Preparing Proposals in LATEX with proposal.cls*

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Abstract

The proposal class supports many of the generic elements of Grant Proposals. It is optimized towards collaborative projects, and should specialized to particular funding agencies.

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^{*}Version ? (last revised ?)

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1 Introduction

Writing grant proposals is a collaborative effort that requires the integration of contributions from many individuals. The use of an ASCII-based format like LATEX allows to coordinate the process via a source code control system like GIT or Subversion, allowing the proposal writing team to concentrate on the contents rather than the mechanics of wrangling with text fragments and revisions. In fact the proposal package has evolved out of a series of collaborative proposal writing efforts, where large teams (up to 30 individuals from up to 20 sites) have written a 100-page proposal in three weeks (with over 2000 commits). Such collaborative writing sprints are impossible without a revision control system and a "semantic" document class that generates tables, charts, and deliverable lists from content markup and thus takes care of many of the routine tasks of keeping information consistent.

The **proposal** class supports many of the generic elements of Grant Proposals. The package documentation is still preliminary, fragmented and incomplete.

The proposal class is distributed under the terms of the LaTeX Project Public License from CTAN archives in directory macros/latex/base/lppl.txt. Either version 1.0 or, at your option, any later version.

The CTAN archive always contains the latest stable version, the development version can be found on GitHub at https://github.com/KWARC/LaTeX-proposal. For bug reports please use the issue tracker there. Please feel free to fork the repository and provide extensions and improvements.

The development version also contains example proposals and a very useful script that generates GitHub issues for all the workpackages, tasks, and deliverables. This is a great way of starting up a project and controlling its progress. The OpenDreamKit EU project (see http://opendreamkit.org) uses this for its (very public) project planning on the issue tracker at https://github.com/OpenDreamKit after (also publicly) developing the proposal on GitHub.

Finally, the GitHub reposistory contains example project proposals and specialized Makefiles that help start off the proposal development process. These are not part of the CTAN/TeXLive distributions.

2 The User Interface

In this section we will describe the functionality offered by the proposal class along the lines of the macros and environments the class provides.

2.1 Package Options

The proposal package takes the options submit, noworkareas, RAM, deliverables, wpsubsection, keys, svninfo, gitinfo, and public.

submit

The submit option will disable various proposal management decorations which are enabled by default for submission.

noworkareas

The noworkareas option specifies that we do not want to structure our work plan into work areas (see section 2.6).

RAM

The RAM option specifies that we specify research assistant months in the effort tallies (see section 2.6).

deliverables

The deliverables option specifies that we specify deliverables in the grant proposal (see section 2.9). As the deliverables management needs extra support, we only activate them via this option.

wpsubsection

The wpsubsection option specifies that we want to see subsections headings for the WPs (and WAs, if we have them).

report

The report option specifies that we want to use the report.cls class as a basis for proposal instead of the default article.cls.

keys The keys option specifies that we want to see the values of various keyval arguments in the

margin.

svninfo

The syninfo option specifies specifies that we want to use the syninfo package for displaying version control metadata in the document (except when the submit option is also given). For this we need the syning metadata line of the form

\SVN \$Id: proposal.tex 13610 2007-07-11 04:30:16Z kohlhase \$ \svnKeyword \$HeadURL: https://svn.kwarc.info/../proposal.tex \$

at the beginning of each file (or in the preamble).

gitinfo

Analogously, the gitinfo option uses the gitinfo2 package for GIT metadata. Note that you will need to install the post-commit hooks in your working copy according to [gitinfo2:on] for

public private

Finally, the public option allows to hide certain sensitive (e.g. financial) parts of the proposal. For this, the proposal class provides the private environment. If the option public is set, the parts of the document between \begin{private} and \end{private} do not produce output. This is useful for producing public versions of the proposal that hide confidential parts. Note that both \begin{private} and \end{private} have to be on lines of their own may not have any leading whitespace otherwise an error occurs and LATEX gives error messages that are difficult to comprehend. An alternative way to distinguish private and public sections are to use the \ifpublic conditional: \ifpublic{3}\else{5}\fi will result in "5" in the submitted draft and "3" in the public document.

\ifpublic

2.2Proposal Metadata

proposal

The metadata of the proposal is specified in the proposal environment, which also generates the title page and the first section of the proposal as well as the last pages of the proposal with the signatures, enclosures, and references. The proposal environment should contain all the mandatory parts of the proposal text. The proposal environment uses the following keys to specify metadata.

title instrument

acronym acrolong start

months since fundsuntil

discipline PΤ

- title for the proposal title (used on the title page), • instrument for the instrument of funding that you would like to apply for,
- acronym for the proposal acronym, possibly accompanied by an acrolong that explains it. The acronym will also be used in the page headings.
- start for the start date of the proposed fragment of the project, and months for the length of the proposal in months. Both have to be specified for the proposal class to work.
- If the proposal only concerns a part of a longer-running project, the since key allows to specify the date since when the overall project runs. Finally, the fundsuntil allows to specify a date until which the funds last.
- discipline for the academic discipline and areas for the research areas in that discipline.
- PI to declare the principal investigator. For collaborative proposals we can use the PI key multiple times. The proposal package uses the workaddress package for representation of personal metadata, see [Kohlhase:workaddress:ctan] or the file proposal.tex for details.
- Many collaborative proposals are shared between two institutions, which we can declare with the site key. As this changes the interface this should not be used for single-institution proposals. We will describe the setup for a single-site proposal below and point out the differences. The example proposal.tex is a two-site proposal.

site

\pn

\pnlong

If the acronym and acrolong are given, then they automatically define the macros \pn and \pnlong which allow to use the project acronym (project name) and its long version in the text. Note that these macros use \xspace internallly, so they do not have to be enclosed in curly braces.

There are two ways of organizing the distribution of personnel resources when developing a proposal. Either the coordinator takes a top-down approach where she assigns person months (PM) to the respective site, of she takes a bottom-up approach, where the sites "request" personnel resources by marking them up in the CVs of the researchers in the site descriptions. proposal.cls supports both of these. Support for the first is configured via the topdownPM key and for the other

topdownPM

botupPM via the botupPM key. They add respective lines for planning in the WA/WP figure (see 2.6).

2.3 Proposal Appearance

EdN:1 compactht EdN:2 The proposal environment takes a second set of keyval arguments that allow to fine-tune the appearance of the proposal document. ¹

• If the compactht key is given (it does not need a value), then the header tables² are made compact, i.e. the sites that do not have a contribution to the work package or work area do not get listed. This is useful for proposals with more than 8 partners.

emphbox

The proposal package supplies the emphbox environment to create boxes of emphasized material we want to call attention to.

2.4 The proposal Environment and Title Page

EdN:3

3

2.5 Objectives

objective

The work plan starts with a discussion of objectives, which may be referenced in the text later. The proposal package provides the objective environment that allows to mark up individual objectives. It takes a keyval argument with the keys id for identification, title for the objective title, and short for a short title that can be used for referencing when the title is too long. The objectives can be referenced via $OJBref\{\langle id \rangle\}$ by their label and via $OJBtref\{\langle id \rangle\}$ by label and (short if it was specified) title.

\OBJref \OBJtref

2.6 Work Areas and Work Packages

Grant proposals have another part that is often highly stylized; the work plan. This is usually structured into "work packages" — i.e. work items that address a cohesive aspect of the proposed work. These work packages are usually consecutively numbered, have a title, and an associated effort estimation. As work packages are the "atomic" planning units, they are usually heavily cross-referenced. A well-written proposal usually contains a table giving an overview over the work packages and their efforts and a Gantt chart showing the temporal distribution of the proposed work to allow the reviewers to get a clear picture of the feasibility of the research and development proposed. But this picture is also essential during the development of a proposal (which the proposal package aims to support), when the work packages (and their estimated efforts) usually change considerably. Therefore the proposal class standardizes markup for work packages and automatically computes the work package table (which can be inserted into the table via the \wpfig macro) and the Gantt Chart (see Section 2.12).

\wpfig workplan

To achieve the automation, work plan is marked up by the workplan environment, which sets up various internal counters and bookeeping macros. It contains texts and workpackage environments for the work packages.

workpackage

The purpose of the workpackage environment is to mark up a fragment of text as a work package description and specify the metadata so that it can be used in the work package table and Gantt chart generation. The metadata is specified by the following keys:

id

• The id key is used to specify a label for cross-referencing the work package or work area, it must be document-unique.

title short wphases requires

- The title and short keys are used for the work package/group title. The short title is used in tables and should not be longer than 15 characters.
- The wphases key is used according to Section 2.8
- The requires key can be used to mark, up dependencies between tasks. If requires= $\text{taskin}\{\langle rid \rangle\}\{\langle wp \rangle\}$

 $^{^{1}\}mathrm{EdNote}\colon$ move the RAM, wpsectionheadings,... options here.

 $^{^2\}mathrm{EdNote}\colon$ describe them somewhere and reference here

³EDNOTE: add documentation

is given in a task with $id=\langle t \rangle$, then task $\langle rid \rangle$ in work package $\langle wp \rangle$ must be completed for task $\langle t \rangle$ to become possible. This key will draw an arrow into the gantt chart from the end of task $\langle rid \rangle$ to $\langle t \rangle$. Note that dependencies should always point forward in time. Furthermore, note that the fact that dependencies always go from the end of the source to the beginning of the target work phase is intentional, if this does not meet your needs, then you should probably break a work phase into pieces that can be addressed separately.

RM RAM • In single-site proposals, the RM (and RAM if the RAM option was given) keys are used to specify the estimated efforts to be expended on research and development in this work package. Both are specified in person months. RM is used for "researcher months" (wissenschaftlicher Mitarbeiter) and RAM for "research assistant months" (wissenschaftliche Hilfskraft).

*RM *RAM • In multi-site proposals, the proposal package generates the keys (site)RM (and (site)RAM) where (site) is any site label declared via the site key in the top-level proposal environment. This can be used to specify the person months that the site spends on this work package (the value for work areas is automatically computed (remember to run LATEX twice for this)).

lead

• In multi-site proposals the lead key specifies the work package or work area lead, the value of this feature should be the short name of the respective partner.

swsites

• For work packages with many prospers the swsites key can be given (no value needed) to turn the site names sideways to conserve (horizontal) space.

workarea

It is often useful to group the work packages in a proposal further (especially for larger, collaborative proposals). This can be done via the workarea environment, which groups work packages. This environment takes the same keys as the workpackage environment, except for the efforts, which can be computed automatically from the work packages it groups.

As the author of the proposal class likes more structured proposals, using work areas is the default, but the proposal class can also be used with the noworkareas option for less structured (smaller) proposals.

2.7 Tasks

tasklist task In the work packages we can list tasks that need to be undertaken with the tasklist environment. The individual tasks are marked up with the task environment. This takes a keyval argument with the keys id for identification, title for a title, and the workphase keys wphases, start, end, and force (see Section 2.8). For planning involvement we can specify the overall person months via the PM key, the task lead via lead, and the partners involved via the partners key. Finally task dependencies can be specified via the requires key.

\taskref

\tasktref

Tasks can be referenced by the \taskref macro that takes two arguments: the work package identifier and the task identifier. As for work packages and work areas, there is a long reference variant with work package title: \tasktref. Finally, \localtaskref references a task in the local \localtaskref work package by the identifier in its argument.

2.8 Work Phase Metadata

wphases

The task and workpackage allow the wphases key to specify the a list of work phases. The value of this key is comma-separated list of work phase specifications of the form $\langle start \rangle - \langle end \rangle$ or $\langle start \rangle - \langle end \rangle! \langle force \rangle$, where $\langle start \rangle$ and $\langle end \rangle$ delimit the run time of the work phase and the optional ! $\langle force \rangle$ specifies the work force, i.e. the intensity of work as a number between 0 and 1. If no force is given, the default is 1. The main reason for specifying this metadata for tasks is to generate a Gantt chart (see Section 2.12).

2.9 Milestones and Deliverables

Many proposal formats foresee that project progress will be tracked in the form of milestones – points in the project, where a predefined state of affairs is reached – and deliverables – tangible project outcomes that have to be delivered. Correspondingly, milestones and deliverables have to be specified in the proposal and accounted for in the project reports. To facilitate this the proposal class and its instances provide a simple infrastructure for dealing with milestones and deliverables.

milestones

\milestone

Milestones are usually given in a special table¹, which we markup up with the milestones environment that takes care of initialization and numbering issues. This contains a list of milestone descriptions via the \milestone macro which is invoked as \milestone $[\langle keys \rangle] \{\langle title \rangle\} \{\langle desc \rangle\}$, where $\langle keys \rangle$ supports the keys id for identification month for specifying the milestone date (in months of the project duration). Milestones are numbered with labels whose shape can \milestone@laber customized by redefining \milestone@label and referenced by the \mileref{\langle id\rangle} and $\mathbf{\tilde{d}}$ for a reference with milestone title. $\mathbf{\tilde{d}}$ for a reference with milestone title.

\mileref \miletref

ber of milestones.

wpdelivs wpdeliv

Deliverables are usually defined as part of the work package descriptions (see Section 2.6) and listed in an overview table in a separate of the proposal. As for the milestones, we use an environment wpdelivs that contains the deliverable descriptions. These are marked up via the environment which takes an optional keyval argument for the deliverable metadata a regular argument for the title and contains the description of the deliverable as the body. For the metadata we have the keys id for the deliverable identifier, due for the target date (a number that denotes the project month), nature and dissem for specifying the deliverable nature and dissemination status (usually as short strings prescribed by the proposal template), and miles for the milestone this deliverable is targeted for (specified by the milestone identifier). For repeating deliverables (e.g. project reports), both due and miles can contain comma-separated lists. Deliverables are numbered by labels whose shape can be customized by number, where the shape of the label can be specified by redefining \deliv@label and referenced by \delivref{\langle \langle p\rangle} \{\langle id\rangle} \text{ where \langle wp} is the work package identifier and $\langle id \rangle$ that if the deliverable and $\langle id \rangle + \langle id \rangle + \langle$ a reference with title. \localdelivref can be used to reference deliverables in the same work \localdelivrefpackage. \pdatacount{\lambda} \quad \text{delivs} \text{ gives the number of milestones of the work package \lambda} \quad \text{wp}\} \pdatacount{all}{delivs} that of all deliverables (aggregating over all work packages).

\deliv@label \delivref \delivtref

\inputdelivs

Some proposal templates ask for an overview table of the deliverables which aggregates the deliverables of the respective work packages and areas ordered by due date. This can be generated with the \inputdelivs macro. This works index generation in LATEX. The wpdeliv environment writes the deliverable data to a file $\langle main \rangle$. delivs, which can be processed externally (usually just sorting with sort in Unix is sufficient) into $\langle main \rangle$. deliverables, which is then input via the \inputdelivs macro.

wadelivs wadeliv

In some proposals, also work areas can have deliverables, then the above hold analogously for wpdelivs and wadeliv environments.

