

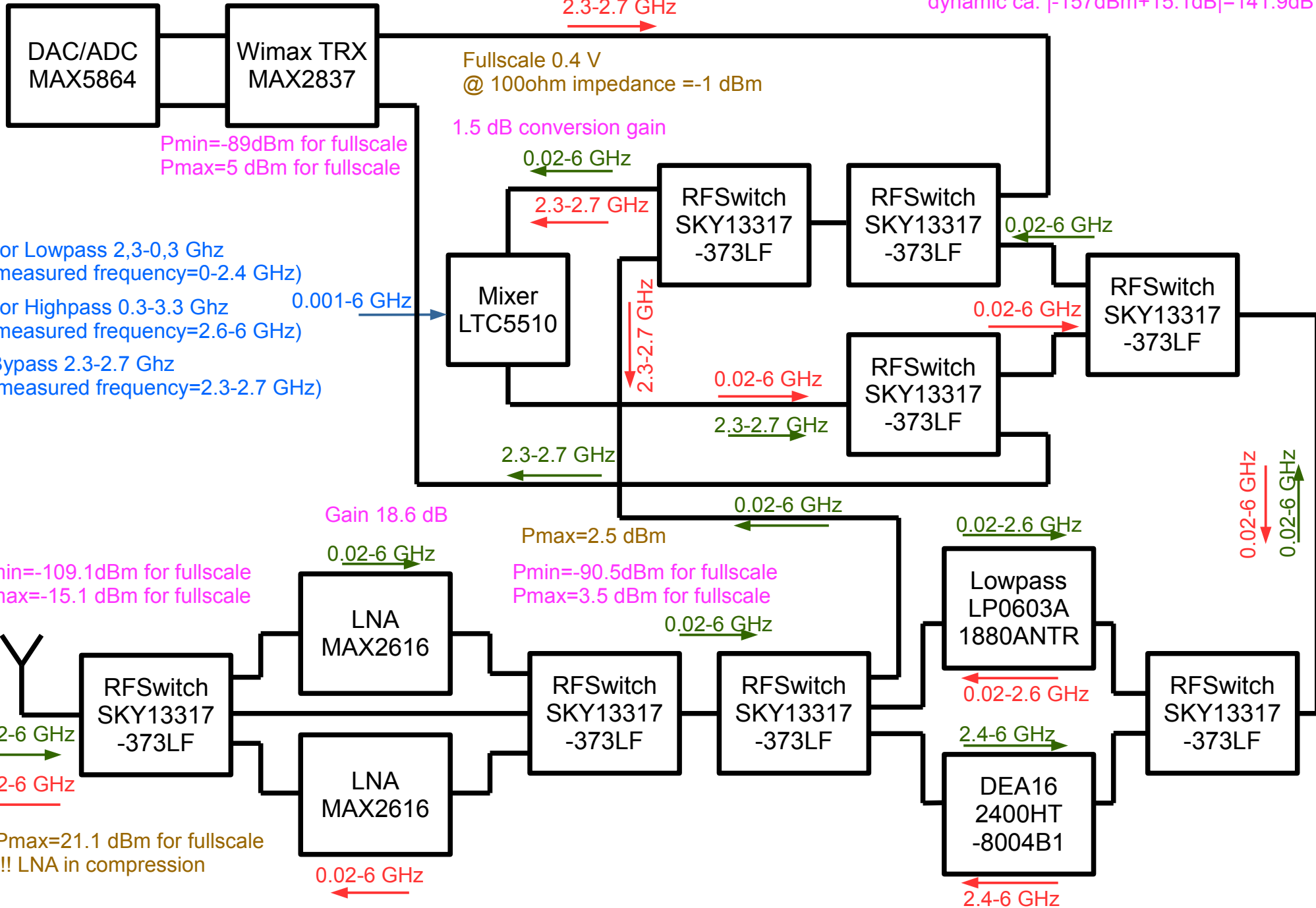
Voltage gain 5-99dB (RF0-32dB; BB 0-62dB)
P1dB=-37dBm @RFATT0dB
100ohm impedance

