Preparing Proposals in LATEX with proposal.cls

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Abstract

The proposal class supports many of the generic elements of Grant Proposals. It is optimized towards collaborative projects, and should specialized to particular funding agencies.

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1 Introduction

Writing grant proposals is a collaborative effort that requires the integration of contributions from many individuals. The use of an ASCII-based format like LATEX allows to coordinate the process via a source code control system like GIT or Subversion, allowing the proposal writing team to concentrate on the contents rather than the mechanics of wrangling with text fragments and revisions. In fact the proposal package has evolved out of a series of collaborative proposal writing efforts, where large teams (up to 30 individuals from up to 20 sites) have written a 100-page proposal in three weeks (with over 2000 commits). Such collaborative writing sprints are impossible without a revision control system and a "semantic" document class that generates tables, charts, and deliverable lists from content markup and thus takes care of many of the routine tasks of keeping information consistent.

The **proposal** class supports many of the generic elements of Grant Proposals. The package documentation is still preliminary, fragmented and incomplete.

The proposal class is distributed under the terms of the LaTeX Project Public License from CTAN archives in directory macros/latex/base/lppl.txt. Either version 1.0 or, at your option, any later version.

The CTAN archive always contains the latest stable version, the development version can be found on GitHub at https://github.com/KWARC/LaTeX-proposal. For bug reports please use the issue tracker there. Please feel free to fork the repository and provide extensions and improvements.

The development version also contains example proposals and a very useful script that generates GitHub issues for all the workpackages, tasks, and deliverables. This is a great way of starting up a project and controlling its progress. The OpenDreamKit EU project (see http://opendreamkit.org) uses this for its (very public) project planning on the issue tracker at https://github.com/OpenDreamKit after (also publicly) developing the proposal on GitHub.

Finally, the GitHub reposistory contains example project proposals and specialized Makefiles that help start off the proposal development process. These are not part of the CTAN/TeXLive distributions.

2 The User Interface

In this section we will describe the functionality offered by the proposal class along the lines of the macros and environments the class provides.

2.1 Package Options

The proposal package takes the options submit, noworkareas, RAM, deliverables, wpsubsection, keys, svninfo, gitinfo, and public.

submit

The submit option will disable various proposal management decorations which are enabled by default for submission.

noworkareas

The noworkareas option specifies that we do not want to structure our work plan into work areas (see section 2.5).

RAM

The RAM option specifies that we specify research assistant months in the effort tallies (see section 2.5).

deliverables

The deliverables option specifies that we specify deliverables in the grant proposal (see section 2.9). As the deliverables management needs extra support, we only activate them via this option.

wpsubsection

The wpsubsection option specifies that we want to see subsections headings for the WPs (and WAs, if we have them).

report

The report option specifies that we want to use the report.cls class as a basis for proposal instead of the default article.cls.

keys The keys option specifies that we want to see the values of various keyval arguments in the

margin.

svninfo

The syninfo option specifies specifies that we want to use the syninfo package for displaying version control metadata in the document (except when the submit option is also given). For this we need the syning metadata line of the form

```
\SVN $Id: proposal.tex 13610 2007-07-11 04:30:16Z kohlhase $
\svnKeyword $HeadURL: https://svn.kwarc.info/../proposal.tex $
```

at the beginning of each file (or in the preamble).

gitinfo

Analogously, the gitinfo option uses the gitinfo2 package for GIT metadata. Note that you will need to install the post-commit hooks in your working copy according to [gitinfo2:on] for

public private

Finally, the public option allows to hide certain sensitive (e.g. financial) parts of the proposal. For this, the proposal class provides the private environment. If the option public is set, the parts of the document between \begin{private} and \end{private} do not produce output. This is useful for producing public versions of the proposal that hide confidential parts. Note that both \begin{private} and \end{private} have to be on lines of their own may not have any leading whitespace otherwise an error occurs and LATEX gives error messages that are difficult to comprehend. An alternative way to distinguish private and public sections are to use the \ifpublic conditional: \ifpublic{3}\else{5}\fi will result in "5" in the submitted draft and "3" in the public document.

\ifpublic

2.2Proposal Metadata and Title page

proposal

The metadata of the proposal is specified in the proposal environment, which also generates the title page and the first section of the proposal as well as the last pages of the proposal with the signatures, enclosures, and references. The proposal environment should contain all the mandatory parts of the proposal text. The proposal environment uses the following keys to specify metadata.

title instrument

acronym acrolong start

months since fundsuntil

discipline PΤ

- title for the proposal title (used on the title page),
- instrument for the instrument of funding that you would like to apply for,
- acronym for the proposal acronym, possibly accompanied by an acrolong that explains it. The acronym will also be used in the page headings.
- start for the start date of the proposed fragment of the project, and months for the length of the proposal in months. Both have to be specified for the proposal class to work.
- If the proposal only concerns a part of a longer-running project, the since key allows to specify the date since when the overall project runs. Finally, the fundsuntil allows to specify a date until which the funds last.
- discipline for the academic discipline and areas for the research areas in that discipline.
- PI to declare the principal investigator. For collaborative proposals we can use the PI key multiple times. The proposal package uses the workaddress package for representation of personal metadata, see [Kohlhase:workaddress:ctan] or the file proposal.tex for details.
- Many collaborative proposals are shared between two institutions, which we can declare with the site key. As this changes the interface this should not be used for single-institution proposals. We will describe the setup for a single-site proposal below and point out the differences. The example proposal.tex is a two-site proposal.

site

\pn

\pnlong

If the acronym and acrolong are given, then they automatically define the macros \pn and \pnlong which allow to use the project acronym (project name) and its long version in the text. Note that these macros use \xspace internallly, so they do not have to be enclosed in curly braces.

There are two ways of organizing the distribution of personnel resources when developing a proposal. Either the coordinator takes a top-down approach where she assigns person months (PM) to the respective site, of she takes a bottom-up approach, where the sites "request" personnel resources by marking them up in the CVs of the researchers in the site descriptions. proposal.cls supports both of these. Support for the first is configured via the topdownPM key and for the other

topdownPM

botupPM via the botupPM key. They add respective lines for planning in the WA/WP figure (see 2.5).

2.3 Proposal Appearance

EdN:1 compactht EdN:2 The proposal environment takes a second set of keyval arguments that allow to fine-tune the appearance of the proposal document. ¹

• If the compactht key is given (it does not need a value), then the header tables² are made compact, i.e. the sites that do not have a contribution to the work package or work area do not get listed. This is useful for proposals with more than 8 partners.

emphbox

The proposal package supplies the emphbox environment to create boxes of emphasized material we want to call attention to.

2.4 Objectives

objective

The work plan starts with a discussion of objectives, which may be referenced in the text later. The proposal package provides the objective environment that allows to mark up individual objectives. It takes a keyval argument with the keys id for identification, title for the objective title, and short for a short title that can be used for referencing when the title is too long. The objectives can be referenced via $OJBref\{\langle id \rangle\}$ by their label and via $OJBtref\{\langle id \rangle\}$ by label and (short if it was specified) title.