Note that handling deliverables adds considerable overhead to proposal formatting and adds auxiliary files, so they are only activated if the deliverables option is given (see Section 2.1).

2.10 Project Data, Referencing, and Hyperlinking

The proposal package extends the hyperlinking provided by the hyperref package it includes to work packages, work areas, Whenever these are defined using the proposal infrastructure, the class saves the relevant information in the auxiliary file (proposal).aux. This information can be referenced via the \pdataref macro, which takes three arguments.

\pdataref

In a reference $\pdataref{\langle type \rangle}{\langle id \rangle}{\langle aspect \rangle}$ the first argument $\langle type \rangle$ specifies the type of the object (currently one of wp, wa, and partner) to be referenced, $\langle id \rangle$ specifies the identifier of the referenced object (it matches the identifier given in the id key of the object), and $\langle aspect \rangle$ specifies the aspect of the saved information that is referenced.

\pdatarefFB

 $\label{localization} $$ \left(\frac{dy}{da}\right)_{(a1)}_{(a2)}$ tries first $$ \left(\frac{dy}{da}\right)_{(a1)}$ and if $$ \left(\frac{dy}{da}\right)_{(a1)}$ and i$ that is not given $\pdataref{\langle type \rangle}{\langle id \rangle}{\langle a2 \rangle}$.

For a work package (aspect) can be number, (the work package number), label (the label **WP**n where n is the work package number for referencing), title (the work package title), lead

¹this is the default provided by the base proposal class, it can be specialized for proposal class instances by redefining the @milestones environment and correspondingly the milestone macro.

the work package leader, **short** (a short version of the WP title for tables). For work areas we have the same aspects with analogous meanings. In all cases, the referenced information carries a hyperlink to the referenced object.

\pdataRef \pdataRefFB \pdatacount The \pdataRef and \pdataRefFB macros are variant of \pdataref and \pdataRef that also carry a hyperlink (if the hyperref package is loaded).

The \pdatacount macro gives access to the numbers of certain aspects. For instance, the number of work packages in the proposal can be cited by \pdatacount{all}{wp}, similarly for work areas (if they are enabled), and finally, \pdatacount{ $\langle wa \rangle$ }{wp} gives the number of work packages for a work area $\langle wa \rangle$. This is very useful for talking about work plans in a general way. Other objects that can be counted are deliverables (\pdatacount{all}{deliverables}) and milestones (\pdatacount{all}{milestones}).

Note that since the referencable information is written into the project data file $\langle proposal \rangle$.pdata file, it is available for forward references. However, it will only become available when the project data file is read, so the proposal has to be formatted twice for references to be correct.

\WPref \WPtref Finally, the proposal package supplies specialized reference macros for work packages and areas. The \WPref macro takes a work package identifier as an argument and makes a reference: \WPref{\langle id}\} abbreviates \pdataRef{\wp}{\langle id}\}{label}. The \WPtref macro is similar, but also

\WAref \WAtref Unless the noworkareas macro is set, we also have the variants \WAref and \WAtref for work areas.

2.11 The Work Package Table

\wpfig

One of the most useful features of the proposal class is that we can generate an overview table for the distribution of workloads in the project fully automatically. All it takes is the \wpfig macro. We invoke this as \wpfig[$\langle opt \rangle$], where $\langle opt \rangle$ contains the following keywords:

pages makes a column with page numbers of the respective work package/area description.

type makes a column with work package/area types

start, end, and length makes a columns with work package/area start/end months and length (in months).

if caption is given then the table contains an explicatory caption.

label allows to specify a label other than the default fig:wplist.

For instance \wpfig[pages,start,length,caption=Overview of Work Packages] gives a table with columns for page references, duration information, and a special caption.

\wpfigstyle

The general appearance of the table \wpfigstyle macro takes a token sequence to specialize the global appearance (mostly used for text sizes and color) of the work package table. Cell styling can be tweaked by redefining special internal macros; see section ??.

2.12 Gantt Charts

gantt xscale yscale step Gantt charts are used in proposals to show the distribution of activities in work packages over time. A gantt chart is represented by the gantt environment that takes a on optional keyval argument. The keys xscale and yscale are used to specify a scale factors for the chart so that it fits on the page. The step key allows to specify the steps (in months) of the vertical auxiliary lines. Finally, the draft key specifies that plausibility checks (that can be expensive to run) are carried out. Note that the value does not have to be given, so \begin{gantt}{draft,yscale=.5,step=3} is a perfectly good invocation.

\ganttchart

Usually, the gantt environment is not used however, since it is part of the macro that takes the same keys. This generates a whole Gantt chart automatically from the work phase specifications in the work packages. As above we have to run LATFX two times for the work phases to show up.

2.13 Coherence

Many proposals require ways to show coherence between the partners. The proposal class of coherencematries the macro coherencematrix for this which generates a matrix of symbols specifying joint publications, project organization, software/resource development, and supervision of students by the project partners that have been declared by the coherence all take a comma-separated list of site coherence as an argument. Use for instance coherence table is a variant which packages the coherence table in a table figure with label tab:collaboration.

\coherencetable The symbols used an be configured by redefining \jpub, \jproj, and \jorga, \jsoft, and \jpub \jsup.

\jproj \jorga \jsoft \jsup

2.14 Localization

The proposal class offers some basic support for localization. This is still partial though, and I am not sure that this is the best way of setting things up. What I do is to define macros for all generated texts that can be redefined in the proposal classes that build in proposal. For instance the dfgproposal class [Kohlhase:pdrp:ctan] provides an option german for german-language proposals and project reports that triggers a redefinition of all of these macros at read time.

3 Limitations and Enhancements

The proposal is relatively early in its development, and many enhancements are conceivable. We will list them here.

1. macros cannot be used in work package and work area titles. They really mess up our \wpfig automation. The problem is that they are evaluated too early, and our trick with making them undefined while collecting the parts of the table-rows only works if we know which macros we may expect. We might specify all "allowable" macros in an optional key protectmacro, which is defined via

\define@key{wpfig}{protectmacro}{\epandafter\let\csname #1\endcsname=\relax} But I am not sure that this will work.

- 2. It would be great, if in the Gantt Charts, we could include some plausibility checks (for draft = not submit mode). I can see two at the moment:
 - calculating the effort (i.e. the weight of the black area) and visualizing it. Then we could check whether that is larger than the effort declared for the work package.
 - calculating (and visualizing) the monthly effort. That should be kind of even (or it has to be explained in the positions requested).
- 3. we currently do not have a way to relate PIs to sites, but we do not really need to.

If you have other enhancements to propose or feel you can alleviate some limitation, please feel free to contact the author.

Acknowledgements

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4 The Implementation

In this section we describe the implementation of the functionality of the proposal package.

4.1 Package Options and Format Initialization

We first set up the options for the package.

49 \RequirePackage[scaled=.90]{helvet}

```
1 (*cls | reporting)
 2 \newif\if@wpsubsection\@wpsubsectionfalse
3 \newif\ifsubmit\submitfalse
4 \newif\ifgrantagreement\grantagreementfalse
5 \newif\ifpublic\publicfalse
6 \newif\ifkeys\keysfalse
7 \newif\ifdelivs\delivsfalse
8 \newif\ifwork@areas\work@areastrue
9 \newif\if@RAM\@RAMfalse
10 \newif\if@svninfo\@svninfofalse
11 \newif\if@gitinfo\@gitinfofalse
12 \def\proposal@class{article}
13 \DeclareOption{wpsubsection}{\@wpsubsectiontrue}
14 \DeclareOption{submit}{\submittrue}
15 \DeclareOption{grantagreement}{\grantagreementtrue}
16 \DeclareOption{gitinfo}{\Qgitinfotrue}
17 \DeclareOption{svninfo}{\@svninfotrue}
18 \DeclareOption{public}{\publictrue}
19 \DeclareOption{noworkareas}{\work@areasfalse\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{pdata}}
20 \DeclareOption{RAM}{\@RAMtrue}
21 \DeclareOption{report}{\def\proposal@class{report}}
22 \DeclareOption{keys}{\keystrue}
23 \DeclareOption{deliverables}{\delivstrue}
24 \DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{article}}
25 \ProcessOptions
26 \LoadClass[a4paper,twoside]{\proposal@class}
27 \RequirePackage{proposal}
28 (/cls | reporting)
   For proposal.sty we load the packages we make use of
29 (*sty)
30 \RequirePackage{amssymb}
31 \RequirePackage{wasysym}
32 \RequirePackage{url}
33 \RequirePackage{graphicx}
34 \RequirePackage{colortbl}
35 \RequirePackage{xcolor}
36 \RequirePackage{rotating}
37 \RequirePackage{fancyhdr}
38 \RequirePackage{array}
39 \RequirePackage{xspace}
40 \RequirePackage{comment}
41 \AtBeginDocument{\ifpublic\excludecomment{private}\fi}
42 \RequirePackage{tikz}
43 \RequirePackage{paralist}
44 \RequirePackage[a4paper,margin=18mm]{geometry}
45 \RequirePackage{boxedminipage}
46 \% so that ednotes in wps do not run out of symbols
47 \renewcommand{\thempfootnote}{\roman{mpfootnote}}
48 \renewcommand{\familydefault}{\sfdefault}
```

```
50 \RequirePackage{textcomp}
 51 \ \text{RequirePackage[hyperref=auto,style=alphabetic,defernumbers=true,backend=bibtex,firstinits=true,maxbibnames=1} \ \text{RequirePackage[hyperref=auto,style=alphabetic,defernumbers=true,backend=bibtex,firstinits=true,maxbibnames=1} \ \text{RequirePackage[hyperref=auto,style=alphabetic,defernumbers=true,backend=bibtex,firstinits=true,maxbibnames=1} \ \text{RequirePackage[hyperref=auto,style=alphabetic,defernumbers=true,backend=bibtex,firstinits=true,maxbibnames=1} \ \text{RequirePackage[hyperref=auto,style=alphabetic,defernumbers=true,backend=bibtex,firstinits=true,maxbibnames=1} \ \text{RequirePackage[hyperref=auto,style=alphabetic,defernumbers=true,backend=bibtex,firstinits=true,maxbibnames=1} \ \text{RequirePackage[hyperref=auto,style=alphabetic,defernumbers=true]} \ \text{RequirePackage[hyperref=auto,style=alphabetic,defernambers=true]} \ \text{RequirePackage[hyperref
 52 \RequirePackage{csquotes}
53 \RequirePackage{mdframed}
 in submit mode, we make the links a bit darker, so they print better.
 54 \RequirePackage{pdata}
 55 \definecolor{darkblue}{rgb}{0,0,.7}
 56 \ifsubmit\def\prop@link@color{darkblue}\else\def\prop@link@color{blue}\fi
 57 \RequirePackage[bookmarks=true,linkcolor=\prop@link@color,
 58 citecolor=\prop@link@color,urlcolor=\prop@link@color,colorlinks=true,
 59 breaklinks=true, bookmarksopen=true]{hyperref}
       the ed package [Kohlhase:ed:ctan] is very useful for collaborative writing and passing mes-
 sages between collaborators or simply reminding yourself of editing tasks, so we preload it in the
class. However, we only want to show the information in draft mode. Furthermore, we adapt the
 options for the syninfo and gitinfo2 packages.
 60 \ifsubmit
 61 \RequirePackage[hide] {ed}
62 \if@svninfo\RequirePackage[final,today]{svninfo}\fi
 63 \else
 64 \RequirePackage[show]{ed}
 65 \if@svninfo\RequirePackage[eso-foot,today]{svninfo}\fi
 66 \if@gitinfo\RequirePackage[mark]{gitinfo2}\fi
67 \fi
68 \renewcommand\ednoteshape{\sl\footnotesize}
We configure the comment package, so that it provides the private environment depending on the
 status of the public option.
 69 \ifpublic\excludecomment{private}\else\includecomment{private}\fi
       And we set up the appearance of the proposal. We want numbered subsubsections.
 70 \setcounter{secnumdepth}{3}
We specify the page headings.
71 \neq 0
 72 \ifgrantagreement
 73 \fancyhead{}
74 \renewcommand{\headrulewidth}{Opt}
 75 \renewcommand{\footrulewidth}{0.4pt}
76 \else
 77 \fancyhead[RE,LO] {\prop@gen@acronym}
78 \fancyhfoffset{0pt}
 79 \fi
 80 \fancyfoot[C]{}
 81 \newcommand\prop@of@pages[2]{page~#1\ifofpage~of~#2\fi}
 82 \ifgrantagreement
 83 \fancyfoot[L]{\prop@gen@proposalnumber\quad \prop@gen@acronym\quad --\quad Part B}
 84 \fancyfoot[R] {\thepage}
85 \setminus else
 86 \fancyhead[LE,RO]{\prop@of@pages\thepage{\pdataref@num{prop}{page}{last}}}
 88 \pagestyle{fancyplain}
```

4.2 Proposal Metadata

89 (/sty)

private

pdata Most of the metadata functionality is encapsulated into the pdata package, which is shared by

the proposal and report classes. pdata.sty first loads the workaddress package from sTeX and supplies the Euro symbol.