RX level analysis

TX level analysis

Noise floor ca. -109dBm-48dB=-157dBm
dynamic ca. |-157dBm+15.1dB|=141.9dB

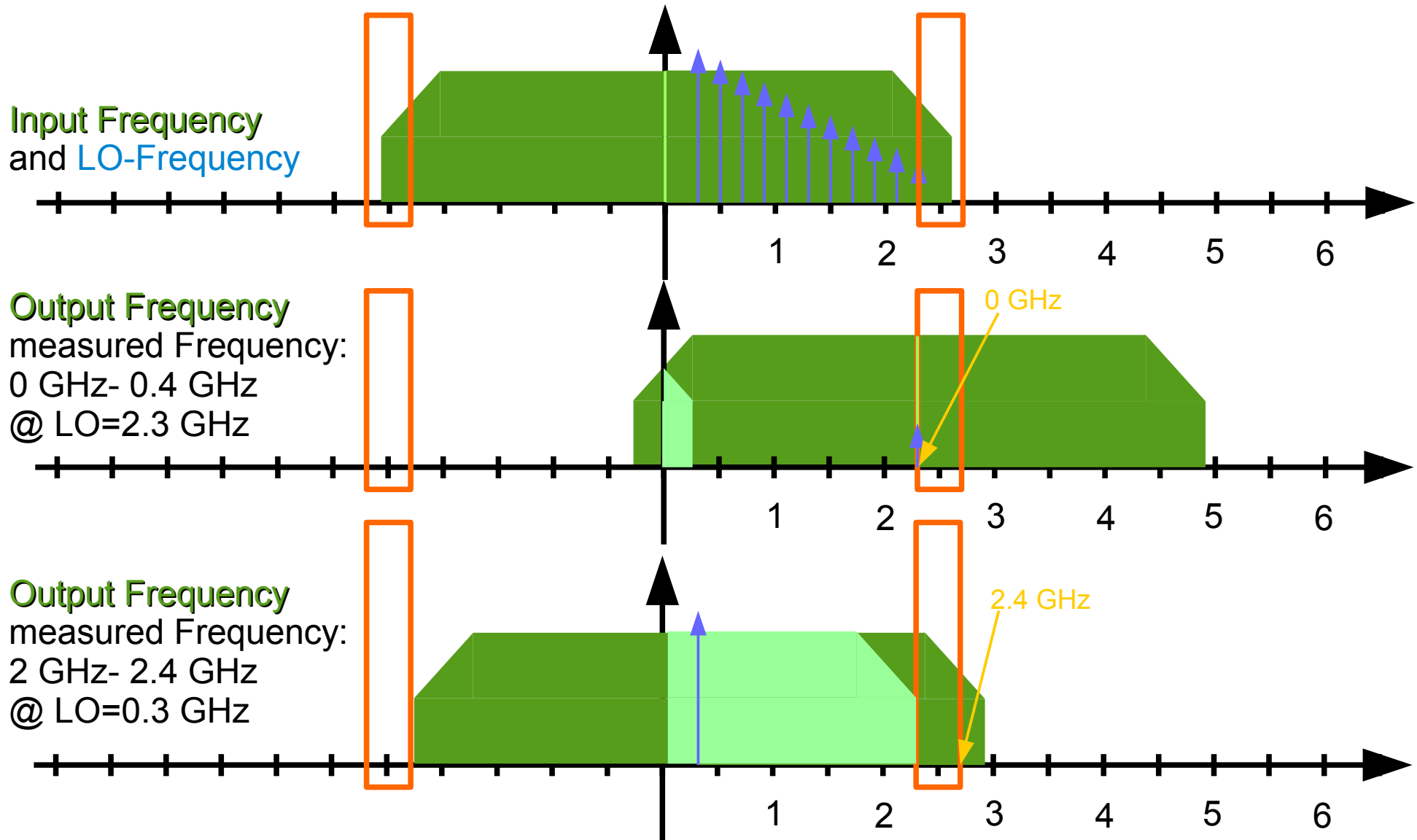
1V fullscale



Low pass Filter active 0-2.4 GHz

Wimax TRX receiving frequency 2.3 GHz- 2.7 GHz

LO Frequency

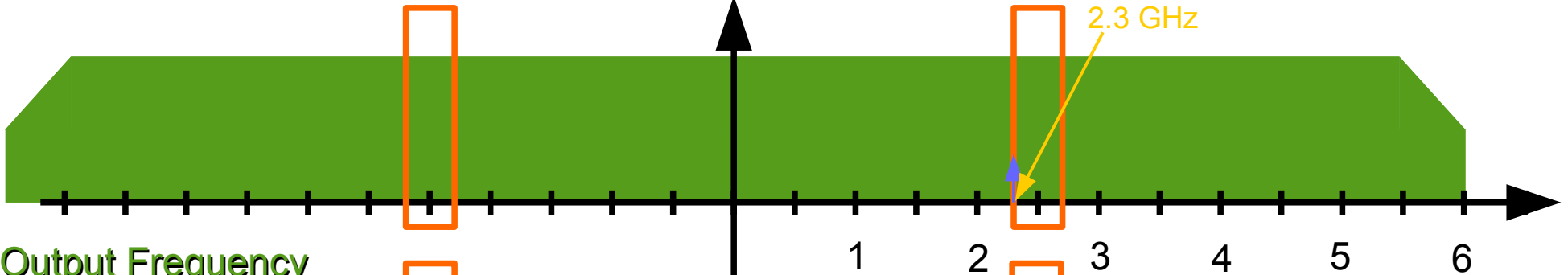
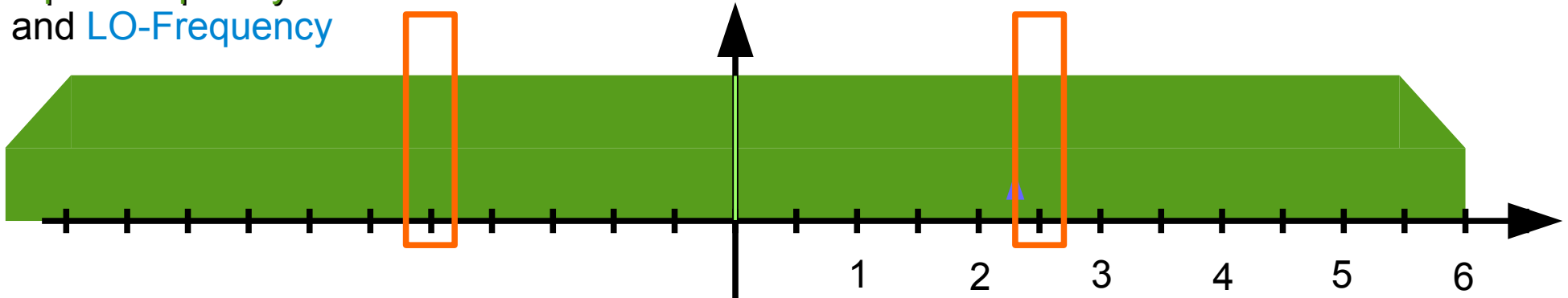


Byepass active 2.3-2.7 GHz

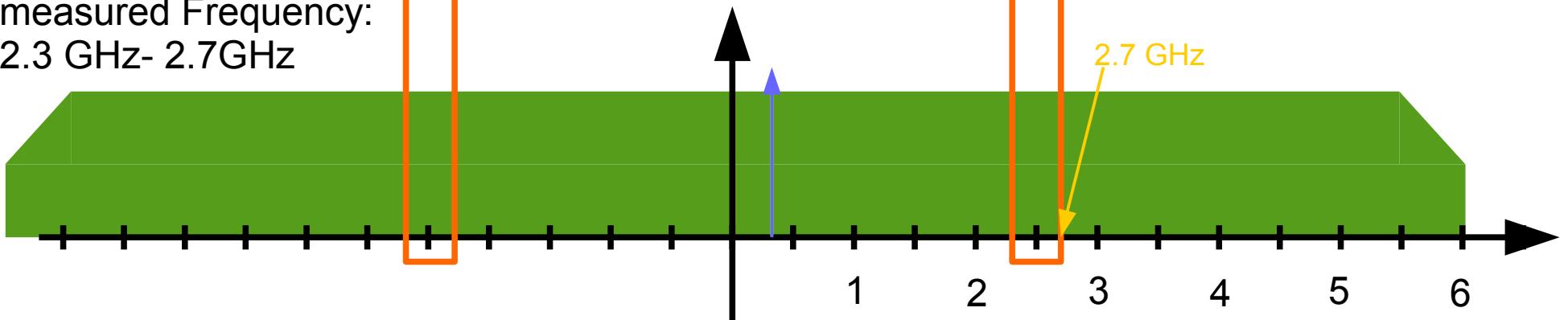
Wimax TRX receiving frequency 2.3 GHz- 2.7 GHz