\OBJref \OBJtref

2.5 Work Areas and Work Packages

Grant proposals have another part that is often highly stylized; the work plan. This is usually structured into "work packages" — i.e. work items that address a cohesive aspect of the proposed work. These work packages are usually consecutively numbered, have a title, and an associated effort estimation. As work packages are the "atomic" planning units, they are usually heavily cross-referenced. A well-written proposal usually contains a table giving an overview over the work packages and their efforts and a Gantt chart showing the temporal distribution of the proposed work to allow the reviewers to get a clear picture of the feasibility of the research and development proposed. But this picture is also essential during the development of a proposal (which the proposal package aims to support), when the work packages (and their estimated efforts) usually change considerably. Therefore the proposal class standardizes markup for work packages and automatically computes the work package table (which can be inserted into the table via the \mathbb{wpfig} macro) and the Gantt Chart (see Section 2.8).

\wpfig workplan

To achieve the automation, work plan is marked up by the workplan environment, which sets up various internal counters and bookeeping macros. It contains texts and workpackage environments for the work packages.

workpackage

The purpose of the workpackage environment is to mark up a fragment of text as a work package description and specify the metadata so that it can be used in the work package table and Gantt chart generation. The metadata is specified by the following keys:

id

• The id key is used to specify a label for cross-referencing the work package or work group, it must be document-unique.

title short wphases requires

- The title and short keys are used for the work package/group title. The short title is used in tables and should not be longer than 15 characters.
- The wphases key is used according to Section 2.7
- The requires key can be used to mark, up dependencies between tasks. If requires=\taskin{ $\langle rid \rangle$ }{ $\langle wp \rangle$ } is given in a task with $id=\langle t \rangle$, then task $\langle rid \rangle$ in work package $\langle wp \rangle$ must be completed for task $\langle t \rangle$ to become possible. This key will draw an arrow into the gantt chart from the end of task $\langle rid \rangle$ to $\langle t \rangle$. Note that dependencies should always point forward in time. Furthermore, note that the fact that dependencies always go from the end of the source to the beginning

 $^{^{1}\}mathrm{EdNote}\colon$ move the RAM, wpsectionheadings,... options here.

 $^{^2\}mathrm{EdNote}$: describe them somewhere and reference here

of the target work phase is intentional, if this does not meet your needs, then you should probably break a work phase into pieces that can be addressed separately.

R.M RAM In single-site proposals, the RM (and RAM if the RAM option was given) keys are used to specify the estimated efforts to be expended on research and development in this work package. Both are specified in person months. RM is used for "researcher months" (wissenschaftlicher Mitarbeiter) and RAM for "research assistant months" (wissenschaftliche Hilfskraft).

*RM *RAM • In multi-site proposals, the proposal package generates the keys (site)RM (and (site)RAM) where $\langle site \rangle$ is any site label declared via the site key in the top-level proposal environment. This can be used to specify the person months that the site spends on this work package (the value for work groups is automatically computed (remember to run LATEX twice for this)).

lead

• In multi-site proposals the lead key specifies the work package or work group lead, the value of this feature should be the short name of the respective partner.

swsites

• For work packages with many prospers the swsites key can be given (no value needed) to turn the site names sideways to conserve (horizontal) space.

workarea

It is often useful to group the work packages in a proposal further (especially for larger, collaborative proposals). This can be done via the workarea environment, which groups work packages. This environment takes the same keys as the workpackage environment, except for the efforts, which can be computed automatically from the work packages it groups.

As the author of the proposal class likes more structured proposals, using work areas is the default, but the proposal class can also be used with the noworkareas option for less structured (smaller) proposals.

2.6 **Tasks**

tasklist task

In the work packages we can list tasks that need to be undertaken with the tasklist environment. The individual tasks are marked up with the task environment. This takes a keyval argument with the keys id for identification, title for a title, and the workphase keys wphases, start, end, and force (see Section 2.7). For planning involvement we can specify the overall person months via the PM key, the task lead via lead, and the partners involved via the partners key. Finally task dependencies can be specified via the requires key.

\taskref

\tasktref

Tasks can be referenced by the \taskref macro that takes two arguments: the work package identifier and the task identifier. As for work packages and work areas, there is a long reference variant with work package title: \tasktref. Finally, \localtaskref references a task in the local \localtaskref work package by the identifier in its argument.

2.7 Work Phase Metadata

wphases

The task and workpackage allow the wphases key to specify the a list of work phases. The value of this key is comma-separated list of work phase specifications of the form $\langle start \rangle - \langle end \rangle$ or $\langle start \rangle - \langle end \rangle! \langle force \rangle$, where $\langle start \rangle$ and $\langle end \rangle$ delimit the run time of the work phase and the optional ! $\langle force \rangle$ specifies the work force, i.e. the intensity of work as a number between 0 and 1. If no force is given, the default is 1. The main reason for specifying this metadata for tasks is to generate a Gantt chart (see Section 2.8).

2.8 Gantt Charts

gantt

Gantt charts are used in proposals to show the distribution of activities in work packages over time. A gantt chart is represented by the gantt environment that takes a on optional keyval argument. The keys xscale and yscale are used to specify a scale factors for the chart so that it fits on the page. The step key allows to specify the steps (in months) of the vertical auxiliary lines. Finally, the draft key specifies that plausibility checks (that can be expensive to run) are carried out. Note that the value does not have to be given, so \begin{gantt}{draft,yscale=.5,step=3} is a perfectly good invocation.

\ganttchart

Usually, the gantt environment is not used however, since it is part of the macro that takes the

5

xscale

vscale step

draft

same keys. This generates a whole Gantt chart automatically from the work phase specifications in the work packages. As above we have to run LATEX two times for the work phases to show up.

2.9 Milestones and Deliverables

Many proposal formats foresee that project progress will be tracked in the form of milestones – points in the project, where a predefined state of affairs is reached – and deliverables – tangible project outcomes that have to be delivered. Correspondingly, milestones and deliverables have to be specified in the proposal and accounted for in the project reports. To facilitate this the proposal class and its instances provide a simple infrastructure for dealing with milestones and deliverables.

milestones

\milestone

Milestones are usually given in a special table¹, which we markup up with the milestones environment that takes care of initialization and numbering issues. This contains a list of milestone descriptions via the \milestone macro which is invoked as \milestone $[\langle keys \rangle]$ { $\langle title \rangle$ } { $\langle desc \rangle$ }, where $\langle keys \rangle$ supports the keys id for identification month for specifying the milestone date (in months of the project duration). Milestones are numbered with labels whose shape can \milestone@laber customized by redefining \milestone@label and referenced by the \mileref{\langle id\rangle} and $\mathbf{\tilde{d}}$ for a reference with milestone title. $\mathbf{\tilde{d}}$ for a reference with milestone title. ber of milestones.

wpdelivs wpdeliv

\mileref

\miletref

Deliverables are usually defined as part of the work package descriptions (see Section 2.5) and listed in an overview table in a separate of the proposal. As for the milestones, we use an environment wpdelivs that contains the deliverable descriptions. These are marked up via the environment which takes an optional keyval argument for the deliverable metadata a regular argument for the title and contains the description of the deliverable as the body. For the metadata we have the keys id for the deliverable identifier, due for the target date (a number that denotes the project month), nature and dissem for specifying the deliverable nature and dissemination status (usually as short strings prescribed by the proposal template), and miles for the milestone this deliverable is targeted for (specified by the milestone identifier). For repeating deliverables (e.g. project reports), both due and miles can contain comma-separated lists. Deliverables are numbered by labels whose shape can be customized by number, where the shape of the label can be specified by redefining \deliv@label and referenced by \delivref{\lambda(wp)\} \{\lambda(id)\} where \lambda wp\ is the work package identifier and $\langle id \rangle$ that if the deliverable and $\langle id \rangle + \langle id \rangle + \langle$ a reference with title. \localdelivref can be used to reference deliverables in the same work \localdelivrefpackage. \pdatacount{\langle wp\}{\delivs} gives the number of milestones of the work package $\langle wp \rangle$ \pdatacount{all}{delivs} that of all deliverables (aggregating over all work packages).

