Preparing Proposals in LATEX with proposal.cls*

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Abstract

The proposal class supports many of the generic elements of Grant Proposals. It is optimized towards collaborative projects, and should specialized to particular funding agencies.

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1 Introduction

Writing grant proposals is a collaborative effort that requires the integration of contributions from many individuals. The use of an ASCII-based format like LATEX allows to coordinate the process via a source code control system like GIT or Subversion, allowing the proposal writing team to concentrate on the contents rather than the mechanics of wrangling with text fragments and revisions. In fact the proposal package has evolved out of a series of collaborative proposal writing efforts, where large teams (up to 30 individuals from up to 20 sites) have written a 100-page proposal in three weeks (with over 2000 commits). Such collaborative writing sprints are impossible without a revision control system and a "semantic" document class that generates tables, charts, and deliverable lists from content markup and thus takes care of many of the routine tasks of keeping information consistent.

The **proposal** class supports many of the generic elements of Grant Proposals. The package documentation is still preliminary, fragmented and incomplete.

The proposal class is distributed under the terms of the LaTeX Project Public License from CTAN archives in directory macros/latex/base/lppl.txt. Either version 1.0 or, at your option, any later version.

The CTAN archive always contains the latest stable version, the development version can be found on GitHub at https://github.com/KWARC/LaTeX-proposal. For bug reports please use the issue tracker there. Please feel free to fork the repository and provide extensions and improvements.

The development version also contains example proposals and a very useful script that generates GitHub issues for all the workpackages, tasks, and deliverables. This is a great way of starting up a project and controlling its progress. The OpenDreamKit EU project (see http://opendreamkit.org) uses this for its (very public) project planning on the issue tracker at https://github.com/OpenDreamKit after (also publicly) developing the proposal on GitHub.

Finally, the GitHub reposistory contains example project proposals and specialized Makefiles that help start off the proposal development process. These are not part of the CTAN/TeXLive distributions.

2 The User Interface

In this section we will describe the functionality offered by the proposal class along the lines of the macros and environments the class provides.

2.1 Package Options

The proposal package takes the options submit, noworkareas, RAM, deliverables, wpsubsection, keys, svninfo, gitinfo, and public.

submit

The submit option will disable various proposal management decorations which are enabled by default for submission.

noworkareas

The noworkareas option specifies that we do not want to structure our work plan into work areas (see section 2.6).

RAM

The RAM option specifies that we specify research assistant months in the effort tallies (see section 2.6).

deliverables

The deliverables option specifies that we specify deliverables in the grant proposal (see section 2.9). As the deliverables management needs extra support, we only activate them via this option.

wpsubsection

The wpsubsection option specifies that we want to see subsections headings for the WPs (and WAs, if we have them).

report

The report option specifies that we want to use the report.cls class as a basis for proposal instead of the default article.cls.

keys The keys option specifies that we want to see the values of various keyval arguments in the

margin.

svninfo

The syninfo option specifies specifies that we want to use the syninfo package for displaying version control metadata in the document (except when the submit option is also given). For this we need the syninfo metadata line of the form

```
\SVN $Id: proposal.tex 13610 2007-07-11 04:30:16Z kohlhase $
\svnKeyword $HeadURL: https://svn.kwarc.info/../proposal.tex $
```

at the beginning of each file (or in the preamble).

gitinfo

Analogously, the gitinfo option uses the gitinfo2 package for GIT metadata. Note that you will need to install the post-commit hooks in your working copy according to [Lon] for this to

public private

Finally, the public option allows to hide certain sensitive (e.g. financial) parts of the proposal. For this, the proposal class provides the private environment. If the option public is set, the parts of the document between \begin{private} and \end{private} do not produce output. This is useful for producing public versions of the proposal that hide confidential parts. Note that both \begin{private} and \end{private} have to be on lines of their own may not have any leading whitespace otherwise an error occurs and LATEX gives error messages that are difficult to comprehend. An alternative way to distinguish private and public sections are to use the \ifpublic conditional: \ifpublic{3}\else{5}\fi will result in "5" in the submitted draft and "3" in the public document.

\ifpublic

2.2Proposal Metadata

proposal

The metadata of the proposal is specified in the proposal environment, which also generates the title page and the first section of the proposal as well as the last pages of the proposal with the signatures, enclosures, and references. The proposal environment should contain all the mandatory parts of the proposal text. The proposal environment uses the following keys to specify metadata.

title instrument

acronym acrolong start

months

since fundsuntil

discipline PΤ

- title for the proposal title (used on the title page),
- instrument for the instrument of funding that you would like to apply for,
- acronym for the proposal acronym, possibly accompanied by an acrolong that explains it. The acronym will also be used in the page headings.
- start for the start date of the proposed fragment of the project, and months for the length of the proposal in months. Both have to be specified for the proposal class to work.
- If the proposal only concerns a part of a longer-running project, the since key allows to specify the date since when the overall project runs. Finally, the fundsuntil allows to specify a date until which the funds last.
- discipline for the academic discipline and areas for the research areas in that discipline.
- PI to declare the principal investigator. For collaborative proposals we can use the PI key multiple times. The proposal package uses the workaddress package for representation of personal metadata, see [Koh16c] or the file proposal.tex for details.
- Many collaborative proposals are shared between two institutions, which we can declare with the site key. As this changes the interface this should not be used for single-institution proposals. We will describe the setup for a single-site proposal below and point out the differences. The example proposal.tex is a two-site proposal.

site

\pn

\pnlong

If the acronym and acrolong are given, then they automatically define the macros \pn and \pnlong which allow to use the project acronym (project name) and its long version in the text. Note that these macros use \xspace internallly, so they do not have to be enclosed in curly braces.

There are two ways of organizing the distribution of personnel resources when developing a proposal. Either the coordinator takes a top-down approach where she assigns person months (PM) to the respective site, of she takes a bottom-up approach, where the sites "request" personnel resources by marking them up in the CVs of the researchers in the site descriptions. proposal.cls supports both of these. Support for the first is configured via the topdownPM key and for the other

topdownPM

botupPM via the botupPM key. They add respective lines for planning in the WA/WP figure (see 2.6).

2.3 Proposal Appearance

EdN:1 compactht EdN:2 The proposal environment takes a second set of keyval arguments that allow to fine-tune the appearance of the proposal document. ¹

• If the compactht key is given (it does not need a value), then the header tables² are made compact, i.e. the sites that do not have a contribution to the work package or work area do not get listed. This is useful for proposals with more than 8 partners.

emphbox

The proposal package supplies the emphbox environment to create boxes of emphasized material we want to call attention to.

2.4 The proposal Environment and Title Page

EdN:3

3

2.5 Objectives

objective

The work plan starts with a discussion of objectives, which may be referenced in the text later. The proposal package provides the objective environment that allows to mark up individual objectives. It takes a keyval argument with the keys id for identification, title for the objective title, and short for a short title that can be used for referencing when the title is too long. The objectives can be referenced via $OJBref\{\langle id \rangle\}$ by their label and via $OJBtref\{\langle id \rangle\}$ by label and (short if it was specified) title.

\OBJref \OBJtref

2.6 Work Areas and Work Packages

Grant proposals have another part that is often highly stylized; the work plan. This is usually structured into "work packages" — i.e. work items that address a cohesive aspect of the proposed work. These work packages are usually consecutively numbered, have a title, and an associated effort estimation. As work packages are the "atomic" planning units, they are usually heavily cross-referenced. A well-written proposal usually contains a table giving an overview over the work packages and their efforts and a Gantt chart showing the temporal distribution of the proposed work to allow the reviewers to get a clear picture of the feasibility of the research and development proposed. But this picture is also essential during the development of a proposal (which the proposal package aims to support), when the work packages (and their estimated efforts) usually change considerably. Therefore the proposal class standardizes markup for work packages and automatically computes the work package table (which can be inserted into the table via the \wpfig macro) and the Gantt Chart (see Section 2.12).

\wpfig workplan

To achieve the automation, work plan is marked up by the workplan environment, which sets up various internal counters and bookeeping macros. It contains texts and workpackage environments for the work packages.

workpackage

The purpose of the workpackage environment is to mark up a fragment of text as a work package description and specify the metadata so that it can be used in the work package table and Gantt chart generation. The metadata is specified by the following keys:

id

• The id key is used to specify a label for cross-referencing the work package or work area, it must be document-unique.

title short wphases requires

- The title and short keys are used for the work package/group title. The short title is used in tables and should not be longer than 15 characters.
- The wphases key is used according to Section 2.8
- The requires key can be used to mark, up dependencies between tasks. If requires= $\text{taskin}\{\langle rid \rangle\}\{\langle wp \rangle\}$

 $^{^{1}\}mathrm{EdNote}\colon$ move the RAM, wpsectionheadings,... options here.

 $^{^2\}mathrm{EdNote}\colon$ describe them somewhere and reference here

³EDNOTE: add documentation

is given in a task with $id=\langle t \rangle$, then task $\langle rid \rangle$ in work package $\langle wp \rangle$ must be completed for task $\langle t \rangle$ to become possible. This key will draw an arrow into the gantt chart from the end of task $\langle rid \rangle$ to $\langle t \rangle$. Note that dependencies should always point forward in time. Furthermore, note that the fact that dependencies always go from the end of the source to the beginning of the target work phase is intentional, if this does not meet your needs, then you should probably break a work phase into pieces that can be addressed separately.

RM RAM • In single-site proposals, the RM (and RAM if the RAM option was given) keys are used to specify the estimated efforts to be expended on research and development in this work package. Both are specified in person months. RM is used for "researcher months" (wissenschaftlicher Mitarbeiter) and RAM for "research assistant months" (wissenschaftliche Hilfskraft).

*RM *RAM • In multi-site proposals, the proposal package generates the keys (site)RM (and (site)RAM) where (site) is any site label declared via the site key in the top-level proposal environment. This can be used to specify the person months that the site spends on this work package (the value for work areas is automatically computed (remember to run LATEX twice for this)).

lead

• In multi-site proposals the lead key specifies the work package or work area lead, the value of this feature should be the short name of the respective partner.

swsites

• For work packages with many prospers the swsites key can be given (no value needed) to turn the site names sideways to conserve (horizontal) space.

workarea

It is often useful to group the work packages in a proposal further (especially for larger, collaborative proposals). This can be done via the workarea environment, which groups work packages. This environment takes the same keys as the workpackage environment, except for the efforts, which can be computed automatically from the work packages it groups.

As the author of the proposal class likes more structured proposals, using work areas is the default, but the proposal class can also be used with the noworkareas option for less structured (smaller) proposals.

2.7 Tasks

tasklist task In the work packages we can list tasks that need to be undertaken with the tasklist environment. The individual tasks are marked up with the task environment. This takes a keyval argument with the keys id for identification, title for a title, and the workphase keys wphases, start, end, and force (see Section 2.8). For planning involvement we can specify the overall person months via the PM key, the task lead via lead, and the partners involved via the partners key. Finally task dependencies can be specified via the requires key.

\taskref

\tasktref

Tasks can be referenced by the \taskref macro that takes two arguments: the work package identifier and the task identifier. As for work packages and work areas, there is a long reference variant with work package title: \tasktref. Finally, \localtaskref references a task in the local \localtaskref work package by the identifier in its argument.

2.8 Work Phase Metadata

wphases

The task and workpackage allow the wphases key to specify the a list of work phases. The value of this key is comma-separated list of work phase specifications of the form $\langle start \rangle - \langle end \rangle$ or $\langle start \rangle - \langle end \rangle! \langle force \rangle$, where $\langle start \rangle$ and $\langle end \rangle$ delimit the run time of the work phase and the optional ! $\langle force \rangle$ specifies the work force, i.e. the intensity of work as a number between 0 and 1. If no force is given, the default is 1. The main reason for specifying this metadata for tasks is to generate a Gantt chart (see Section 2.12).

2.9 Milestones and Deliverables

Many proposal formats foresee that project progress will be tracked in the form of milestones – points in the project, where a predefined state of affairs is reached – and deliverables – tangible project outcomes that have to be delivered. Correspondingly, milestones and deliverables have to be specified in the proposal and accounted for in the project reports. To facilitate this the proposal class and its instances provide a simple infrastructure for dealing with milestones and deliverables.

milestones

\milestone

Milestones are usually given in a special table¹, which we markup up with the milestones environment that takes care of initialization and numbering issues. This contains a list of milestone descriptions via the \milestone macro which is invoked as \milestone $[\langle keys \rangle] \{\langle title \rangle\} \{\langle desc \rangle\}$, where $\langle keys \rangle$ supports the keys id for identification month for specifying the milestone date (in months of the project duration). Milestones are numbered with labels whose shape can \milestone@laber customized by redefining \milestone@label and referenced by the \mileref{\langle id\rangle} and $\mathbf{\tilde{d}}$ for a reference with milestone title. $\mathbf{\tilde{d}}$ for a reference with milestone title.

\mileref \miletref

ber of milestones.

wpdelivs wpdeliv

Deliverables are usually defined as part of the work package descriptions (see Section 2.6) and listed in an overview table in a separate of the proposal. As for the milestones, we use an environment wpdelivs that contains the deliverable descriptions. These are marked up via the environment which takes an optional keyval argument for the deliverable metadata a regular argument for the title and contains the description of the deliverable as the body. For the metadata we have the keys id for the deliverable identifier, due for the target date (a number that denotes the project month), nature and dissem for specifying the deliverable nature and dissemination status (usually as short strings prescribed by the proposal template), and miles for the milestone this deliverable is targeted for (specified by the milestone identifier). For repeating deliverables (e.g. project reports), both due and miles can contain comma-separated lists. Deliverables are numbered by labels whose shape can be customized by number, where the shape of the label can be specified by redefining \deliv@label and referenced by \delivref{\langle \langle p\rangle} \{\langle id\rangle\rangle} where \langle wp\rangle is the work package identifier and $\langle id \rangle$ that if the deliverable and $\langle id \rangle + \langle id \rangle + \langle$ a reference with title. \localdelivref can be used to reference deliverables in the same work \localdelivrefpackage. \pdatacount{\lambda} \quad \text{delivs} \text{ gives the number of milestones of the work package \lambda} \quad \text{wp}\} \pdatacount{all}{delivs} that of all deliverables (aggregating over all work packages).