LO Frequency

Input Frequency
and LO-Frequency



Output Frequency
measured Frequency:
2.3 GHz- 2.7GHz



High pass Filter active 2.6-6 GHz

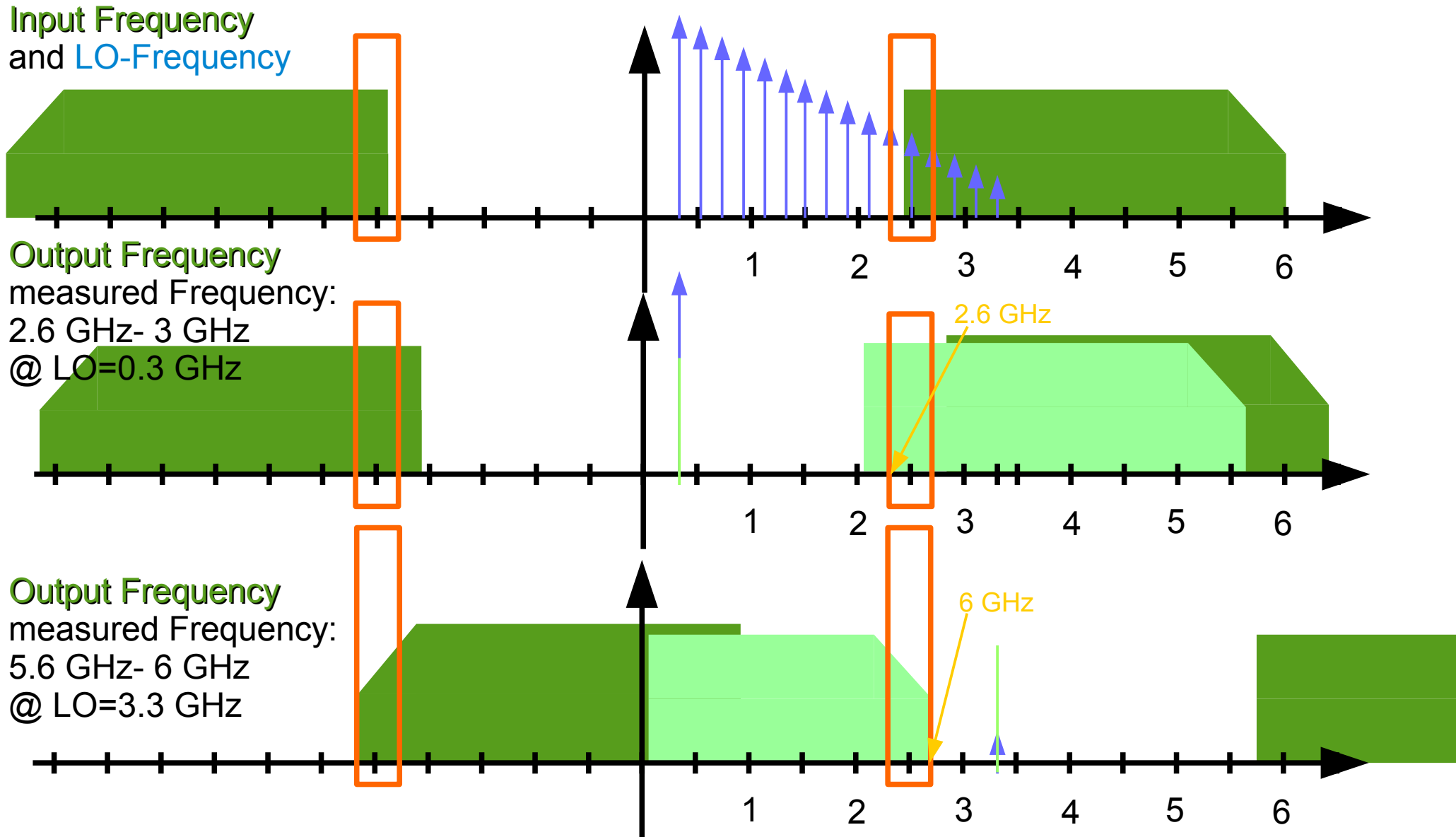
Wimax TRX receiving frequency 2.3 GHz- 2.7 GHz

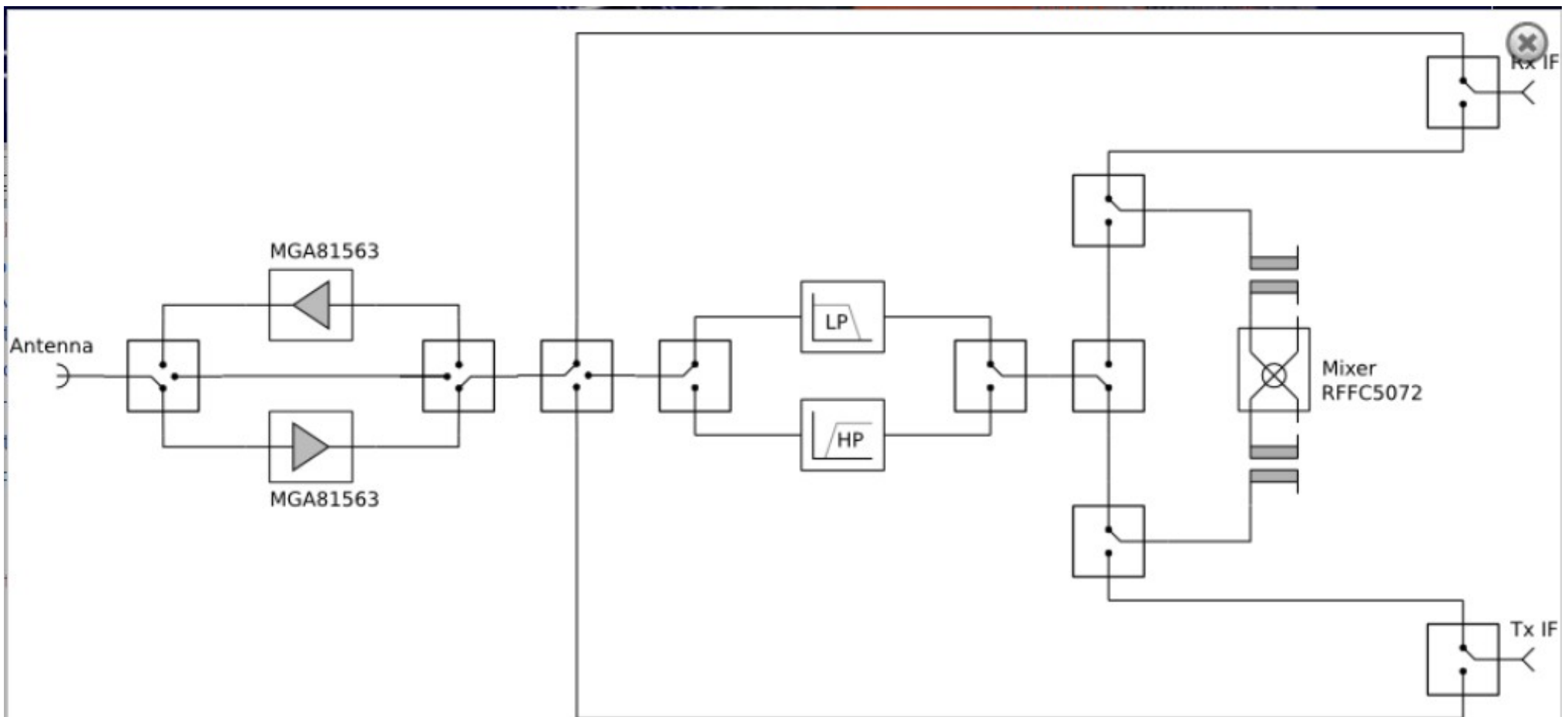
LO Frequency

Input Frequency
and LO-Frequency

Output Frequency
measured Frequency:
2.6 GHz- 3 GHz
@ LO=0.3 GHz

Output Frequency
measured Frequency:
5.6 GHz- 6 GHz
@ LO=3.3 GHz





HackRF One Frontend Block diagram

based on frontend schema dated 13. Feb. 2014

(C) Ekki Plicht, DF4OR WiMo

Current consumption

| | mA | V |
|------------|-------------|---------|
| Mixer | 105 | 3.3/5 |
| LNA | 2x81 | 3-5.5 |
| Tranceiver | RX110 TX170 | 2.7-3.6 |
| ADC | 14 | 1.8-3.3 |
| LPC4300 | 100 | 3.3 |
| Switch | - | 3.3/5 |
| SUMRX | 410mA | |
| SUMTX | 470mA | |