90 (*pdata)

91 \RequirePackage{workaddress} [2016/07/06]

92 \RequirePackage{eurosym}

```
We define the keys for metadata declarations in the proposal environment, they park their argu-
  ment in an internal macro for use in the title page. The site key is the most complicated, so we
  take care of it first: We need a switch \if@sites that is set to true when the site key is used.
  Furthermore site=\langle site \rangle makes new keys \langle site \rangleRM and \langle site \rangleRAM (if the RAM option was set) for the
  workpackage environment and records the sites in the \prop@gen@sites token register.
  93 \newif\if@sites\@sitesfalse\let\prop@gen@sites=\relax%
  94 \newcounter{@site}%
  95 \define@key{prop@gen}{site}{\@sitestrue\@dmp{site=#1}%
  96 \stepcounter{@site}\pdata@def{site}{#1}{number}{\the@site}%
  97 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@sites}{\xdef\prop@gen@sites{#1}}{\xdef\prop@gen@sites{\prop@gen@sites,#1}}%
  98 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1RM}{\pdata@def{site}{#1}{intendedRM}{##1}}%
 99 \if@RAM\define@key{prop@gen}{#1RAM}{\pdata@def{site}{#1}{intendedRAM}{##1}}\fi
100 \define@key\{workpackage\} \#1RM\} \{\pdata@def\wp@id\{\#1\} \{RM\} \{\#\#1\}\} \%
\label{local-prop} $$101 \left(\frac{4+1}{RAM}\right)^{\frac{4+1}}fi \right) $$
102 \end{area} $$102 
\label{local_to_noise} $$103 \left(\frac{41}{\pi1}{\pi})^{41}\right)^{100} = 0.
104 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1employed}{{\let\tabularnewline\relax\let\hline\relax\let\wa@ref\relax%
105 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@employed@lines}%
106 {\xdef\prop@gen@employed@lines{\wa@ref3{institution}{#1}{shortname} & ##1\tabularnewline\hline}}%
107 {\xdef\prop@gen@employed@lines \\prop@gen@employed@lines \\wa@ref3{institution}{#1}{shortname} & ##1\tabularnev
 If there are no sites, then we have to define keys RM and RAM that store the intended research
  (assistant months). Unfortunately, we cannot just include this in the \if@sites conditional here,
 since that is only set at runtime.
108 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc loss}} \{RM\} \{\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc loss}} \{RM=\#1\} \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc loss}} \}
109 \PackageWarning{Do not use the RM key in the presence of sites}\else%
110 \pdata@def{all}{intended}_{RM}_{#1}\fi
111 \define@key{prop@gen}{RAM}{\@dmp{RAM=#1}\if@sites%
112 \PackageWarning{Do not use the RAM key in the presence of sites}\else%
113 \pdata@def{all}{intended}{RAM}{#1}\fi}
 similarly, the PI keys are registered in \prop@gen@PIs.
114 \define@key{prop@gen}{PI}{\@dmp{PI=#1}%
115 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@PIs}{\xdef\prop@gen@PIs{#1}}}\xdef\prop@gen@PIs{\prop@gen@PIs,#1}}}
 and the pubspage keys in \prop@gen@pubspages.
116 \define@key{prop@gen}{pubspage}{\@ifundefined{prop@gen@pubspages}%
117 {\xdef\prop@gen@pubspages{#1}}{\xdef\prop@gen@pubspages,#1}}}
  the importfrom key reads the proposal data from its argument.
118 \define@key{prop@gen}{importfrom}{\message{importing proposal data from #1.pdata}\readpdata{#1}}
 The rest of the keys just store their value.
119 \define@key{prop@gen}{instrument}{\def\prop@gen@instrument{#1}%
120 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{instrument}{#1}\@dmp{inst=#1}}
121 \define@key{prop@gen}{title}{\def\prop@gen@title{#1}%
122 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{title}{#1}}
123 \define@key{prop@gen}{acronym}{\gdef\prop@gen@acronym{#1}%
124 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{acronym}{#1}\@dmp{acro=#1}}
125 \end{array} $$ $$ \end{array} 
126 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{acrolong}{#1}}
127 \define@key{prop@gen}{proposalnumber}{\def\prop@gen@proposalnumber{#1}%
```

128 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{proposalnumber}{#1}}

 $129 \end{fine} \end{$

```
131 \define@key{prop@gen}{areas}{\def\prop@gen@areas{#1}%
                                      132 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{areas}{\#1}}
                                      133 \define@key{prop@gen}{start}{\def\prop@gen@start{#1}%
                                      134 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{start}{#1}}
                                      135 \define@key{prop@gen}{months}{\def\prop@gen@months{#1}%
                                       136 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{months}{#1}}
                                      137 \define@key{prop@gen}{since}{\def\prop@gen@since{#1}%
                                      138 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{since}{#1}}
                                      \label{local-def-prop-quantion} $$ \define@key{prop-quantion}{\def\prop-quantum fitting for the prop-quantum fitting fitting for the prop-quantum fitting for the prop-quantum fitting fitting for the prop-quantum fitting fit
                                      140 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{totalduration}{#1}}
                                      141 \end{fine@key{prop@gen}{fundsuntil}{\end{fundsuntil}{\#1}\%} \label{fine@key{prop@gen@fundsuntil}{\#1}}
                                      142 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{fundsuntil}{#1}}
                                      143 \define@key{prop@gen}{topdownPM}[true]{\def\prop@gen@topdownPM{#1}}
                                      144 \define@key{prop@gen}{botupPM}[true]{\def\prop@gen@botupPM{#1}}
                                      145 \ensuremath{\def\prop@gen@keywords{\#1}} \\
                                         and the default values, these will be used, if the author does not specify something better.
                                      146 \newcommand\prop@gen@acro@default{ACRONYM}
                                      147 \def\prop@gen@acro{\prop@gen@acro@default}
                                      148 \newcommand\prop@gen@months@default{???months???}
                                      149 \def\prop@gen@months{\prop@gen@months@default}
                                      150 \newcommand\prop@gen@title@default{???Proposal Title???}
                                      151 \def\prop@gen@title{\prop@gen@title@default}
                                      152 \newcommand\prop@gen@instrument@default{??? Instrument ???}
                                      153 \def\prop@gen@instrument{\prop@gen@instrument@default}
              \prop@tl An auxiliary macro that is handy for making tables of WorkAddress data.
                                       154 \newcommand\prop@tl[2]{\xdef\tab@line{}
                                       155 \@for\tl@ext:={#1}\do{\xdef\tab@line{\tab@line&#2}}
                                      156 \tab@line}
                                         4.3
                                                          Proposal Appearance
                                         We define the keys for the proposal appearance
                                      157 \def\prop@gen@compactht{false}
                                      158 \end{fine} $$ \end{fine} exercises $$ \end{fine}
                                      159 (/pdata)
                emphbox
                                      161 \newmdenv[settings=\large]{emphbox}
                                                          The proposal Environment and Title Page
                                       This internal environment is called in the proposal environment from the proposal class. The
prop@proposal
                                         implementation here is only a stub to be substituted in a specialized class.
                                       162 \newenvironment{prop@proposal}
                                      163 {\thispagestyle{empty}%
                                      164 \begin{center}
                                                   {\LARGE \prop@gen@instrument}\\[.2cm]
                                      166
                                                    {\LARGE\textbf{\prop@gen@title}}\\[.3cm]
                                      167
                                                    {\LARGE Acronym: {\prop@gen@acronym}}\\[.2cm]
                                                    {\large\today}\\[1em]
                                      168
                                                    \begin{tabular}{c*{\the@PIs}{c}}
                                      169
                                                          \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\wa@ref3{person}\tl@ext{name}}\\
                                      170
                                                          \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\wa@ref3{institution}{\wa@ref3{person}\tl@ext{affiliation}}{name}}
                                      171
```

130 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{discipline}{#1}}

```
172 \end{tabular}\ [2cm]
                                173 \end{center}
                               174 \setcounter{tocdepth}{2}\tableofcontents\newpage\setcounter{page}{1}}
                                  Now we come to the end of the environment:
                               175 {\section{List of Attachments}
                               176 \begin{itemize}
                               177 \@for\@I:=\prop@gen@PIs\do{%
                               178 \item Curriculum Vitae and list of publications for
                               179 \wa@ref3{person}\@I{personaltitle} \wa@ref3{person}\@I{name}}
                                180 \end{itemize}\newpage
                               181 \printbibliography[heading=warnpubs]}
                                The proposal environment reads the metadata keys defined above, and if there were no site keys,
proposal
                                   then it defines keys RM and RAM (unless the noRAM package option was given) for the workpackage
                                   environment. Also it reads the project data file and opens up the project data file \pdata@out,
                                   which it also closes at the end.
                                             The environment calls an internal version of the environment prop@proposal that can be
                                  customized by the specializing classes.
                               182 \newenvironment{proposal}[1][]{\readpdata\jobname
                                183 \ofpagetrue\setkeys{prop@gen}{#1}
                               184 \pdata@open\jobname
                               185 \if@sites\else
                               186 \end{figure} $$186 \end{figure} \ \end{figure} \end{figure} $$186 \end{figure} \end{figure} $$186 \end
                               187 \ f(RAM) \ f(RA
                               188 \end{array} {RM}_{\end{array}} {RM}_{\end{array}} {\end{array}} {\
                               190 \fi
                               191 \newcounter{@PIs}
                               192 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@PIs}{}{\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@PIs\do{\stepcounter{@PIs}}}
                               193 \newcounter{@sites}
                               194 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@sites}{}{\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\stepcounter{@sites}}}
                               195 \setcounter{page}{0}
                               196 \begin{prop@proposal}}
                                 Now we come to the end of the environment, we take care of the last page and print the references.
                                197 {\end{prop@proposal}
                               198 \pdata@def{prop}{page}{last}{\thepage}\ofpagefalse
                               199 \pdata@close}
                               200 (/sty)
                                             The report environment is similar, but somewhat simpler
      report
                               201 (*reporting)
                               202 \newif\if@report\@reportfalse
                               203 \newenvironment{report}[1][]%
                               204 {\@reporttrue\readpdata\jobname%
                               205 \ofpagetrue\setkeys{prop@gen}{#1}%
                               206 \pdata@open\jobname%
                               207 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@PIs}{}{\newcounter{@PIs}\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@PIs\do{\stepcounter{@PIs}}}%
                               208 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@sites}{}{\newcounter{@sites}\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\stepcounter{@sites}}}%
                               209 \setcounter{page}{0}%
                               210 \begin{prop@report}}
                               211 {\end{prop@report}%
                               212 \pdata@def{prop}{page}{last}{\thepage}\ofpagefalse\newpage
                               213 \printbibliography[heading=warnpubs]
                               214 \pdata@close}
```

```
prop@report
                  215 \newenvironment{prop@report}
                  216 {\begin{center}
                  217
                     {\LARGE Final Project Report}\\[.2cm]
                  218
                       {\LARGE\textbf{\prop@gen@title}}\\[.3cm]
                       {\LARGE Acronym: {\prop@gen@acronym}}\\[.2cm]
                  220
                       {\large\today}\\[1em]
                  221
                       \begin{tabular}{c*{\the@PIs}{c}}
                         \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\wa@ref3{person}\tl@ext{name}}\\
                  222
                         \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\wa@ref3{institution}{\wa@ref3{person}\tl@ext{affiliation}}{name}}
                  223
                  224 \left( \frac{1}{2cm} \right)
                  225 \end{center}
                  226 \setcounter{tocdepth}{2}\tableofcontents\newpage\setcounter{page}{1}}
                  228 \langle / reporting \rangle
          \site*
                  229 (*sty)
                  230 \newcommand\site[1]{\hyperlink{site@#1@target}{\wa@ref3{institution}{#1}{acronym}}}
                  231 \newcommand\sitename[1]{\hyperlink{site@#1@target}{\wa@ref3{institution}{#1}{name}}}
                         Objectives
                   4.5
                   We first define a presentation macro for objectives
\objective@label
                  232 \newcommand\objective@label[1]{0#1}
                   We define the keys for the objectives environment
                  233 \define@key{obj}{id}{\def\circ 0bj@id{#1}\@dmp{id=#1}}
                  234 \define@key{obj}{title}{\def\obj@title{#1}\@dmp{title=#1}}
                  235 \define@key{obj}{short}{\def\obj@short{#1}\@dmp{short=#1}}
                   And a counter for numbering objectives
                  236 \newcounter{objective}
       objective
                  237 \newenvironment{objective}[1][]
                  238 {\let\obj@id\relax\let\obj@title\relax\let\obj@short\relax%
                  239 \setkeys{obj}{#1}\stepcounter{objective}%
                  240 \goodbreak\smallskip\par\noindent%
                  241 \textbf{\objective@label{\arabic{objective}}:%
                  242 ~\pdata@target{obj}{\obj@id}{\pdataref{obj}{\obj@id}{title}}\ignorespaces}%
                  243 \pdata@def{obj}\obj@id{label}{\objective@label\theobjective}%
                  244 \@ifundefined{obj@title}{}{\pdata@def{obj}\obj@id{title}\obj@title}%
                  245 \@ifundefined{obj@short}{}{\pdata@def{obj}\obj@id{short}\obj@short}}
                  246 {}
         \OBJref
                  247 \newcommand\OBJref[1]{\pdataRef{obj}{#1}{label}}
                  248 \newcommand\OBJtref[1]{\OBJref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{obj}{#1}{short}{title}}
                         Work Areas and Work Packages
                   We first define keys for work areas (if we are in larger project).
                  249 \ifwork@areas
                  250 \define@key{workarea}{id}{\def\wa@id{#1}\@dmp{id=#1}}
                  251 \define@key{workarea}{title}{\pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{title}{#1}}
```

```
253 \end{20} \label{lead} $$ \end{20} \end{20} \end{20} \end{20} $$ \end{20} \end{20} $$ \end{20} \end{20} $$ \end{20} $$ \end{20} $$ \end{20} \end{20} $$ \end{
                                                    254 \fi
                                                      work packages have similar ones.
                                                    255 \define@key{workpackage}{id}{\def\wp@id{#1}\@dmp{id=#1}}
                                                    256 \end{fine} workpackage { title } {\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{title} { \#1} }
                                                    257 \define@key{workpackage}{short}{\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{short}{#1}}
                                                    258 \end{fine} \label{lead} $$ \end{fine} 
                                                    259 \define@key{workpackage}{type}{\def\wp@type{#1}\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{type}{#1}}
                                                    260 \define@key{workpackage}{\wphases}{\def\wp@wphases{#1}\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{wphases}{#1}}
                                                    261 \define@key{workpackage}{swsites}[true]{\def\wp@swsites{#1}}
                                                      We define the constructors for the work package and work area labels and titles.
                                                    262 \newcommand\wp@mk@title[1]{Work Package {#1}}
                                                    263 \mbox{newcommand}\mbox{wp@label[1]{WP{#1}}}
                                                    264 \ifwork@areas
                                                    265 \mbox{ } \mbox{
                                                    266 \newcommand\wa@mk@title[1]{Work Area {#1}}
                                                      The wa and wp counters are for the work packages and work areas, the counter deliv for deliver-
                                                      ables.
                                                    269 \ifdelivs\newcounter{deliv}[wp]\fi
                                                    270 \newcounter{allwp}
                      \update@*
                                                     update the list \@wps of the work packages in the local group and the list \@was work areas for
                                                      the staff efforts table: if \@wps is undefined, then initialize the comma-separated list, otherwise
              EdN:4
                                                      extend it.4
                                                    271 \newcommand\update@wps[1]{\@ifundefined{@wps}{\xdef\@wps{#1}}}{\xdef\@wps{\@wps,#1}}}
                                                    272 \newcommand\update@tasks[1]{\@ifundefined{@tasks}{\xdef\@tasks{#1}}}{\xdef\@tasks{\@tasks,#1}}}
                                                    273 \end{task@deps} {\xdef\task@deps{\#1}} {\xdef\task@deps{\task@deps,\#1}} } \\
                                                    \decode@wphase
                                                      \wphase@start, \wphase@end, and \wphase@force with the three parts and also computes
                                                      \wphase@len. The intermediate parsing macro \decode@p@start parses out the start (a number),
                                                      and passes on to \decode@p@end, which parses out the end (another number) and the force string,
                                                      which is either empty (if the !\langle force \rangle part is omitted) or of the form !\langle force \rangle. In the first case the
                                                      default value 1 is returned for \decode@force in the second \(\langle force \rangle \).
                                                    275 \newcommand\decode@wphase[1] {\expandafter\decode@p@start#10%  
                                                    276 \local@count\wphase@end\advance\local@count by -\wphase@start%
                                                    277 \def\wphase@len{\the\local@count}}
                                                    278 \def\decode@p@start#1-#20{\def\wphase@start{#1}\decode@p@end#2!@}
                                                    279 \def\decode@p@end#1!#20{\def\wphase@end{#1}\def\@test{#2}%
                                                    280 \ifx\@test\@empty\def\wphase@force{1}\else\decode@p@force#2\fi}
                                                    281 \def\decode@p@force#1!{\def\wphase@force{#1}}
                                                     We first iteratively decode the work phases, so that the last definition of \wphase@end remains,
\startend@wphases
                                                      then we parse out the start of the first workphase to define \wphase@start
                                                    282 \def\wphases@start#1-#2@{\def\wphase@start{#1}}
                                                    283 \newcommand\startend@wphases[1] {\def\def\def\def}
                                                    284 \ifx\@test\@empty\def\wphase@start{0}\def\wphase@end{0}\else%
                                                    285 \@for\@I:=#1\do{\expandafter\decode@p@start\@I @}
                                                    286 \expandafter\wphases@start#1@\fi}
```