\delivref \delivtref

\deliv@label

Some proposal templates ask for an overview table of the deliverables which aggregates the deliverables of the respective work packages and areas ordered by due date. This can be generated with the \inputdelivs macro. This works index generation in IATEX. The wpdeliv environment writes the deliverable data to a file $\langle main \rangle$. delivs, which can be processed externally (usually just sorting with sort in Unix is sufficient) into $\langle main \rangle$. deliverables, which is then input via the \inputdelivs macro.

\inputdelivs

In some proposals, also work areas can have deliverables, then the above hold analogously for wpdelivs and wadeliv environments.

wadelivs wadeliv

Note that handling deliverables adds considerable overhead to proposal formatting and adds auxiliary files, so they are only activated if the deliverables option is given (see Section 2.1).

2.10 Referencing and Hyperlinking

The proposal package extends the hyperlinking provided by the hyperref package it includes to work packages, work groups, Whenever these are defined using the proposal infrastructure, the class saves the relevant information in the auxiliary file $\langle proposal \rangle$. aux. This information can be referenced via the \pdataref macro, which takes three arguments.

\pdataref

¹this is the default provided by the base proposal class, it can be specialized for proposal class instances by redefining the @milestones environment and correspondingly the milestone macro.

In a reference $\pdataref{\langle type \rangle}{\langle id \rangle}{\langle aspect \rangle}$ the first argument $\langle type \rangle$ specifies the type of the object (currently one of wp, wa, and partner) to be referenced, $\langle id \rangle$ specifies the identifier of the referenced object (it matches the identifier given in the id key of the object), and $\langle aspect \rangle$ specifies the aspect of the saved information that is referenced.

\pdatarefFB

For a work package $\langle aspect \rangle$ can be number, (the work package number), label (the label **WP**n where n is the work package number for referencing), title (the work package title), lead the work package leader, short (a short version of the WP title for tables). For work groups we have the same aspects with analogous meanings. In all cases, the referenced information carries a hyperlink to the referenced object.

\pdataRef \pdataRefFB \pdatacount The \pdataRef and \pdataRefFB macros are variant of \pdataref and \pdataRef that also carry a hyperlink (if the hyperref package is loaded).

The \pdatacount macro gives access to the numbers of certain aspects. For instance, the number of work packages in the proposal can be cited by \pdatacount{all}{wp}, similarly for work areas (if they are enabled), and finally, \pdatacount{ $\langle wa \rangle$ }{wp} gives the number of work packages for a work area $\langle wa \rangle$. This is very useful for talking about work plans in a general way. Other objects that can be counted are deliverables (\pdatacount{all}{deliverables}) and milestones (\pdatacount{all}{milestones}).

Note that since the referenceable information is written into the project data file $\langle proposal \rangle$. pdata file, it is available for forward references. However, it will only become available when the project data file is read, so the proposal has to be formatted twice for references to be correct.

\WAref

Unless the noworkareas macro is set, we also have the variants \WAref and \WAtref for work areas.

2.11 Coherence

Localization

Many proposals require ways to show coherence between the partners. The proposal class of coherencematrixs the macro coherencematrix for this which generates a matrix of symbols specifying joint publications, project organization, software/resource development, and supervision of students by the project partners that have been declared by the coherencematrix of symbols specifying joint by the project partners that have been declared by the coherence all take a comma-separated list of site coherencematrix of symbols specifying joint project. These macros all take a comma-separated list of site coherencematrix of symbols specifying joint project. These macros all take a comma-separated list of site coherencematrix of symbols specifying joint project. These macros all take a comma-separated list of site coherencematrix of symbols specifying joint project. These macros all take a comma-separated list of site coherencematrix of symbols specifying joint project. These macros all take a comma-separated list of site coherencematrix of symbols specifying joint publications.

\coherencetable The symbols used an be configured by redefining \jpub, \jproj, and \jorga, \jsoft, and \jpub \jsup.

\jproj

\jorga 2.12

\jsoft

\jsup

The proposal class offers some basic support for localization. This is still partial though, and I am not sure that this is the best way of setting things up. What I do is to define macros for all generated texts that can be redefined in the proposal classes that build in proposal. For instance the dfgproposal class [Kohlhase:pdrp:ctan] provides an option german for german-language proposals and project reports that triggers a redefinition of all of these macros at read time.

3 Limitations and Enhancements

The **proposal** is relatively early in its development, and many enhancements are conceivable. We will list them here.

1. macros cannot be used in work package and work area titles. They really mess up our \wpfig automation. The problem is that they are evaluated too early, and our trick with making them undefined while collecting the parts of the table-rows only works if we know which macros we may expect. We might specify all "allowable" macros in an optional key protectmacro, which is defined via

- 2. It would be great, if in the Gantt Charts, we could include some plausibility checks (for draft = not submit mode). I can see two at the moment:
 - calculating the effort (i.e. the weight of the black area) and visualizing it. Then we could check whether that is larger than the effort declared for the work package.
 - calculating (and visualizing) the monthly effort. That should be kind of even (or it has to be explained in the positions requested).
- 3. we currently do not have a way to relate PIs to sites, but we do not really need to.

If you have other enhancements to propose or feel you can alleviate some limitation, please feel free to contact the author.

Acknowledgements

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4 The Implementation

In this section we describe the implementation of the functionality of the proposal package.

4.1 Package Options and Format Initialization

We first set up the options for the package.