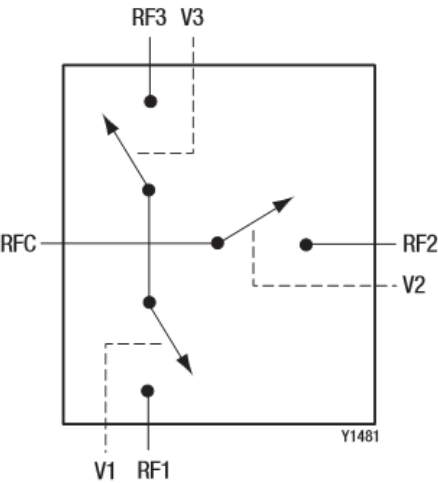
SKY13317-373LF: 20 MHz to 6.0 GHz pHEMT GaAs SP3T Switch

Applications

- 802.11 a/b/g/n WLAN networks
- Bluetooth® systems

Features

- Positive low voltage control: 0/1.8 to 5.0 V
- Low insertion loss: 0.5 dB @ 2.5 GHz, 0.9 dB @ 6 GHz
- High isolation: 25 dB up to 6 GHz
- Excellent linearity performance: P1dB = +29 dBm
- Miniature, ultra-thin MLP (8-pin, 1.5 x 1.5 mm) package (MSL1, 260 °C per JEDEC J-STD-020)



3rd Order Input Intercept Point

IIP3

900 to 2450 MHz,
 $\Delta F = 1 \text{ MHz}$,
 $P_{IN} = +17 \text{ dBm/tone}$
 $V_{LOW} = 0 \text{ V}$, $V_{HIGH} = 2.1 \text{ V}$
 $V_{LOW} = 0 \text{ V}$, $V_{HIGH} = 3.3 \text{ V}$

+33
+50

dBm
dBm

Table 4. SKY13317-373LF Truth Table

| Low Insertion Loss Path | V1 (Pin 3) | V2 (Pin 6) | V3 (Pin 7) |
|-------------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| RFC to RF1 | High | Low | Low |
| RFC to RF2 | Low | High | Low |
| RFC to RF3 | Low | Low | High |

Note: "High" = 1.8 to 5.0 V. "Low" = 0 to 0.25 V. Any state other than described in this Table places the switch into an undefined state. An undefined state will not damage the device.



2.3GHz to 2.7GHz Wireless Broadband RF Transceiver

MAX2837

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Features

- ◆ 2.3GHz to 2.7GHz Wideband Operation
- ◆ Complete RF Transceiver, PA Driver, and Crystal Oscillator
 - 0dBm Linear OFDM Transmit Power
 - 70dBm Tx Spectral Emission Mask
 - 2.3dB Rx Noise Figure
 - Tx/Rx I/Q Error and LO Leakage Detection
 - Monolithic Low-Noise VCO with -39dBc Integrated Phase Noise
 - Programmable Tx I/Q Lowpass
 - Anti-Aliasing Filter
 - Sigma-Delta Fractional-N PLL with 20Hz Step Size
 - 45dB Tx Gain-Control Range
 - 94dB Receive Gain-Control Range
 - 60dB Analog RSSI Instantaneous Dynamic Range
 - 4-Wire SPI™ Digital Interface
 - I/Q Analog Baseband Interface
 - Digitally Tuned Crystal Oscillator
 - On-Chip Digital Temperature Sensor Read-Out
- ◆ +2.7V to +3.6V Transceiver Supply
- ◆ Low-Power Shutdown Current
- ◆ Small 48-Pin Thin QFN Package (6mm x 6mm x 0.8mm)

Lowpass

Thin-Film Low Pass Filter

LP0603 Lead-Free LGA Type

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The LP0603 ITF (Integrated Thin Film) Lead-Free LGA Low Pass Filter is based on thin-film multilayer technology. The technology provides a miniature part with excellent high frequency performance and rugged construction for reliable automatic assembly.

The ITF Low Pass Filters are offered in a variety of frequency bands compatible with various types of high frequency wireless systems.

FEATURES

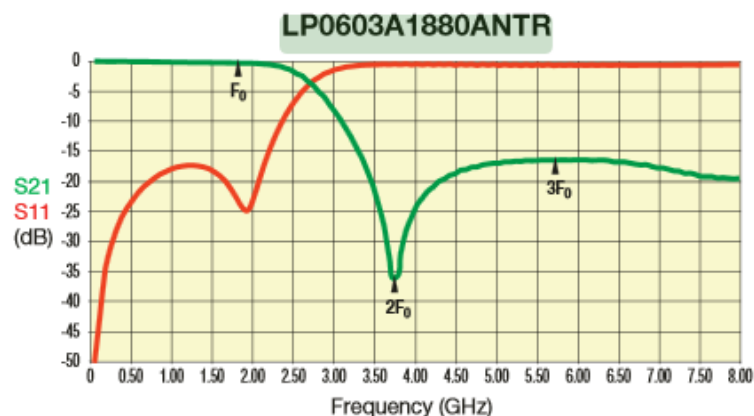
- Miniature Size: 0603
- Frequency Range: 900MHz-5.5GHz
- Characteristic Impedance: 50 Ohm
- Operating/Storage Temperature: -40°C to +85°C
- Power Rating: 3W Continuous
- Low Profile
- Rugged Construction
- Lead Free
- Taped and Reeled

