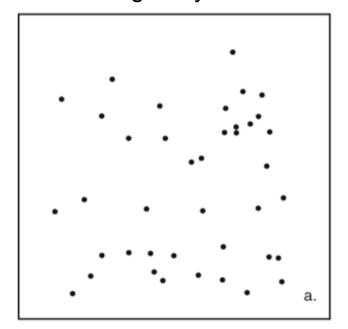
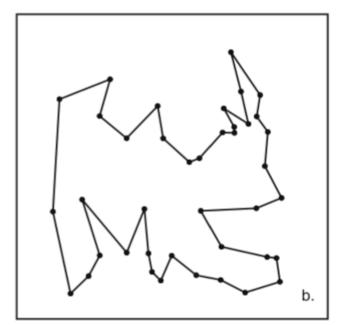
Automated parameter tuning with irace

Nguyen Thi Thanh Dang nguyenthithanh.dang@kuleuven.be

(Combinatorial) Optimization problem

Travelling salesman problem: Given a list of cities and the distances between each pair of cities, what is *the shortest possible route* that visits each city exactly once and returns to the origin city?

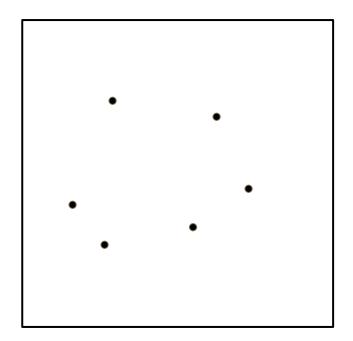




A problem instance (an instance)

Travelling salesman problem:

- The number of cities
- A distance matrix: distance between every pair of cities





A problem instance distribution

Example:

- #cities ~ U[1000,3000]
- x-coordinate ~ U[1,100]
- y-coordinate ~ U[1,100]

Algorithm parameters

Late Acceptance Hill Climber (Burke et al 2008): the length of the list

Simulated Annealing (Kirkpatrick et al 1983): initial temperature, cooling rate, number of iterations processed at each temperature

An algorithm configuration

An instantiation of the algorithm parameters

Algorithm parameter tuning

Given:

- A training set of problem instances
- An algorithm A with a set of parameters P
- A performance measure $\mathbf{f}_{\mathbf{A},\mathbf{I}}$

Find an algorithm configuration of A that optimize $f_{A,I}$

Some (off-line) automated parameter tuning tools:

- *irace* (iterated racing: López-Ibánez et al, 2011)
- **SMAC** (Sequential Model-based Algorithm Configuration: Hutter et al, 2011)

Comparison of two algorithm configurations

Given:

- A set of problem instances
- Two algorithm configurations $\mathbf{C_1}$ and $\mathbf{C_2}$
- Performance (cost/time) of C₁ and C₂ on each instance of

	configurations c ₁	configurations c ₂
instance i ₁	45098	87648
instance i ₂	654	434
instance i ₃	7843	4873
instance i ₄	342	43

solution cost running time for reaching optimality

random seed

Comparison of two algorithm configurations

- Comparison of $\mathbf{C_1}$ and $\mathbf{C_2}$ on \mathbf{I}
 - + Mean/median of performance over all instances in (SMAC)
 - + Statistical test (irace)

	configurations c ₁	configurations c ₂		
instance i ₁	45098	87648		
instance i ₂	654	434		
instance i ₃	7843	4873		
instance i ₄	342	43		

Comparison of two algorithm configurations

- Comparison of $\mathbf{C_1}$ and $\mathbf{C_2}$ on \mathbf{I}
 - + Mean/median of performance over all instances in (SMAC)
 - + Statistical test (irace): based on ranks (default)

	configurations c ₁	configurations c ₂		
instance i ₁	1	2		
instance i ₂	2	1		
instance i ₃	2	1		
instance i ₄	2	1		

Comparison of two algorithm configurations using Wilcoxon-test:

- Apply (paired) Wilcoxon-test on performance data of C₁ and C₂
- If p-value<(1-confident_level) and rank(c_1)<rank(c_2):

Comparison of more than two algorithm configurations using Friedman-test:

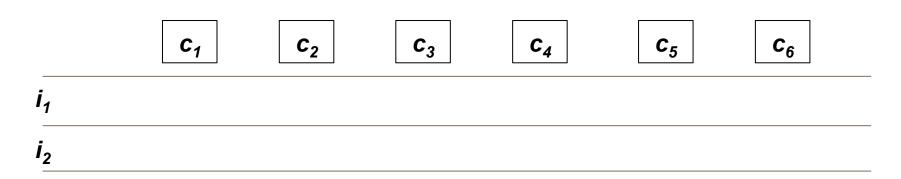
conclude that C₁ is better than C₂

- Apply Friedman test on performance data of $(c_1, c_2, ..., c_k)$
- **If** p-value<(1-confident level)
 - + Let c_i be the configuration with the best ranking
 - + For each $c_j \neq c_i$: apply post-hoc test on (c_i, c_j) to decide if c_i is significantly better than c_j or not
- (see race.R: aux.friedman and aux2.friedman)
 Results: a list of alive (elite) configurations

At each iteration (race)

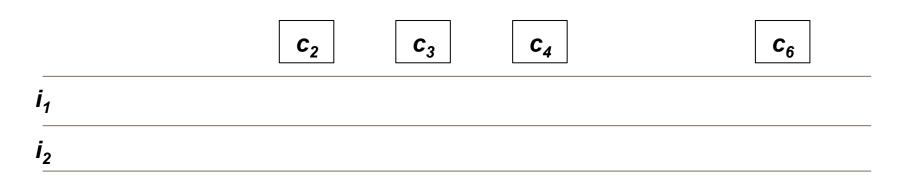
	c ₁	c_2	c ₃	C ₄	c ₅	c_6
i ₁						
i ₂						

At each iteration (race)



Apply statistical tests to eliminate significantly worse configurations

At each iteration (race)



Apply statistical tests to eliminate significantly worse configurations

At each iteration (race)

	c_2	c ₃	C ₄	c ₆
i ₁				
i ₂				
i ₃				
i ₄				

At each iteration (race)

	c_2	c_3	C ₄	c ₆
i ₁				
i ₂				
i_3				
i ₄				

Results at the end of each iteration: a set of elite configurations

New configurations for the next iteration are sampled based on these elite configurations

Output:

a (list of) good algorithm configuration(s)

An R package

Website: http://iridia.ulb.ac.be/irace/

Required input:

- Algorithm parameters description (parameterFile)
- A training instance set (instanceFile and/or instanceDir)
- Tuning budget (maxExperiments): how many algorithm runs?

Other input:

- A wrapper for calling the tuned algorithm on an instance (hookRun)
- A list of initial configurations (candidatesFile)
- Execution path (execDir)
- Parallelization (parallel, mpi)
- Debug level (debugLevel): information printed during the tuning
- Forbidden configurations

Algorithm parameters description (parameterFile)

Information for each parameter:

- name
- switch
- type: c (categorical), o (ordinal), i (integer), r (real)
- values:
 - Categorical/ordinal parameter: a list of values
 - Integer/real parameters: lower bound and upper bound

Conditional parameter: is only activated according to specific values of some other parameter(s)

A training instance set (instanceFile and/or instanceDir)

instanceDir: contains instance files

instanceFile: names of training instance files

Tuning budget (maxExperiments): how many algorithm runs?

A run: an application of an algorithm configuration on an instance

A wrapper for calling the tuned algorithm on an instance (hookRun)

```
Arguments: <instance> <configuration_id> <switch_of_parameter_1> <value_of_parameter_1> <switch_of_parameter_2> <value_of_parameter_2> ...
```

Output: a numeric performance value (printed to stdout)

A list of initial configurations (candidatesFile)

Some configurations obtained from manual tuning/guessing/experience

Execution path (execDir)

Parallelization (parallel, mpi)

parallel: how many cores to use

mpi: normally for multiple nodes infrastructure, e.g., the VSC cluster (only activated when *parallel* > 1)

Debug level (debugLevel): information printed during the tuning

- 0: basic information only
- 1, 2: more advanced information

Forbidden configurations

Try out an example:

Ant Colony Optimization for the Travelling Salesman Problem

- In irace folder: check the example in inst/examples/acotsp/
- You will also need to download the training instance files and the ACOTSP software (the tuned algorithm)