252 \define@key{workarea}{short}{\pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{short}{#1}}

 $^{^4{\}rm EDNote}$: with the current architecture, we cannot have work areas that do not contain work packages, this leads to the error that wps is undefined in endworkplan

with these it is now relatively simple to define the interface macros.

work@package

The workpackage environment collects the keywords, steps the counters, writes the metadata to

```
the aux file, updates the work packages in the local group, generates the work package number
                                                      \wp@num.
                                                  287 \newcounter{wp@RM}
                                                  288 \if@RAM\newcounter{wp@RAM}\fi
                                                  289 \newenvironment{work@package}[1][]%
                                                  290 {\def\wp@wphases{0-0}% default values
                                                  291 \def\wp@swsites{false}
                                                  292 \setkeys{workpackage}{#1}\stepcounter{wp}\stepcounter{allwp}%
                                                  293 \startend@wphases\wp@wphases%
                                                  294 \pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{start\}\wphase@start\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{end\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\wphase@end\%\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdata@def\{wp\}\pdat
                                                  295 \ensuremath{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\co
                                                  296 \let\@tasks=\relax%
                                                  297 \edef\wp@num{\ifwork@areas\thewa.\fi\thewp}%
                                                  298 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{label}{\wp@label\wp@num}%
                                                  299 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{number}{\thewp}%
                                                  300 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{page}{\thepage}%
                                                  301 \update@wps\wp@id%
                                                  302 \edef\wp@num{\ifwork@areas\thewa.\fi\thewp}%
                                                  303 \displaystyle \frac{wp}{\sum_{i=1}^{y}}{\sum_{i=1}^{y}}
                                                    If we have sites, we have to compute the total RM and RAM for this WP.
                                                  304 \if@sites%
                                                  305 \ensuremath{\counter{\cup@RM}{0}\if@RAM\setcounter{\cup@RAM}{0}\fi\%}
                                                  306 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
                                                  307 \edgn(RM{\pdataref@num\wp@id\@site{RM}}\) add to counter{wp@RM}{\qRM}{\counter}
                                                  308 \if@RAM\edef\@RAM{\pdataref@num\wp@id\@site{RAM}}\addtocounter{wp@RAM}{\@RAM}\fi}
                                                  309 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{RM}{\theta}%
                                                  311 \fi}% if@sites
                                                  312 {\c oifundefined {\c otasks}{}}{\c otasks}{} \c otasks}{\c o
   workpackage
                                                   With this, it becomes simple to define a work package environment. We consider two cases, if
                                                      we have sites, then we make a header table. If not, we can make things much simpler: we just
                                                      generate a subsection
                                                  313 \newenvironment{workpackage}[1][]%
                                                  314 {\begin{work@package}[#1]%
                                                  315 \ifgrantagreement\else%
                                                  316 %\if@wpsubsection\subsubsection*{{\wp@mk@title\thewp}: \pdataref{wp}\wp@id{title}}\fi
                                                  317 \if@sites\goodbreak\medskip\wpheadertable%
                                                  318 \else\subsubsection*{{\wptitle} (\wprm)}\fi%
                                                  319 \addcontentsline{toc}{paragraph}{{\wp@mk@title\thewp}: \pdataref{wp}\wp@id{title}}%
                                                  320 \noindent\ignorespaces%
                                                  321 \fi}
                                                 322 {\end{work@package}}
EdN; ptitle
                                                  323 \newcommand\wptitle{\wp@mk@title{\wp@num}: \pdata@target{wp}{\wp@id}{\pdataref{wp}\wp@id{title}}}
EdN:6 \wprm
                                                  324 \newcommand\wprm{\pdataref@safe{wp}\wp@id{RM}\if@RAM\ RM+\pdataref{wp}\wp@id{RAM}\ RAM\fi}
                                                              <sup>5</sup>EdNote: document above
```

⁶EdNote: document above

@site@contributes Called as $if@site@contributes{\langle site \rangle}{\langle tokens \rangle}$ the following happens: If prop@gen@compacthtis \@true (set by the compactht attribute on the proposal environment), then $\langle tokens \rangle$ is processed. Otherwise, $\langle tokens \rangle$ is only processed if $\langle site \rangle$ contributes to the current work package (i.e. the RM $\neq 0$ and RAM $\neq 0$) 325 \newcount\site@contribution% 326 \newcommand\if@site@contributes[2]{% 327 \ifx\prop@gen@compactht\@true 329 \else\ifnum\pdataref@num\wp@id{#1}{RM} > 0 #2\fi\fi $330 \leq #2 \leq$ \wp@sites@line The following macro computes the sites line (in the token register \wp@sites@line), the efforts \wp@efforts@lihae (in \wp@efforts@line), and the sites number (in the counter \sites@num) for later inclusion \wp@sites@num in the \wpheadertable. If \prop@gen@compactht is \@true, then no sites without contributions are listed in the table. 331 \newcounter{wp@sites@num} 332 \newcommand\wp@sites@efforts@lines{% 333 \setcounter{wp@sites@num}{0} 334 {\let\G@refundefinedtrue=\relax\let\@latex@warning=\relax\let\@sw\relax% 335 \let\site\relax\let\textbf\relax\let\sum@style\relax\let\lead@style\relax% 336 \let\pn\relax\let\sys\relax% 337 \xdef\wp@sites@line{\wp@legend@site}\xdef\wp@efforts@line{\wp@legend@effort}%initialize lines 338 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\if@site@contributes\@site{\stepcounter{wp@sites@num}}% 339 \xdef\wp@sites@line{\wp@sites@line% 340 \if@site@contributes\@site{&% $341 \ \text{ifx\wp@swsites\@true\%}$ 342 \@sw{\ifx\@site\wp@lead\lead@style{\site{\@site}}\else\site{\@site}\fi}% 343 \else\ifx\@site\wp@lead\lead@style{\site{\@site}}\else\site{\@site}\fi% 345 \xdef\wp@efforts@line{\wp@efforts@line% 346 \if@site@contributes\@site{&% 347 \ifx\@site\wp@lead% $348 \lead@style{\pdataref@safe\p@id\esite{RM}\fiPAM+\pdataref@safe\p@id\esite{RAM}\fi}$ $349 \else\pdataref@safe\wp@id\@site{RM}\if@RAM+\pdataref@safe\wp@id\@site{RAM}\fi\fi\}\%$ 351 \xdef\wp@sites@line{\wp@sites@line&\sum@style{\wp@legend@all}}% 352 \xdef\wp@efforts@line{\wp@efforts@line& $353 \end{arefwp}\end{RM}\if@RAM+\pdataref\{wp\}\fi}\}$ This macro computes the default work package header table, if there are sites. \wpheadertable 354 \newcommand\wpheadertable{% 355 \wp@sites@efforts@lines% 356 \par\noindent\begin{tabular}{||||||*{\thewp@sites@num}{c|}|c|}\hline% 357 \textbf{\wp@mk@title{\wp@num}}&\wp@sites@line\\hline% 358 \textsf{\pdata@target{wp}{\wp@id}{\pdataref{wp}\wp@id{title}}} &\wp@efforts@line\\\hline% 359 \end{tabular}\smallskip\par\noindent\ignorespaces} and now multilinguality support 360 \newcommand\wp@legend@site{Site} $361 \end{area} $$ 161 \end{area} \end{area} CRM+RAM) $$ if $$ 261 \end{area} $$ 161 \end{area} $$ 16$ 362 \newcommand\wp@legend@all{\textbf{all}} workarea the workarea environment for work areas is almost the same, but we also have to initialize the work package counters. Also, the efforts can be computed from the work packages in this group via the wa@effort counter

363 \newcounter{prop@RM}\if@RAM\newcounter{prop@RAM}\fi

365 \newcounter{wa@RM}\if@RAM\newcounter{wa@RAM}\fi\newcounter{wa@wps}

364 \ifwork@areas

```
367 {\setkeys{workarea}{#1}
368 \let\@wps=\relax
369 \stepcounter{wa}
370 \def{wa}{\def{wa}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{\def}{
371 \pdata@def{wa}{\wa@id}{number}{\thewa}
372 \pdata@def{wa}{\wa@id}{page}{\thepage}
373 \update@was{\wa@id}
374 \pdata@def{wa}{\wa@id}{num}{\thewa}
375 \setcounter{wa@RM}{0}\if@RAM\setcounter{wa@RAM}{0}\fi\setcounter{wa@wps}{0}
376 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@aux\wa@id{wp}{ids}}
377 \@for\@wp:=\@@wps\do{\stepcounter{wa@wps}%
378 \if@sites
379 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
                \edef\@RM{\pdataref@num\@wp\@site{RM}}
380
                381
                \addtocounter{wa@RM}{\@RM}\addtocounter{prop@RM}{\@RM}
382
383
               \if@RAM\addtocounter{wa@RAM}{\@RAM}\addtocounter{prop@RAM}{\@RAM}\fi}
384 \else
385 \edef\@RM{\pdataref@num{wp}\@wp{RM}}
386 \if@RAM\edef\@RAM{\pdataref@num{wp}\@wp{RAM}}\fi
387 \addtocounter{wa@RM}{\@RM}\addtocounter{prop@RM}{\@RM}
388 \label{lem:counter} $388 \addtocounter{wa@RAM}_{\addtocounter{prop@RAM}_{\addtocounter}} $$
389 \fi}
390 \pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{RM}\thewa@RM
391 \pdata@def{prop}{all}{RM}\theprop@RM
393 \pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{RAM}\thewa@RAM
394 \pdata@def{prop}{all}{RAM}\theprop@RAM
396 \subsubsection*{{\wa@mk@title\thewa}: {\pdata@target{wa}\wa@id{\pdataref{wa}\wa@id{title}}}}
398 \ignorespaces}
399 $$ \odo on the property of the property 
The workplan environment sets up the accumulator macros \@wps, \@was, for the collecting the
  identifiers of work packages and work areas. At the end of the workplan description it writes out
   their content to the aux file for reference.
400 \ifdelivs\newwrite\wpg@delivs\fi
401 \newenvironment{workplan}%
402 {\ifdelivs\immediate\openout\wpg@delivs=\jobname.delivs\fi
403 \ifwork@areas\let\@was=\relax\else\let\@wps=\relax\fi}%
404 {\@ifundefined{task@deps}{}{\pdata@def{all}{task}{deps}{\task@deps}}
405 \pdata@def{all}{task}{count}{\thealltasks}
406 \ifwork@areas
407 \ensuremath{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ens
408 \else
409 \@ifundefined{@wps}{}{\pdata@def{all}{wp}{ids}\@wps}
410 \fi
411 \ifdelivs\@ifundefined{mile@stones}{}
412 {\@for\@I:=\mile@stones\do{%
413 \pdata@def{mile}\@I{delivs}{\@ifundefined{\@I delivs}{}\csname\@I delivs\endcsname}}}\fi
414 \foots@areas\pdata@def{all}{wa}{count}{\thewa}fi
415 \pdata@def{all}{wp}{count}{\theallwp}
416 \ifdelivs
417 \pdata@def{all}{deliverables}{count}{\thedeliverable}
418 \pdata@def{all}{milestones}{count}{\themilestone}
419 \fi
```

366 \newenvironment{workarea}[1][]