APPL

- Mobil
- Satelli
- GPS
- Vehicl
- Wirel
- RFID

LANC

- Inhere
- Self A
- Excell
- Low F
- Better

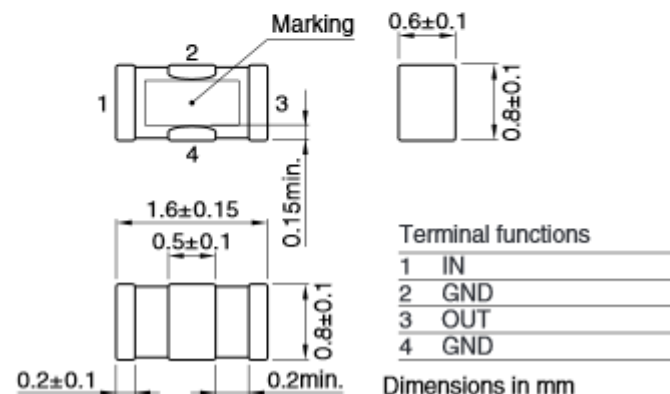


Highpass

Multilayer Chip High Pass Filters For Bluetooth & 2.4GHz W-LAN

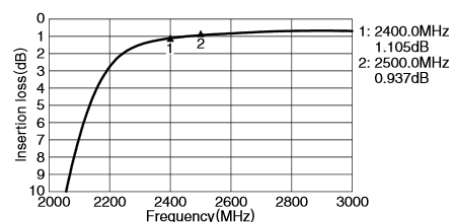
DEA Series DEA162400HT-8004B1

SHAPES AND DIMENSIONS

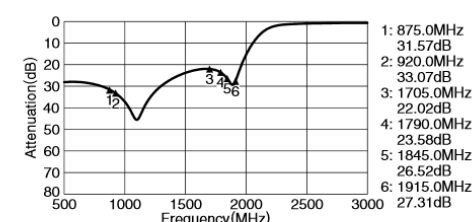


FREQUENCY CHARACTERISTICS

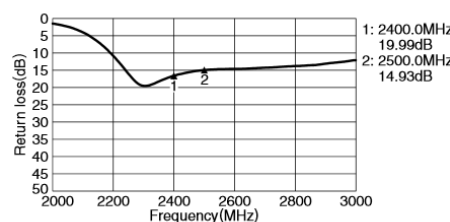
INSERTION LOSS



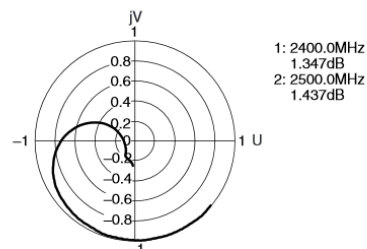
ATTENUATION



RETURN LOSS



VSWR



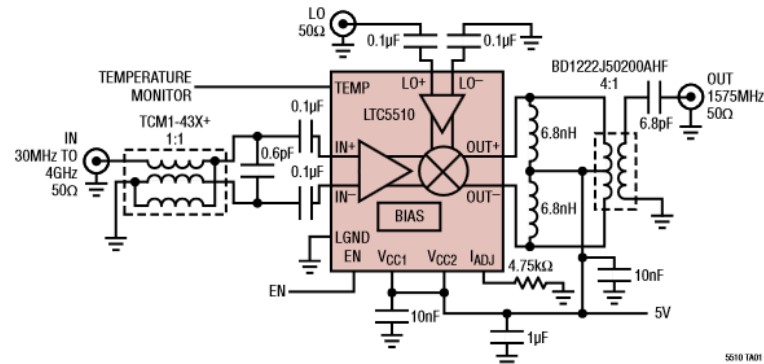
LTC5510

1MHz to 6GHz Wideband High Linearity Active Mixer

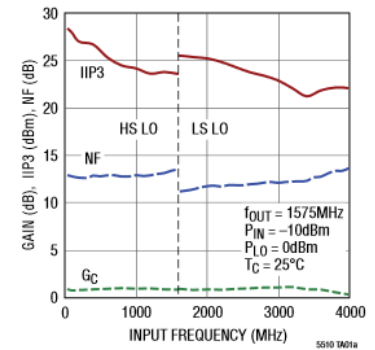
FEATURES

- Input/LO Frequency Range to 6GHz
- 50Ω Matched Input from 30MHz to >3GHz
- Capable of Up- or Down-Conversion
- OIP3: 27dBm at $f_{OUT} = 1575\text{MHz}$**
- 1.5dB Conversion Gain**
- Noise Figure: 11.6dB at $f_{OUT} = 1575\text{MHz}$**
- High Input P1dB: 11dBm at 5V**
- 5V or 3.3V Supply at 105mA**
- Shutdown Control
- LO Input Impedance Always Matched
- 0dBm LO Drive Level
- On-Chip Temperature Monitor
- 40°C to 105°C Operation (T_C)
- 16-Lead (4mm × 4mm) QFN Package

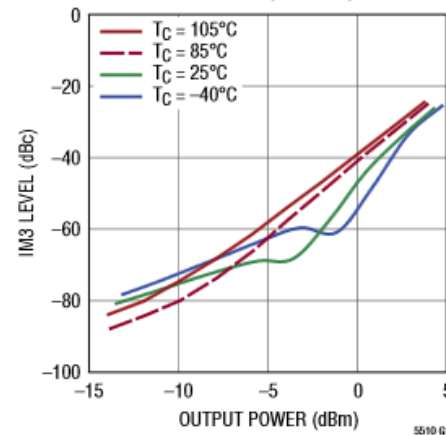
30MHz to 4GHz Up/Down Mixer for Wideband Receiver



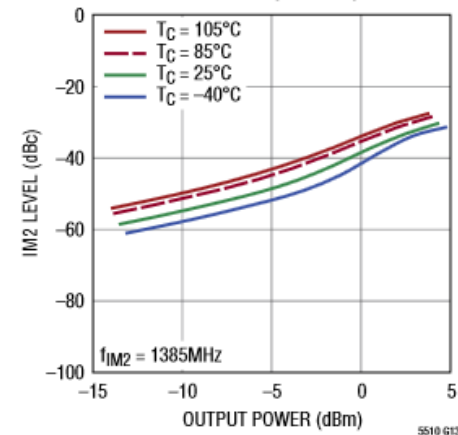
Conversion Gain, IIP3 and NF vs Input Frequency



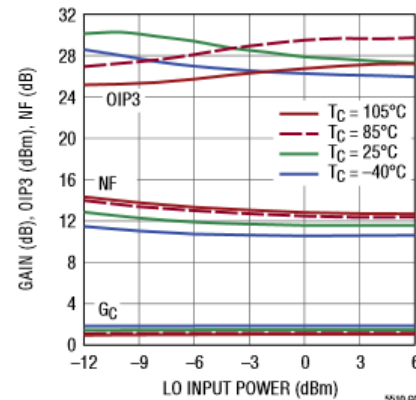
IM3 Level vs Output Power (2-Tone)



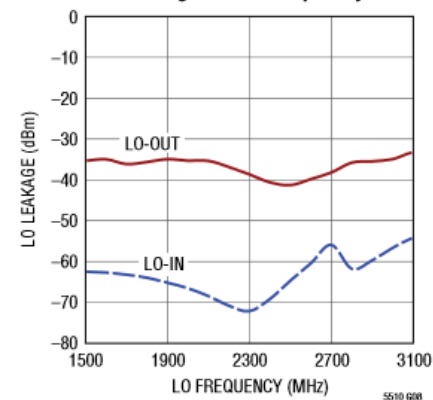
IM2 Level vs Output Power (2-Tone)



Conversion Gain, OIP3 and NF vs LO Power



LO Leakage vs LO Frequency



MAX2612-MAX2616

40MHz to 4GHz Linear Broadband Amplifiers

General Description

MAX2616 is a family of high-performance in blocks designed for use as a PA predriver amplifier, or as a cascable 50Ω amplifier 9.5dBm output power. These devices are for applications that include cellular infrastructure or commercial microwave radios, and modems. The operating frequency range is 40MHz to 4000MHz. The amplifier operates from a 3.0V to 5.25V supply with input and output ports matched to 50Ω. The device family is available in a compact, compact 2mm x 3mm TDFN package.