\deliv@label \delivref \delivtref

\inputdelivs

Some proposal templates ask for an overview table of the deliverables which aggregates the deliverables of the respective work packages and areas ordered by due date. This can be generated with the \inputdelivs macro. This works index generation in LATEX. The wpdeliv environment writes the deliverable data to a file $\langle main \rangle$. delivs, which can be processed externally (usually just sorting with sort in Unix is sufficient) into $\langle main \rangle$. deliverables, which is then input via the \inputdelivs macro.

wadelivs wadeliv

In some proposals, also work areas can have deliverables, then the above hold analogously for wpdelivs and wadeliv environments.

Note that handling deliverables adds considerable overhead to proposal formatting and adds auxiliary files, so they are only activated if the deliverables option is given (see Section 2.1).

2.10 Project Data, Referencing, and Hyperlinking

The proposal package extends the hyperlinking provided by the hyperref package it includes to work packages, work areas, Whenever these are defined using the proposal infrastructure, the class saves the relevant information in the auxiliary file (proposal).aux. This information can be referenced via the \pdataref macro, which takes three arguments.

\pdataref

In a reference $\pdataref{\langle type \rangle}{\langle id \rangle}{\langle aspect \rangle}$ the first argument $\langle type \rangle$ specifies the type of the object (currently one of wp, wa, and partner) to be referenced, $\langle id \rangle$ specifies the identifier of the referenced object (it matches the identifier given in the id key of the object), and $\langle aspect \rangle$ specifies the aspect of the saved information that is referenced.

\pdatarefFB

 $\label{localization} $$ \displaystyle \operatorname{FB}_{\langle type\rangle}_{\langle id\rangle}_{\langle a1\rangle}_{\langle a2\rangle} $$ tries first \\ \displaystyle \operatorname{Cond}_{\langle type\rangle}_{\langle id\rangle}_{\langle a1\rangle} $$ and if $$ if $$ if $$$ that is not given $\pdataref{\langle type \rangle}{\langle id \rangle}{\langle a2 \rangle}$.

For a work package (aspect) can be number, (the work package number), label (the label **WP**n where n is the work package number for referencing), title (the work package title), lead

¹this is the default provided by the base proposal class, it can be specialized for proposal class instances by redefining the @milestones environment and correspondingly the milestone macro.

the work package leader, **short** (a short version of the WP title for tables). For work areas we have the same aspects with analogous meanings. In all cases, the referenced information carries a hyperlink to the referenced object.

\pdataRef \pdataRefFB \pdatacount The \pdataRef and \pdataRefFB macros are variant of \pdataref and \pdataRef that also carry a hyperlink (if the hyperref package is loaded).

The \pdatacount macro gives access to the numbers of certain aspects. For instance, the number of work packages in the proposal can be cited by \pdatacount{all}{wp}, similarly for work areas (if they are enabled), and finally, \pdatacount{ $\langle wa \rangle$ }{wp} gives the number of work packages for a work area $\langle wa \rangle$. This is very useful for talking about work plans in a general way. Other objects that can be counted are deliverables (\pdatacount{all}{deliverables}) and milestones (\pdatacount{all}{milestones}).

Note that since the referencable information is written into the project data file $\langle proposal \rangle$.pdata file, it is available for forward references. However, it will only become available when the project data file is read, so the proposal has to be formatted twice for references to be correct.

\WPref \WPtref Finally, the proposal package supplies specialized reference macros for work packages and areas. The \WPref macro takes a work package identifier as an argument and makes a reference: \WPref{\langle id}\} abbreviates \pdataRef{wp}{\langle id}\}{label}. The \WPtref macro is similar, but also

\WAref \WAtref Unless the noworkareas macro is set, we also have the variants \WAref and \WAtref for work areas.

2.11 The Work Package Table

\wpfig

One of the most useful features of the proposal class is that we can generate an overview table for the distribution of workloads in the project fully automatically. All it takes is the \wpfig macro. We invoke this as \wpfig[$\langle opt \rangle$], where $\langle opt \rangle$ contains the following keywords:

pages makes a column with page numbers of the respective work package/area description.

type makes a column with work package/area types

start, end, and length makes a columns with work package/area start/end months and length (in months).

if caption is given then the table contains an explicatory caption.

label allows to specify a label other than the default fig:wplist.

For instance \wpfig[pages,start,length,caption=Overview of Work Packages] gives a table with columns for page references, duration information, and a special caption.

\wpfigstyle

The general appearance of the table \wpfigstyle macro takes a token sequence to specialize the global appearance (mostly used for text sizes and color) of the work package table. Cell styling can be tweaked by redefining special internal macros; see section ??.

2.12 Gantt Charts

gantt xscale yscale step Gantt charts are used in proposals to show the distribution of activities in work packages over time. A gantt chart is represented by the gantt environment that takes a on optional keyval argument. The keys xscale and yscale are used to specify a scale factors for the chart so that it fits on the page. The step key allows to specify the steps (in months) of the vertical auxiliary lines. Finally, the draft key specifies that plausibility checks (that can be expensive to run) are carried out. Note that the value does not have to be given, so \begin{gantt}{draft,yscale=.5,step=3} is a perfectly good invocation.

\ganttchart

Usually, the gantt environment is not used however, since it is part of the macro that takes the same keys. This generates a whole Gantt chart automatically from the work phase specifications in the work packages. As above we have to run LATFX two times for the work phases to show up.

2.13 Coherence

Many proposals require ways to show coherence between the partners. The proposal class of \coherencematrfx\s the macro \coherencematrix for this which generates a matrix of symbols specifying joint publications, project organization, software/resource development, and supervision of students by the project partners that have been declared by the \jointpub, \jointproj, \jointorga \jointsoft, and \jointsup macros before. These macros all take a comma-separated list of site \jointsoft identifiers as an argument. Use for instance \jointproj{a,b,c} to specify that the sites with the identifiers a, b and c have a joint project. \coherencetable is a variant which packages the coherence table in a table figure with label tab:collaboration.

\coherencetable The symbols used an be configured by redefining \jpub, \jproj, and \jorga, \jsoft, and \jpub \jsup.

\jproj \jorga \jsoft \jsup

2.14 Localization

The proposal class offers some basic support for localization. This is still partial though, and I am not sure that this is the best way of setting things up. What I do is to define macros for all generated texts that can be redefined in the proposal classes that build in proposal. For instance the dfgproposal class [Koh16b] provides an option german for german-language proposals and project reports that triggers a redefinition of all of these macros at read time.

3 Limitations and Enhancements

The proposal is relatively early in its development, and many enhancements are conceivable. We will list them here.

1. macros cannot be used in work package and work area titles. They really mess up our \wpfig automation. The problem is that they are evaluated too early, and our trick with making them undefined while collecting the parts of the table-rows only works if we know which macros we may expect. We might specify all "allowable" macros in an optional key protectmacro, which is defined via

\define@key{wpfig}{protectmacro}{\epandafter\let\csname #1\endcsname=\relax} But I am not sure that this will work.

- 2. It would be great, if in the Gantt Charts, we could include some plausibility checks (for draft = not submit mode). I can see two at the moment:
 - calculating the effort (i.e. the weight of the black area) and visualizing it. Then we could check whether that is larger than the effort declared for the work package.
 - calculating (and visualizing) the monthly effort. That should be kind of even (or it has to be explained in the positions requested).
- 3. we currently do not have a way to relate PIs to sites, but we do not really need to.

If you have other enhancements to propose or feel you can alleviate some limitation, please feel free to contact the author.

Acknowledgements

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4 The Implementation

In this section we describe the implementation of the functionality of the proposal package.

4.1 Package Options and Format Initialization

We first set up the options for the package.

49 \RequirePackage[scaled=.90]{helvet}

```
1 (*cls | reporting)
 2 \newif\if@wpsubsection\@wpsubsectionfalse
3 \newif\ifsubmit\submitfalse
4 \newif\ifgrantagreement\grantagreementfalse
5 \newif\ifpublic\publicfalse
6 \newif\ifkeys\keysfalse
7 \newif\ifdelivs\delivsfalse
8 \newif\ifwork@areas\work@areastrue
9 \newif\if@RAM\@RAMfalse
10 \newif\if@svninfo\@svninfofalse
11 \newif\if@gitinfo\@gitinfofalse
12 \def\proposal@class{article}
13 \DeclareOption{wpsubsection}{\@wpsubsectiontrue}
14 \DeclareOption{submit}{\submittrue}
15 \DeclareOption{grantagreement}{\grantagreementtrue}
16 \DeclareOption{gitinfo}{\Qgitinfotrue}
17 \DeclareOption{svninfo}{\@svninfotrue}
18 \DeclareOption{public}{\publictrue}
19 \DeclareOption{noworkareas}{\work@areasfalse\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{pdata}}
20 \DeclareOption{RAM}{\@RAMtrue}
21 \DeclareOption{report}{\def\proposal@class{report}}
22 \DeclareOption{keys}{\keystrue}
23 \DeclareOption{deliverables}{\delivstrue}
24 \DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{article}}
25 \ProcessOptions
26 \LoadClass[a4paper,twoside]{\proposal@class}
27 \RequirePackage{proposal}
28 (/cls | reporting)
   For proposal.sty we load the packages we make use of
29 (*sty)
30 \RequirePackage{amssymb}
31 \RequirePackage{wasysym}
32 \RequirePackage{url}
33 \RequirePackage{graphicx}
34 \RequirePackage{colortbl}
35 \RequirePackage{xcolor}
36 \RequirePackage{rotating}
37 \RequirePackage{fancyhdr}
38 \RequirePackage{array}
39 \RequirePackage{xspace}
40 \RequirePackage{comment}
41 \AtBeginDocument{\ifpublic\excludecomment{private}\fi}
42 \RequirePackage{tikz}
43 \RequirePackage{paralist}
44 \RequirePackage[a4paper,margin=18mm]{geometry}
45 \RequirePackage{boxedminipage}
46 \% so that ednotes in wps do not run out of symbols
47 \renewcommand{\thempfootnote}{\roman{mpfootnote}}
48 \renewcommand{\familydefault}{\sfdefault}
```

```
50 \RequirePackage{textcomp}
51 \ \text{RequirePackage[hyperref=auto,style=alphabetic,defernumbers=true,backend=bibtex,firstinits=true,maxbibnames=6.000]}
52 \RequirePackage{csquotes}
53 \RequirePackage{mdframed}
in submit mode, we make the links a bit darker, so they print better.
54 \RequirePackage{pdata}
55 \definecolor{darkblue}{rgb}{0,0,.7}
56 \ifsubmit\def\prop@link@color{darkblue}\else\def\prop@link@color{blue}\fi
57 \RequirePackage[bookmarks=true,linkcolor=\prop@link@color,
58 citecolor=\prop@link@color,urlcolor=\prop@link@color,colorlinks=true,
59 breaklinks=true, bookmarksopen=true]{hyperref}
    the ed package [Koh16a] is very useful for collaborative writing and passing messages between
collaborators or simply reminding yourself of editing tasks, so we preload it in the class. However,
we only want to show the information in draft mode. Furthermore, we adapt the options for the
svninfo and gitinfo2 packages.
60 \ifsubmit
61 \RequirePackage[hide] {ed}
62 \if@svninfo\RequirePackage[final,today]{svninfo}\fi
63 \else
64 \RequirePackage[show]{ed}
65 \if@svninfo\RequirePackage[eso-foot,today]{svninfo}\fi
66 \if@gitinfo\RequirePackage[mark]{gitinfo2}\fi
67 \fi
68 \renewcommand\ednoteshape{\sl\footnotesize}
We configure the comment package, so that it provides the private environment depending on the
status of the public option.
69 \ifpublic\excludecomment{private}\else\includecomment{private}\fi
   And we set up the appearance of the proposal. We want numbered subsubsections.
70 \setcounter{secnumdepth}{3}
We specify the page headings.
71 \neq 0
72 \ifgrantagreement
73 \fancyhead{}
74 \renewcommand{\headrulewidth}{Opt}
75 \renewcommand{\footrulewidth}{0.4pt}
76 \else
77 \fancyhead[RE,LO] {\prop@gen@acronym}
78 \fancyhfoffset{0pt}
79 \fi
80 \fancyfoot[C]{}
81 \newcommand\prop@of@pages[2]{page~#1\ifofpage~of~#2\fi}
82 \ifgrantagreement
83 \fancyfoot[L]{\prop@gen@proposalnumber\quad \prop@gen@acronym\quad --\quad Part B}
84 \fancyfoot[R] {\thepage}
85 \setminus else
86 \fancyhead[LE,RO]{\prop@of@pages\thepage{\pdataref@num{prop}{page}{last}}}
88 \pagestyle{fancyplain}
```

4.2 Proposal Metadata

89 (/sty)

private

pdata Most of the metadata functionality is encapsulated into the pdata package, which is shared by

the proposal and report classes. pdata.sty first loads the workaddress package from sTeX and supplies the Euro symbol.