49 \RequirePackage{csquotes}

```
1 (*cls | reporting)
2 \newif\if@wpsubsection\@wpsubsectionfalse
3 \newif\ifsubmit\submitfalse
4 \newif\ifgrantagreement\grantagreementfalse
5 \newif\ifpublic\publicfalse
6 \newif\ifkeys\keysfalse
7 \newif\ifdelivs\delivsfalse
8 \newif\ifwork@areas\work@areastrue
9 \newif\if@RAM\@RAMfalse
10 \newif\if@svninfo\@svninfofalse
11 \newif\if@gitinfo\@gitinfofalse
12 \def\proposal@class{article}
13 \DeclareOption{wpsubsection}{\@wpsubsectiontrue}
14 \DeclareOption{submit}{\submittrue}
15 \DeclareOption{grantagreement}{\grantagreementtrue}
16 \DeclareOption{gitinfo}{\Qgitinfotrue}
17 \DeclareOption{svninfo}{\@svninfotrue}
18 \DeclareOption{public}{\publictrue}
19 \DeclareOption{noworkareas}{\work@areasfalse\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{pdata}}
20 \DeclareOption{RAM}{\@RAMtrue}
21 \DeclareOption{report}{\def\proposal@class{report}}
22 \DeclareOption{keys}{\keystrue}
23 \DeclareOption{deliverables}{\delivstrue}
24 \DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{article}}
25 \ProcessOptions
   Then we load the packages we make use of
26 \LoadClass[a4paper,twoside]{\proposal@class}
27 \RequirePackage{amssymb}
28 \RequirePackage{wasysym}
29 \RequirePackage{url}
30 \RequirePackage{graphicx}
31 \RequirePackage{colortbl}
32 \RequirePackage{xcolor}
33 \RequirePackage{rotating}
34 \RequirePackage{fancyhdr}
35 \RequirePackage{array}
36 \RequirePackage\{xspace\}
37 \RequirePackage{comment}
38 \AtBeginDocument{\ifpublic\excludecomment{private}\fi}
39 \RequirePackage{tikz}
40 \RequirePackage{paralist}
41 \RequirePackage[a4paper,margin=18mm]{geometry}
42 \RequirePackage{boxedminipage}
43 \% so that ednotes in wps do not run out of symbols
44 \renewcommand{\thempfootnote}{\roman{mpfootnote}}
45 \renewcommand{\familydefault}{\sfdefault}
46 \RequirePackage[scaled=.90]{helvet}
47 \RequirePackage{textcomp}
48 \RequirePackage[hyperref=auto,style=numeric,defernumbers=true,backend=bibtex,backref=true,firstinits=true,max
```

```
50 \RequirePackage{mdframed}
51 \RequirePackage{pdata}
in submit mode, we make the links a bit darker, so they print better.
52 \definecolor{darkblue}{rgb}{0,0,.7}
53 \ifsubmit\def\prop@link@color{darkblue}\else\def\prop@link@color{blue}\fi
54 \RequirePackage[bookmarks=true,linkcolor=\prop@link@color,
55 citecolor=\prop@link@color,urlcolor=\prop@link@color,colorlinks=true,
56 breaklinks=true, bookmarksopen=true]{hyperref}
```

the ed package [Kohlhase:ed:ctan] is very useful for collaborative writing and passing messages between collaborators or simply reminding yourself of editing tasks, so we preload it in the class. However, we only want to show the information in draft mode. Furthermore, we adapt the options for the svninfo and gitinfo2 packages.

```
57 \ifsubmit
58 \RequirePackage[hide]{ed}
59 \if@svninfo\RequirePackage[final,today]{svninfo}\fi
60 \else
61 \RequirePackage[show]{ed}
62 \if@svninfo\RequirePackage[eso-foot,today]{svninfo}\fi
63 \if@gitinfo\RequirePackage[mark]{gitinfo2}\fi
64 \fi
65 \renewcommand\ednoteshape{\sl\footnotesize}
```

Private We configure the comment package, so that it provides the private environment depending on the status of the public option.

66 \ifpublic\excludecomment{private}\else\includecomment{private}\fi

And we set up the appearance of the proposal. We want numbered subsubsections.

```
67 \setcounter{secnumdepth}{3}
```

```
We specify the page headings.
```

```
68 \newif\ifofpage\ofpagefalse
```

69 \ifgrantagreement

70 \fancyhead{}

71 \renewcommand{\headrulewidth}{0pt}

72 \renewcommand{\footrulewidth}{0.4pt}

73 \else

74 \fancyhead[RE,LO] {\prop@gen@acronym}

75 \fancyhfoffset{0pt}

76 \fi

77 \fancyfoot[C]{}

78 \newcommand\prop@of@pages[2]{page~#1\ifofpage~of~#2\fi}

79 \ifgrantagreement

80 \fancyfoot[L]{\prop@gen@proposalnumber\quad \prop@gen@acronym\quad --\quad Part B}

81 \fancyfoot[R] {\thepage}

82 \else

83 \fancyhead[LE,RO]{\prop@of@pages\thepage{\pdataref@num{prop}{page}{last}}}

84 \fi

85 \pagestyle{fancyplain}

86 (/cls | reporting)

4.2 Proposal Metadata

pdata Most of the metadata functionality is encapsulated into the pdata package, which is shared by the proposal and report classes. pdata.sty first loads the workaddress package from sTeX and supplies the Euro symbol.

```
87 (*pdata)
```

```
89 \RequirePackage{eurosym}
  We define the keys for metadata declarations in the proposal environment, they park their argu-
  ment in an internal macro for use in the title page. The site key is the most complicated, so we
  take care of it first: We need a switch \if@sites that is set to true when the site key is used.
  Furthermore site=\langle site \rangle makes new keys \langle site \rangleRM and \langle site \rangleRAM (if the RAM option was set) for the
  workpackage environment and records the sites in the \prop@gen@sites token register.
  90 \newif\if@sites\@sitesfalse\let\prop@gen@sites=\relax%
  91 \newcounter{@site}%
  92 \define@key{prop@gen}{site}{\@sitestrue\@dmp{site=#1}%
  93 \stepcounter{@site}\pdata@def{site}{#1}{number}{\the@site}%
  94 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@sites}{\xdef\prop@gen@sites{#1}}{\xdef\prop@gen@sites{\prop@gen@sites,#1}}%
  95 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1RM}{\pdata@def{site}{#1}{intendedRM}{##1}}%
  96 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1RAM}{\pdata@def{site}{#1}{intendedRAM}{##1}}
  97 \label{lem:point} $97 \end{minipage} $$ \end{minipage} $$$ \end{minipage} $$ \end{minipage} $$ \end{minipage} $$ \end{minipage} $$ \end{minipage} $$$ \end{minipage} $$ \end{minipage} $$ \end{minipage} $$ \end{minipage} $$ \end{minipage} $$$ \end{minipage} $$ \end{minipage} $$ \end{minipage} $$ \end{minipage} $$$ \end{min
  98 \define@key{workpackage}{#1RAM}{\pdata@def\wp@id{#1}{RAM}{##1}}
  99 \define@key{prop@gen}{#1employed}{{\let\tabularnewline\relax\let\hline\relax\let\wa@ref\relax%
100 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@employed@lines}%
101 {\xdef\prop@gen@employed@lines{\wa@ref{institution}{#1}{shortname} & ##1\tabularnewline\hline}}%
102 {\xdef\prop@gen@employed@lines{\prop@gen@employed@lines \wa@ref{institution}{#1}{shortname} & ##1\tabularnew]
  If there are no sites, then we have to define keys RM and RAM that store the intended research
  (assistant months). Unfortunately, we cannot just include this in the \if@sites conditional here,
 since that is only set at runtime.
103 \define@key{prop@gen}{RM}{\@dmp{RM=#1}\if@sites%
104 \PackageWarning{Do not use the RM key in the presence of sites}\else%
105 \del{all}{intended}_{RM}_{\#1}\fi
106 \ensuremath{$\define@key{prop@gen}{RAM}_{\admp{RAM=\#1}\if@sites\%}$}
107 \PackageWarning{Do not use the RAM key in the presence of sites}\else%
108 \def{all}{intended}{RAM}{\#1}\fi
 similarly, the PI keys are registered in \prop@gen@PIs.
109 \define@key{prop@gen}{PI}{\@dmp{PI=#1}%
110 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@PIs}{\xdef\prop@gen@PIs{#1}}{\xdef\prop@gen@PIs{\prop@gen@PIs,#1}}}
 and the pubspage keys in \prop@gen@pubspages.
111 \define@key{prop@gen}{pubspage}{\@ifundefined{prop@gen@pubspages}%
112 {\xdef\prop@gen@pubspages{#1}}}{\xdef\prop@gen@pubspages{\prop@gen@pubspages,#1}}}
 the importfrom key reads the proposal data from its argument.
113 \define@key{prop@gen}{importfrom}{\message{importing proposal data from #1.pdata}\readpdata{#1}}
 The rest of the keys just store their value.
114 \define@key{prop@gen}{instrument}{\def\prop@gen@instrument{#1}%
115 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{instrument}{#1}\@dmp{inst=#1}}
116 \define@key{prop@gen}{title}{\def\prop@gen@title{#1}%
117 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{title}{#1}}
118 \define@key{prop@gen}{acronym}{\gdef\prop@gen@acronym{#1}%
119 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{acronym}{#1}\@dmp{acro=#1}}
120 \define@key{prop@gen}{acrolong}{\def\prop@gen@acrolong{#1}%
121 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{acrolong}{#1}}
122 \define@key{prop@gen}{proposalnumber}{\def\prop@gen@proposalnumber{#1}%
123 \end{2mm} 123 \end{2mm} in \cite{2mm} 123 \end{2mm} 
124 \end{fine@key{prop@gen}{discipline}{\end{fine@key{prop@gen@discipline}}}} \label{fine@key{prop@gen}{discipline}{\end{fine}} \label{fine@key{prop@gen}{discipline}{\end{fine}} \label{fine}
125 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{discipline}{#1}}
126 \define@key{prop@gen}{areas}{\def\prop@gen@areas{#1}%
127 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{areas}{#1}}
128 \define@key{prop@gen}{start}{\def\prop@gen@start{#1}%
129 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{start}{#1}}
```

