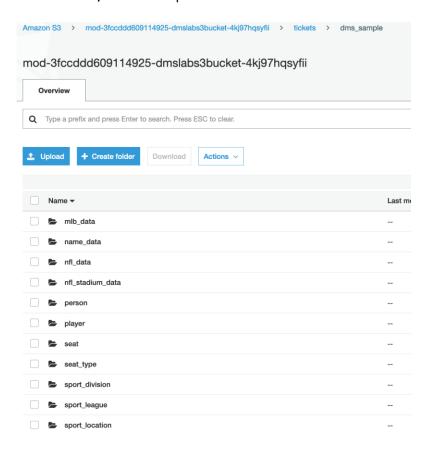
5. Select your task and explore the summary. Under **Table** statistics tab you can review all table information loaded in S<sub>3</sub> from RDS by DMS



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- 6. Open the S3 console to view the data that was copied by DMS. The s3 bucket looks like <random\_string>-dmslabs3bucket-<random\_string>
- 7. Click on the bucket used as the DMS target and navigate to /tickets/dms\_sample/ to view the loaded tables, one folder per table



#### 8. Download one of the files:

- a. Navigate further to mlb\_data/LOADoooooo1.csv, select the check box next to the file name and click Download in the pop-up window.
- b. Click Save File.
- c. Open the file.

You will notice that the file contains the column headers in the first row as requested by the "addColumnName=true" connection attribute we included when we created the s3 target endpoint. Note that column names are included in the file in the first row.

4	A B		С	D	E	
1	id	sport_team_id	last_name	first_name	full_name	
2	1	131	Adam Loewen	Adam	Loewen	
3	11	131	A.J. Pollock	A.J.	Pollock	
4	21	131	Alex Sanabia	Alex	Sanabia	
5	31	131	Andrew Chafin	Andrew	Chafin	
6	41	131	Andy Marte	Andy	Marte	
7	51	131	Archie Bradley	Archie	Bradley	
8	61	131	Ben Francisco	Ben	Francisco	
9	71	131	Braden Shipley	Braden	Shipley	
LO	81	131	Bradin Hagens	Bradin	Hagens	
L1	91	131	Brandon Drury	Brandon	Drury	
۱2	101	131	Brett Jackson	Brett	Jackson	

You may notice that the primary key column was loaded in scientific notation:

LOAD0000001.csv - Notepad

File Edit Format View Help

mlb\_id,mlb\_name,mlb\_pos,mlb\_team,mlb\_team\_long,bats,throws,birth\_year,bp+5.065600000000000e+05,Alexi Amarista,3B,SD,San Diego Padres,L,R,1989,+4.5821000000000000e+05,Alexi Casilla,2B,TB,Tampa Bay Rays,S,R,1984,+4.5+4.683960000000000e+05,Alexi Ogando,P,ATL,Atlanta Braves,R,R,1983,+4.95+4.696860000000000e+05,Alfredo Aceves,P,NYY,New York Yankees,R,R,1982,+4.5162800000000000e+05,Alfredo Figaro,P,TEX,Texas Rangers,R,R,1984,+5.2+5.5405400000000000e+05,Alfredo Gonzalez,C,CWS,Chicago White Sox,R,R,195+5.0124500000000000e+05,Alfredo Marte,LF,BAL,Baltimore Orioles,R,R,1989,+4.305800000000000e+05,Alfredo Simon,P,CIN,Cincinnati Reds,R,R,1981,+4.4.55378000000000000e+05,Ali Solis,C,LAD,Los Angeles Dodgers,R,R,1987,+5.488852000000000000e+05,Allan Dykstra,1B,TB,Tampa Bay Rays,L,R,1987,+5.7+5.0180000000000000e+05,Allen Craig,1B,BOS,Boston Red Sox,R,R,1984,+5.16

This is due to the tables at the source having primary key as **double precision**. Keep in mind that DMS allows you to perform additional transformations, for example type casting at load time. Here we will proceed without making any further modifications.

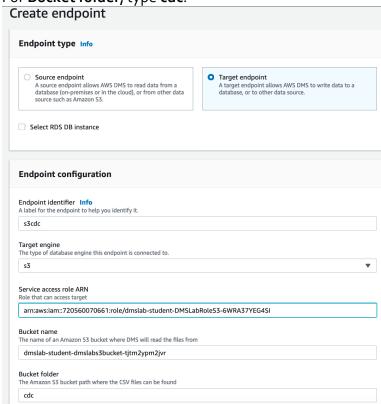
# (Optional) Create a DMS endpoint to perform ongoing

## replication

1. Navigate to the DMS console: <a href="https://console.aws.amazon.com/dms/v2/home?region=us-east-1#dashboard">https://console.aws.amazon.com/dms/v2/home?region=us-east-1#dashboard</a> and select **Endpoints**:

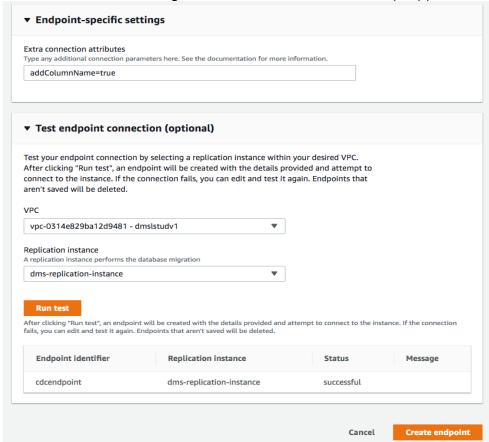


- 2. Click Create endpoint.
  - a. For Endpoint type, select Target
  - b. For Endpoint identifier, type rds-cdc-endpoint
  - c. For Target engine, choose s3.
  - d. For Service access role ARN, paste the DMSLabRoleS3 number noted earlier
  - e. For Bucket name, paste the S3 Bucket Name noted earlier
  - f. For Bucket folder, type cdc.

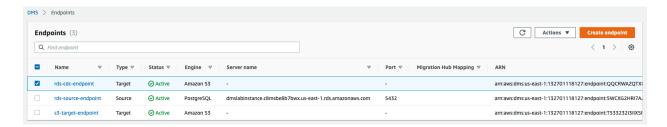


g. Click Endpoint-specific settings to expand the section.

- h. In the Extra connection attributes box, type addColumnName=true to include column names in the files in the S<sub>3</sub> bucket.
- Expand the Test endpoint connection (optional) section, and choose your dmslstudv1 name on the VPC drop-down list.
- Click Run test. This step tests connectivity to the source database system. If successful, the message "Connection tested successfully" appears.



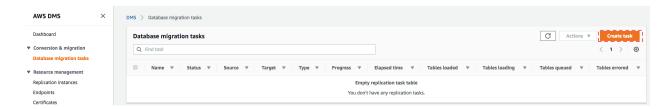
- 3. Click Create endpoint.
- 4. When available, the endpoint status changes to active.



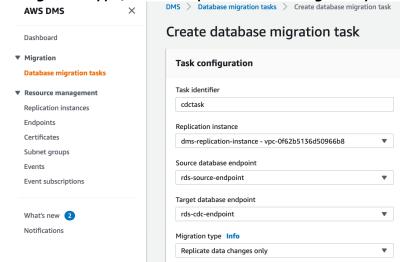
# (Optional) Create a task to perform ongoing replication

Before start the lab, ask your instructor generate some new data in the source database.

1. Navigate to the DMS console: <a href="https://console.aws.amazon.com/dms/v2/home?region=us-east-1#dashboard">https://console.aws.amazon.com/dms/v2/home?region=us-east-1#dashboard</a> and select **Database Migration Tasks**.

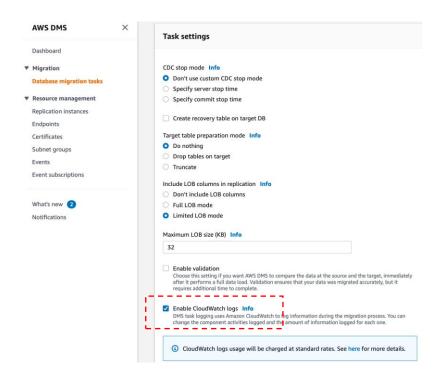


- 2. Click Create Task.
  - a. Type cdctask as Task Identifier
  - b. Select your **Replication instance**.
  - c. Select your **Source endpoint**.
  - d. Select **Target endpoint** as **rds-cdc-endpoint** created in the previous section.
  - e. For Migration type, choose Replicate data changes only.

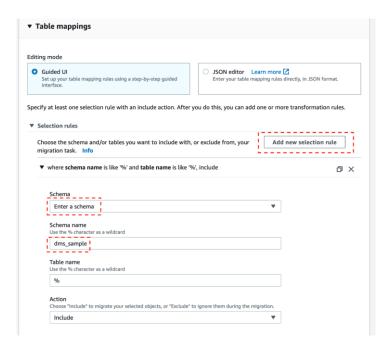


f. In **Task Settings**, Select the **Enable CloudWatch logs** check box. Do not enable the validation.