420 \ifdelivs\closeout\wpg@delivs\fi}

4.7 Tasks

```
tasklist
                                   421 \newenvironment{tasklist}
                                   422 {\smallskip\begin{compactenum}}{\end{compactenum}\smallskip}
                                     The next step is to
                                   423 \ifwork@areas
                                   424 \mbox{ } \mbox{mand} \mbox{ } \mbox{21} {\text{T#1.#2.#3}}
                                   426 \newcommand\task@label[2]{\textbf{T#1.#2}}
                                   427 \fi
                                     We define the keys for the task macro
                                   428 \efine@key{task}{id}{\def\task@id{#1}\@dmp{id=#1}}
                                   429 \define@key{task}{wphases}{\def\task@wphases{#1}\@dmp{wphases=#1}}
                                   430 \define@key{task}{requires}{\@requires\task@id{#1}\@dmp{req=#1}}
                                   431 \define@key{task}{title}{\def\task@title{#1}}
                                   432 \end{432} \end{41}
                                   433 \define@key{task}{partners}{\def\task@partners{#1}}
                                   434 \define@key{task}{PM}{\def\task@PM{#1}}
                                   435 \define@key{task}{issue}{\def\task@issue{#1}}
                                   436 \def\task@set#1{\edef\task@id{task\thetask@all}
                                   437 \def\task@partners{}\def\task@lead{}\def\task@PM{}\def\task@title{}}
                                   438 \text{setkeys}{task}{\#1}}
OpostOtitleOspace make the space after the title tweakable
                                   439 \def\task@post@title@space{\;}
                         task The task environment. We first set up config stuff
                                   440 \newcounter{alltasks}
                                   441 \def\task@post@title@space{ }
                                   442 \newcommand\task@legend@partners{Sites: }
                                   443 \newcommand\task@legend@PM{PM}
                                     now comes the environment proper. We first call \Qtask on the keyval argument to do the
                                     metadata handling. Then we start formatting the task as an item in the description list from
                                     the tasklist environment, and print the title if there is one
                                   444 \newenvironment{task}[1][]%
                                   445 {\stepcounter{alltasks}%
                                   446 \@task{#1}%
                                   447 \item[\pdata@target{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}%
                                   448 {\ifwork@areas \task@label \thewa\thewp\thetask@wp\else\task@label \thewp\thetask@wp\fi}] \% }
                                   449 \ifx\task@title\@empty\else\textbf\task@title\fi\task@post@title@space%
                                    now we decode and show the work phases on the task, if they have been specified.
                                   450 \left( \frac{0-0}{\%} \right)
                                   451 \ifx\task@wphases\@initial\else%
                                   452 \det @e = \end{0.0} = \end{0.0} 
                                   453 \do{\decode@wphase\0I\%}
                                   454 \verb+\@@sep\show@wphase\show@wphase@start\wphase@end\wphase@force\%+ and the property of the
                                   455 \let\@@sep=\sep@wphases}%
                                   456 \fi% initial
                                    in non-submit mode we give the specified PM for cross-checking
                                   457 \ifsubmit\else\ifx\task@PM\@empty\else\task@PM~\task@legend@PM;\fi\fi%
```

```
and we list the partners who contribute if they are specified.
                          458 \ifx\task@lead\@empty\else\ \task@legend@partners\site\task@lead~(\legend@lead)%
                          459 \@for\@I:=\task@partners\do{, \site\@I}\\\fi%
                             if there are no partners, then we show the RM/RAM contributions specified (if any)
                          460 \ifx\task@partners\@empty
                          461 \xdef\@@involvement{}\xdef\@@inv{}%
                          462 \xdef\@@sep{, }\def\m@sep{}% do not show the sep the first time around
                          463 \edef\@@sites{\prop@gen@sites}%
                          464 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc dof}\mbox{\sc wite:=}\mbox{\sc dof}\mbox{\sc dof}\mbox{\sc wite:=}\mbox{\sc dof}\mbox{\sc 
                          465 \edgn(\pdataref@safe{\wp@id @\task@id}\eggn(\RM)}%
                          466 \ifx\end{0}empty\else\xdef\end{0}einv{showit}%
                          467 \mbox{ \normalfootnote} and
                          468 \mQsep\Qsite: \QQRM\ifQRAM\ifx\QQRAM\Qempty\else/\QQRM\fi\fi\
                          469 \left( \frac{m@sep=0@sep\%}{but} \right) but the second time show it.
                          470 \fi}% \@@RM empty
                          471 \ifx\@@inv\@empty\else(RM{\if@RAM/RAM\fi} distribution: \@@involvement)\strut\\fi
                          472 \fi% no partners key
                             finally, we ignore any spaces that may follow the task environment
                          473 \ignorespaces}
                          474 {\smallskip}
                             now the multilingual support and presentation configuration
                          475 \newcommand\month@label[1]{M#1}
                          476 \newcommand\show@wphase[3]{\edef\@test{#3}\def\@one{1}%
                          477 \month@label{#1}-\month@label{#2}%
                          478 \ifx\@test\@empty\else\ifx\@test\@one\else @#3\fi\fi}
                          479 \newcommand\sep@wphases{; }
                          480 \newcommand\legend@partners{Partners}
                          481 \newcommand\legend@lead{lead}
                          482 \newcommand\task@label@long{Task}
\@task The \@task macro is a internal macro which takes a bunch of keyword keys and writes their values
                             to the aux file.
                          483 \newcounter{task@all}\newcounter{task@wp}[wp]
                          484 \newcount\task@@end
                          485 \def\@task#1{\stepcounter{task@all}\stepcounter{task@wp}%
                          486 \task@set{#1}%
                          487 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{title}{\task@title}
                          488 \quad \texttt{\{task}{\task@id\wp@id}{\lead}{\task@lead}}
                          489 \def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{partners}{\task@partners}
                          490 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{PM}{\task@PM}
                          491 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{wphases}{\task@wphases}
                          492 \@ifundefined{deliv@issue}{}
                          493 {\bf 4}93 
                          494 \ifwork@areas
                          495 \pdata@def{task}{\hat{\lambda}_{\a}} \pdata@def{task}{\hat{\lambda}_{\a}} \pdata@def{task}{\hat{\lambda}_{\a}} \pdata@def{task} \
                          496 \else
                          497 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{label}{\task@label\thewp\thetask@wp}%
                          498 \fi
                          499 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{number}{\thetask@wp}%
                          500 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{page}{\thepage}%
                          501 \update@tasks{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}}
```

4.8 Work Phase Metadata

\workphase

502 \newcommand\workphase[1]{\PackageError{proposal}}

```
{The \protect\workphase macro is deprecated, \MessageBreak
             504
                    use the attributes wphase on the workpackage environment instead!}}
 \*task*ref
             505 \newcommand\taskin[2]{#20#1}
             506 \newcommand\taskref[2]{\pdataRef{task}{#10#2}{label}}
             507 \newcommand\taskreflong[2]{\pdataRef{task}{#2}{label}}
             508 \newcommand\tasktref[2]{\taskref{#1}{#2}: \pdataRefFB{task}{#1@#2}{short}{title}}
             509 \newcommand\localtaskref[1]{\taskref{\wp@id}{#1}}
             510 \newcommand\localtasktref[1]{\tasktref{\wp@id}{#1}}
              now we initialize experimental infrastructure for task dependencies (not very well used/tested)
             511 \newcounter{gantt@deps}
             512 \def\@requires#1#2{\stepcounter{gantt@deps}%
             513 \edef\dep@id{taskdep\thegantt@deps}%
             514 \def{taskdep}\dep@id{from}{\taskin{#1}\wp@id}%
             515 \pdata@def{taskdep}\dep@id{to}{#2}%
             516 \update@deps\dep@id}
              4.9
                     Milestones and Deliverables
deliv@error this macro raises an error if deliverable commands are used without the deliverables option
              being set.
             517 \newcommand\deliv@error{\PackageError{proposal}
             518 {To use use deliverables, you have to specify the option 'deliverables'}}
   wpdelivs
             519 \newenvironment{wpdelivs}{\begin{wp@delivs}}{\end{wp@delivs}}
  wp@delivs
             520 \newenvironment{wp@delivs}
             521 {\ifdelivs\textbf\deliv@legend@delivs:\\[-3ex]%
             522 \begin{compactdesc}\else\deliv@error\fi}
             523 {\ifdelivs\end{compactdesc}\fi}
              and now multilinguality support
             524 \newcommand\deliv@legend@delivs{Deliverables}
   \wadelivs
             525 \newenvironment{wadelivs}
             526 {\textbf\deliv@legend@delivs:\\[-3ex]\begin{wp@delivs}}
             527 {\end{wp@delivs}}
        \lec This macro is generally useful to put a comment at the end of the line, possibly making a new
              one if there is not enough space.
             528 \newcommand\lec[1]{\strut\hfil\strut\null\nobreak\hfill\hbox{$\leadsto$#1}\par}
\deliv@label
             529 \mbox{ } \mbox{newcommand\deliv@label[1]{D{#1}}}
\*deliv*ref This macro is generally useful to put a comment at the end of the line, possibly making a new
              one if there is not enough space.
             530 \newcommand\delivref[2]{\pdataRef{deliv}{#10#2}{label}}
             531 \newcommand\localdelivref[1]{\delivref{\wp@id}{#1}}
             532 \newcommand\delivtref[2]{\delivref{#1}{#2}: \pdataRefFB{deliv}{#1@#2}{short}{title}}
             533 \newcommand\localdelivtref[1]{\delivtref{\wp@id}{#1}}
```

```
\wpg@deliv We first define the keys
                         534 \define@key{deliv}{id}{\def\deliv@id{#1}}
                         535 \define@key{deliv}{due}{\def\deliv@due{#1}}
                         536 \define@key{deliv}{dissem}{\def\deliv@dissem{#1}}
                         537 \define@key{deliv}{nature}{\def\deliv@nature{#1}}
                         538 \define@key{deliv}{miles}{\def\deliv@miles{#1}}
                         539 \define@key{deliv}{short}{\def\deliv@short{#1}}
                         540 \define@key{deliv}{lead}{\def\deliv@lead{#1}}
                         541 \define@key{deliv}{issue}{\def\deliv@issue{#1}}
                            The \wpdeliv macro cycles over the due dates and generates the relevant entries into the deliv-
                           erables file. The first step is to write the general metadata to the pdata file.
                         542 \newcounter{deliverable}
                         543 \newcommand{\wpg@deliv}[3]{% keys, title, type
                         544 \stepcounter{deliverable}
                         545 \det\ensuremath{\mbox{deliv@miles=\relax\%}} clean state
                         546 \ensuremath{\def\@wp{wp}\%} set up ifx
                         547 \def\wpg@id{\csname #3@id\endcsname}
                         548 \setkeys{deliv}{#1}\stepcounter{deliv}% set state
                         549 \ ifx \ Quye \ Quy \ def \ current \ Qlabel \ (\ if work \ Qureas \ thewa. \ fi \ the wp. \ the deliv) \}
                         550 \leq \left(\frac{1}{\tilde{t}}\right)
                         551 \pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{label}{\current@label}
                         552 \q def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{title}{\#2}
                         553 \pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{page}{\thepage}%
                         554 \@ifundefined{deliv@short}
                         555 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{short}{#2}}
                         556 {\bf deliv}{\bf deliv@id\wpg@id}{short}{\bf deliv@short}}
                         557 \@ifundefined{deliv@nature}
                         558 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{key 'nature' for Deliv \wpg@id undefined}}
                         559 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{nature}{\deliv@nature}}
                         560 \@ifundefined{deliv@dissem}
                         561 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{key 'dissem' for Deliv \wpg@id undefined}}
                         562 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{dissem}{\deliv@dissem}}
                         563 \@ifundefined{deliv@lead}
                         564 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{key 'lead' for Deliv \wpg@id undefined}}
                         565 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{lead}{\deliv@lead}}
                           Then we iterate over the due dates and generate an entry for teach of them.
                         566 \@ifundefined{deliv@due}{}{%
                         567 \end{figure} \label{liv@issue} \hfill 
                         568 \@for\@I:=\deliv@due\do{\protected@write\wpg@delivs{}{\string\deliverable%
                         569 {\inv @I<10 0\else\ell'fi}\% sort key
                         570 {\@I}% due date
                         571 {\current@label}% label
                         572 {\@ifundefined{deliv@id}{??}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}}% id
                         573 {\@ifundefined{deliv@dissem}{??}{\deliv@dissem}}% dissemination level
                         574 \ensuremath{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\colored{\co
                         576 {\ifx\ensuremath{\tt S76} {\ifx\ensuremath{\tt S76} {\tt WA} \hea} \fi} \WP \\
                         577 {\@ifundefined{deliv@lead}{??}{\string\site{\deliv@lead}}}}} % lead
                            And finally, we generate the entry into the deliverables table.
                         578 \item[\current@label\ (%
                         579 \delivs@legend@due: \@ifundefined{deliv@due}{??}{\deliv@due},
                         580 \delivs@legend@nature: \@ifundefined{deliv@nature}{??}{\deliv@nature},
                         581 \delivs@legend@dissem: \@ifundefined{deliv@dissem}{??}{\deliv@dissem},
                         582 \delivs@legend@lead: \@ifundefined{deliv@lead}{??}{\site{\deliv@lead}})]
                         583 \pdata@target{deliv}{\taskin\deliv@id\wpg@id}{\textit{#2}}
```