88 \RequirePackage{workaddress} [2011/05/03]

```
130 \define@key{prop@gen}{months}{\def\prop@gen@months{#1}%
                                                    131 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{months}{#1}}
                                                    132 \displaystyle \define@key{prop@gen}{since}{\def\prop@gen@since{#1}%}
                                                    133 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{since}{#1}}
                                                    134 \define@key{prop@gen}{totalduration}{\def\prop@gen@totalduration{#1}%
                                                    135 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{totalduration}{#1}}
                                                    136 \define@key{prop@gen}{fundsuntil}{\def\prop@gen@fundsuntil{#1}%
                                                    137 \pdata@def{prop}{gen}{fundsuntil}{#1}}
                                                    138 \end{fine} $$ \end{fine} exercises $$ \end{fine}
                                                    140 \define@key{prop@gen}{keywords}{\def\prop@gen@keywords{#1}}
                                                       and the default values, these will be used, if the author does not specify something better.
                                                    141 \newcommand\prop@gen@acro@default{ACRONYM}
                                                    142 \def\prop@gen@acro{\prop@gen@acro@default}
                                                    143 \newcommand\prop@gen@months@default{???months???}
                                                    144 \def\prop@gen@months{\prop@gen@months@default}
                                                    145 \newcommand\prop@gen@title@default{???Proposal Title???}
                                                    146 \def\prop@gen@title{\prop@gen@title@default}
                                                    147 \newcommand\prop@gen@instrument@default{??? Instrument ???}
                                                    148 \def\prop@gen@instrument{\prop@gen@instrument@default}
                   \prop@tl An auxiliary macro that is handy for making tables of WorkAddress data.
                                                    149 \newcommand\prop@tl[2]{\xdef\tab@line{}
                                                    150 \ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath}\ensuremath{\mbox{\colorwidth}}\ensuremath}\ensuremath{\mb
                                                    151 \tab@line}
                                                       4.3
                                                                              Proposal Appearance
                                                       We define the keys for the proposal appearance
                                                    152 \def\prop@gen@compactht{false}
                                                    153 \end{fine} \end{
                                                    154 (/pdata)
                      emphbox
                                                    156 \newmdenv[settings=\large]{emphbox}
                                                                              Title Page
                                                       4.4
                                                    This internal environment is called in the proposal environment from the proposal class. The
prop@proposal
                                                       implementation here is only a stub to be substituted in a specialized class.
                                                    157 \newenvironment{prop@proposal}
                                                    158 {\thispagestyle{empty}%
                                                    159 \begin{center}
                                                                     {\LARGE \prop@gen@instrument}\\[.2cm]
                                                    160
                                                                      {\LARGE\textbf{\prop@gen@title}}\\[.3cm]
                                                    161
                                                                      {\LARGE Acronym: {\prop@gen@acronym}}\\[.2cm]
                                                    162
                                                                      {\large\today}\\[1em]
                                                    163
                                                                      \begin{tabular}{c*{\the@PIs}{c}}
                                                    164
                                                                              \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\wa@ref{person}\tl@ext{name}}\\
                                                    165
                                                    166
                                                                              \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\wa@ref{institution}{\wa@ref{person}\tl@ext{affiliation}}{name}}
                                                    167 \end{tabular}\ [2cm]
                                                    168 \end{center}
                                                    169 \setcounter{tocdepth}{2}\tableofcontents\newpage\setcounter{page}{1}}
```

```
170 {\section{List of Attachments}
                      171 \begin{itemize}
                      172 \@for\@I:=\prop@gen@PIs\do{%
                      173 \item Curriculum Vitae and list of publications for
                               \wa@ref{person}\@I{personaltitle} \wa@ref{person}\@I{name}}
                      175 \end{itemize}\newpage
                      176 \printbibliography[heading=warnpubs]}
     proposal
                       The proposal environment reads the metadata keys defined above, and if there were no site keys,
                        then it defines keys RM and RAM (unless the noRAM package option was given) for the workpackage
                        environment. Also it reads the project data file and opens up the project data file \pdata@out,
                        which it also closes at the end.
                              The environment calls an internal version of the environment prop@proposal that can be
                        customized by the specializing classes.
                      177 \newenvironment{proposal}[1][]{\readpdata\jobname
                      178 \ofpagetrue\setkeys{prop@gen}{#1}
                      179 \pdata@open\jobname
                      180 \if@sites\else
                      181 \end{fine} \end{
                      182 \define@key{workpackage}{RAM}{\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{RAM}{##1}\@dmp{RAM=##1}}
                      184 \newcounter{@PIs}
                      185 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@PIs}{}{\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@PIs\do{\stepcounter{@PIs}}}
                      186 \newcounter{@sites}
                      187 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@sites}{}{\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\stepcounter{@sites}}}
                      188 \setcounter{page}{0}
                      189 \begin{prop@proposal}}
                        Now we come to the end of the environment, we take care of the last page and print the references.
                      190 {\end{prop@proposal}
                      191 \pdata@def{prop}{page}{last}{\thepage}\ofpagefalse
                      192 \pdata@close}
                      193 (/cls)
                              The report environment is similar, but somewhat simpler
         report
                      194 (*reporting)
                      195 \newif\if@report\@reportfalse
                      196 \newenvironment{report}[1][]%
                      197 {\@reporttrue\readpdata\jobname%
                      198 \ofpagetrue\setkeys{prop@gen}{#1}%
                      199 \pdata@open\jobname%
                      201 \@ifundefined{prop@gen@sites}{}{\newcounter{@sites}\@for\@I:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\stepcounter{@sites}}}%
                      202 \setcounter{page}{0}%
                      203 \begin{prop@report}}
                      204 {\end{prop@report}%
                      206 \printbibliography[heading=warnpubs]
                      207 \pdata@close}
prop@report
                      208 \newenvironment{prop@report}
                      209 {\begin{center}
                                {\LARGE Final Project Report}\\[.2cm]
                                {\LARGE\textbf{\prop@gen@title}}\\[.3cm]
```