We define the keys for metadata declarations in the proposal environment, they park their argu-

90 (*pdata)

91 \RequirePackage{workaddress} [2016/07/06]

128 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{discipline}{#1}}

129 \define@key{prop@gen}{areas}{\def\prop@gen@areas{#1}%

92 \RequirePackage{eurosym}

```
ment in an internal macro for use in the title page. The site key is the most complicated, so we
  take care of it first: We need a switch \if@sites that is set to true when the site key is used.
  Furthermore site=\langle site \rangle makes new keys \langle site \rangleRM and \langle site \rangleRAM (if the RAM option was set) for the
  workpackage environment and records the sites in the \prop@gen@sites token register.
  93 \newif\if@sites\@sitesfalse\let\prop@gen@sites=\relax%
  94 \newcounter{@site}%
  95 \define@key{prop@gen}{site}{\@sitestrue\@dmp{site=#1}%
  96 \stepcounter{@site}\pdata@def{site}{#1}{number}{\the@site}%
  97 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@sites}{\xdef\prop@gen@sites{#1}}{\xdef\prop@gen@sites{\prop@gen@sites,#1}}%
  98 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1RM}{\pdata@def{site}{#1}{intendedRM}{##1}}%
  99 \if@RAM\define@key{prop@gen}{#1RAM}{\pdata@def{site}{#1}{intendedRAM}{##1}}\fi
100 \label{localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-localized-loc
102 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1employed}{{\let\tabularnewline\relax\let\hline\relax\let\wa@ref\relax%
103 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@employed@lines}%
104 {\xdef\prop@gen@employed@lines{\wa@ref3{institution}{#1}{shortname} & ##1\tabularnewline\hline}}%
105 {\xdef\prop@gen@employed@lines{\prop@gen@employed@lines \wa@ref3{institution}{#1}{shortname} & ##1\tabularnev
  If there are no sites, then we have to define keys RM and RAM that store the intended research
  (assistant months). Unfortunately, we cannot just include this in the \ifesites conditional here,
  since that is only set at runtime.
106 \define@key{prop@gen}{RM}{\@dmp{RM=#1}\if@sites%
107 \PackageWarning{Do not use the RM key in the presence of sites}\else%
108 \def{all}{intended}{RM}{\#1}\fi
109 \end{Model} \label{local_local_to_model} $$109 \end{Model} \end{Model} $$100 \
110 \PackageWarning{Do not use the RAM key in the presence of sites}\else%
111 \pdata@def{all}{intended}{RAM}{#1}\fi}
 similarly, the PI keys are registered in \prop@gen@PIs.
112 \displaystyle \define@key{prop@gen}{PI}_{\define}PI=#1}%
113 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@PIs}{\xdef\prop@gen@PIs{#1}}{\xdef\prop@gen@PIs{\prop@gen@PIs,#1}}}
  and the pubspage keys in \prop@gen@pubspages.
114 \define@key{prop@gen}{pubspage}{\@ifundefined{prop@gen@pubspages}%
115 {\xdef\prop@gen@pubspages{#1}}{\xdef\prop@gen@pubspages{\prop@gen@pubspages,#1}}}
  the importfrom key reads the proposal data from its argument.
116 \define@key{prop@gen}{importfrom}{\message{importing proposal data from #1.pdata}\readpdata{#1}}
 The rest of the keys just store their value.
117 \define@key{prop@gen}{instrument}{\def\prop@gen@instrument{#1}%
118 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{instrument}{#1}\@dmp{inst=#1}}
120 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{title}{#1}}
121 \define@key{prop@gen}{acronym}{\gdef\prop@gen@acronym{#1}%
122 \quad \text{pdata@def\{prop}\{gen\}\{acronym\}\{\#1\}\\ \text{@dmp}\{acro=\#1\}\}
123 \define@key{prop@gen}{acrolong}{\def\prop@gen@acrolong{#1}%
124 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{acrolong}{#1}}
125 \define@key{prop@gen}{proposalnumber}{\def\prop@gen@proposalnumber{#1}%
126 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{proposalnumber}{#1}}
127 \end{area} $$127 \end{area} $$ \end{area} $$127 \en
```

```
130 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{areas}{#1}}
                                                   131 \end{fine} \end{
                                                   132 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{start}{\#1}}
                                                   133 \define@key{prop@gen}{months}{\def\prop@gen@months{#1}%
                                                   134 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{months}{#1}}
                                                   135 \define@key{prop@gen}{since}{\def\prop@gen@since{#1}%
                                                   136 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{since}{#1}}
                                                   138 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{totalduration}{#1}}
                                                   139 \end{fine} $$139 \end{fine} $$ \end{fine} $$139 \en
                                                   140 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{fundsuntil}{#1}}
                                                   141 \end{fine} \end{
                                                   142 \define@key{prop@gen}{botupPM}[true]{\def\prop@gen@botupPM{#1}}
                                                   143 \end{fine@key{prop@gen}{keywords}{\def\prop@gen@keywords{\#1}}}
                                                     and the default values, these will be used, if the author does not specify something better.
                                                   144 \newcommand\prop@gen@acro@default{ACRONYM}
                                                   145 \def\prop@gen@acro{\prop@gen@acro@default}
                                                   146 \newcommand\prop@gen@months@default{???months???}
                                                   147 \def\prop@gen@months{\prop@gen@months@default}
                                                   148 \newcommand\prop@gen@title@default{???Proposal Title???}
                                                   149 \def\prop@gen@title{\prop@gen@title@default}
                                                   150 \newcommand\prop@gen@instrument@default{??? Instrument ???}
                                                   151 \def\prop@gen@instrument{\prop@gen@instrument@default}
                  \prop@tl An auxiliary macro that is handy for making tables of WorkAddress data.
                                                   152 \newcommand\prop@tl[2]{\xdef\tab@line{}
                                                   153 \Ofor\tl@ext:={#1}\do{\xdef\tab@line{\tab@line&#2}}
                                                   154 \tab@line}
                                                     4.3
                                                                             Proposal Appearance
                                                      We define the keys for the proposal appearance
                                                   155 \def\prop@gen@compactht{false}
                                                   156 \define@key{prop@gen}{compactht}[true]{\def\prop@gen@compactht{#1}}
                                                   157 (/pdata)
                     emphbox
                                                   159 \newmdenv[settings=\large]{emphbox}
                                                      4.4
                                                                             The proposal Environment and Title Page
                                                    This internal environment is called in the proposal environment from the proposal class. The
prop@proposal
                                                      implementation here is only a stub to be substituted in a specialized class.
                                                   160 \newenvironment{prop@proposal}
                                                   161 {\thispagestyle{empty}%
                                                   162 \begin{center}
                                                                  {\LARGE \prop@gen@instrument}\\[.2cm]
                                                                     {\LARGE\textbf{\prop@gen@title}}\\[.3cm]
                                                                    {\LARGE Acronym: {\prop@gen@acronym}}\\[.2cm]
                                                   165
                                                                     {\large\today}\\[1em]
                                                   166
                                                                     \begin{tabular}{c*{\the@PIs}{c}}
                                                   167
                                                                             \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\wa@ref3{person}\tl@ext{name}}\\
                                                   168
                                                                             \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\wa@ref3{institution}{\wa@ref3{person}\tl@ext{affiliation}}{name}}
                                                   169
```

172 \setcounter{tocdepth}{2}\tableofcontents\newpage\setcounter{page}{1}}

170 \end{tabular}\\[2cm]

171 \end{center}

```
173 {\section{List of Attachments}
                                                    174 \begin{itemize}
                                                    175 \@for\@I:=\prop@gen@PIs\do{%
                                                    176 \item Curriculum Vitae and list of publications for
                                                                       \wa@ref3{person}\@I{personaltitle} \wa@ref3{person}\@I{name}}
                                                    178 \end{itemize}\newpage
                                                    179 \printbibliography[heading=warnpubs]}
            proposal
                                                     The proposal environment reads the metadata keys defined above, and if there were no site keys,
                                                        then it defines keys RM and RAM (unless the noRAM package option was given) for the workpackage
                                                        environment. Also it reads the project data file and opens up the project data file \pdata@out,
                                                       which it also closes at the end.
                                                                     The environment calls an internal version of the environment prop@proposal that can be
                                                       customized by the specializing classes.
                                                    180 \newenvironment{proposal}[1][]{\readpdata\jobname
                                                    181 \ofpagetrue\setkeys{prop@gen}{#1}
                                                    182 \pdata@open\jobname
                                                    183 \if@sites\else
                                                    184 \end{fine} \end{
                                                    185 \left( RAM \left( RAM \right) \right) \\ 185 \left( RAM \left( RAM \right) \right) \\ 186 \left( RAM \right) \\ 180 \left( R
                                                    187 \newcounter{@PIs}
                                                    188 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@PIs}{}{\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@PIs\do{\stepcounter{@PIs}}}
                                                    189 \newcounter{@sites}
                                                    190 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@sites}{}{\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\stepcounter{@sites}}}
                                                    191 \setcounter{page}{0}
                                                    192 \begin{prop@proposal}}
                                                      Now we come to the end of the environment, we take care of the last page and print the references.
                                                    193 {\end{prop@proposal}
                                                    194 \pdata@def{prop}{page}{last}{\thepage}\ofpagefalse
                                                    195 \pdata@close}
                                                    196 (/sty)
                                                                     The report environment is similar, but somewhat simpler
                     report
                                                    197 (*reporting)
                                                    198 \newif\if@report\@reportfalse
                                                    199 \newenvironment{report}[1][]%
                                                    200 {\@reporttrue\readpdata\jobname%
                                                    201 \ofpagetrue\setkeys{prop@gen}{#1}%
                                                    202 \pdata@open\jobname%
                                                    203 \end{finedsprop} $$203 \end{finedsprop}
                                                    204 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@sites}{}{\newcounter{@sites}\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\stepcounter{@sites}}}%
                                                    205 \setcounter{page}{0}%
                                                    206 \begin{prop@report}}
                                                    207 {\end{prop@report}%
                                                    209 \printbibliography[heading=warnpubs]
                                                    210 \pdata@close}
prop@report
                                                    211 \newenvironment{prop@report}
                                                    212 {\begin{center}
                                                                         {\LARGE Final Project Report}\\[.2cm]
                                                                         {\LARGE\textbf{\prop@gen@title}}\\[.3cm]
```

Now we come to the end of the environment:

```
{\LARGE Acronym: {\prop@gen@acronym}}\\[.2cm]
                       {\large\today}\\[1em]
                 216
                       \begin{tabular}{c*{\the@PIs}{c}}
                 217
                         \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\wa@ref3{person}\tl@ext{name}}\\
                 218
                 219
                         \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\wa@ref3{institution}{\wa@ref3{person}\tl@ext{affiliation}}{name}}
                 220 \left( \frac{220}{20} \right)
                 221 \end{center}
                 222 \setcounter{tocdepth}{2}\tableofcontents\newpage\setcounter{page}{1}}
                 224 (/reporting)
          \site*
                 225 (*sty)
                 226 \newcommand\site[1]{\hyperlink{site@#1@target}{\wa@ref3{institution}{#1}{acronym}}}
                 227 \newcommand\sitename[1]{\hyperlink{site@#1@target}{\wa@ref3{institution}{#1}{name}}}
                  4.5
                         Objectives
                  We first define a presentation macro for objectives
\objective@label
                 228 \newcommand\objective@label[1]{0#1}
                  We define the keys for the objectives environment
                 229 \define@key{obj}{id}{\def\circ0bj@id{#1}\@dmp{id=#1}}
                 230 \define@key{obj}{title}{\def\circ gtitle{#1}\dmp{title=#1}}
                 231 \define@key{obj}{short}{\def\obj@short{#1}\@dmp{short=#1}}
                  And a counter for numbering objectives
                 232 \newcounter{objective}
       objective
                 233 \newenvironment{objective}[1][]
                 234 {\let\obj@id\relax\let\obj@title\relax\let\obj@short\relax%
                 235 \setkeys{obj}{#1}\stepcounter{objective}%
                 236 \goodbreak\smallskip\par\noindent%
                 237 \textbf{\objective@label{\arabic{objective}}:%
                 238 ~\pdata@target{obj}{\obj@id}{\pdataref{obj}{\obj@id}{title}}\ignorespaces}%
                 239 \pdata@def{obj}\obj@id{label}{\objective@label\theobjective}%
                 240 \@ifundefined{obj@title}{}{\pdata@def{obj}\obj@id{title}\obj@title}%
                 241 \@ifundefined{obj@short}{}\pdata@def{obj}\obj@id{short}\obj@short}}
                 242 {}
         \OBJref
                 243 \newcommand\OBJref[1]{\pdataRef{obj}{#1}{label}}
                 244 \newcommand\OBJtref[1]{\OBJref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{obj}{#1}{short}{title}}
                  4.6
                         Work Areas and Work Packages
                  We first define keys for work areas (if we are in larger project).
                 245 \ifwork@areas
                 246 \end{define@key{workarea}{id}{\def\wa@id{#1}\demp{id=#1}}}
                 247 \define@key{workarea}{title}{\pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{title}{#1}}
                 248 \define@key{workarea}{short}{\pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{short}{#1}}
                 249 \define@key{workarea}{lead}{\pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{lead}{#1}}
                 250 \fi
```