Applications

Infrastructure
Wireless Radio
S-LAN
Measurement

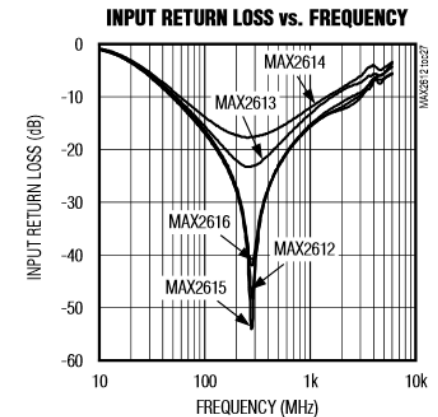
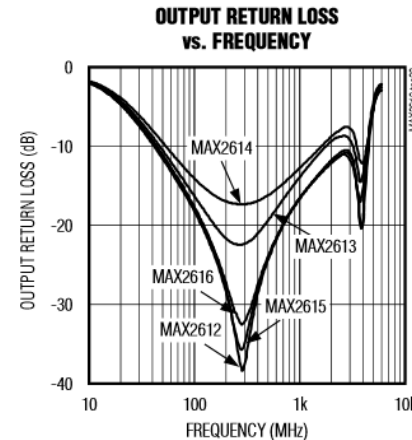
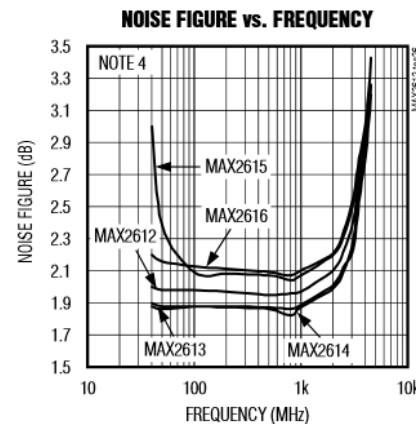
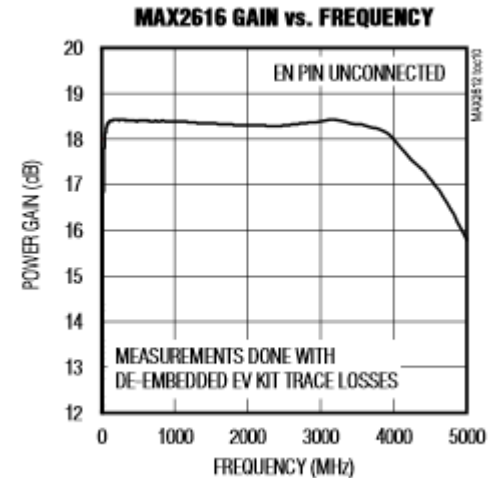
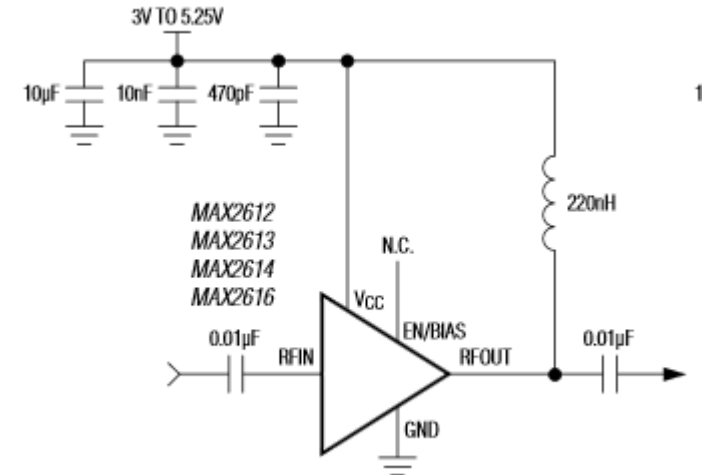
[MAX2616](#) appears at end of data sheet.

and recommended products to use with this part,
<http://www.maximintegrated.com/MAX2612.related>.

Current 80.6 mA

Features

- Extremely Flat Frequency Response
 - < 0.5dB, 1GHz to 4GHz
- Low Noise Figure: 2.0dB at $f_{RFIN} = 2.0GHz$
- 40MHz to 4000MHz Frequency Range
- Industry's Highest Max P_{IN} Rating
- Large OIP3 Ranges
 - MAX2615/MAX2616: +37dBm
 - MAX2612: +35.2dBm
 - MAX2613: +31.2dBm
 - MAX2614: +30dBm
- Output P1dB: +19.5dBm (MAX2615/MAX2616)
- High Gain: 18.6dB
- Shutdown Mode (MAX2612/MAX2613/MAX2614/MAX2616)
- Adjustable Bias Current for Improved OIP3 (MAX2615)
- 3.0V to 5.25V Supply Range
- Compact 2mm x 3mm TDFN Package
- Industry-High ESD Rating: 2.5kV HBM



2.3GHz to 2.7GHz Wireless Broadband RF Transceiver

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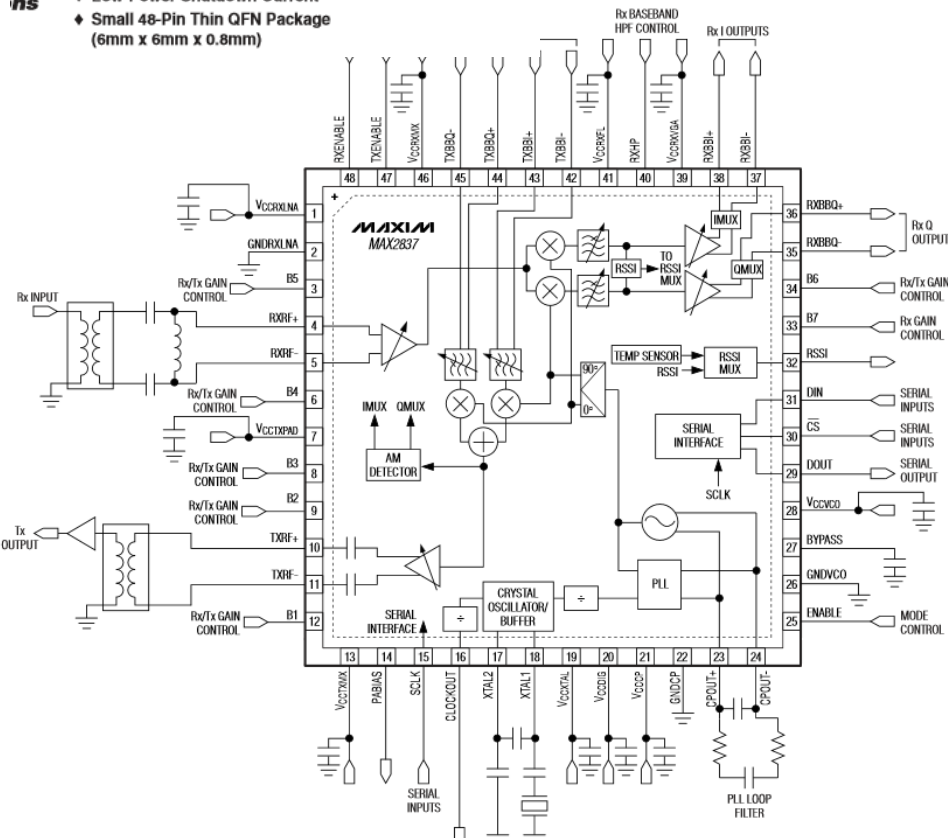
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Features