584 \@ifundefined{deliv@miles}{}{% print the milestones and update their deliverables

```
585 \let\m@sep=\relax% do not print the separator the first time round
                 586 \ensuremath{\tt lec{\tt @for@I:=\deliv@miles\tt dof{\tt %}}\ Iterate over the milestones mentioned}
                 587 \mbox{ \mbox{$\mbox{m@sep\pdataRef{mile}{\old{mile}}}}\mbox{$\mbox{print the milestone reference}$}
                 588 \let\m@sep=,}}%set the separator for the next times
                 589 \def\d@sep{,}
                 590 \@for\@I:=\deliv@miles\do{% Iterate over the milestones mentioned
                 591 \expandafter\ifx\csname\@I delivs\endcsname\relax% Check that the miles@delivs is empty
                      {\expandafter\xdef\csname\@I delivs\endcsname{\wpg@id @\deliv@id}}% if so, skip the separator
                 592
                        \else\expandafter\xdef\csname\@I delivs\endcsname%if not add it
                 593
                           594
                     Now, we only need to instantiate
         wadeliv
                 595 \newenvironment{wadeliv}[2][]{\ifdelivs\wpg@deliv{#1}{#2}{wa}\else\deliv@error\fi}{}
         wpdeliv
                 596 \newenvironment{wpdeliv}[2][]{\ifdelivs\wpg@deliv{#1}{#2}{wp}\else\deliv@error\fi}{}
\milestone@label
                 597 \newcommand\milestone@label[1]{M{#1}}
        \mileref This macro is generally useful to put a comment at the end of the line, possibly making a new
                  one if there is not enough space.
                 598 \newcommand\mileref[1]{\pdataRef{mile}{#1}{label}}
                 599 \newcommand\miletref[1]{\mileref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{mile}{#1}{short}{title}}
      \milestone create a new milestone, initialize its deliverables accumulator macro, set up hyperlinking, and
                  extend the milestones list.
                 600 \newcounter{milestone}
                 601 \define@key{milestone}{id}{\gdef\mile@id{#1}}
                 602 \define@key{milestone}{month}{\gdef\mile@month{#1}}
                 603 \newcommand\milestone[3][]{%
                 604 \ifdelivs%
                 605 \setkeys{milestone}{#1}\stepcounter{milestone}%
                 606 \pdata@def{mile}\\mile@id{label}{\\milestone@label{\\themilestone}}\%
                 607 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{month}{\mile@month}%
                 608 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{title}{#2}%
                 609 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{description}{#3}%
                 610 \@ifundefined{mile@stones}%
                 611 {\xdef\mile@stones{\mile@id}}%
                 612 {\xdef\mile@stones{\mile@stones,\mile@id}}%
                 613 \ensuremath{\mathchar`e} \quad \mile@id}{#2}{#3}% presentation
                 614 \else\deliv@error\fi}
     \@milestone the corresponding presentation macro.
                 615 \newcommand\@milestone[3]{% id, title, description
                 616 \item \textbf{\miles@legend@milestone\xspace\pdata@target{mile}\mile@id{\pdataref{mile}{#1}{label}}
                 617 (\miles@legend@month \pdataref{mile}\mile@id{month})
                 618 \textbf{#2}} #3}
                 619 \newcommand\miles@legend@month{Month}
                 620 \newcommand\miles@legend@milestone{Milestone}
     milestones This does the metadata bookkeeping, the layout is delegated to the presentation environment
                  Omilestones and the legend macros that can be customized for specific proposals.
                 621 \newenvironment{milestones}%
                 622 {\ifdelivs\begin{@milestones}\else\deliv@error\fi}
```

```
623 {\clip{cons}{\clip{mile}{\clip{cons}{\clip{mile}{\clip{cons}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}{\clip{mile}
                                                   624 \pdata@def{all}{mile}{count}{\themilestone}\%
                                                   625 \end{@milestones}\fi}
    Omilestones here we do the work.
                                                   626 \newenvironment{@milestones}{\begin{enumerate}}{\end{enumerate}}
 \deliverable the first argument is an extended due date to facilitate sorting.
                                                   627 \end{deliverable} \cite{deliv}{#4}{label} \& \#7\& \#8\& \#9\& \#6\& \#5\& \#2\\\hline{\cite{deliv}, due, label, id, tit{deliverable}} \cite{deliv}{#4}{label} \& \#7\& \#8\& \#9\& \#6\& \#5\& \#2\\\hline{\cite{deliv}, due, label, id, tit{deliv}} \cite{deliv}{\#4}{label} \& \#7\& \#8\& \#9\& \#6\& \#5\& \#2\\\hline{\cite{deliv}, due, label, id, tit{deliv}} \cite{deliv}{\#4}{label} \& \#7\& \#8\& \#9\& \#6\& \#5\& \#2\\\hline{\cite{deliv}, due, label, id, tit{deliv}} \cite{deliv}{\#4}{\cite{deliv}, due, label, id, tit{deliv}} \cite{deliv}{\#4}{\cite{deliv}, due, label, id, tit{deliv}} \cite{deliv}{\cite{deliv}, due, label, id, tit{deliv}} \cite{deliv}{\cite{de
deliverables
                                                   628 \newenvironment{deliverables}[1]{\ifdelivs\begin{longtable}{|1|p{#1}|1|1|1|1|1}} \hline{} \label{longtable} \hdisplays (a) $$ (a) $$ (a) $$ (b) $$ (b) $$ (b) $$ (b) $$ (c) $$ (c)
                                                   629 \#&\textbf{\delivs@legend@name}&%
                                                   630 \textbf{\delivs@legend@wp}&%
                                                   631 \textbf{\delivs@legend@lead}&%
                                                   632 \textbf{\delivs@legend@nature}&%
                                                   633 \textbf{\delivs@legend@level}&%
                                                   634 \textbf{\delivs@legend@due}\\\hline\hline%
                                                   635 \endhead%
                                                   636 \else\deliv@error\fi}
                                                   637 {\ifdelivs\end{longtable}\fi}
                                                      now the multilingual support
                                                   638 \newcommand\delivs@legend@name{Deliverable name}
                                                   639 \newcommand\delivs@legend@wp{WP}
                                                   640 \newcommand\delivs@legend@nature{Type}
                                                   641 \newcommand\delivs@legend@level{Level}
                                                   642 \newcommand\delivs@legend@due{Due}
                                                   643 \newcommand\delivs@legend@dissem{Dissem.}
                                                   644 \newcommand\delivs@legend@lead{Lead}
 \inputdelivs
                                                   645 \newcommand{\inputdelivs}[1]{%
                                                   646 \begin{deliverables}{#1}%
                                                   647 \IfFileExists{\jobname.deliverables}%
                                                   648 {\input{\jobname.deliverables}}%
                                                   649 {\IfFileExists{\jobname.delivs}{\input{\jobname.delivs}}}}
                                                   650 \end{deliverables}}
                                                   651 (/sty)
                                                                                     Project Data, Referencing & Hyperlinking
                                                      4.10
                                                     \pdata@out is the file handle for the project data file, we define internal macros to open and close
                \pdata@*
                                                      it.
                                                   652 (*pdata)
                                                   653 \newif\ifwork@areas\work@areastrue
                                                   654 \DeclareOption{noworkareas}{\work@areasfalse}
                                                   655 \ProcessOptions
                                                   656 \RequirePackage{xspace}
                                                   657 \newwrite\pdata@out
                                                   658 \newcommand\pdata@open[1] {\immediate\openout\pdata@out=#1.pdata}
                                                   659 \newcommand\pdata@close{\closeout\pdata@out}
        \readpdata This macro reads the project data file and its error handling
                                                   660 \newcommand\readpdata[1]{\IfFileExists{#1.pdata}
                                                   661 {\message{proposal: Reading Project Data}\makeatletter\input{#1.pdata}\makeatother}
                                                   662 {proposal: No Project Data found, (forward) references may be compromized}}
```

```
This internal macro makes a hyper-target: \pdata@target{\langle cat\rangle}{\langle id\rangle}{\langle label\rangle} prints \langle label\rangle
\pdata@target
                with a target name \langle cat \rangle @\langle id \rangle @target attached to it.
               663 \newcommand\pdata@target[3]{\hypertarget{#1@#2@target}{#3}}
   \pdata@def This macro writes an \Opdata@def command to the current aux file and also executes it.
               664 \mbox{ newcommand<page-header>pdata@def [4] {$\close{41}{#2}{#3}{#4}$}}
                    \protected@write\pdata@out{}{\string\@pdata@def{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}}}
               This macro stores the value of its last argument in a custom macro for reference.
  \@pdata@def
               666 \newcommand\@pdata@def[4]{\expandafter\gdef\csname #10#20#3\endcsname{#4}}
    \pdataref
               667 \newcommand\pdataref[3]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
               668
                                  {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{#3 for #1 #2 undefined}??}}%
                                   {\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}%
               669
               670 \newcommand\pdataref@aux[3]{\csname #10#20#3}{??}{\csname #10#20#3}endcsname}}
               671 \newcommand\pdataref@num[3]{\end{#}10#20#3}{0}{\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}
               672 \newcommand\pdataref@safe[3]{\csname #10#20#3}{}{\csname #10#20#3}endcsname}}\%
  \pdatarefFB a variant with fallback field,
               673 \newcommand\pdatarefFB[4]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
               674 {\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#4}%
               675 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{both #3 and its fallback #4 undefined for #1 #2}??}%
               676 {\csname #10#20#4\endcsname}}
               677 {\csname #1@#2@#3\endcsname}}
    \pdataRef
               678 \newcommand\pdataRef[3]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
               679 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{#3 for #1 #2 undefined}??}}%
               680 {\hyperlink{#1@#2@target}{\csname #1@#2@#3\endcsname}}}
  \pdataRefFB a variant with fallback field,
               681 \newcommand\pdataRefFB[4]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
               682 {\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#4}%
               683 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{both #3 and its fallback #4 undefined for #1 #2}??}%
               684 {\hyperlink{#10#20target}{\csname #10#20#4\endcsname}}}
               685 {\hyperlink{#10#20target}{\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}}
  \pdatacount
               686 \newcommand\prop@count[1]{\ifcase #1 zero\or one\or two\or three\or four\or five\or six\or seven \or
               687 eight\or nine\or ten\or eleven \or twelve\else#1\fi}
               688 \newcommand\pdatacount[2]{\prop@count{\pdataref@num{#1}{#2}{count}}}
         \pi*
               689 \newcommand\pn{\pdataref{prop}{gen}{acronym}\xspace}
               690 \newcommand\pnlong{\pdataref{prop}{gen}{acrolong}\xspace}
       \W*ref
               691 \newcommand\WPref[1]{\pdataRef{wp}{#1}{label}}
               692 \newcommand\\Ptref[1]{\\Pref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{\wp}{#1}{\short}{\title}}
               693 \ifwork@areas
               694 \end{Waref[1]} {\bf \{ydataRef\{wa\}\{\#1\}\{label\}\}}
               695 \newcommand\WAtref[1]{\WAref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{wa}{#1}{short}{title}}
               696 \fi
               697 (/pdata)
```

4.11 The Work Package Table

EdN\fostyle These macros⁷ determine the styling of cells in the work package table. That can be tweaked by redefining them. 698 (*sty) 699 \definecolorset{gray/rgb/hsb/cmyk}{}{}% 700 {leadgray, .90/.90, .90, .90/0,0, .90/0,0,0, .10;% 701 wagray, .70/.70, .70, .70/0,0, .70/0,0,0, .30;% 702 ganttgray, .60/.60, .60, .60/0, 0, .60/0, 0, 0, .40} 703 \newcommand\sum@style[1]{\cellcolor{wagray}{\textbf{#1}}} 704 \newcommand\wa@style[1]{\cellcolor{wagray}{\textbf{#1}}} 705 \newcommand\wp@style[1]{#1} 706 \newcommand\lead@style[1]{\cellcolor{leadgray}{\textit{#1}}} 707 \newcommand\wp@lead@style@explained{light gray italicised} \wpfigstyle 708 \def\wpfig@style{} 709 \newcommand\wpfigstyle[1]{\def\wpfig@style{#1}} We first define the options for the \wpfig macro, they specify what columns we have in the table. 710 \newcounter{wpfig@options} 711 \define@key{wpfig}{size}{\def\wpfig@size{#1}\@dmp{size=#1}} 712 \def\@true{true} 713 \def\wpfig@pages{false} 714 \define@key{wpfig}{pages}[true] {\def\wpfig@pages{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}} 715 \def\wpfig@type{false} 716 \define@key{wpfig}{type}[true]{\def\wpfig@type{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}} 717 \def\wpfig@start{false} 718 \define@key{wpfig}{start}[true] {\def\wpfig@start{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}} 719 \def\wpfig@length{false} 720 \define@key{wpfig}{length}[true]{\def\wpfig@length{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}} 721 \def\wpfig@end{false} 722 \define@key{wpfig}{end}[true] {\def\wpfig@end{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}} 723 \define@key{wpfig}{label}{\def\wpfig@label{#1}} $724 \end{fine} {\bf \{upfig\}\{caption\}\{\def\wpfig@caption\{\#1\}\}\}}$ This environment makes legend for the table (but not the contents) for the \wpfig macro. The wp@figure main work achieved here is to generate the head line (sideways) and the footer in the various cases EdN:8 given by the package options.⁸ Depending on the various class and wpfig options, we make header and footer line for the table. 725 \def\@sw#1{\begin{sideways}#1\end{sideways}} 726 \newenvironment{wp@figure}{\begin{table}[ht]\wpfig@style\begin{center} 727 {\let\@sw\relax\let\textbf\relax\let\site\relax\let\pn\relax\let\sys\relax% 728 \gdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@legend@wap&\wpfig@legend@title% 729 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\wpfig@legend@type\fi% 730 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@page}\fi% 731 \ifx\wpfig@start\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@start}\fi% 732 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@length}\fi 733 \ifx\wpfig@end\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@end}\fi}% $734 \if@sites\%$ 735 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%

737 \if@RAM\xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@siteRAM{\@site}}}\fi}%

736 \xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@siteRM{\@site}}}%

738 \xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@totalRM}}%

 $^{^7{}m EdNote}$: maybe add "wpfig" in the name to show dependency

⁸EDNOTE: this is a bit of misnomer, it does not do the figure bit.

```
739 \if@RAM\xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@totalRAM}}\fi%
                              740 \else% if@sites
                              741 \xdef\wpfig@headline \wpfig@headline \wpfig@legend@RM}\if@RAM\&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@RAM}\fiprox \fiprox \fi
                              742 fi}%if@sites
                              743 \ if \ QRAM \ begin{tabular}{|1|1|*{\rm prig}\ Qoptions}{r|}*{\rm ccsites}{r|r|}|r|r|}\ hline
                              744 \else\begin{tabular}{||1||*{\thewpfig@options}{r|}|*{\the@sites}{r|}|r|}\hline\fi%|| 744 \else\begin{tabular}{||1||*{\thewpfig@options}}
                              745 \wpfig@headline\\\hline\hline}
                              746 \left( \frac{tabular}{smallskip} \right)
                              747 \wpfig@legend@RAM@expl\if@sites; \wpfig@legend@lead@expl\fi
                              748 \end{fige} $$ 748 \end{fige} a ption{\end{caption}} {\caption{\end{caption}}} $$ $$ 748 \end{fige} $$ 748 \end{fige} $$ $$ 748 \end{fige} $$ 748 \end{
                              749 \end{fig@label}{\label{fig:wplist}}{\label{\wpfig@label}}
                              750 \end{center}\end{table}}
                               and now multilinguality support
                              751 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@wap{\textbf{\ifwork@areas{WA/P}\else{WP}\fi}}
                              752 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@title{\textbf{Title}}
                              753 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@type{\textbf{type}}
                              754 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@page{\textbf{page}}
                              755 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@start{\textbf{start}}
                              756 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@length{\textbf{length}}
                              757 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@end{\textbf{end}}
                              758 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@siteRM[1]{\site{#1}\if@RAM\ RM\fi}
                              759 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@siteRAM[1]{\site{#1}\ RAM}
                              760 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@totalRM{total\if@RAM\ RM\fi}
                              761 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@totalRAM{total RAM}
                              762 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@RM{RM}
                              763 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@RAM{RAM}
                              764 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@RAM@expl{\if@RAM R(A)M $\widehat=$ Researcher (Assistant) Months\else\ Efforts in PM
                              765 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@lead@expl{WP lead efforts \wp@lead@style@explained}
                              766 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@caption{{\ifwork@areas Work Areas and \fi}Work Packages}
EdN:9\wpfig
                              767 \newcount\local@count
                              768 \newcount\@@@RM\if@RAM\newcount\@@@RAM\fi
                              769 \newcount\all@@@RM\if@RAM\newcount\all@@@RAM\fi
                              770 \newcommand{\wpfig}[1][]{\setcounter{wpfig@options}{0}\setkeys{wpfig}{#1}
                                the first thing to do is to build the body of the table programmatically by (globally) extending the
                                \@wp@lines token register inside a bracket group which locally redefines all macros we are using
                               in the extensions, so that they do not get into the way. We start this group now.
                              771 {\gdef\@wp@lines{}%initialize
                              772 \let\tabularnewline\relax\let\hline\relax\let\lead@style\relax% so they
                              773 \let\wa@style\relax\let\wp@style\relax \let\@sw\relax\let\textbf\relax% do not
                              774 \let\G@refundefinedtrue=\relax\let\@latex@warning=\relax\let\hyperlink=\relax% bother
                              775 \let\pn\relax\let\xspace\relax% us
                               The code that follows now, could be more elegant, if we had a better way of organizing the data,
                                but this works for now, we have four cases: with/without work areas and with/without sites. All
                               do something very similar.
                              776 \ifwork@areas
                              777 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}%
                              778 \@for\@@wa:=\@@was\do{% iterate over the work areas
                              779 \xdef\@@wa@line{\wa@style{\pdataRef{wa}\@@wa{label}}%
                              780 \&\wa@style{\@ifundefined{wa@\@@wa @short}{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{title}}{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{short}}}\%
                              781 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{type}}\fi%
                              782 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{page}}\fi%
                              783 \ifx\wpfig@start\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{start}}\fi%
```