215

```
252 \end{fine} workpackage} {title} {\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{title\}\{\#1\}} 
                                                                                       253 \end{area} {\bf p}\end{area} \end{area} 
                                                                                       254 \end{fine@key{workpackage}{lead}{\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{lead}{#1}\def\wp@lead{#1}}\def\wp@lead{#1}}
                                                                                       255 \define@key{workpackage}{type}{\def\wp@type{#1}\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{type}{#1}}
                                                                                       256 \define@key{workpackage}{wphases}{\def\wp@wphases{#1}\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{wphases}{#1}}
                                                                                       257 \define@key{workpackage}{swsites}[true]{\def\wp@swsites{#1}}
                                                                                            We define the constructors for the work package and work area labels and titles.
                                                                                       258 \newcommand\wp@mk@title[1]{Work Package {#1}}
                                                                                       259 \newcommand\wp@label[1]{WP{#1}}
                                                                                       260 \ifwork@areas
                                                                                       261 \newcommand\wa@label[1]{WA{#1}}
                                                                                       262 \newcommand\wa@mk@title[1]{Work Area {#1}}
                                                                                       263 \fi
                                                                                           The wa and wp counters are for the work packages and work areas, the counter deliv for deliver-
                                                                                       264 \ifwork@areas\newcounter{wa}\newcounter{wp}[wa]\else\newcounter{wp}\fi
                                                                                       265 \ifdelivs\newcounter{deliv}[wp]\fi
                                                                                       266 \newcounter{allwp}
                                      \update@*
                                                                                         update the list \@wps of the work packages in the local group and the list \@was work areas for
                                                                                            the staff efforts table: if \@wps is undefined, then initialize the comma-separated list, otherwise
                                                                                           extend it.4
                        EdN:4
                                                                                       267 \newcommand\update@wps[1]{\@ifundefined{@wps}{\xdef\@wps{\@wps{\@wps{\@wps}{\xdef\@wps{\@wps}}}}
                                                                                       268 \end{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\update@tasks[1]{\command\u
                                                                                       269 \end{task@deps} {\xdef\task@deps{\#1}} {\xdef\task@deps{\task@deps{\task@deps}}} } \label{task@deps} $$ \xdef\task@deps{\task@deps{\task@deps}} $$ \xdef\task@deps{\task@deps{\task@deps}} $$ \xdef\task@deps{\task@deps{\task@deps}} $$ \xdef\task@deps{\task@deps{\task@deps}} $$ \xdef\task@deps{\task@deps} $$ \xdef\task@deps} $$ \xdef\task@deps{\task@deps} $$ \xdef\task@deps} $$ \xdef\task@deps{\task@deps} $$ \xdef\task@deps} $$ 
                                                                                       270 \ if work@areas \ f \ was {\ was, \#1}}{fined{@was}{\ was, \#1}}{fined{@was}{\ was, \#1}}}fined{@was}{\ was, \#1}}{fined{@was}{\ was, \#1}}}{fined{@was}{\ was, \#1}}}{fined{@was}{\ was, \#1}}{fined{@was}{\ was, \#1}}}{fined{@was}{\ was, \#1}}}{fined{@was}{\ was, \#1}}{fined{@was}}{\ was, \#1}}{fined{@was}}{\ was, \#1}}{fined{@was}}{\ was, \#1}}{fined{@was}}{\ was, \#1}}{fined{@was}}{\ was, \#1}}{fined{@was}}{\ was, \#1}}{\ was, \#1}{\ was, \#1}}{\ was, \#1}{\ was, \#1}}{\ was, \#1}{\ was, \#1}{\ was, \#1}{\ was, \#1}}{\ was, \#1}{\ was, \#1}}{\ was, \#1}{\ was, \#1}{\ was, \#1}{\ was, \#1}{\ was, \#1}}{\ was, \#1}{\ was, \#1}{\ was, \#1}{\ was, \#1}{\ was, \#1}}{\ was, \#1}{\ w
                                                                                          \decode@wphase decodes a string of the form <math>\langle start \rangle - \langle end \rangle! \langle force \rangle and defines the macros
             \decode@wphase
                                                                                            \wphase@start, \wphase@end, and \wphase@force with the three parts and also computes
                                                                                            \wphase@len. The intermediate parsing macro \decode@p@start parses out the start (a number),
                                                                                            and passes on to \decode@p@end, which parses out the end (another number) and the force string,
                                                                                            which is either empty (if the !\langle force \rangle part is omitted) or of the form !\langle force \rangle. In the first case the
                                                                                            default value 1 is returned for \decode@force in the second \( force \).
                                                                                       271 \newcommand\decode@wphase[1] {\expandafter\decode@p@start#10%  
                                                                                       272 \local@count\wphase@end\advance\local@count\ by -\wphase@start%
                                                                                       273 \def\wphase@len{\the\local@count}}
                                                                                       274 \end{def} \end{def} whase \end{def} \end
                                                                                       275 \def\decode@p@end#1!#20{\def\wphase@end{#1}\def\@test{#2}%
                                                                                       276 \left( \frac{1}{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ens
                                                                                       277 \def\decode@p@force#1!{\def\wphase@force{#1}}
                                                                                          We first iteratively decode the work phases, so that the last definition of \wphase@end remains,
\startend@wphases
                                                                                            then we parse out the start of the first workphase to define \wphase@start
                                                                                       278 \def\wphases@start#1-#2@{\def\wphase@start{#1}}
                                                                                       279 \newcommand\startend@wphases[1]{\def\@test{#1}}
                                                                                       280 \ \texttt{\footnote{0}\def\wphase@start{0}\def\wphase@end{0}\else{\%}} \\
                                                                                       281 \@for\@I:=#1\do{\expandafter\decode@p@start\@I @}
                                                                                       282 \expandafter\wphases@start#1@\fi}
                                                                                                           with these it is now relatively simple to define the interface macros.
                                                                                                        ^4{
m EdNote}: with the current architecture, we cannot have work areas that do not contain work packages, this leads
```

work packages have similar ones.

to the error that wps is undefined in endworkplan

```
The workpackage environment collects the keywords, steps the counters, writes the metadata to
    work@package
                   the aux file, updates the work packages in the local group, generates the work package number
                   \wp@num.
                  283 \newcounter{wp@RM}
                  284 \if@RAM\newcounter{wp@RAM}\fi
                  285 \newenvironment{work@package}[1][]%
                  286 {\def\wp@wphases{0-0}% default values
                  287 \def\wp@swsites{false}
                  288 \setkeys{workpackage}{#1}\stepcounter{wp}\stepcounter{allwp}%
                  289 \startend@wphases\wp@wphases%
                  290 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{start}\wphase@start\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{end}\wphase@end%
                  291 \@ifundefined{wp@type}{}{\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{type}\wp@type}%
                  292 \let\@tasks=\relax%
                  293 \edef\wp@num{\ifwork@areas\thewa.\fi\thewp}%
                  294 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{label}{\wp@label\wp@num}%
                  295 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{number}{\thewp}%
                  296 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{page}{\thepage}%
                  297 \update@wps\wp@id%
                  298 \edef\wp@num{\ifwork@areas\thewa.\fi\thewp}%
                  299 \displaystyle \frac{wp}{\sum_{i=1}^{y}}{\sum_{i=1}^{y}}
                   If we have sites, we have to compute the total RM and RAM for this WP.
                  300 \if@sites%
                  301 \setcounter{wp@RM}{0}\if@RAM\setcounter{wp@RAM}{0}\fi%
                  302 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
                  303 \edgn(RM{\pdataref@num\wp@id\@site{RM}}\) add to counter{wp@RM}{\qRM}{\counter}
                  304 \if@RAM\edef\@RAM{\pdataref@num\wp@id\@site{RAM}}\addtocounter{wp@RAM}{\@RAM}\fi}
                  305 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{RM}{\thewp@RM}%
                  307 \fi}% if@sites
                  308 {\tt @ifundefined{@tasks}{}{\tt qdef{wp@id}{task}{ids}\\@tasks}{}
                   With this, it becomes simple to define a work package environment. We consider two cases, if
      workpackage
                   we have sites, then we make a header table. If not, we can make things much simpler: we just
                   generate a subsection
                  309 \newenvironment{workpackage}[1][]%
                  310 {\begin{work@package}[#1]%
                  311 \ifgrantagreement\else
                  312 %\if@wpsubsection\subsubsection*{{\wp@mk@title\thewp}: \pdataref{wp}\wp@id{title}}\fi
                  313 \if@sites\goodbreak\medskip\wpheadertable%
                  314 \else\subsubsection*{{\wptitle} (\wprm)}\fi%
                  315 \addcontentsline{toc}{paragraph}{{\wp@mk@title\thewp}: \pdataref{wp}\wp@id{title}}}%
                  316 \noindent\ignorespaces%
                  317 \fi}
                  318 {\end{work@package}}
     \mathrm{Ed}N_{0}ptitle
                  319 \newcommand\wptitle{\wp@mk@title{\wp@num}: \pdata@target{wp}{\wp@id}{\pdataref{wp}\wp@id{title}}}
     EdN:6 \wprm
                  320 \newcommand\wprm{\pdataref@safe{wp}\wp@id{RM}\if@RAM\ RM+\pdataref{wp}\wp@id{RAM} RAM\fi}
                   Called as \left(site\right) {\left(tokens\right)} the following happens: If \left(tokens\right)
@site@contributes
                   is \@true (set by the compactht attribute on the proposal environment), then \langle tokens \rangle is pro-
                   cessed. Otherwise, \langle tokens \rangle is only processed if \langle site \rangle contributes to the current work package (i.e.
                   the RM \neq 0 and RAM \neq 0)
```

⁵EdNote: document above ⁶EdNote: document above

¹⁷

```
321 \newcount\site@contribution%
                                                          322 \newcommand\if@site@contributes[2]{%
                                                          323 \ifx\prop@gen@compactht\@true
                                                          324 \left( \frac{m\pi \pi^2 n \pi^2 
                                                          325 \else\ifnum\pdataref@num\wp@id{#1}{RM} > 0 #2\fi\fi
                                                          326 \leq \#2 \leq 
       \wp@sites@line
                                                                         The following macro computes the sites line (in the token register \wp@sites@line), the efforts
       \wp@efforts@lihae (in \wp@efforts@line), and the sites number (in the counter \sites@num) for later inclusion
       \wp@sites@num in the \wpheadertable. If \prop@gen@compactht is \@true, then no sites without contributions
                                                             are listed in the table.
                                                          327 \newcounter{wp@sites@num}
                                                          328 \newcommand\wp@sites@efforts@lines{%
                                                          329 \setcounter{wp@sites@num}{0}
                                                          330 {\let\G@refundefinedtrue=\relax\let\@latex@warning=\relax\let\@sw\relax%
                                                          331 \let\site\relax\let\textbf\relax\let\sum@style\relax\let\lead@style\relax%
                                                          332 \let\pn\relax\let\sys\relax%
                                                          333 \xdef\wp@sites@line{\wp@legend@site}\xdef\wp@efforts@line{\wp@legend@effort}%initialize lines
                                                          334 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\if@site@contributes\@site{\stepcounter{wp@sites@num}}%
                                                          335 \xdef\wp@sites@line{\wp@sites@line%
                                                          336 \if@site@contributes\@site{&%
                                                          337 \ifx\wp@swsites\@true%
                                                          338 \@sw{\ifx\@site\wp@lead\lead@style{\site{\\@site}}\else\site{\\@site}\fi}%
                                                          339 \else\ifx\@site\wp@lead\lead@style{\site{\@site}}\else\site{\dsite}\fi%
                                                          340 \fi}}%
                                                          341 \xdef\wp@efforts@line{\wp@efforts@line%
                                                          342 \if@site@contributes\@site{&%
                                                          343 \ifx\@site\wp@lead%
                                                          345 \else\pdataref@safe\wp@id\@site\{RM\}\if@RAM+\pdataref@safe\wp@id\@site\{RAM\}\fi\fi\}\}
                                                          346 }% do
                                                          347 \xdef\wp@sites@line{\wp@sites@line\&\sum@style{\wp@legend@all}}%
                                                          348 \xdef\wp@efforts@line{\wp@efforts@line&
                                                          349 \sum_{k=1}^{349} \sum_{k=1}^{k} \frac{RM}{if@RAM+\rho dataref\{wp\} \wedge fi}}
\wpheadertable This macro computes the default work package header table, if there are sites.
                                                          350 \newcommand\wpheadertable{%
                                                          351 \wp@sites@efforts@lines%
                                                          352 \par\noindent\begin{tabular}{||||||*{\thewp@sites@num}{c|}|c|}\hline%
                                                          353 \textbf{\wp@mk@title{\wp@num}}&\wp@sites@line\\hline%
                                                          354 \text{$$1$} \textbf{$$1$} \textbf{$$2$} \textbf{$$2$} \textbf{$$2$} \textbf{$$3$} \textbf{$$2$} \textbf{$$3$} 
                                                          355 \end{tabular}\smallskip\par\noindent\ignorespaces}
                                                             and now multilinguality support
                                                          356 \newcommand\wp@legend@site{Site}
                                                          357 \newcommand\wp@legend@effort{Effort\if@RAM{ (RM+RAM)}\fi}
                                                          358 \newcommand\wp@legend@all{\textbf{all}}
                      workarea the workarea environment for work areas is almost the same, but we also have to initialize the
                                                             work package counters. Also, the efforts can be computed from the work packages in this group
                                                             via the wa@effort counter
                                                          359 \newcounter{prop@RM}\if@RAM\newcounter{prop@RAM}\fi
                                                          360 \ifwork@areas
                                                          361 \end{area} \label{lem:counter} $$361 \end{area} \end{area} \hidealth{area} \hidealth{are
                                                          362 \newenvironment{workarea}[1][]
                                                          363 {\setkeys{workarea}{#1}
```

364 \let\@wps=\relax 365 \stepcounter{wa}

```
367 \del{a@def{wa}{\wa@id}{number}{\thewa}
                                       368 \pdata@def{wa}{\wa@id}{page}{\thepage}
                                       369 \update@was{\wa@id}
                                       370 \ \def{wa}{\wa@id}{num}{\thewa}
                                       371 \setcounter{wa@RM}{0}\if@RAM\setcounter{wa@RAM}{0}\fi\setcounter{wa@wps}{0}
                                       372 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@aux\wa@id{wp}{ids}}
                                       373 \@for\@wp:=\@@wps\do{\stepcounter{wa@wps}%
                                       374 \if@sites
                                       375 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
                                                            \edef\@RM{\pdataref@num\@wp\@site{RM}}
                                       376
                                       377
                                                             \if@RAM\edef\@RAM{\pdataref@num\@wp\@site{RAM}}\fi
                                                              \addtocounter{wa@RM}{\@RM}\addtocounter{prop@RM}{\@RM}
                                                            \if@RAM\addtocounter{wa@RAM}{\@RAM}\addtocounter{prop@RAM}{\@RAM}\fi}
                                       379
                                       380 \ensuremath{\setminus} else
                                       381 \edef\encomn{my}\edge{RM}{}
                                       383 \addtocounter{wa@RM}{\@RM}\addtocounter{prop@RM}{\@RM}
                                       384 \if@RAM\addtocounter{wa@RAM}{\@RAM}\addtocounter{prop@RAM}{\@RAM}\fi
                                       385 \fi}
                                       386 \pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{RM}\thewa@RM
                                       387 \pdata@def{prop}{all}{RM}\theprop@RM
                                       388 \if@RAM
                                       389 \def{wa}\wa@id{RAM}\thewa@RAM
                                       390 \pdata@def{prop}{all}{RAM}\\ theprop@RAM
                                       391 \fi
                                       392 \succeq \{wa@mk@title\thewa\}: {\deta@target{wa}\wa@id{\pdataref{wa}\wa@id{title}}}\}
                                       393 \ add contents line \{toc\} \{subsubsection\} \{\{\{ wa@mk@title \} thewa\}: \ pdataref\{wa\} \ wa@id\{title\}\} \} \}
                                       394 \ignorespaces}
                                       395 $$  \ \end{0mps}_{\pount}\theta \ \end{0mps}_{\pount} \ \end{0mps
workplan The workplan environment sets up the accumulator macros \@wps, \@was, for the collecting the
                                           identifiers of work packages and work areas. At the end of the workplan description it writes out
                                           their content to the aux file for reference.
                                       396 \ifdelivs\newwrite\wpg@delivs\fi
                                       397 \newenvironment{workplan}%
                                       398 {\ifdelivs\immediate\openout\wpg@delivs=\jobname.delivs\fi
                                       399 \ifwork@areas\let\@was=\relax\else\let\@wps=\relax\fi}%
                                       401 \pdata@def{all}{task}{count}{\thealltasks}
                                       402 \ifwork@areas
                                       403 \ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{ids}\ensuremath{\def{all}{wa}}{
                                       405 \end{constrained} $\{05 \end{constrained} \end{constrained} $\{05 \end{constrained} $\{0
                                       406 \fi
                                       407 \ifdelivs\@ifundefined{mile@stones}{}
                                       408 {\cor\QI:=\mileQstones\do{\%}}
                                       409 \quad delivs {\cluster} {\clust
                                       410 \ifwork@areas\pdata@def{all}{wa}{count}{\thewa}\fi
                                       411 \pdata@def{all}{wp}{count}{\theallwp}
                                       412 \ifdelivs
                                       413 \pdata@def{all}{deliverables}{count}{\thedeliverable}
                                       414 \pdata@def{all}{milestones}{count}{\themilestone}
                                       415 \fi
                                       416 \ifdelivs\closeout\wpg@delivs\fi}
```