Now we come to the end of the environment:

```
{\LARGE Acronym: {\prop@gen@acronym}}\\[.2cm]
                                                                                         {\large\today}\\[1em]
                                                                     213
                                                                                        \begin{tabular}{c*{\the@PIs}{c}}
                                                                     214
                                                                                                 \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\wa@ref{person}\tl@ext{name}}\\
                                                                     215
                                                                     216
                                                                                                  \prop@tl\prop@gen@PIs{\wa@ref{institution}{\wa@ref{person}\tl@ext{affiliation}}{name}}
                                                                     217 \end{tabular}\[2cm]
                                                                     218 \end{center}
                                                                     219 \setcounter{tocdepth}{2}\tableofcontents\newpage\setcounter{page}{1}}
                                                                     221 (/reporting)
                                        \site*
                                                                     222 (*cls)
                                                                     223 \newcommand\site[1]{\hyperlink{site@#1@target}{\wa@ref{institution}{#1}{acronym}}}
                                                                     224 \newcommand\sitename[1]{\hyperlink{site@#1@target}{\wa@ref{institution}{#1}{name}}}
                                                                        4.5
                                                                                                  Objectives
                                                                        We first define a presentation macro for objectives
\objective@label
                                                                     225 \newcommand\objective@label[1]{0#1}
                                                                        We define the keys for the objectives environment
                                                                     226 \end{fine} \end{
                                                                     227 \end{fine} {\end{fine} when $$ $ 227 \end{fine} {\end{fine} when $$ $ $ 227 \end{fine} $$ $ $ 227 \end{fine} $$ $ $ 227 \end{fine} $$ 227 \end
                                                                     228 \define@key{obj}{short}{\def\obj@short{#1}\@dmp{short=#1}}
                                                                        And a counter for numbering objectives
                                                                     229 \newcounter{objective}
                           objective
                                                                     230 \newenvironment{objective}[1][]
                                                                     231 {\let\obj@id\relax\let\obj@title\relax\let\obj@short\relax%
                                                                     232 \setkeys{obj}{#1}\stepcounter{objective}%
                                                                     233 \goodbreak\smallskip\par\noindent%
                                                                     234 \textbf{\objective@label{\arabic{objective}}:%
                                                                     235 ~\pdata@target{obj}{\obj@id}{\pdataref{obj}{\obj@id}{title}}\ignorespaces}%
                                                                     236 \pdata@def{obj}\obj@id{label}{\objective@label\theobjective}%
                                                                     237 \@ifundefined{obj@title}{}{\pdata@def{obj}\obj@id{title}\obj@title}%
                                                                     238 \@ifundefined{obj@short}{}\pdata@def{obj}\obj@id{short}\obj@short}}
                                                                     239 {}
                                   \OBJref
                                                                     240 \newcommand\OBJref[1]{\pdataRef{obj}{#1}{label}}
                                                                     241 \newcommand\OBJtref[1]{\OBJref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{obj}{#1}{short}{title}}
                                                                        4.6
                                                                                                  Work Packages and Work Groups
                                                                        We first define keys for work groups (if we are in an IP).
                                                                     242 \ifwork@areas
                                                                     243 \end{area} id} {\end{area} id} {\end{are
                                                                     244 \define@key{workarea}{title}{\pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{title}{#1}}
                                                                     245 \define@key{workarea}{short}{\pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{short}{#1}}
                                                                     246 \define@key{workarea}{lead}{\pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{lead}{#1}}
                                                                     247 \fi
```

```
248 \define@key{workpackage}{id}{\def\wp@id{#1}\@dmp{id=#1}}
                             249 \end{fine} workpackage} {title} {\pdata@def\{wp\}\wp@id\{title\}\{\#1\}} 
                             252 \define@key{workpackage}{type}{\def\wp@type{#1}\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{type}{#1}}
                             253 \define@key{workpackage}{wphases}{\def\wp@wphases{#1}\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{wphases}{#1}}
                             254 \define@key{workpackage}{swsites}[true]{\def\wp@swsites{#1}}
                              We define the constructors for the work package and work group labels and titles.
                             255 \newcommand\wp@mk@title[1]{Work Package {#1}}
                             256 \newcommand\wp@label[1]{WP{#1}}
                             257 \ifwork@areas
                             258 \mbox{ } \mbox{newcommand} \mbox{ } \mbox{wa@label[1]{WA{#1}}}
                             259 \newcommand\wa@mk@title[1]{Work Area {#1}}
                             260 \fi
                              The wa and wp counters are for the work packages and work groups, the counter deliv for deliv-
                             261 \ifwork@areas\newcounter{wa}\newcounter{wp}[wa]\else\newcounter{wp}\fi
                             262 \ifdelivs\newcounter{deliv}[wp]\fi
                             263 \newcounter{allwp}
            \update@*
                             update the list \@wps of the work packages in the local group and the list \@was work groups for
                              the staff efforts table: if \@wps is undefined, then initialize the comma-separated list, otherwise
                              extend it.^3
        EdN:3
                             264 \newcommand\update@wps[1]{\cifundefined{@wps}{\xdef\@wps{$1}}}{\xdef\@wps{\cite{command}}}
                             266 \newcommand \ndefined \task@deps {$1\}} \xdef \task@deps {$1\}} 
                             \decode@wphase decodes a string of the form <math>\langle start \rangle - \langle end \rangle! \langle force \rangle and defines the macros
    \decode@wphase
                              \wphase@start, \wphase@end, and \wphase@force with the three parts and also computes
                              \wphase@len. The intermediate parsing macro \decode@p@start parses out the start (a number),
                              and passes on to \decode@p@end, which parses out the end (another number) and the force string,
                              which is either empty (if the !\langle force \rangle part is omitted) or of the form !\langle force \rangle. In the first case the
                              default value 1 is returned for \decode@force in the second \( force \).
                             268 \newcommand\decode@wphase[1] {\expandafter\decode@p@start#10%  
                             269 \local@count\wphase@end\advance\local@count by -\wphase@start%
                             270 \def\wphase@len{\the\local@count}}
                             271 \def\decode@p@start#1-#20{\def\wphase@start{#1}\decode@p@end#2!@}
                             272 \def\decode@p@end#1!#2@{\def\wphase@end{#1}\def\@test{#2}%
                             273 \ifx\@test\@empty\def\wphase@force{1}\else\decode@p@force#2\fi}
                             274 \def\decode@p@force#1!{\def\wphase@force{#1}}
                             We first iteratively decode the work phases, so that the last definition of \wphase@end remains,
\startend@wphases
                              then we parse out the start of the first workphase to define \wphase@start
                             275 \def\wphases@start#1-#2@{\def\wphase@start{#1}}
                             276 \newcommand\startend@wphases[1]{\def\@test{#1}}
                             277 \ \texttt{\footnote{0}\def\wphase@start{0}\def\wphase@end{0}\else{\%}} \\
                             278 \@for\@I:=#1\do{\expandafter\decode@p@start\@I @}
                             279 \expandafter\wphases@start#1@\fi}
                                   with these it is now relatively simple to define the interface macros.
                                  ^3EDNOTE: with the current architecture, we cannot have work areas that do not contain work packages, this leads
```