 $^{^9\}mathrm{EDNote}$: The computation can be distributed much more efficiently (by intermingling the counter advances with the row creation), but this works now

```
784 \ \texttt{wpfig@length} \ \texttt{wa@style} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{len}} \ \texttt{ii} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{len} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{len} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{len} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{len} \ \texttt{wa} \ 
785 \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{end} \ \texttt{ii}
786 \setminus if@sites
787 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
788 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}%
789 \local@count 0%
790 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}}%
791 \pdata@def\@@wa\@site{RM}{\the\local@count}%
792 \xdef\@@wa@line\\wa@style{\the\local@count}}%
793 \if@RAM
794 \local@count 0%
795 \ensuremath{\tt \color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\color=\co
796 \pdata@def\@@wa\@site{RAM}{\the\local@count}%
797 \xdef\@@wa@line{\@@wa@line&\wa@style{\the\local@count}}%
798 \fi}
799 \local@count0\relax%
800 \end{aref} $00 
801 \end{00} \end{0
802 \if@RAM
803 \local@count0\relax%
804 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wa\@site{RAM}}%
805 \end{align} $05 \end{align} \label{text} $00 \end{align} $05 \end{align}
806 \fi
807 \le \% if@sites
808 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
809 \xdef\@@wa@line{\@@wa@line&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{RM}}
810 \if@RAM&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{RAM}}\fi}%
811 \fi% if@sites
812 \xdef\@wp@lines{\@wp@lines\@@wa@line\tabularnewline\hline}% add the line for the workarea
813 \edef\\@wps{\pdataref@safe\\@wa{wp}{ids}}\%
814 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over its work packages
815 \xdef\@@wp@line{\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}%
816 &\@ifundefined{wp@\@@wp @short}{\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{title}}{\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{short}}%
817 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{type}\fi%
818 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{page}\fi%
819 \ifx\wpfig@start\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{start}\fi%
820 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{len}\fi%
821 \ifx\wpfig@end\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{end}\fi}
822 \if@sites
823 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
824 \edef\@@lead{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{lead}}
825 \edef\@QRM{\ifx\QQlead\Qsite\lead\Qstyle{\pdataref\Qsafe\QQwp\Qsite{RM}}\else\wp\Qstyle{\pdataref\Qsafe\Qqwp\Qsite\RM}} \\
826 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\@@RM}
827 \if@RAM
828 \edef\@RAM{\ifx\@lead\gsite\lead\gstyle{\pdataref\gsafe\gwp\gsite\{RAM\}}\else\wp\gstyle{\pdataref\gsafe\gwp\gsite}
829 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\@@RAM}
830 \fi}
831 \local@count0\relax%
832 \end{align} $$832 \end{align} \https:\\ \ht
833 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
834 \if@RAM
835 \global\local@count0\relax%
836 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RAM}}%
837 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
838 \fi% if@RAM
839 \else% if@sites
840 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{RM}}}
841 \if@RAM\xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{RAM}}}\fi
```

```
842 \fi% if@sites
843 \xdef\@wp@lines{\@wp@lines\@@wp@line\tabularnewline\hline}}}
 Now the case where we do not have work areas.
844 \else% ifwork@areas
845 \edef\00wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
846 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over its work packages
847 \xdef\@@wp@line{\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}%
848 &\@ifundefined{wp@\@@wp @short}{\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{title}}{\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{short}}
849 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{type}\fi%
850 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{page}\fi%
851 \ifx\wpfig@start\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{start}\fi%
852 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{len}\fi%
853 \ifx\wpfig@end\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{end}\fi}
854 \if@sites
855 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
856 \edef\@@lead{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{lead}}
857 \edgn{\fix\c00lead\csite\lead\cstyle{\pdataref\cgsafe\c00wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp\cstyle{\pdataref\csafe\c00wp\csite{RM}}\else\wp\cstyle{\pdataref\csafe\csite{RM}}\else\wp\cstyle{\pdataref\csafe\csite{RM}}\else\wp\cstyle{\pdataref\csafe\csite{RM}}\else\wp\cstyle{\pdataref\csafe\csite{RM}}\else\wp\cstyle{\pdataref\csafe\csafe\csite{RM}}\else\wp\cstyle{\pdataref\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\csafe\
858 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\@@RM}
859 \if@RAM
860 \edef\@GRAM{\ifx\@Glead\@site\lead@style{\pdataref@safe\@Gwp\@site{RAM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe\@Gwp\@site{RAM}}
861 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style\@@RAM}
863 \global\local@count0\relax%
864 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}}%
865 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
866 \if@RAM
867 \global\local@count0\relax%
868 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num{#1}\@site{RAM}}%
869 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
870 \fi
871 \else% if@sites
872 \end{00} eline 
873 \if@RAM\xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{RAM}}\fi}
874 \fi% if@sites
875 \xdef\@wp@lines{\@wp@line\tabularnewline\hline}}
876 \fi%ifwork@areas
 Now we compute the totals lines in the \Ototals macros; again there are four cases to consider
877 \gdef\@totals{}
878 \ifwork@areas
879 \if@sites
880 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{% iterate over the sites
881 \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt 000RM=0\fi}}
882 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}%
883 \Ofor\OOwa:=\OOwas\do{% iterate over the work areas
884 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}%
885 \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over the work packages
886 \advance\@@@RM by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}%
887 \if@RAM\advance\@@@RAM by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RAM}\fi}}
888 \pdata@def{all}\@site{RM}{\the\@@@RM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}\@site{RAM}{\the\@@@RAM}fi
889 \advance\all@@@RM by \the\@@@RM\if@RAM\advance\all@@@RAM by \the\@@@RAM\fi
890 \xdef\@totals{\@totals & \textbf{\the\@@@RM}\if@RAM& \textbf{\the\@@@RAM}\fi}}
891 \xdef\@totals{\@totals & \textbf{\the\all@@@RAM}\if@RAM&\textbf{\the\all@@@RAM}\fi}
892 \quad addef{all}{total}{RM}{\the\all@@RM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@@GRAM}\fi
893 \else% if@sites
894 \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt Q@QRM=0\fi}}
895 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}%
896 \@for\@@wa:=\@@was\do{\edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}%
```

```
897 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over the work packages
898 \advance\@@@RM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RM}%
899 \if@RAM\advance\@@@RAM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RAM}\fi}}
900 \pdata@def{all}{total}{RM}{\the\@@@RM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\@@@RAM}\fi
901 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$0$}}} 1 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$0$}}} 1 \ensuremath{\mbox{$0$}} 
902 \fi% if@sites
903 \else%i.e. no work@areas
904 \if@sites
905 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%iterate over the sites
906 \@@@RM=O\if@RAM\@@@RAM=O\fi%
907 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
908 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over the work packages
909 \advance\@@@RM by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}%
910 \if@RAM\advance\@@@RAM by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RAM}\fi}
911 \quad \{all}\
912 \end{fig}  \label{line} $$12 \end{fig}  \hipspace{the QQQRM} if QRAM& \textbf{the QQQRAM} i} 
913 \advance\all@@QRM by \the\@@QRM\if@RAM\advance\all@@QRAM by \the\@@QRAM\fi}
914 \xdef\@totals{\@totals &\textbf{\the\all@@@RM}\if@RAM&\textbf{\the\all@@@RAM}\fi}
915 \pdata@def{all}{total}{RM}{\the\all@@QRM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@@QRAM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@@QRAM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@@QRAM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@@QRAM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@@QRAM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@@QRAM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}\if@RAM\pdata@def{all}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\all@QQRAM}{\the\a
916 \else% if@sites
917 \@@@RM=O\if@RAM\@@@RAM=O\fi
918 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
919 \c over the work packages
920 \advance\@@@RM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RM}%
921 \if@RAM\advance\@@@RAM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RAM}\fi}
922 \quad addef{all}{total}{RM}{\the\\000RM}\if QRAM\pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the\\000RAM}\fi
923 \xdef\@totals{&\the\@@@RM\if@RAM &\the\@@@RAM\fi}
924 \fi% if@sites
925 \fi
  And we finally have a line for the intended totals which we use in draft mode.
926 \gdef\intended@totals{}\gdef\requested@totals{}
927 \if@sites
928 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{
929 \xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&\textbf{\pdataref@safe{site}\@site{intendedRM}}}
930 \xdef\requested@totals{\requested@totals&\pdataref@safe{site}\@site{reqPM}}
931 \if@RAM\xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&\textbf{\pdataref@safe{site}\@site{intendedRAM}}}\fi}
932 \if@RAM\xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&&}\else%
933 \xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&}%
934 \xdef\requested@totals{\requested@totals&}%
935 \fi
936 \else% if@sites
937 \xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&\textbf{\pdataref@safe{all}{intended}{RM}}}
938 \ if QRAM \ xdef\ intended Qtotals \ if QRAM \ xdef\ intended Qtotals \ xextof \ pdataref Qsafe \ all \ intended \ RAM \ xdef\ intended \ xextof \ xex
939 \fi}% if@sites
  finally, we make all of this into a figure, computing the colspan of the the legend cells for the totals
  via \local@count from the optional columns.
940 \local@count\thewpfig@options\advance\local@count by 2
941 \begin{wp@figure}
942 \@wp@lines\hline%
943 \multicolumn{\the\local@count}{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\@totals\\\hline%
944 \ifsubmit\else%
945 \ifx\prop@gen@topdownPM\@true%
946 \multicolumn{\the\local@count}{|c|}{\prop@legend@intendedtotals}\intended@totals\\\hline%
947 \fi% topdownPM
948 \ifx\prop@gen@botupPM\@true%
949 \multicolumn{\the\local@count}{|c|}{\prop@legend@requestedtotals}\requested@totals\\\hline%
950 \fi% botupPM
```

```
951 \fi% submit

952 \end{wp@figure}}

and now multilinguality support

953 \newcommand\prop@legend@totals{\textbf{totals}}

954 \newcommand\prop@legend@intendedtotals{\textbf{intended totals}}

955 \newcommand\prop@legend@requestedtotals{\textbf{requested totals}}
```

4.12 Gantt Charts

Gantt Charts are done with help of the the tikz package. The gantt environments pick up on the declared duration of the proposal in months stored in the \prop@gen@months macro.

We define the keys for Gantt tables

```
956 \newif\ifgantt@draft\gantt@draftfalse
      957 \newif\ifgantt@miles\gantt@milesfalse
      958 \define@key{gantt}{xscale}{\def\gantt@xscale{#1}}
      959 \define@key{gantt}{yscale}{\def\gantt@yscale{#1}}
      960 \define@key{gantt}{step}{\def\gantt@step{#1}}
      961 \define@key{gantt}{size}{\def\gantt@size{#1}}
      962 \define@key{gantt}{draft}[true]{\ifsubmit\else\gantt@drafttrue\fi}
      963 \define@key{gantt}{milestones}[true]{\gantt@milestrue}
       Then we define an auxiliary function that provides defaults for these keys and sets the internal
       macros.
      964 \def\gantt@set#1{\gantt@draftfalse\def\gantt@xscale{1}\def\gantt@yscale{.35}\def\gantt@step{3}
      965 \setkeys{gantt}{#1}}
          Finally, the Gantt Chart environment itself.
gantt The gantt[\langle keyvals \rangle] {\langle height \rangle} environment sets up the grid and legend for a gantt chart. The
       grid is \prop@gen@months wide and \langle height \rangle high.
      966 \newenvironment{gantt}[2][]
      967 {\gantt@set{#1}\gdef\gantt@height{#2}
      968 \def\@test{\prop@gen@months@default}
      969 \ifx\@test\prop@gen@months
      970 \ClassError{proposal}{Need overall project months to draw gantt
      971
             chart - expect trouble;\MessageBreak specify
              \protect\begin{proposal}[...,months=??,...] to fix}\fi
      972
      973 \@ifundefined{gantt@size}{}{\csname\gantt@size\endcsname}
      974 \newdimen\gantt@ymonths
      975 \gantt@ymonths=\gantt@height cm
      976 \advance\gantt@ymonths by .8cm
      977 \begin{tikzpicture} [xscale=\gantt@xscale,yscale=\gantt@yscale]}
      978 {\draw[xstep=\gantt@step,very thin] (0,0) grid (\prop@gen@months,\gantt@height);
      979 \foreach \x in \{0,\gantt@step,...,\prop@gen@months\}\ \at (\x,\gantt@ymonths) {\x};
      980 \ifgantt@miles
      981 \newdimen\gantt@ymiles\gantt@ymiles=\gantt@height cm
      982 \advance\gantt@ymiles by 2cm
      983 \newdimen\gantt@ymiles@top\gantt@ymiles@top=\gantt@height cm
      984 %\advance\gantt@ymiles@top by 2cm
      985 \edef\@@miles{\pdataref@safe{all}{mile}{ids}}
      987 \edef\@@month{\pdataref@safe{mile}{\@I}{month}}
      988 \draw[very thick,blue] (\@@month,\gantt@ymiles@top) -- (\@@month,0);
      989 \node[blue] at (\@@month,\gantt@ymiles) {\pdataref{mile}{\@I}{label}};}
      990 \fi %gantt@miles
      991 \end{tikzpicture}}
```

```
In this we have used the macro that does the actual painting. \c (name) + (line) +
                                 creates a gantt node with name \langle name \rangle in line \langle line \rangle starting at month \langle month \rangle with length \langle len \rangle
                                 that is \langle force \rangle thick.
                                992 \newdimen\gantt@ymid\newdimen\gantt@yinc\newdimen\gantt@xend
                                993 \newcommand{\@action}[6][]{\def\@test{#1}%
                                994 \ifx\@test\@empty\def\@@color{ganttgray}\else\def\@@color{#1}\fi
                                995 \gantt@ymid=#3 cm\gantt@yinc=\gantt@yscale cm
                                996 \gantt@xend=#4 cm\advance\gantt@xend by #5 cm
                                997 \advance\gantt@ymid by \gantt@yinc
                                998 \fill[\@@color] (#4,#3) rectangle +(#5,#6);
                                999 \node (#2@left) at (#4,\gantt@ymid) {};
                              1000 \node (#2@right) at (\gantt@xend,\gantt@ymid) {};}
        \@dependency
                              1001 \def\@dependency#1#2{\draw[->,line width=2pt,color=red] (#1@right) -- (#2@left);}
tt@compute@effort
                               A helper function that updates the dimension \gantt@effort according to whether the counter
                                 \gantt@month is in the range. It is used in \gantt@chart
                              1002 \newcommand\gantt@compute@effort[3]{% start, len, force
                                        \00e=#1\advance\00e by #2
                              1003
                                         \ifnum\thegantt@month<#1\else
                              1004
                                         \ifnum\thegantt@month<\@@e
                                         \gantt@plus=#3cm\advance\gantt@effort by \gantt@plus\fi\fi}
          \ganttchart This macro iterates over the work areas, their work packages, and finally their work phases to use
                                 the internal macro \@action. All of this in the gantt setting.
                              1007 \newcommand{\ganttchart}[1][]{\begin{figure}[ht]\centering
                              1008 \gantt@set{#1}
                              1009 \def\gantt@wps{\pdataref@num{all}{wp}{count}}
                              1010 \begin{gantt}[#1]{\gantt@wps}
                              1011 \newcounter{taskwps}\newcount\@@line
                              1012 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}
                                      \ifwork@areas
                              1013
                                       \@for\@@wa:=\@@was\do{% iterate over work areas
                              1014
                                          \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}
                              1015
                              1016
                                           \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over work packages
                              1017
                                              \stepcounter{taskwps}
                                              \@@line=\gantt@wps\advance\@@line by -\thetaskwps
                              1018
                              1019
                                              \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
                                              \node at (-1/\gantt@xscale,\@@line) [above=-2pt] {\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}};
                              1020
                                              \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
                              1021
                                              \@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%wp-level work phases
                              1022
                              1023
                                                 \decode@wphase\@@ft
                                                  \@action\@@wp\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
                              1024
                                              \@for\@@task:=\@@tasks\do{% tasks
                              1025
                                                  \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
                              1026
                                                 \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%task-level work phases
                              1027
                                                     \decode@wphase\@@ft
                              1028
                                                     \@action\@@task\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
                              1029
                              1030
                                       \else% ifwork@areas false
                                       \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}
                              1031
                                       \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over work packages
                              1032
                                          \stepcounter{taskwps}
                              1033
                                          \@@line=\gantt@wps\advance\@@line by -\thetaskwps
                              1034
                                           \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
                              1035
                                           \node at (-1/\gantt@xscale,\@@line) [above=-2pt] {\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}};
                              1036
                                           \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
```