 $366 \pdata@def{wa}{\wa@id}{label}{\wa@label\thewa}$

4.7 Tasks

```
tasklist
                                                 417 \newenvironment{tasklist}
                                                 418 {\begin{compactenum}}{\end{compactenum}}
                                                   The next step is to
                                                 419 \newcommand\task@label[2]{\textbf{T#1.#2}}
                                                   We define the keys for the task macro
                                                 420 \define@key{task}{id}{\def\task@id{#1}\@dmp{id=#1}}
                                                 421 \define@key{task}{wphases}{\def\task@wphases{#1}\@dmp{wphases=#1}}
                                                 423 \define@key{task}{title}{\def\task@title{#1}}
                                                 424 \define@key{task}{lead}{\def\task@lead{#1}}
                                                 425 \define@key{task}{partners}{\def\task@partners{#1}}
                                                 426 \define@key{task}{PM}{\def\task@PM{#1}}
                                                 427 \define@key{task}{issue}{\def\task@issue{#1}}
                                                 428 \def\task@set#1{\edef\task@id{task\thetask@all}
                                                 429 \def\task@partners{}\def\task@lead{}\def\task@PM{}\def\task@title{}}
                                                 430 \setkeys{task}{#1}}
@post@title@space make the space after the title tweakable
                                                 431 \def\task@post@title@space{\;}
                                  task
                                                 432 \newcounter{alltasks}
                                                 433 \def\task@post@title@space{\quad}
                                                 434 \newcommand\task@legend@partners{Sites: }
                                                 435 \newcommand\task@legend@PM{PM}
                                                 436 \newenvironment{task}[1][]%
                                                 437 {\stepcounter{alltasks}%
                                                 438 \texttt{$43} \mathbf{438} \mathbf{443} \mathbf{4
                                                 439 \ifx\task@title\@empty\else\textbf\task@title\fi\task@post@title@space%
                                                 440 \det \emptyset initial \{0-0\} \iint task@wphases\\emptyset initial\else\%
                                                 441 \let\@@sep=\relax\@for\@I:=\task@wphases%
                                                 442 \do{\decode@wphase\@I\%
                                                 444 \let\@@sep=\sep@wphases}%
                                                 445 \fi% initial
                                                 446 \hfill%
                                                 447 \ifsubmit\else\ifx\task@PM\@empty\else\task@PM~\task@legend@PM;\fi\fi%
                                                 448 \ifx\task@lead\@empty\else\ \task@legend@partners\site\task@lead~(\legend@lead)\fi%
                                                 450 \ignorespaces}
                                                 451 {\medskip}
                                                   now the multilingual support and presentation configuration
                                                 452 \newcommand\month@label[1]{M#1}
                                                 453 \newcommand\show@wphase[3]{\edef\@test{#3}\def\@one{1}%
                                                 454 \month@label{#1}-\month@label{#2}%
                                                 455 \ifx\@test\@empty\else\ifx\@test\@one\else @#3\fi\fi}
                                                 456 \newcommand\sep@wphases{; }
                                                 457 \newcommand\legend@partners{Partners}
                                                 458 \newcommand \legend@lead{lead}
                                                 459 \newcommand\task@label@long{Task}
```

\Ctask The \Ctask macro is a internal macro which takes a bunch of keyword keys and writes their values to the aux file.

```
461 \newcount\task@@end
                                      462 \ensuremath{$\def(\theta)$} \ensuremath{\def(\theta)$} \en
                                      463 \task@set{#1}%
                                      464 \def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{title}{\task@title}
                                      465 \def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{lead}{\task@lead}
                                      466 \d {task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{partners}{\task@partners}
                                      467 \del{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{PM}{\task@PM}
                                      468 \def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{\wphases}{\task@wphases}
                                      469 \@ifundefined{deliv@issue}{}
                                      470 {\bf 
                                      472 \def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{number}{\thetask@wp}\%
                                      473 \taskin\task@id\wp@id\{page}{\thepage}\%
                                      474 \update@tasks{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}}
                                          4.8
                                                              Work Phase Metadata
   \workphase
                                      475 \newcommand\workphase[1]{\PackageError{proposal}
                                                       {The \protect\workphase macro is deprecated, \MessageBreak
                                      477
                                                             use the attributes wphase on the workpackage environment instead!}}
   \*task*ref
                                      478 \mbox{ } \mbox{newcommand} \mbox{taskin[2]{#20#1}}
                                      479 \newcommand\taskref[2]{\pdataRef{task}{#10#2}{label}}
                                      480 \newcommand\taskreflong[2]{\pdataRef{task}{#2}{label}}
                                      481 \newcommand\tasktref[2]{\taskref{#1}{#2}: \pdataRefFB{task}{#1@#2}{short}{title}}
                                      482 \mbox{ } \mbox{newcommand} \mbox{localtaskref[1]{\taskref{\wp@id}{#1}}}
                                      483 \newcommand\localtasktref[1]{\tasktref{\wp@id}{#1}}
                                        now we initialize experimental infrastructure for task dependencies (not very well used/tested)
                                      484 \newcounter{gantt@deps}
                                      485 \def\@requires#1#2{\stepcounter{gantt@deps}%
                                      486 \edef\dep@id{taskdep\thegantt@deps}%
                                      487 \pdata@def{taskdep}\dep@id{from}{\taskin{#1}\wp@id}%
                                      488 \pdata@def{taskdep}\dep@id{to}{#2}%
                                      489 \update@deps\dep@id}
                                                              Milestones and Deliverables
                                          4.9
                                       this macro raises an error if deliverable commands are used without the deliverables option
deliv@error
                                          being set.
                                      490 \newcommand\deliv@error{\PackageError{proposal}
                                      491 {To use use deliverables, you have to specify the option 'deliverables'}}
         wpdelivs
                                       492 \newenvironment{wpdelivs}{\begin{wp@delivs}}{\end{wp@delivs}}
      wp@delivs
                                      493 \newenvironment{wp@delivs}
                                      494 {\ifdelivs\textbf\deliv@legend@delivs:\\[-3ex]%
                                      495 \begin{compactdesc}\else\deliv@error\fi}
                                      496 {\ifdelivs\end{compactdesc}\fi}
                                         and now multilinguality support
                                      497 \newcommand\deliv@legend@delivs{Deliverables}
```

460 \newcounter{task@all}\newcounter{task@wp}[wp]

```
\wadelivs
                                   498 \newenvironment{wadelivs}
                                   499 {\textbf\deliv@legend@delivs:\\[-3ex]\begin{wp@delivs}}
                                   500 {\end{wp@delivs}}
                     \lec This macro is generally useful to put a comment at the end of the line, possibly making a new
                                     one if there is not enough space.
                                   501 \newcommand \lec[1]{\strut\null\nobreak\hfill\hbox{$\leadsto$#1}\par}
\deliv@label
                                   502 \newcommand\deliv@label[1]{D{#1}}
  \*deliv*ref This macro is generally useful to put a comment at the end of the line, possibly making a new
                                     one if there is not enough space.
                                   503 \end{delivref[2]{\pdataRef{deliv}{\#10\#2}{label}}}
                                   504 \mbox{ } \mbox{
                                   505 \newcommand\delivtref[2]{\delivref{#1}{#2}: \pdataRefFB{deliv}{#10#2}{short}{title}}
                                   506 \end{localdelivtref} \label{localdelivtref} $$100 \le 100 \le 10
     \wpg@deliv We first define the keys
                                   507 \define@key{deliv}{id}{\def\deliv@id{#1}}
                                   508 \define@key{deliv}{due}{\def\deliv@due{#1}}
                                   509 \define@key{deliv}{dissem}{\def\deliv@dissem{#1}}
                                   510 \define@key{deliv}{nature}{\def\deliv@nature{#1}}
                                   511 \define@key{deliv}{miles}{\def\deliv@miles{#1}}
                                   512 \define@key{deliv}{short}{\def\deliv@short{#1}}
                                   513 \define@key{deliv}{lead}{\def\deliv@lead{#1}}
                                   514 \define@key{deliv}{issue}{\def\deliv@issue{#1}}
                                     The \wpdeliv macro cycles over the due dates and generates the relevant entries into the deliv-
                                     erables file. The first step is to write the general metadata to the pdata file.
                                   515 \newcounter{deliverable}
                                   516 \newcommand{\wpg@deliv}[3]{% keys, title, type
                                   517 \stepcounter{deliverable}
                                   518 \let\deliv@miles=\relax% clean state
                                   519 \left(\frac{43}{\deg \mathbb{W}}\right)\% set up ifx
                                   520 \def\wpg@id{\csname #3@id\endcsname}
                                   521 \steps{deliv}{#1}\stepcounter{deliv}% set state
                                   522 \ifx\@type\@wp\def\current@label{\deliv@label{\ifwork@areas\thewa.\fi\thewp.\thedeliv}}
                                   523 \else\def\current@label{\deliv@label{\thewa.\thedeliv}}\fi
                                   524 \pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{label}{\current@label}
                                   525 \pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{title}{#2}
                                   526 \pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{page}{\thepage}%
                                   527 \@ifundefined{deliv@short}
                                   528 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{short}{#2}}
                                   529 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{short}{\deliv@short}}
                                   530 \@ifundefined{deliv@nature}
                                   531 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{key 'nature' for Deliv \wpg@id undefined}}
                                   532 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{nature}{\deliv@nature}}
                                   533 \@ifundefined{deliv@dissem}
                                   534 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{key 'dissem' for Deliv \wpg@id undefined}}
                                   535 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{dissem}{\deliv@dissem}}
                                   536 \@ifundefined{deliv@lead}
                                   537 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{key 'lead' for Deliv \wpg@id undefined}}
                                   538 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{lead}{\deliv@lead}}
                                     Then we iterate over the due dates and generate an entry for teach of them.
```

539 \@ifundefined{deliv@due}{}{%

```
542 {\inv @I<10 0\else\ell'fi}\%  sort key
                              543 {\0I}\% due date
                              544 {\current@label}% label
                              545 \ensuremath{\mbox{\lower}}{\mbox{\lower}}\ id
                              546 {\@ifundefined{deliv@dissem}{??}{\deliv@dissem}}% dissemination level
                              547 {\@ifundefined{deliv@nature}{??}{\deliv@nature}}% nature
                              548 {#2}
                              549 {\ifx\Q \ensuremath{\c WP\ifwork\Q areas\thewa.\fi\thewp}\else{\WA\thewa}\fi} \ensuremath{\c WP\thewa}\
                              550 \end{fined{deliv@lead}{??}{\string\site{\deliv@lead}}}}} % lead
                                And finally, we generate the entry into the deliverables table.
                              551 \item[\current@label\ (%
                              552 \delivs@legend@due: \@ifundefined{deliv@due}{???}{\deliv@due},
                              553 \delivs@legend@nature: \@ifundefined{deliv@nature}{??}{\deliv@nature},
                              554 \delivs@legend@dissem: \@ifundefined{deliv@dissem}{??}{\deliv@dissem},
                              555 \delivs@legend@lead: \@ifundefined{deliv@lead}{??}{\site{\deliv@lead}})]
                              556 \pdata@target{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{\textit{#2}}
                              557 \@ifundefined{deliv@miles}{}{\% print the milestones and update their deliverables
                              558 \let\m@sep=\relax% do not print the separator the first time round
                              559 \lec{\@for\@I:=\deliv@miles\do{% Iterate over the milestones mentioned
                              560 \m@sep\pdataRef{mile}{\@I}{label}% print the milestone reference
                              561 \let\m@sep=,}}%set the separator for the next times
                              562 \def\d@sep{,}
                              563 \@for\@I:=\deliv@miles\do{% Iterate over the milestones mentioned
                              564 \expandafter\ifx\csname\@I delivs\endcsname\relax% Check that the miles@delivs is empty
                                       {\expandafter\xdef\csname\@I delivs\endcsname{\wpg@id @\deliv@id}}% if so, skip the separator
                              565
                                         \else\expandafter\xdef\csname\@I delivs\endcsname\if not add it
                              566
                              567
                                               {\csname\@I delivs\endcsname\d@sep\wpg@id @\deliv@id}\fi}}}
                                     Now, we only need to instantiate
               wadeliv
                              568 \newenvironment{wadeliv}[2][]{\ifdelivs\wpg@deliv{#1}{#2}{wa}\else\deliv@error\fi}{}
                wpdeliv
                              569 \newenvironment{wpdeliv}[2][]{\ifdelivs\wpg@deliv{#1}{#2}{wp}\else\deliv@error\fi}{}
\milestone@label
                              570 \newcommand\milestone@label[1]{M{#1}}
              \mileref This macro is generally useful to put a comment at the end of the line, possibly making a new
                                one if there is not enough space.
                              571 \newcommand\mileref[1]{\pdataRef{mile}{#1}{label}}
                              572 \newcommand\miletref[1]{\mileref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{mile}{#1}{short}{title}}
          \milestone create a new milestone, initialize its deliverables accumulator macro, set up hyperlinking, and
                               extend the milestones list.
                              573 \newcounter{milestone}
                              574 \ensuremath{\define@key{milestone}{id}{\gdef\mile@id{#1}}}
                              575 \end{fine} \end{
                              576 \mbox{ \newcommand\mbox{\mbox{milestone}}[3][]{\%}
                              577 \ifdelivs%
                              578 \setkeys{milestone}{#1}\stepcounter{milestone}%
                              579 \def{mile}\mile@id{label}{\milestone@label{\themilestone}}\%
                              580 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{month}{\mile@month}%
                              581 \q f{mile}\mile@id{title}{#2}%
```

540 \@ifundefined{deliv@issue}{}\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{issue}{\deliv@issue}}