work packages have similar ones.

to the error that wps is undefined in endworkplan

```
The workpackage environment collects the keywords, steps the counters, writes the metadata to
                 work@package
                                                                       the aux file, updates the work packages in the local group, generates the work package number
                                                                       \wp@num.
                                                                    280 \newcounter{wp@RM}
                                                                    281 \if@RAM\newcounter{wp@RAM}\fi
                                                                    282 \newenvironment{work@package}[1][]%
                                                                    283 {\displaystyle \frac{0-0}{\%} \ default \ values}
                                                                    284 \def\wp@swsites{false}
                                                                    285 \setkeys{workpackage}{#1}\stepcounter{wp}\stepcounter{allwp}%
                                                                    286 \startend@wphases\wp@wphases%
                                                                    287 \quad \texttt{wp}\wp@id{start}\wphase@start\pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{end}\wphase@end%
                                                                    289 \let\@tasks=\relax%
                                                                    290 \edef\wp@num{\ifwork@areas\thewa.\fi\thewp}%
                                                                    291 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{label}{\wp@label\wp@num}%
                                                                    292 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{number}{\thewp}%
                                                                    293 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{page}{\thepage}%
                                                                    294 \update@wps\wp@id%
                                                                    295 \edef\wp@num{\ifwork@areas\thewa.\fi\thewp}%
                                                                    296 \pdata@def\{wp\}{\wp@id}{num}{\thewp}%
                                                                      If we have sites, we have to compute the total RM and RAM for this WP.
                                                                    297 \if@sites%
                                                                    298 \setcounter{wp@RM}{0}\if@RAM\setcounter{wp@RAM}{0}\fi%
                                                                    299 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
                                                                    300 \edgn(RM) 
                                                                    301 \if@RAM\edef\@RAM{\pdataref@num\wp@id\@site{RAM}}\addtocounter{wp@RAM}{\@RAM}\fi}
                                                                    302 \pdata@def{wp}\wp@id{RM}{\thewp@RM}%
                                                                    303 \ \texttt{\fime} \ \texttt{\
                                                                    304 \fi}% if@sites
                                                                    305 {\ensuremath{\cite{Ctasks}{}}{\pdata@def{\wp@id}{task}{ids}\ensuremath{\cite{Ctasks}}}}
                                                                    With this, it becomes simple to define a work package environment. We consider two cases, if
                      workpackage
                                                                       we have sites, then we make a header table. If not, we can make things much simpler: we just
                                                                       generate a subsection
                                                                    306 \newenvironment{workpackage}[1][]%
                                                                    307 {\begin{work@package}[#1]%
                                                                    308 \ifgrantagreement\else
                                                                    309 %\if@wpsubsection\subsubsection*{{\wp@mk@title\thewp}: \pdataref{wp}\wp@id{title}}\fi
                                                                    310 \if@sites\goodbreak\medskip\wpheadertable%
                                                                    311 \else\subsubsection*{{\wptitle} (\wprm)}\fi%
                                                                    312 \addcontentsline{toc}{paragraph}{{\wp@mk@title\thewp}: \pdataref{wp}\wp@id{title}}}%
                                                                    313 \noindent\ignorespaces%
                                                                    314 \fi}
                                                                    315 {\end{work@package}}
                  \mathrm{Ed}N_{}ptitle
                                                                    316 \newcommand\wptitle{\wp@mk@title{\wp@num}: \pdata@target{wp}{\wp@id}{\pdataref{wp}\wp@id{title}}}
                  EdN:5 \wprm
                                                                     317 \end{aref@safe{wp}\leftarrow RM+\pdataref{wp}\leftarrow RAM} if @RAM \end{aref} RAM \end{are
                                                                     Called as \left(site\right) {\left(tokens\right)} the following happens: If \left(tokens\right)
@site@contributes
                                                                       is \@true (set by the compactht attribute on the proposal environment), then \langle tokens \rangle is pro-
                                                                       cessed. Otherwise, \langle tokens \rangle is only processed if \langle site \rangle contributes to the current work package (i.e.
                                                                       the RM \neq 0 and RAM \neq 0)
```