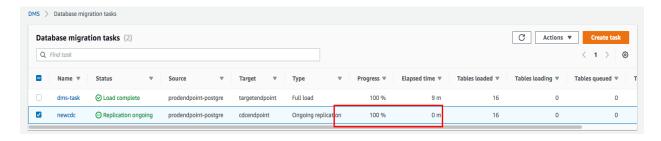
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- g. Go to Table Mappings.
- h. Click on Add new selection rule and select Enter a Schema in Schema field.
- For Schema name, type dms\_sample and keep the values in the remaining fields

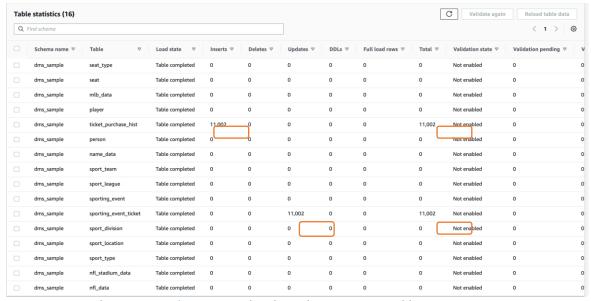


 Click Create task. Your task is created and starts automatically. You can see status as ongoing replication, after couple of minutes. Once complete, the console displays 100% complete.

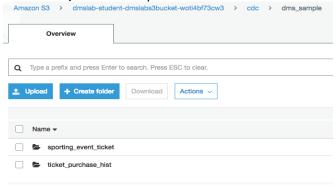


- 4. By now, your instructor has generated some CDC activity, which above migration task will capture. You may need to wait for 5 to 10 minutes for the new data to be picked up.
- 5. Once the CDC data gets replicated, you can navigate to CDC task details, and under **Table statistics** tab review the details, as shown below:

Note: In case you see DMS CDC task in fail/error status. Make sure your replication instance version is 3.3.1 and it is large enough (dms.t2.medium or above) to run CDC replication task



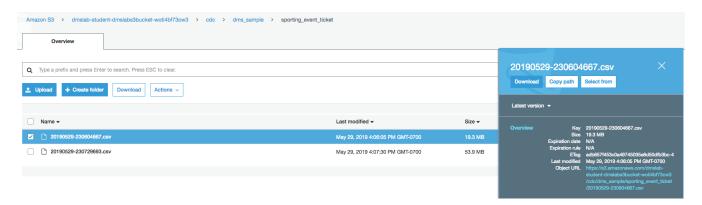
- 6. Open the S3 console to view the data that was copied by DMS:
- Click on the bucket used as the DMS target and navigate to /cdc/dms\_sample/ to view the loaded tables, one folder per table



#### 8. Download one of the files:

- a. Select the check box next to the object name and click Download in the pop-up window.
- b. Click Save File.
- c. Open the file.

You will notice that the file contains the column headers in the first row as requested by the **addColumnName=true** connection attribute we included when we created the s3 target endpoint.



Note that file name has a timestamp. You can see the header is included and the operation column is added at the beginning of each row. The file below shows updates (U) to the table along with the values after the update. Inserts (I) show data after the insert and Deletes (D) show data before the delete.

_	_A	B	_ <u>c</u> _	D	E	_ <u> </u>	G	<u> </u>	L	J
Op		id	sporting_eve	sport_location_id	seat_level	seat_section	seat_row	seat	ticketholder_id	ticket_price
U	T — —	145192591	3931	4	2	10	Α	2	2898028	98
U	I	145192601	3931	4	2	10	Α	1	2898028	98
U	L	145192581	3931	4	2	10	Α	3	2898028	98
U	1	145192501	3931	4	2	10	В	1	2898028	98
U	:	145187751	3931	4	2	13	В	2	2898028	49
U	!	145187741	3931	4	2	13	В	3	2898028	49
U	I	145187721	3931	4	2	13	С	2	2898028	49
U	l	145187711	3931	4	2	13	С	3	2898028	49
U	I .	145187731	3931	4	2	13	C	1	2898028	49
U	ı .	145187701	3931	4	2	14	Α	1	2898028	49
U		145187681	3931	4	2	14	Α	3	2898028	49
U	!	145187691	3931	4	2	14	A	2	2898028	49
U		145187471	3931	4	2	14	В	3	2898028	49
U		145187671	3931	4	2	14	В	1	2898028	49
U	I	145187481	3931	4	2	14	В	2	2898028	49
U	I .	145187451	3931	4	2	14	C	2	2898028	49
U	i	145187461	3931	4	2	14	C	1	2898028	49
U	:	145190341	3931	4	2	14	C	3	2898028	49
U	ı	145183201	3931	4	2	15	A	4	2898028	49
U		145179691	3931	4	2	15	Α	1	2898028	49
U	I	145179661	3931	4	2	15	A	4	2898028	49
U	I	145179671	3931	4	2	15	Α	3	2898028	49
U		145179681	3931	4	2	15	Α	2	2898028	49
U	:	145190321	3931	4	2	15	Α	2	2898028	49