541 \@for\@I:=\deliv@due\do{\protected@write\wpg@delivs{}{\string\deliverable%

```
582 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{description}{#3}%
                                     583 \@ifundefined{mile@stones}%
                                     584 {\xdef\mile@stones{\mile@id}}%
                                     585 {\xdef\mile@stones{\mile@stones,\mile@id}}%
                                     586 \ensuremath{\mbox{mile@id}{\#2}{\#3}}\% presentation
                                     587 \else\deliv@error\fi}
   \@milestone the corresponding presentation macro.
                                     588 \newcommand\@milestone[3]{\% id, title, description
                                     589 \item \textbf{\miles@legend@milestone\xspace\pdata@target{mile}\mile@id{\pdataref{mile}{#1}{label}}
                                     590 (\miles@legend@month \pdataref{mile}\mile@id{month})
                                     591 \textbf{#2}} #3}
                                     592 \newcommand\miles@legend@month{Month}
                                     593 \newcommand\miles@legend@milestone{Milestone}
     milestones This does the metadata bookkeeping, the layout is delegated to the presentation environment
                                       Omilestones and the legend macros that can be customized for specific proposals.
                                     594 \newenvironment{milestones}%
                                     595 {\ifdelivs\begin{@milestones}\else\deliv@error\fi}
                                     596 {\bf \{\delivs\def{all}\{mile\}\{ids\}\{\mile@stones\}\%}
                                     597 \pdata@def{all}{mile}{count}{\themilestone}%
                                     598 \end{@milestones}\fi}
   Omilestones here we do the work.
                                     599 \newenvironment{@milestones}{\begin{enumerate}}{\end{enumerate}}}
\deliverable the first argument is an extended due date to facilitate sorting.
                                     600 \newcommand{\deliverable} [9] {\pdataRef{deliv}{#4}{label}\&\#7\&\#8\&\#9\&\#6\&\#5\&\#2\\\hline}\\ %sortkey, due, label, id, title (above the property of the propert
deliverables
                                     601 \newenvironment{deliverables}[1]{\ifdelivs\begin{longtable}{|1|p{#1}|1|1|1|1|1}}\hline{} for the content of the content 
                                     602 \#&\textbf{\delivs@legend@name}&%
                                     603 \textbf{\delivs@legend@wp}&%
                                     604 \textbf{\delivs@legend@lead}&%
                                     605 \textbf{\delivs@legend@nature}&%
                                     606 \textbf{\delivs@legend@level}&%
                                     607 \textbf{\delivs@legend@due}\\\hline\hline%
                                     608 \endhead%
                                     609 \else\deliv@error\fi}
                                     610 {\ifdelivs\end{longtable}\fi}
                                       now the multilingual support
                                     611 \newcommand\delivs@legend@name{Deliverable name}
                                     612 \newcommand\delivs@legend@wp{WP}
                                     613 \newcommand\delivs@legend@nature{Type}
                                     614 \newcommand\delivs@legend@level{Level}
                                     615 \newcommand\delivs@legend@due{Due}
                                     616 \newcommand\delivs@legend@dissem{Dissem.}
                                     617 \newcommand\delivs@legend@lead{Lead}
\inputdelivs
                                     618 \newcommand{\inputdelivs}[1]{%
                                     619 \begin{deliverables}{#1}%
                                     620 \IfFileExists{\jobname.deliverables}%
                                     621 {\input{\jobname.deliverables}}%
                                     622 {\tt LifFileExists\{\jobname.delivs\}{\tt Linput\{\jobname.delivs\}}{}} \\
                                     623 \end{deliverables}}
                                     624 (/sty)
```

4.10 Project Data, Referencing & Hyperlinking

```
\pdata@out is the file handle for the project data file, we define internal macros to open and close
                it.
               625 (*pdata)
               626 \newif\ifwork@areas\work@areastrue
               627 \DeclareOption{noworkareas}{\work@areasfalse}
               628 \ProcessOptions
               629 \RequirePackage{xspace}
               630 \newwrite\pdata@out
               631 \newcommand\pdata@open[1] {\immediate\openout\pdata@out=#1.pdata}
               632 \newcommand\pdata@close{\closeout\pdata@out}
   \readpdata This macro reads the project data file and its error handling
               633 \newcommand\readpdata[1]{\IfFileExists{#1.pdata}
               634 {\message{proposal: Reading Project Data}\makeatletter\input{#1.pdata}\makeatother}
               635 {proposal: No Project Data found, (forward) references may be compromized}}
               This internal macro makes a hyper-target: \pdata@target{\langle cat \rangle}{\langle id \rangle}{\langle id \rangle}{\langle label \rangle} prints \langle label \rangle
\pdata@target
                with a target name \langle cat \rangle @\langle id \rangle @target attached to it.
               636 \newcommand\pdata@target[3]{\hypertarget{#1@#2@target}{#3}}
   \pdata@def This macro writes an \@pdata@def command to the current aux file and also executes it.
               637 \newcommand\pdata@def [4] {\%\pdata@def \#1}{\#2}{\#3}{\#4}%
                    \protected@write\pdata@out{}{\string\@pdata@def{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}}}
  \@pdata@def This macro stores the value of its last argument in a custom macro for reference.
               639 \newcommand\@pdata@def[4]{\expandafter\gdef\csname #1@#2@#3\endcsname{#4}}
    \pdataref
               640 \mbox{ } \mbox{mewcommand\pdataref [3] {\cifundefined{#10#20#3}%}
                                   {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{#3 for #1 #2 undefined}??}}%
               641
               642
                                    {\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}%
               643 \newcommand\pdataref@aux[3]{\cifundefined{#10#20#3}{??}{\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}\%
               644 \newcommand\pdataref@num[3]{\cifundefined{#1@#2@#3}{0}{\csname #1@#2@#3}endcsname}}\%
               645 \newcommand\pdataref@safe[3]{\csname #10#20#3}{}{\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}\%
  \pdatarefFB a variant with fallback field,
               646 \newcommand\pdatarefFB[4]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
               647 {\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc o}}\xspace 10$#20$#4}%
               648 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{both #3 and its fallback #4 undefined for #1 #2}??}%
               649 {\csname #10#20#4\endcsname}}
               650 {\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}
    \pdataRef
               651 \newcommand\pdataRef[3] {\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
               652 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{#3 for #1 #2 undefined}??}%
               653 {\hyperlink{#10#20target}{\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}}
  \pdataRefFB a variant with fallback field,
               654 \newcommand\pdataRefFB[4]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
               655 {\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#4}%
               656 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{both #3 and its fallback #4 undefined for #1 #2}??}%
               657 {\hyperlink{#10#20target}{\csname #10#20#4\endcsname}}}
               658 {\hyperlink{#10#20target}{\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}}
```

```
\pdatacount
             659 \newcommand\prop@count[1]{\ifcase #1 zero\or one\or two\or three\or four\or five\or six\or seven \or
                  eight\or nine\or ten\or eleven \or twelve\else#1\fi}
             661 \newcommand\pdatacount[2] {\prop@count{\pdataref@num{#1}{#2}{count}}}
        pn*
             662 \newcommand\pn{\pdataref{prop}{gen}{acronym}\xspace}
             663 \newcommand\pnlong{\pdataref{prop}{gen}{acrolong}\xspace}
      \W*ref
             664 \newcommand\WPref[1]{\pdataRef{wp}{#1}{label}}
             665 \newcommand\WPtref[1]{\WPref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{wp}{#1}{short}{title}}
             666 \ifwork@areas
             667 \newcommand\WAref[1]{\pdataRef{wa}{#1}{label}}
             668 \newcommand\WAtref[1]{\WAref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{wa}{#1}{short}{title}}
             670 (/pdata)
              4.11
                      The Work Package Table
EdM¥@style These macros determine the styling of cells in the work package table. That can be tweaked by
              redefining them.
             671 (*sty)
             672 \definecolorset{gray/rgb/hsb/cmyk}{}{}%
             673 {leadgray, .90/.90, .90, .90/0,0, .90/0,0, .10;%
             674 wagray, .70/.70, .70, .70/0,0, .70/0,0,0,30;%
             675 \text{ ganttgray}, .60/.60, .60, .60/0, 0, .60/0, 0, 0, .40
             676 \newcommand\sum@style[1]{\cellcolor{wagray}{\textbf{#1}}}
             677 \newcommand\wa@style[1]{\cellcolor{wagray}{\textbf{#1}}}
             678 \newcommand\wp@style[1]{#1}
             679 \end{lead@style[1]_{\cellcolor{leadgray}_{\textit{\#1}}}}
             680 \newcommand\wp@lead@style@explained{light gray italicised}
\wpfigstyle
             681 \def\wpfig@style{}
             682 \newcommand\wpfigstyle[1]{\def\wpfig@style{#1}}
                 We first define the options for the \wpfig macro, they specify what columns we have in the
              table.
             683 \newcounter{wpfig@options}
             684 \define@key{wpfig}{size}{\def\wpfig@size{#1}\@dmp{size=#1}}
             685 \def\@true{true}
             686 \def\wpfig@pages{false}
             687 \define@key{wpfig}{pages}[true]{\def\wpfig@pages{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
             688 \def\wpfig@type{false}
             689 \define@key{wpfig}{type}[true]{\def\wpfig@type{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
             690 \def\wpfig@start{false}
             691 \define@key{wpfig}{start}[true] {\def\wpfig@start{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
             692 \def\wpfig@length{false}
             693 \define@key{wpfig}{length}[true]{\def\wpfig@length{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
             694 \def\wpfig@end{false}
             695 \define@key{wpfig}{end}[true] {\def\wpfig@end{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
             696 \define@key{wpfig}{label}{\def\wpfig@label{#1}}
             697 \define@key{wpfig}{caption}{\def\wpfig@caption{#1}}
                ^7{
m EdNote}: maybe add "wpfig" in the name to show dependency
```

```
This environment makes legend for the table (but not the contents) for the \wpfig macro. The
                        main work achieved here is to generate the head line (sideways) and the footer in the various cases
                        given by the package options.<sup>8</sup> Depending on the various class and wpfig options, we make header
EdN:8
                        and footer line for the table.
                      698 \def\@sw#1{\begin{sideways}#1\end{sideways}}
                      699 \newenvironment{wp@figure}{\begin{table}[ht]\wpfig@style\begin{center}
                      700 {\let\@sw\relax\let\textbf\relax\let\site\relax\let\pn\relax\let\sys\relax%
                      701 \end{argmaps} $$701 \end{argmaps} $$ \end{argmaps} we fig {\tt Glegend@title\%} $$
                      702 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\wpfig@legend@type\fi%
                      703 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@page}\fi%
                      704 \ifx\wpfig@start\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@start}\fi%
                      705 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@length}\fi
                      706 \ \texttt{\fig@end@end\ctrue\&\csw{\wpfig@legend@end}\fi}\%
                      707 \if@sites%
                      708 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
                      709 \xdef\wpfig@headline(\wpfig@headline(\wpfig@headline(\wpfig@legend@siteRM{\csite}))
                      710 \if@RAM\xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@siteRAM{\@site}}}\fij%
                      711 \xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@totalRM}}%
                      712 \ if @RAM \ xdef \ wpfig @headline \ wpfig @headline \ wpfig @legend \ total RAM \} \ fi% \ xdef \ wpfig 
                      713 \else% if@sites
                      714 \end{fig0} whig0 head line {\wpfig0head line &\csw{\wpfig0legend0RM}\if0 RAM &\csw{\wpfig0legend0 RAM}\fi} lif0 RAM &\csw{\wpfig0legend0 RAM}\fi}
                      715 \fi}%if@sites
                      716 \if QRAM\begin{tabular}{||1||*{\thewpfig@options}{r|}*{\the@sites}{r|r|}|r|r|}\hline
                      717 \else\begin{tabular}{||1||*{\thewpfig@options}{r|}|*{\the@sites}{r|}|r|}\hline\fi%|| 717 \else\begin{tabular}{||1||*{\thewpfig@options}}
                      718 \wpfig@headline\\\hline\hline}
                      719 \left( \frac{tabular}{smallskip} \right)
                      720 \wpfig@legend@RAM@expl\if@sites; \wpfig@legend@lead@expl\fi
                      722 \end{fig@label}{\label{fig:wplist}}{\label{\wpfig@label}}
                      723 \end{center}\end{table}}
                       and now multilinguality support
                      724 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@wap{\textbf{\ifwork@areas{WA/P}\else{WP}\fi}}
                      725 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@title{\textbf{Title}}
                      726 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@type{\textbf{type}}
                      727 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@page{\textbf{page}}
                      728 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@start{\textbf{start}}
                      729 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@length{\textbf{length}}
                      730 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@end{\textbf{end}}
                      731 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@siteRM[1]{\site{#1}\if@RAM\ RM\fi}
                      732 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@siteRAM[1]{\site{#1}\ RAM}
                      733 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@totalRM{total\if@RAM\ RM\fi}
                      734 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@totalRAM{total RAM}
                      735 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@RM{RM}
                      736 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@RAM{RAM}
                      737 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@RAM@expl{\if@RAM R(A)M $\widehat=$ Researcher (Assistant) Months\else\ Efforts in Ph
                      738 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@lead@expl{WP lead efforts \wp@lead@style@explained}
                      739 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@caption{{\ifwork@areas Work Areas and \fi}Work Packages}
EdN:9\wpfig
                      740 \newcount\local@count
                      741 \newcount\@@@RM\if@RAM\newcount\@@@RAM\fi
```

742 \newcount\all@@@RM\if@RAM\newcount\all@@@RAM\fi

743 \newcommand{\wpfig}[1][]{\setcounter{wpfig@options}{0}\setkeys{wpfig}{#1}

 $^{^{8}\}mathrm{EdNote}$: this is a bit of misnomer, it does not do the figure bit.

 $^{^9{\}rm EDNote}$: The computation can be distributed much more efficiently (by intermingling the counter advances with the row creation), but this works now

the first thing to do is to build the body of the table programmatically by (globally) extending the \@wp@lines token register inside a bracket group which locally redefines all macros we are using in the extensions, so that they do not get into the way. We start this group now.