\@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases

1037 1038

```
1039
         \decode@wphase\@@ft
         \@action\@@wp\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
1040
       \Ofor\OOtask:=\OOtasks\do{% task-level work phases
1041
         \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
1042
1043
         \@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%iterate over the task-level work phases
1044
           \decode@wphase\@@ft
           \@action\@@task\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
1045
1046
    \fi% ifwork@areas end
     \edef\@@deps{\pdataref@safe{all}{task}{deps}}
1047
     \@for\@@dep:=\@@deps\do{%
1048
       \@dependency{\pdataref@safe{taskdep}\@@dep{from}}{\pdataref@safe{taskdep}\@@dep{to}}}}
1049
 The next piece of code generates the effort sum table in draft mode
    \ifgantt@draft
1050
        \newcounter{gantt@month}
1051
        \newcount\@@e\newdimen\gantt@effort\newdimen\gantt@plus
1052
1053
        \@whilenum\thegantt@month<\prop@gen@months\do{% step over months
1054
          \gantt@effort=0cm
          \ifwork@areas
1055
          \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}
1056
          \@for\@@wa:=\@@was\do{% iterate over work areas
1057
            \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}
1058
            \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over work packages
1059
              \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
1060
              \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
1061
                \decode@wphase\@@ft
1062
                \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
1063
              \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
1064
              \Ofor\OOtask:=\OOtasks\do{% iterate over tasks
1065
1066
              \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
1067
              \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
                \decode@wphase\@@ft
1068
                \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
1069
          \fill[ganttgray] (\thegantt@month,-5) rectangle +(1,\gantt@effort);
1070
1071
          \else% ifwork@areas
          \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}
1072
          \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over work packages
1073
              \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
1074
              \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
1075
                \decode@wphase\@@ft
1076
                \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
1077
1078
              \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
1079
              \Ofor\OOtask:=\OOtasks\do{% iterate over tasks
1080
              \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
              \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
1081
                \decode@wphase\@@ft
1082
                \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
1083
          \fill[ganttgray] (\thegantt@month,-5) rectangle +(1,\gantt@effort);
1084
          \fi% ifwork@areas
1085
          \stepcounter{gantt@month}}
1086
1087
       \fi% ifgantt@draft
      \end{gantt}
1088
      \caption{\gantt@caption}\label{fig:gantt}
1089
1090 \end{figure}\footnotetext\gantt@footnote}
 now the multilingual support
1091 \newcommand\gantt@caption@main{Gantt Chart: Overview Work Package Activities}
1092 \newcommand\gantt@caption@lower{lower bar shows the overall effort \if@RAM (RM only) \fi per month}
1093 \newcommand\gantt@caption{\gantt@caption@main\ifgantt@draft\xspace
```

```
-- \gantt@caption@lower\fi}
                1095 \newcommand\gantt@footnote{Bars shown at reduced height (e.g. 50\%) indicate reduced
                      intensity during that work phase (e.g. to 50\%).}
                 This macro is a variant of \ganttchart, but it shows the tasks consecutively, as is useful for EU
\gantttaskchart
                  projects<sup>10</sup>
   EdN:10
                1097 \end{\gantttaskchart} [1] [] {\begin{figure}[hbtp] \centering\gantt@set{\#1}} \\
                1098 \newcounter{gantt@all@tasks}%
                1099 \setcounter{gantt@all@tasks}{\pdataref@num{all}{task}{count}}
                1100 \addtocounter{gantt@all@tasks}{\pdataref@num{all}{wp}{count}}
                1101 \begin{gantt}[#1]{\thegantt@all@tasks}
                       \newcounter{gantt@tasks}\newcount\@@line
                1102
                       \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}
                1103
                        \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over work packages
                1104
                1105
                          \stepcounter{gantt@tasks}
                           1106 %
                          \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
                1107
                          \Ofor\OOtask:=\OOtasks\do{% iterate over the tasks
                1108
                1109
                            \stepcounter{gantt@tasks}
                1110
                            \@@line=\thegantt@all@tasks\advance\@@line by -\thegantt@tasks
                            \node at (-.5/\gantt@xscale,\@@line) [above=-2pt] {{\footnotesize\taskreflong\@@wp\@@task}};
                1111
                1112
                            \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
                            \label{lem:condition} $$ \ensuremath{\tt 000ft:=\000wphases\do{\tt iterate over the task-level work phases} $$
                1113
                              \decode@wphase\@@ft
                1114
                              \@action\@@task\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force
                1115
                           }}}% end all iterations
                1116
                1117
                         \end{gantt}
                         \caption{\gantt@caption@main{} -- \emph{\gantt@footnote}}\label{fig:gantt}
                1118
                1119 \end{figure}}
                  4.13
                          Coherence
            \j*
                1120 \newcommand\jpub{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\Large{$\star$}}}}
                1121 \newcommand\jpro{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\Large{$\bullet$}}}}
                \label{lem:limit} 1122 \end{jsoft{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{@}}}}
                1123 \newcommand\jorga{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\Large{$\circ$}}}}
                1124 \end{jsup{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\smiley}}}}
     \add@joint \add@joint{\langle first\rangle}{\langle second\rangle}{\langle sym\rangle} adds \langle sym\rangle to the the \coherence@\langle first\rangle@\langle second\rangle macro
                  for the coherence table.
                1125 \newcommand\add@joint[3]{\@ifundefined{coherence@#1@#2}%
                1126 {\@namedef{coherence@#1@#2}{#3}}%
                1127 {\expandafter\g@addto@macro\csname coherence@#1@#2\endcsname{#3}}}
    \prop@joint This iterates over a comma-separated list of names and makes the necessary entries into the
                  coherence table.
                1128 \newcommand\prop@joint[2]{\@for\@first:=#2\do{\%}
                1129 \@for\@second:=#2\do{\ifx\@first\@second\else\add@joint\@first\@second{#1}\fi}}
        \joint* Now, some instances that use these.
                1130 \mbox{newcommand}\mbox{jointproj[1]{\prop@joint\jpro{#1}}}
                1131 \newcommand\jointpub[1]{\prop@joint\jpub{#1}}
                1132 \newcommand\jointorga[1]{\prop@joint\jorga{#1}}
                1133 \newcommand\jointsoft[1]{\prop@joint\jsoft{#1}}
                1134 \newcommand\jointsup[1] {\prop@joint\jsup{#1}}
                    ^{10}{
m EdNote}: this should be incorporated with the gantt chart above, but I am currently to scared to do it so close to
```

the deadline

```
\coherencematrix
                1135 \newcommand{\coherencematrix}{
                1136 {\let\tabularnewline\relax\let\hline\relax\let\site\relax\ so they do
                1137 \let\@sw\relax\let\jpub\relax\let\jpro\relax\let\jorga\relax% not bother
                1138 \let\jsoft\relax\let\jsup\relax\let\cellcolor\relax\ us
                1139 \gdef\ct0head{}%
                1140 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\xdef\@ct@head{\@ct@head%
                1141 &\ifx\cht@swsites\@true\@sw{\site{\@site}}\else\site{\@site}\fi}}%
                1142 \gdef\@ct@lines{\@ct@head\tabularnewline\hline\ %initialize with head line
                1143 \ensuremath{\verb| 0for @site := \prop@gen@sites do{\xdef @ct@line{\site}}|} \%
                     \@for\@@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
                1145
                        \xdef\@ct@line{\@ct@line&\ifx\@site\@@site{\cellcolor{wagray}{}}\fi%
                          \@ifundefined{coherence@\@site @\@@site}{}{\@nameuse{coherence@\@site @\@@site}}}}%
                1146
                1147 \xdef\@ct@lines\\@ct@line\\deltabularnewline\\line\\}}%
                1148 \begin{tabular}{|1||*{\the@site}{c|}}\hline%
                1149 \@ct@lines\hline%
                1150 joint&\multicolumn{\the@site}{1|}{\jpub $\hat=$ publication, \jpro $\hat=$ project,
                           \jorga $\hat=$ organization, \jsoft $\hat=$ software/resource dev,
                           \jsup $\hat=$ supervision}\\hline
                1153 \end{tabular}}
\coherencetable
                1154 \define@key{coherencetable}{swsites}[true]{\def\cht@swsites{#1}}
                1156 \newcommand\coherencetable[1][]{%
                1157 \def\cht@swsites{false}%
                1158 \def\cht@stretch{1}%
                1159 \setkeys{coherencetable}{#1}%
                1160 \begin{table}[ht]\centering%
                1161 \small\setlength{\tabcolsep}{.5em}%
                1162 \renewcommand{\arraystretch}{\cht@stretch}%
                1163 \coherencematrix%
                1164 \caption{\coherence@caption}\label{tab:collaboration}
                1165 \end{table}
                 now the multilinguality support
                1166 \newcommand\coherence@caption{Previous Collaboration between {\pn} members}
                         Relevant Papers & References
                  We first define a bibLaTeX bibliography heading that does not create headers, we need it some-
                 where.
                1167 \defbibheading{empty}{}
                  We define an internal macro that prints a publication list of a given bibTFX entry type and title for
                  convenience. It also adds a notype= to the token register \prop@rl to deal with the unclassified
                  entries from the list.
```

```
1168 \newif\if@allpapers\@allpaperstrue
1169 \newcommand\prop@ppl[3][]{\@allpapersfalse\message{ppl processing: #2}%
1170 \printbibliography[heading=subbibliography,type=#2,title=#3#1]%
1171 \@ifundefined{prop@rl}{\xdef\prop@rl{#2}}{\xdef\prop@rl{\prop@rl, #2}}}

The following code does not work yet, it would have been nice to be able to just add a key unclassified to catch the unclassified ones. I guess we just have to issue a warning instead.
1172 \newcommand\prop@prl[1]{\message{unclassified: #1}%
1173 \printbibliography[heading=subbibliography,title=Unclassified,#1]}%
1174 \define@key{paperlist}{unclassified}[true]{\message{unclass: \prop@rl\prop@rl\prop@rl}}
```

```
with this, we define a couple of keys that generate
                          1175 \define@key{paperlist}{articles}[true]{\prop@ppl{article}}{Articles}}
                          1176 \define@key{paperlist}{chapters}[true]{\prop@ppl{inbook}{Book Chapters}}
                          1177 \define@key{paperlist}{confpapers}[true]{\prop@ppl[,keyword=conference]{inproceedings}{Conference Papers}}
                          1178 \define@key{paperlist}{wspapers}[true]{\prop@ppl[,notkeyword=conference]{inproceedings}{Workshop Papers}}
                          1179 \define@key{paperlist}{theses}[true]{\prop@ppl{thesis}{Theses}}
                          1180 \define@key{paperlist}{submitted}[true]{\prop@ppl[,keyword=submitted]{unpublished}{Submitted}}
                          1181 \define@key{paperlist}{books}[true]{\prop@ppl{book}{Monographs}}
                          featured We introduce a new bibLaTeX category featured for those papers that were already mentioned
                            in \prop@paperlist and the macros defined from it.
                          1183 \DeclareBibliographyCategory{featured}
\prop@paperlist
                            \prop @paperlist {\langle keys \rangle} {\langle refs \rangle} generates a paper list from a list <math>\langle keys \rangle of bibliography keys.
                             It makes some local adaptions to the appearance of the bibliography, and then adds \langle refs \rangle to the
                             citable papers marks them as featured. Then it uses \printbibliography to make a bibliography
     EdN:11
                             of the cited papers. Note that these are not cited again in the main bibliography<sup>11</sup>
                          1184 \newcommand\prop@paperlist[2][]{%
                          1185 \let\biboldfont\bibfont%
                          1186 \renewcommand{\bibfont}{\footnotesize}%
                          1187 \renewcommand{\baselinestretch}{.9}%
                          1188 \nocite{#2}\def\do##1{\addtocategory{featured}{##1}}\docsvlist{#2}% \nocite{#2}\docsvlist{#2}% \nocite{#2}\docsvlist{*2}% \nocite{#2}\docsvlist{*2}% \nocite{#2}\docsvlist{*2}
                          1189 \setkeys{paperlist}{#1}
                          1190 \@ifundefined{prop@rl}{}{\@latex@warning{some papers are not classified!}}
                          1191 \if@allpapers\printbibliography[category=featured,heading=empty]\fi%
                          1192 \let\bibfont\biboldfont}
                                  We define the warnpubs heading constructor.
                          1193 \def\prop@warnpubs@message{Many of the proposers' publications are online at one of the following URIs:}
                          1194 \def\prop@warnpubs@title{References}
                          1195 \defbibheading{warnpubs}{\section*{\prop@warnpubs@title}%
                          1196
                                    \@ifundefined{prop@gen@pubspages}
                          1197
                                 {\Clatex@warning{No publication pages specified;
                         1198
                                                                 use the pubspage key in the proposal environment!}}
                                    {\prop@warnpubs@message%
                          1199
                                  \@for\@I:=\prop@gen@pubspages\do{\par\noindent\csname\@I\endcsname}}}
                          1200
                                  Finally, we tweak bibLATEX to not give DOIs and URLS at the same time.
                          1201 \renewbibmacro*{event+venue+date}{}
                          1202 \renewbibmacro*{doi+eprint+url}{%
                                    \iftoggle{bbx:doi}
                          1203
                                        {\printfield{doi}\iffieldundef{doi}{}{\clearfield{url}}}
                          1204
                                       {}%
                          1205
                                    \newunit\newblock
                          1206
                                    \iftoggle{bbx:eprint}
                          1207
                                       {\usebibmacro{eprint}}
                          1208
                          1209
                          1210
                                    \newunit\newblock
                                    \iftoggle{bbx:url}
                          1211
                                       {\usebibmacro{url+urldate}}
                          1212
                          1213
                                       {}}
                          1214 (/sty)
```

 $^{^{11}{}m EdNote}$: MK: we may want to make this optional controlled by a package option eventually.

4.15 Miscellaneous

```
\signatures

1215 \( *pdata \)
1216 \( newcommand \) \signatures \) [1] \( \section \) \( \text{#1} \)
1217 \\ \qquad \number \\ \day \) \number \\ \number \\ \perpop@gen@PIs \\ \do \( \text{Mod} \)
1218 \\ \strut \\ \qquad \\ \day \\ \da
```