- ◆ 2.3GHz to 2.7GHz Wideband Operation
- ◆ Complete RF Transceiver, PA Driver, and Crystal Oscillator
 - 0dBm Linear OFDM Transmit Power
 - 70dBm Tx Spectral Emission Mask
 - 2.3dB Rx Noise Figure
 - Rx/Rx I/Q Error and LO Leakage Detection
 - Monolithic Low-Noise VCO with -39dBc Integrated Phase Noise
 - Programmable Tx I/Q Lowpass
 - Anti-Aliasing Filter
 - Sigma-Delta Fractional-N PLL with 20Hz Step Size
 - 45dB Tx Gain-Control Range
 - 94dB Receive Gain-Control Range
 - 60dB Analog RSSI Instantaneous Dynamic Range
 - 4-Wire SPI™ Digital Interface
 - I/Q Analog Baseband Interface
 - Digitally Tuned Crystal Oscillator
 - On-Chip Digital Temperature Sensor Read-Out
- ◆ +2.7V to +3.6V Transceiver Supply
- ◆ Low-Power Shutdown Current
- ◆ Small 48-Pin Thin QFN Package (6mm x 6mm x 0.8mm)

MAX2837



| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|--|---------------------------------------|-----------|------|------|-------|
| Supply Voltage | VCC_ | 2.7 | | 3.6 | V |
| Supply Current | Shutdown mode, T _A = +25°C | | 10 | | μA |
| | Standby mode | | 35 | 45 | mA |
| | Rx mode | | 91 | 110 | |
| | Tx mode, T _A = +25°C | | 145 | 170 | |
| | Rx calibration mode | | 135 | 160 | |
| | Tx calibration mode | | 110 | 135 | |
| Rx I/Q Output Common-Mode Voltage | D9:D8 = 00 in A4:A0 = 00100 | 0.85 | 1.0 | 1.20 | V |
| | D9:D8 = 01 in A4:A0 = 00100 | | 1.1 | | |
| | D9:D8 = 10 in A4:A0 = 00100 | | 1.2 | | |
| | D9:D8 = 11 in A4:A0 = 00100 | | 1.35 | | |
| Tx Baseband Input Common-Mode Voltage Operating Range | DC-coupled | 0.5 | | 1.2 | V |
| Tx Baseband Input Bias Current | Source current | | 10 | 20 | μA |
| LOGIC INPUTS: ENABLE, TXENABLE, RXENABLE, SCLK, DIN, CS̄, B7:B1, RXHP | | | | | |
| Digital Input-Voltage High, V _{IH} | | VCC - 0.4 | | | V |
| Digital Input-Voltage Low, V _{IL} | | | | 0.4 | V |
| Digital Input-Current High, I _{IH} | | -1 | | +1 | μA |
| Digital Input-Current Low, I _{IL} | | -1 | | +1 | μA |

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Rx MODE

(MAX2837 evaluation kit: $V_{CC-} = 2.8V$, $f_{RF} = 2.502GHz$, $f_{LO} = 2.5GHz$; receiver baseband I/Q outputs at $90mV_{RMS}$ (-21dBV), $f_{IF} = 40MHz$, $ENABLE = RXENABLE = \overline{CS} = high$, $TXENABLE = SCLK = DIN = low$, with power matching for the differential RF pins using the typical applications and registers set to default settings and corresponding test mode, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted. Lowpass filter is set to 10MHz RF channel BW. Unmodulated single-tone RF input signal is used, unless otherwise indicated.) (Note 1)

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|---|--|-------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| RECEIVER SECTION: LNA RF INPUT TO BASEBAND I/Q OUTPUTS | | | | | | |
| RF Input Frequency Range | | | 2.3 | | 2.7 | GHz |
| Peak-to-Peak Gain Variation over RF Input Frequency Range | Tested at band edges and band center | | | 0.8 | | dB |
| RF Input Return Loss | All LNA gain settings | | | 13 | | dB |
| Total Voltage Gain | T _A = -40°C to +85°C | Maximum gain, B7:B1 = 0000000 | 90 | 99 | | dB |
| | | Minimum gain, B7:B1 = 1111111 | | 5 | 13 | |
| RF Gain Steps | From max RF gain to max RF gain - 8dB | | 8 | | | dB |
| | From max RF gain to max RF gain - 16dB | | 16 | | | |
| | From max RF gain to max RF gain - 32dB | | 32 | | | |
| Gain Change Settling Time | Any RF or baseband gain change; gain settling to within ±1dB of steady state; RXHP = 1 | | 0.2 | | | μs |
| | Any RF or baseband gain change; gain settling to within ±0.1dB of steady state; RXHP = 1 | | 2 | | | |
| Baseband Gain Range | From maximum baseband gain (B5:B1 = 00000) to minimum baseband gain (B5:B1 = 11111), T _A = -40°C to +85°C | | 58 | 62 | 66 | dB |
| Baseband Gain Minimum Step Size | | | | 2 | | dB |
| DSB Noise Figure | Voltage gain ≥ 65dB with max RF gain (B7:B6 = 00) | | 2.3 | | | dB |
| | Voltage gain = 50dB with max RF gain - 8dB (B7:B6 = 01) | | 5.5 | | | |
| | Voltage gain = 45dB with max RF gain - 16dB (B7:B6 = 10) | | 17 | | | |
| | Voltage gain = 15dB with max RF gain - 32dB (B7:B6 = 11) | | 27 | | | |

Ultra-Low-Power, High-Dynamic-Performance, 22Msps Analog Front End

General Description

low-power, highly integrated analog portable communication equipment. The AD9444 integrates dual 8-bit receive ADCs, 10-bit DACs while providing the high-linearity at ultra-low power. The ADCs' input amplifiers are fully differential and accept both single-ended and differential signals. Typical I-Q channel gain mismatch is $\pm 0.1^\circ$ and amplitude matching is $\pm 0.1\%$. The feature 48.5dB SINAD and 69dBc SFDR range (SFDR) at $f_{IN} = 5.5\text{MHz}$ and $f_{CLK} = 22\text{MHz}$. The DACs' analog I-Q outputs are fully differential with 1.4V full-scale output, and 1.4V common-mode output. Typical I-Q channel phase match is $\pm 0.05\text{dB}$. The DACs also provide resolution with 71.7dBc SFDR, and $f_{CLK} = 22\text{MHz}$.

operate simultaneously or independent-division duplex (FDD) and time-division) modes. A 3-wire serial interface and transceiver modes of operation. Operating power is 42mW at $f_{CLK} =$