745 \let\tabularnewline\relax\let\hline\relax\let\lead@style\relax% so they 746 \let\wa@style\relax\let\wp@style\relax \let\@sw\relax\let\textbf\relax% do not

744 {\gdef\@wp@lines{}%initialize

```
747 \let\G@refundefinedtrue=\relax\let\@latex@warning=\relax\let\hyperlink=\relax% bother
748 \let\pn\relax\let\xspace\relax% us
  The code that follows now, could be more elegant, if we had a better way of organizing the data,
   but this works for now, we have four cases: with/without work areas and with/without sites. All
   do something very similar.
749 \ifwork@areas
750 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}%
751 \colon \co
752 \xdef\@@wa@line{\wa@style{\pdataRef{wa}\@@wa{label}}%
753 \& \end{aref wa} \end{are
754 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{type}}\fi%
755 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{page}}\fi%
756 \ifx\wpfig@start\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{start}}\fi%
757 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{len}}\fi%
758 \ifx\wpfig@end\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{end}}\fi}
759 \if@sites
760 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
761 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}%
762 \local@count 0%
763 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}}%
764 \pdata@def\@@wa\@site{RM}{\the\local@count}%
765 \xdef\00wa0line{\00wa0line&\wa0style{\the\local0count}}%
766 \if@RAM
767 \local@count 0%
768 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RAM}}
769 \pdata@def\@@wa\@site{RAM}{\the\local@count}%
770 \xdef\@@wa@line{\@@wa@line&\wa@style{\the\local@count}}%
771 \fi}
772 \local@count0\relax%
773 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wa\@site{RM}}%
774 \xdef\@@wa@line{\@@wa@line &\wa@style{\textbf{\the\local@count}}}
775 \if@RAM
776 \local@count0\relax%
777 \end{cont} by \pdataref@num\end{cont} by \pdataref@num\end{cont} % \pdataref@num\end{cont} $$ \p
778 \xdef\@@wa@line \\wa@style{\textbf{\the\local@count}}}
779 \fi
780 \else% if@sites
781 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
782 \xdef\@@wa@line{\@wa@line&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{RM}}
783 \if@RAM&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{RAM}}\fi}%
784 \fi% if@sites
785 \xdef\@wp@lines{\@wp@lines\@@wa@line\tabularnewline\hline}% add the line for the workarea
786 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}%
787 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over its work packages
788 \xdef\@@wp@line{\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}%
789 &\@ifundefined{wp@\@@wp @short}{\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{title}}{\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{short}}%
790 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{type}\fi%
791 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{page}\fi%
```

792 \ifx\wpfig@start\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{start}\fi% 793 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{len}\fi% 794 \ifx\wpfig@end\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{end}\fi}

```
795 \if@sites
796 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
797 \edef\@@lead{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{lead}}
798 \edf(@RM{\left(x\right)}\ellow(0) \edges (0) \e
799 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\@@RM}
800 \if@RAM
801 \edgn{M}{ifx\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\colored\col
802 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\@@RAM}
804 \local@count0\relax%
805 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}}%
806 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
808 \global\local@count0\relax%
809 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RAM}}%
810 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
811 \fi% if@RAM
812 \else% if@sites
813 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{RM}}}
814 \if@RAM\xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{RAM}}}\fi
815 \fi% if@sites
816 \xdef\@wp@lines{\@wp@lines\@@wp@line\tabularnewline\hline}}}
  Now the case where we do not have work areas.
817 \else% ifwork@areas
818 \edef\\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}\%
819 \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over its work packages
820 \xdef\@@wp@line{\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}%
821 &\@ifundefined{wp@\@@wp @short}{\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{title}}{\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{short}}
822 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{type}\fi%
823 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{page}\fi%
824 \ifx\wpfig@start\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{start}\fi%
825 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{len}\fi%
826 \ifx\wpfig@end\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{end}\fi}
827 \if@sites
828 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
829 \edef\@@lead{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{lead}}
830 \edef\@RM{\ifx\@Clead\@site\lead\@style{\pdataref\@safe\@Cwp\Gsite{RM}}\else\wp\@style{\pdataref\@safe\Qcwp\Gsite{RM}}\else\wp\Gstyle{\pdataref\@safe\Qcwp\Gsite}\end{\columnwidth}
831 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\@@RM}
832 \if@RAM
833 \edef\@RAM{\ifx\@lead\gsite\lead@style{\pdataref@safe\@wp\gsite\{RAM\}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe\gwp\gsite}.
834 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style\@@RAM}
835 \fi}
836 \global\local@count0\relax%
837 \end{allow} and \end{allow} $$837 \end{allow} \end{allow} \end{allow} $$ \e
838 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
839 \if@RAM
840 \global\local@count0\relax%
841 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num{#1}\@site{RAM}}%
842 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
843 \fi
844 \else% if@sites
845 \end{00wp0line} \end{00wp0line} wp0style{\pdataref0safe\{wp\}\00wp\{RM\}\}} \label{eq:condition}
846 \if@RAM\xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{RAM}}\fi}
847 \fi% if@sites
848 \xdef\@wp@lines{\@wp@line\tabularnewline\hline}}
849 \fi%ifwork@areas
```

Now we compute the totals lines in the \@totals macros; again there are four cases to consider

```
850 \gdef\@totals{}
851 \ifwork@areas
852 \if@sites
853 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{% iterate over the sites
854 \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt Q@QRM=0\ifGRAM\ensuremath{\mbox{\tt QQQRAM=0\fi}}}
855 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}%
856 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc 00was}}\do{\%} iterate over the work areas
857 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}%
858\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Nor}\mbox{\sc Nor
859 \advance\ensuremath{\tt @QQRM}\ by \pdataref@num\ensuremath{\tt QQwp\ensuremath{\tt QRM}}\xspace
860 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc NAM}}\ by \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc NAM}}\
862 \advance\all@@@RM by \the\@@@RM\if@RAM\advance\all@@@RAM by \the\@@@RAM\fi
863 \xdef\@totals {\@totals & \textbf{\the\@@@RAM}\fi}}
864 \xdef\@totals {\@totals & \textbf{\the\all@@@RM}\if@RAM&\textbf{\the\all@@@RAM}\fi}
865 \pdata@def{all}{total}{RM}{\the\all@@@RM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}{\the\all@@@RAM}
866 \else% if@sites
867 \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt 000RM=0\fi}}
868 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}%
869 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$0$} \mbox{\mbox{$0$} \mbox{\mbox{$0$} \mbox{$0$} \mbox{$0
870 \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over the work packages
871 \advance\@@@RM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RM}%
872 \ensuremath{\tt NT2} \ensure
873 \pdata@def{all}{total}{RM}{\the\\@@@RM}\if@RAM\\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\\@@@RAM}{fi}
874 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{$000$RM}$if@RAM &\the\000@RAM\fi}}\xspace \ensuremath{\mbox{$000$RAM\fi}}\xspace \ensuremath{\mbox{
875 \fi% if@sites
876 \else%i.e. no work@areas
877 \if@sites
878 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%iterate over the sites
879 \@@@RM=O\if@RAM\@@@RAM=O\fi%
880 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
881 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over the work packages
882 \advance\@@@RM by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}%
883 \if@RAM\advance\@@@RAM by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RAM}\fi}
884 \pdata@def{all}\@site{RM}{\the\@@@RM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}\@site{RAM}{\the\@@@RAM}\fi
886 \advance\all@@@RM by \the\@@@RAM\fi}
887 \xdef\@totals{\@totals &\textbf{\the\all@@@RM}\figRAM&\textbf{\the\all@@@RAM}\fij}
888 \def{all}{total}{RM}{\the\all@0@RM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@0@RAM}\fi
889 \else% if@sites
890 \@@@RM=O\if@RAM\@@@RAM=O\fi
891 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
892 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over the work packages
893 \advance\@@@RM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RM}%
894 \if@RAM\advance\@@@RAM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RAM}\fi}
895 \pdata@def{all}{total}{RM}{\the\\@@@RM}\fints{RAM}{total}{RAM}{\the\\@@@RAM}\fints{RAM}{total}{RAM}{\the}
896 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$0$}}} \ensuremath{\mbox{$0$}} \ensuremath{\mbox
897 \fi% if@sites
898 \fi
    And we finally have a line for the intended totals which we use in draft mode.
899 \gdef\intended@totals{}\gdef\requested@totals{}
900 \if@sites
901 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{
902 \xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&\textbf{\pdataref@safe{site}\@site{intendedRM}}}
903 \xdef\requested@totals{\requested@totals&\pdataref@safe{site}\@site{reqPM}}
904 \ if QRAM \ xdef\ intended Qtotals \ textbf{\pdatarefQsafe{site}} \ Qsite{intended RAM}} \} \ fije for each of the property of the proper
905 \if@RAM\xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&&}\else%
906 \xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&}%
```

```
907 \xdef\requested@totals{\requested@totals&}%
908 \fi
909 \else% if@sites
910 \xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&\textbf{\pdataref@safe{all}{intended}{RM}}}
911 \if@RAM\xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&\textbf{\pdataref@safe{all}{intended}{RAM}}}\fi
912 \fi}% if@sites
finally, we make all of this into a figure, computing the colspan of the the legend cells for the totals
via \local@count from the optional columns.
913 \local@count\thewpfig@options\advance\local@count by 2
914 \begin{wp@figure}
915 \@wp@lines\hline%
916 \multicolumn{\the\local@count}{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\@totals\\\hline%
917 \ifsubmit\else%
918 \ifx\prop@gen@topdownPM\@true%
919 \multicolumn{\the\local@count}{|c|}{\prop@legend@intendedtotals}\intended@totals\\\hline%
920 \fi% topdownPM
921 \ifx\prop@gen@botupPM\@true%
922 \multicolumn{\the\local@count}{|c|}{\prop@legend@requestedtotals}\requested@totals\\\hline%
923 \fi% botupPM
924 \fi% submit
925 \end{wp@figure}}
and now multilinguality support
926 \newcommand\prop@legend@totals{\textbf{totals}}
927 \newcommand\prop@legend@intendedtotals{\textbf{intended totals}}
928 \newcommand\prop@legend@requestedtotals{\textbf{requested totals}}
```

4.12 Gantt Charts

Gantt Charts are done with help of the tikz package. The gantt environments pick up on the declared duration of the proposal in months stored in the \prop@gen@months macro.

We define the keys for Gantt tables

```
929 \newif\ifgantt@draft\gantt@draftfalse
930 \newif\ifgantt@miles\gantt@milesfalse
931 \define@key{gantt}{xscale}{\def\gantt@xscale{#1}}
932 \define@key{gantt}{yscale}{\def\gantt@yscale{#1}}
933 \define@key{gantt}{step}{\def\gantt@step{#1}}
934 \define@key{gantt}{size}{\def\gantt@size{#1}}
935 \define@key{gantt}{draft}[true]{\ifsubmit\else\gantt@drafttrue\fi}
936 \define@key{gantt}{milestones}[true]{\gantt@milestrue}
```

Then we define an auxiliary function that provides defaults for these keys and sets the internal macros.

```
937 \def\gantt@set#1{\gantt@draftfalse\def\gantt@xscale{1}\def\gantt@yscale{.35}\def\gantt@step{3} 938 \setkeys{gantt}{#1}}
```

Finally, the Gantt Chart environment itself.