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{DD} = 3V, OV_{DD} = 1.8V, internal reference (1.024V), C_L = 10pF on all digital outputs, f_{CLK} = 22MHz, ADC input amplitude = -0.5dBFS, DAC output amplitude = 0dBFS, differential ADC input, differential DAC output, C_{REFP} = C_{REFN} = C_{COM} = 0.33μF, Xcvr mode, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

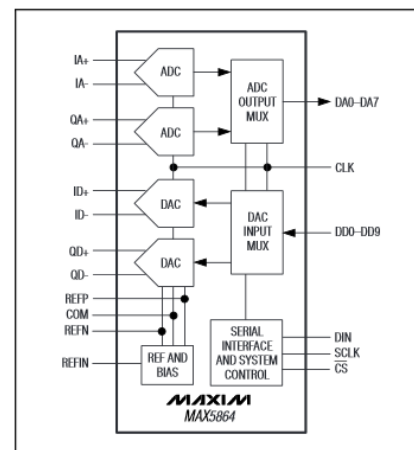
| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|---------------------------------|------------------|---|-----|------|-----------------|-------|
| POWER REQUIREMENTS | | | | | | |
| Analog Supply Voltage | V _{DD} | | 2.7 | 3.0 | 3.3 | V |
| Output Supply Voltage | OV _{DD} | | 1.8 | | V _{DD} | V |
| V _{DD} Supply Current | | ADC operating mode, f _{IN} = 5.5MHz, f _{CLK} = 22MHz, DAC operating mode, f _{OUT} = 2.2MHz | | 14 | 16.5 | mA |
| | | ADC operating mode, f _{IN} = 5.5MHz, f _{CLK} = 15.36MHz, DAC operating mode, f _{OUT} = 2.2MHz | | 11.4 | | |
| | | ADC operating mode (Rx), f _{IN} = 5.5MHz, f _{CLK} = 15.36MHz, DAC off, DAC digital inputs at zero or DV _{DD} | | 8.25 | | |
| | | DAC operating mode (Tx), f _{OUT} = 2.2MHz, f _{CLK} = 15.36MHz, ADC off | | 8 | | |
| | | Standby mode, DAC digital inputs and CLK at zero or OV _{DD} | | | 2.0 | |
| | | Idle mode, DAC digital inputs at zero or OV _{DD} , f _{CLK} = 22MHz | | | 6.7 | |
| | | Shutdown mode, digital inputs and CLK at zero or OV _{DD} , CS = OV _{DD} | | 1 | | μA |
| OV _{DD} Supply Current | | ADC operating mode, f _{IN} = 5.5MHz, f _{CLK} = 22MHz, DAC operating mode, f _{OUT} = 2.2MHz | | 2.3 | | mA |
| | | Idle mode, DAC digital inputs at zero or OV _{DD} , f _{CLK} = 22MHz | | 20.6 | | |
| | | Shutdown mode, DAC digital inputs and CLK at zero or OV _{DD} , CS = OV _{DD} | | 1 | | μA |

Features

- ◆ Integrated Dual 8-Bit ADCs and Dual 10-Bit DACs
- ◆ Ultra-Low Power
 - 42mW at $f_{CLK} = 22\text{MHz}$ (Transceiver Mode)
 - 34mW at $f_{CLK} = 15.36\text{MHz}$ (Transceiver Mode)
 - Low-Current Idle and Shutdown Modes
- ◆ Excellent Dynamic Performance
 - 48.5dB SINAD at $f_{IN} = 5.5\text{MHz}$ (ADC)
 - 71.7dB SFDR at $f_{OUT} = 2.2\text{MHz}$ (DAC)
- ◆ Excellent Gain/Phase Match
 - $\pm 0.1^\circ$ Phase, $\pm 0.03\text{dB}$ Gain at $f_{IN} = 5.5\text{MHz}$ (ADC)
- ◆ Internal/External Reference Option
- ◆ +1.8V to +3.3V Digital Output Level (TTL/CMOS Compatible)
- ◆ Multiplexed Parallel Digital Input/Output for ADCs/DACs
- ◆ Miniature 48-Pin Thin QFN Package (7mm \times 7mm)
- ◆ Evaluation Kit Available (Order MAX5865EVKIT)

MAX5864

Functional Diagram



| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|--|------------------|---|---------------------|-------|-----|--------------|
| ADC DC ACCURACY | | | | | | |
| Resolution | | | 8 | | | Bits |
| Integral Nonlinearity | INL | | ±0.15 | | | LSB |
| Differential Nonlinearity | DNL | No missing codes over temperature | ±0.15 | | | LSB |
| Offset Error | | Residual DC offset error | ±0.24 | ±5 | | %FS |
| Gain Error | | Includes reference error | ±0.77 | ±5 | | %FS |
| DC Gain Matching | | | ±0.03 | ±0.25 | | dB |
| Offset Matching | | | ±3 | | | LSB |
| Gain Temperature Coefficient | | | ±59 | | | ppm/°C |
| Power-Supply Rejection | PSRR | Offset error (V _{DD} ±5%) | ±0.2 | | | LSB |
| | | Gain error (V _{DD} ±5%) | ±0.07 | | | |
| ADC ANALOG INPUT | | | | | | |
| Input Differential Range | V _{ID} | Differential or single-ended inputs | ±0.512 | | | V |
| Input Common-Mode Voltage Range | | | V _{DD} / 2 | | | V |
| Input Impedance | R _{IN} | Switched capacitor load | 245 | | | kΩ |
| | C _{IN} | | 5 | | | pF |
| ADC CONVERSION RATE | | | | | | |
| Maximum Clock Frequency | f _{CLK} | (Note 2) | | | 22 | MHz |
| Data Latency | | Channel I | 5 | | | Clock cycles |
| | | Channel Q | 5.5 | | | |
| ADC DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS (Note 3) | | | | | | |
| Signal-to-Noise Ratio | SNR | f _{IN} = 5.5MHz | 47 | 48.6 | | dB |
| | | f _{IN} = 11MHz | 48.6 | | | |
| Signal-to-Noise and Distortion Ratio | SINAD | f _{IN} = 5.5MHz | 46.5 | 48.5 | | dB |
| | | f _{IN} = 11MHz | 48.5 | | | |
| Spurious-Free Dynamic Range | SFDR | f _{IN} = 5.5MHz | 58 | 69 | | dBc |
| | | f _{IN} = 11MHz | 71.5 | | | |
| Third-Harmonic Distortion | HD3 | f _{IN} = 5.5MHz | -70.3 | | | dBc |
| | | f _{IN} = 11MHz | -75.5 | | | |
| Intermodulation Distortion | IMD | f ₁ = 2MHz, -7dBFS; f ₂ = 2.01MHz, -7dBFS | -64 | | | dBc |
| Third-Order Intermodulation Distortion | IM3 | f ₁ = 2MHz, -7dBFS; f ₂ = 2.01MHz, -7dBFS | -67 | | | dBc |
| Total Harmonic Distortion | THD | f _{IN} = 5.5MHz | -68.2 | | -57 | dBc |

Bit-Dynamik $20 \cdot \log(2^8) = 48 \text{ dB}$