gantt The gantt[$\langle keyvals \rangle$] { $\langle height \rangle$ } environment sets up the grid and legend for a gantt chart. The grid is $\prop@gen@months$ wide and $\langle height \rangle$ high.

```
947 \newdimen\gantt@ymonths
                  948 \gantt@ymonths=\gantt@height cm
                  949 \advance\gantt@ymonths by .8cm
                  950 \begin{tikzpicture}[xscale=\gantt@xscale,yscale=\gantt@yscale]}
                  951 {\draw[xstep=\gantt@step,very thin] (0,0) grid (\prop@gen@months,\gantt@height);
                  952 \foreach \x in {0,\gantt@step,...,\prop@gen@months} \node at (\x,\gantt@ymonths) {\x};
                  953 \ifgantt@miles
                  954 \newdimen\gantt@ymiles\gantt@ymiles=\gantt@height cm
                  955 \advance\gantt@ymiles by 2cm
                  956 \newdimen\gantt@ymiles@top\gantt@ymiles@top=\gantt@height cm
                  957 %\advance\gantt@ymiles@top by 2cm
                  958 \edef\@@miles{\pdataref@safe{all}{mile}{ids}}
                  959 \@for\@I:=\@@miles\do{%
                  960 \edef\@@month{\pdataref@safe{mile}{\@I}{month}}
                  961 \draw[very thick,blue] (\@@month,\gantt@ymiles@top) -- (\@@month,0);
                  962 \node[blue] at (\@@month,\gantt@ymiles) {\pdataref{mile}(\QI){label}};
                  963 \fi %gantt@miles
                  964 \end{tikzpicture}}
         creates a gantt node with name \langle name \rangle in line \langle line \rangle starting at month \langle month \rangle with length \langle len \rangle
                   that is \langle force \rangle thick.
                  965 \newdimen\gantt@ymid\newdimen\gantt@yinc\newdimen\gantt@xend
                  966 \newcommand{\@action}[6][]{\def\@test{#1}%
                  967 \ifx\@test\@empty\def\@@color{ganttgray}\else\def\@@color{#1}\fi
                  968 \gantt@ymid=#3 cm\gantt@yinc=\gantt@yscale cm
                  969 \gantt@xend=#4 cm\advance\gantt@xend by #5 cm
                  970 \advance\gantt@ymid by \gantt@yinc
                  971 \fill[\@@color] (#4,#3) rectangle +(#5,#6);
                  972 \node (#2@left) at (#4,\gantt@ymid) {};
                  973 \node (#2@right) at (\gantt@xend,\gantt@ymid) {};}
     \@dependency
                  974 \def\@dependency#1#2{\draw[->,line width=2pt,color=red] (#1@right) -- (#2@left);}
tt@compute@effort A helper function that updates the dimension \gantt@effort according to whether the counter
                   \gantt@month is in the range. It is used in \gantt@chart
                  975 \newcommand\gantt@compute@effort[3]{% start, len, force
                  976
                       \@@e=#1\advance\@@e by #2
                       \ifnum\thegantt@month<#1\else
                  977
                  978
                       \ifnum\thegantt@month<\@@e
                       \gantt@plus=#3cm\advance\gantt@effort by \gantt@plus\fi\fi}
      \ganttchart
                 This macro iterates over the work areas, their work packages, and finally their work phases to use
                   the internal macro \@action. All of this in the gantt setting.
                  980 \newcommand{\ganttchart}[1][]{\begin{figure}[ht]\centering
                  981 \gantt@set{#1}
                  982 \def\gantt@wps{\pdataref@num{all}{wp}{count}}
                  983 \begin{gantt}[#1] {\gantt@wps}
                  984 \newcounter{taskwps}\newcount\@@line
                  985 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}
                      \ifwork@areas
                  986
                      \@for\@@wa:=\@@was\do{% iterate over work areas
                  987
                        \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}
                  988
                        \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over work packages
                  989
                  990
                          \stepcounter{taskwps}
                          \@@line=\gantt@wps\advance\@@line by -\thetaskwps
                  991
                  992
                          \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
```

```
\node at (-1/\gantt@xscale,\@@line) [above=-2pt] {\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}};
 993
               \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
 994
               \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%wp-level work phases
 995
                  \decode@wphase\@@ft
 996
 997
                   \@action\@@wp\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
 998
               \@for\@@task:=\@@tasks\do{% tasks
                   \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
 999
1000
                   \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%task-level work phases
                      \decode@wphase\@@ft
1001
                      \@action\@@task\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
1002
        \else% ifwork@areas false
1003
        \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}
1004
        \Ofor\OCwp:=\OCwps\do{% iterate over work packages
1005
1006
            \stepcounter{taskwps}
            \@@line=\gantt@wps\advance\@@line by -\thetaskwps
1007
            \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
1008
            \node at (-1/\gantt@xscale,\@@line) [above=-2pt] {\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}};
1009
1010
            \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
1011
            \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
               \decode@wphase\@@ft
1012
               \@action\@@wp\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
1013
            \Ofor\OOtask:=\OOtasks\do{% task-level work phases
1014
               \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
1015
               \@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%iterate over the task-level work phases
1016
1017
                   \decode@wphase\@@ft
                   \@action\@@task\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
1018
        \fi% ifwork@areas end
        \edef\@@deps{\pdataref@safe{all}{task}{deps}}
1020
        \ensuremath{\texttt{Qfor}\ensuremath{\texttt{Q0deps}\do{\%}}}
1021
            \label{lem:condition} $$\end{condition} \ \end{condition} $$\end{condition} $$\end
1022
   The next piece of code generates the effort sum table in draft mode
        \ifgantt@draft
1023
              \newcounter{gantt@month}
1024
1025
              \newcount\@@e\newdimen\gantt@effort\newdimen\gantt@plus
              \@whilenum\thegantt@month<\prop@gen@months\do{% step over months
1026
                 \gantt@effort=0cm
1027
                 \ifwork@areas
1028
                 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}
1029
                 \@for\@@wa:=\@@was\do{% iterate over work areas
1030
                     \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}
1031
1032
                     \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over work packages
1033
                        \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
1034
                        \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
                           \decode@wphase\@@ft
1035
                           \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
1036
                        \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
1037
                        \Ofor\OOtask:=\OOtasks\do{% iterate over tasks
1038
                        \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
1039
                        \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
1040
1041
                           \decode@wphase\@@ft
                           \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
1042
                 \fill[ganttgray] (\thegantt@month,-5) rectangle +(1,\gantt@effort);
1043
                 \else% ifwork@areas
1044
1045
                 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}
1046
                 \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over work packages
1047
                        \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
                        \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
1048
                           \decode@wphase\@@ft
1049
```

```
\edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
                           1051
                                                    \label{lem:condition} $$ \end{condition} $$ \end{
                           1052
                                                    \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
                           1053
                           1054
                                                    \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
                           1055
                                                        \decode@wphase\@@ft
                                                        \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
                           1056
                                             \fill[ganttgray] (\thegantt@month,-5) rectangle +(1,\gantt@effort);
                           1057
                                             \fi% ifwork@areas
                           1058
                                             \stepcounter{gantt@month}}
                           1059
                                        \fi% ifgantt@draft
                           1060
                           1061
                                      \end{gantt}
                                      \caption{\gantt@caption}\label{fig:gantt}
                           1063 \end{figure}\footnotetext\gantt@footnote}
                              now the multilingual support
                           1064 \newcommand\gantt@caption@main{Gantt Chart: Overview Work Package Activities}
                           1065 \newcommand\gantt@caption@lower{lower bar shows the overall effort \if@RAM (RAM only)\fi per month}
                           1066 \newcommand\gantt@caption{\gantt@caption@main\ifgantt@draft\xspace
                                      (\gantt@caption@lower)\fi}
                           1067
                           1068 \newcommand\gantt@footnote{Bars shown at reduced height (e.g. 50\%) indicate reduced
                                      intensity during that work phase (e.g. to 50\%).}
\gantttaskchart
                              This macro is a variant of \ganttchart, but it shows the tasks consecutively, as is useful for EU
                              projects<sup>10</sup>
     EdN:10
                           1070 \newcommand{\gantttaskchart}[1][]{\begin{figure}[hbtp]\centering\gantt@set{#1}
                           1071 \newcounter{gantt@all@tasks}%
                           1072 \setcounter{gantt@all@tasks}{\pdataref@num{all}{task}{count}}
                           1073 \addtocounter{gantt@all@tasks}{\pdataref@num{all}{wp}{count}}
                           1074 \begin{gantt}[#1]{\thegantt@all@tasks}
                           1075
                                      \newcounter{gantt@tasks}\newcount\@@line
                           1076
                                      \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}
                                        \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over work packages
                           1077
                                            \stepcounter{gantt@tasks}
                           1078
                           1079 %
                                             \@action[white]{}\@@line0{48}1
                           1080
                                            \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
                           1081
                                            \Ofor\OOtask:=\OOtasks\do{% iterate over the tasks
                           1082
                                               \stepcounter{gantt@tasks}
                           1083
                                               \@@line=\thegantt@all@tasks\advance\@@line by -\thegantt@tasks
                           1084
                                               \node at (-.5/\gantt@xscale,\@@line) [above=-2pt] {{\footnotesize\taskreflong\@@wp\@@task}};
                           1085
                                               \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
                           1086
                                               \@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%iterate over the task-level work phases
                           1087
                                                   \decode@wphase\@@ft
                                                   \@action\@@task\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force
                           1088
                           1089
                                             }}}% end all iterations
                           1090
                                          \end{gantt}
                                          \caption{\gantt@caption@main{} -- \emph{\gantt@footnote}}\label{fig:gantt}
                           1091
                           1092 \end{figure}}
                                            Coherence
                              4.13
                     \j*
                           1093 \newcommand\jpub{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\Large{$\star$}}}}
                           1094 \newcommand\jpro{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\Large{$\bullet$}}}}
                           1095 \newcommand\jsoft{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{@}}}
                           1096 \newcommand\jorga{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\Large{$\circ$}}}}
```

\gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}

1050

 $^{^{10}\}mathrm{EDNotE}$: this should be incorporated with the gantt chart above, but I am currently to scared to do it so close to the deadline

```
1097 \end{jsup{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\smiley}}}}
     for the coherence table.
                1098 \newcommand\add@joint[3]{\@ifundefined{coherence@#1@#2}%
                1099 {\@namedef{coherence@#1@#2}{#3}}%
                1100 {\expandafter\g@addto@macro\csname coherence@#1@#2\endcsname{#3}}}
     \prop@joint This iterates over a comma-separated list of names and makes the necessary entries into the
                 coherence table.
                1101 \newcommand\prop@joint[2]{\@for\@first:=#2\do{%
                \label{local_second} $$1102 \end{second} = $$2\do{\left(\frac{x}{\pi}\right)} = $$102 \end{second} $$1^{\pi} \end{second} $$1$
        \joint* Now, some instances that use these.
                1103 \newcommand\jointproj[1]{\prop@joint\jpro{#1}}
                1104 \newcommand\jointpub[1] {\prop@joint\jpub{#1}}
                1105 \newcommand\jointorga[1]{\prop@joint\jorga{#1}}
                1106 \verb|\newcommand\jointsoft[1]{\prop@joint\jsoft{#1}}|
                1107 \newcommand\jointsup[1] {\prop@joint\jsup{#1}}
\coherencematrix
                1108 \newcommand{\coherencematrix}{
                1109 {\let\tabularnewline\relax\let\hline\relax\let\site\relax% so they do
                1110 \let\@sw\relax\let\jpub\relax\let\jpro\relax\let\jorga\relax% not bother
                1111 \left| \left| \left| \right| \right| \right|  us
                1112 \gdef\@ct@head{}%
                1114 &\ifx\cht@swsites\@true\@sw{\site}\else\site{\@site}\fi}}%
                1115 \gdef\@ct@lines{\@ct@head\tabularnewline\hline\hline} %initialize with head line
                1116 \ensuremath{\verb| 0for| @site:=|prop@gen@sites| do{\xdef|@ct@line{\site}}|} \%
                1117
                     \@for\@@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
                1118
                       \xdef\@ct@line{\@ct@line&\ifx\@site\@@site{\cellcolor{wagray}{}}\fi%
                         \@ifundefined{coherence@\@site @\@@site}{}{\@nameuse{coherence@\@site @\@@site}}}}%
                1119
                     \xdef\@ct@lines{\@ct@line\dollarnewline\hline}}}%
                1121 \begin{tabular}{||||*{\the@site}{c|}}\hline%
                1122 \@ct@lines\hline%
                1123 joint&\multicolumn{\the@site}{1|}{\jpub $\hat=$ publication, \jpro $\hat=$ project,
                1124
                          \jorga $\hat=$ organization, \jsoft $\hat=$ software/resource dev,
                1125
                          \jsup $\hat=$ supervision}\\\hline
                1126 \end{tabular}}
 \coherencetable
                1127 \define@key{coherencetable}{swsites}[true]{\def\cht@swsites{#1}}
                1128 \define@key{coherencetable}{stretch}{\def\cht@stretch{#1}}
                1129 \newcommand\coherencetable[1][]{%
                1130 \def\cht@swsites{false}%
                1131 \def\cht@stretch{1}%
                1132 \setkeys{coherencetable}{#1}%
                1133 \begin{table}[ht]\centering%
                1134 \small\setlength{\tabcolsep}{.5em}%
                1135 \renewcommand{\arraystretch}{\cht@stretch}%
                1136 \coherencematrix%
                1137 \verb|\caption{\coherence@caption}\label{tab:collaboration}|
                1138 \end{table}
                 now the multilinguality support
                1139 \newcommand\coherence@caption{Previous Collaboration between {\pn} members}
```

4.14 Relevant Papers & References

We first define a bibLaTeX bibliography heading that does not create headers, we need it somewhere.

```
1140 \defbibheading{empty}{}
```

We define an internal macro that prints a publication list of a given bibTEX entry type and title for convenience. It also adds a notype= to the token register \prop@rl to deal with the unclassified entries from the list.

```
1141 \newif\if@allpapers\@allpaperstrue
1142 \newcommand\prop@ppl[3][]{\@allpapersfalse\message{ppl processing: #2}%
1143 \printbibliography[heading=subbibliography,type=#2,title=#3#1]%
1144 \@ifundefined{prop@rl}{\xdef\prop@rl{\prop@rl, #2}}}
    The following code does not work yet, it would have been nice to be able to just add a key
    unclassified to catch the unclassified ones. I guess we just have to issue a warning instead.
1145 \newcommand\prop@prl[1]{\message{unclassified: #1}%
1146 \printbibliography[heading=subbibliography,title=Unclassified,#1]}%
1147 \define@key{paperlist}{unclassified}[true]{\message{unclass: \prop@rl}\prop@rl\prop@rl}
    with this, we define a couple of keys that generate
1148 \define@key{paperlist}{articles}[true]{\prop@ppl{article}{Articles}}
1149 \define@key{paperlist}{chapters}[true] {\prop@ppl{inbook}{Book Chapters}}
1150 \define@key{paperlist}{confpapers}[true]{\prop@ppl[,keyword=conference]{inproceedings}{Conference Papers}}
1151 \define@key{paperlist}{wspapers}[true]{\prop@ppl[,notkeyword=conference]{inproceedings}{Workshop Papers}}
1152 \define@key{paperlist}{theses}[true]{\prop@ppl{thesis}{Theses}}
1153 \define@key{paperlist}{submitted}[true]{\prop@ppl[,keyword=submitted]{unpublished}{Submitted}}
1154 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$1$}}} \{books\} [true] {\ensuremath{\mbox{$1$}}} \{books\} \{books\}
1155 \define@key{paperlist}{techreports}[true]{\prop@ppl{techreport}}{Technical Reports}}
```

featured We introduce a new bibLaTeX category featured for those papers that were already mentioned in \prop@paperlist and the macros defined from it.

1156 \DeclareBibliographyCategory{featured}

```
\prop@paperlist \prop@paperlist{\langle keys \rangle}{\langle refs \rangle} generates a paper list from a list \langle keys \rangle of bibliography keys. It makes some local adaptions to the appearance of the bibliography, and then adds \langle refs \rangle to the citable papers marks them as featured. Then it uses \printbibliography to make a bibliography EdN:11 of the cited papers. Note that these are not cited again in the main bibliography<sup>11</sup>
```

```
1157 \newcommand\prop@paperlist[2][]{%
1158 \let\biboldfont\bibfont%
1159 \renewcommand{\bibfont}{\footnotesize}%
1160 \renewcommand{\baselinestretch}{.9}%
1161 \nocite{#2}\def\do##1{\addtocategory{featured}{##1}}\docsvlist{#2}%
1162 \setkeys{paperlist}{#1}
1163 \@ifundefined{prop@rl}{}{\@latex@warning{some papers are not classified!}}
1164 \if@allpapers\printbibliography[category=featured,heading=empty]\fi%
1165 \let\bibfont\biboldfont}
```

We define the warnpubs heading constructor.

¹¹EdNote: MK: we may want to make this optional controlled by a package option eventually.

```
Finally, we tweak bibLATEX to not give DOIs and URLS at the same time.
            1174 \renewbibmacro*{event+venue+date}{}
           1175 \renewbibmacro*{doi+eprint+url}{%
           1176
                  \iftoggle{bbx:doi}
                    {\printfield{doi}\iffieldundef{doi}{}\clearfield{url}}}
           1177
            1178
                    {}%
            1179
                  \newunit\newblock
                  \iftoggle{bbx:eprint}
           1180
                    {\usebibmacro{eprint}}
           1181
                    {}%
           1182
                  \newunit\newblock
           1183
                  \iftoggle{bbx:url}
           1184
                    {\usebibmacro{url+urldate}}
           1185
           1186
           1187 (/sty)
             4.15
                     Miscellaneous
\signatures
            1188 (*pdata)
            1189 \newcommand{\signatures}[1]{\section{#1}
            1190 \qquad \ \quad\number\day. \number\month. \number\year\\[6ex]
            1191 \strut\qquad Date\hfill\0for\0p:=\prop0gen0PIs\do{%}
            \label{local_person} $$1192 \rightarrow \frac{3{person}\end{0}{personaltitle}^\wa@ref3{person}\end{0}{p{name}\hfill}}
      \@dmp The \@dmp macro shows metadata information about the keys in the margin if \keystrue is
             specified. This is a debugging tool.
            \euro
            1194 \renewcommand\euro{\officialeuro\xspace}
            1195 (/pdata)
```

References

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