⁴EdNote: document above ⁵EdNote: document above

```
318 \newcount\site@contribution%
                                              319 \newcommand\if@site@contributes[2]{%
                                              320 \ifx\prop@gen@compactht\@true
                                              321 \if@RAM\ifnum\pdataref@num\wp@id{#1}{RM} > 0 \ifnum \pdataref@num\wp@id{#1}{RAM} > 0 #2\fi\fi
                                              322 \else\ifnum\pdataref@num\wp@id{#1}{RM} > 0 #2\fi\fi
                                              323 \else #2\fi}
     \wp@sites@line
                                                           The following macro computes the sites line (in the token register \wp@sites@line), the efforts
     \wp@efforts@lihae (in \wp@efforts@line), and the sites number (in the counter \sites@num) for later inclusion
     \wp@sites@num in the \wpheadertable. If \prop@gen@compactht is \@true, then no sites without contributions
                                                 are listed in the table.
                                              324 \newcounter{wp@sites@num}
                                              325 \newcommand\wp@sites@efforts@lines{%
                                              326 \setcounter{wp@sites@num}{0}
                                              327 {\let\G@refundefinedtrue=\relax\let\@latex@warning=\relax\let\@sw\relax%
                                              328 \let\site\relax\let\textbf\relax\let\sum@style\relax\let\lead@style\relax%
                                              329 \let\pn\relax\let\sys\relax%
                                              330 \xdef\wp@sites@line{\wp@legend@site}\xdef\wp@efforts@line{\wp@legend@effort}%initialize lines
                                              331 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\if@site@contributes\@site{\stepcounter{wp@sites@num}}%
                                              332 \xdef\wp@sites@line{\wp@sites@line%
                                              333 \if@site@contributes\@site{&%
                                              334 \ifx\wp@swsites\@true%
                                              335 \@sw{\ifx\@site\wp@lead\lead@style{\site{\\@site}}\else\site{\\@site}\fi}%
                                              336 \else\ifx\@site\wp@lead\lead@style{\site{\@site}}\else\site{\@site}\fi%
                                              337 \fi}}%
                                              338 \xdef\wp@efforts@line{\wp@efforts@line%
                                              339 \if@site@contributes\@site{&%
                                              340 \ifx\@site\wp@lead%
                                              341 \leq (M) + (M) = (M) + (M) = (M) + (M) 
                                              342 \else\pdataref@safe\wp@id\@site\{RM\}\if@RAM+\pdataref@safe\wp@id\@site\{RAM\}\fi\fi\}\}
                                              343 }% do
                                              344 \end{align} \label{line} wp@sites@line\&\sum@style{\wp@legend@ali}}% \label{line} \labell{line} \labell} \labell{line} \labell{line} \labell{line} \labell{line} \la
                                              345 \xdef\wp@efforts@line{\wp@efforts@line&
                                              346 \sum@style{\textbf{\pdataref{wp}\wp@id{RM}\if@RAM+\pdataref{wp}\wp@id{RAM}\fi}}}}
\wpheadertable This macro computes the default work package header table, if there are sites.
                                              347 \newcommand\wpheadertable{%
                                              348 \wp@sites@efforts@lines%
                                              349 \par\noindent\begin{tabular}{||||||*{\thewp@sites@num}{c|}|c|}\hline%
                                              350 \textbf{\wp@mk@title{\wp@num}}&\wp@sites@line\\hline%
                                              351 \text{$$1 \text{$\pdata@target\{wp}_{wp@id}_{title}}} \& \text{$$wp@efforts@line}\\
                                              352 \end{tabular}\smallskip\par\noindent\ignorespaces}
                                                 and now multilinguality support
                                              353 \newcommand\wp@legend@site{Site}
                                              354 \newcommand\wp@legend@effort{Effort\if@RAM{ (RM+RAM)}\fi}
                                              355 \newcommand\wp@legend@all{\textbf{all}}
                  workarea the workarea environment for work groups is almost the same, but we also have to initialize the
                                                 work package counters. Also, the efforts can be computed from the work packages in this group
                                                 via the wa@effort counter
                                              356 \newcounter{prop@RM}\if@RAM\newcounter{prop@RAM}\fi
                                              357 \ifwork@areas
                                              358 \end{area} if QRAM \end{area} if QRAM \end{area} in ewcounter {waQRAM} \fi\end{area} in ewcounter {waQwps} if QRAM \end{area} if QRAM \end{a
                                              359 \newenvironment{workarea}[1][]
                                              360 {\setkeys{workarea}{#1}
```

361 \let\@wps=\relax 362 \stepcounter{wa}

```
364 \d {\def{wa}{\def{number}{\thewa}}}
                               365 \pdata@def{wa}{\wa@id}{page}{\thepage}
                               366 \update@was{\wa@id}
                               367 \pdata@def{wa}{\wa@id}{num}{\thewa}
                               368 \setcounter{wa@RM}{0}\if@RAM\setcounter{wa@RAM}{0}\fi\setcounter{wa@wps}{0}
                               369 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@aux\wa@id{wp}{ids}}
                               370 \@for\@wp:=\@@wps\do{\stepcounter{wa@wps}%
                               371 \if@sites
                               372 \ensuremath{\texttt{Qfor}\ensuremath{\texttt{Qsite}:=\prop@gen@sites}}\do{\%}
                                                \edef\@RM{\pdataref@num\@wp\@site{RM}}
                               373
                               374
                                                 \if@RAM\edef\@RAM{\pdataref@num\@wp\@site{RAM}}\fi
                                                 \addtocounter{wa@RM}{\@RM}\addtocounter{prop@RM}{\@RM}
                                                \if@RAM\addtocounter{wa@RAM}{\@RAM}\addtocounter{prop@RAM}{\@RAM}\fi}
                               376
                               377 \else
                               378 \edef\encom{p}\encom{mp}\encom{RM}}
                               380 \addtocounter{wa@RM}{\@RM}\addtocounter{prop@RM}{\@RM}
                               381 \if@RAM\addtocounter{wa@RAM}{\@RAM}\addtocounter{prop@RAM}{\@RAM}\fi
                               382 \fi}
                               383 \pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{RM}\thewa@RM
                               384 \pdata@def{prop}{all}{RM}\theprop@RM
                               385 \if@RAM
                               386 \pdata@def{wa}\wa@id{RAM}\thewa@RAM
                               387 \pdata@def{prop}{all}{RAM}\theprop@RAM
                               389 \subsubsection*{{\wa@mk@title\thewa}: {\pdata@target{wa}\wa@id{\pdataref{wa}\wa@id{title}}}}
                               391 \ignorespaces}
                               392 $$  \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$ \end{Output} find $$
workplan The workplan environment sets up the accumulator macros \@wps, \@was, for the collecting the
                                  identifiers of work packages and work groups. At the end of the workplan description it writes out
                                  their content to the aux file for reference.
                               393 \ifdelivs\newwrite\wpg@delivs\fi
                               394 \newenvironment{workplan}%
                               395 {\ifdelivs\immediate\openout\wpg@delivs=\jobname.delivs\fi
                               396 \ifwork@areas\let\@was=\relax\else\let\@wps=\relax\fi}%
                               397 {\Cifundefined{task@deps}{}{\pdata@def{all}{task}{deps}{\task@deps}}
                               398 \pdata@def{all}{task}{count}{\thealltasks}
                               399 \ifwork@areas
                               400 \ensuremath{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ensuremath{\mbox{0}}}{\ens
                               402 \end{conv} {\pdata@def{all}{wp}{ids}\end{conv} } \label{conv} 
                               403 \fi
                               404 \ifdelivs\@ifundefined{mile@stones}{}
                               405 {\cor\QI:=\mileQstones\do{\%}}
                               406 \quad delivs{{\cmame}}{fined} (QI delivs){{\cmame}}}{fined} (QI delivs){{\cmame}}}{fined} (QI delivs){{\cmame}}}{fined} (QI delivs){{\cmame}}}{fined} (QI delivs){{\cmame}}}{fined} (QI delivs){{\cmame}}{fined} (QI deli
                               407 \ifwork@areas\pdata@def{all}{wa}{count}{\thewa}\fi
                               408 \pdata@def{all}{wp}{count}{\theallwp}
                               409 \ifdelivs
                               410 \pdata@def{all}{deliverables}{count}{\thedeliverable}
                               411 \pdata@def{all}{milestones}{count}{\themilestone}
                               412 \fi
                               413 \ifdelivs\closeout\wpg@delivs\fi}
```

4.7 Milestones and Deliverables

```
deliv@error this macro raises an error if deliverable commands are used without the deliverables option
              being set.
             414 \newcommand\deliv@error{\PackageError{proposal}
             415 (To use use deliverables, you have to specify the option 'deliverables')}
    wpdelivs
             416 \newenvironment{wpdelivs}{\begin{wp@delivs}}{\end{wp@delivs}}
   wp@delivs
             417 \newenvironment{wp@delivs}
             418 {\ifdelivs\textbf\deliv@legend@delivs:\\[-3ex]%
             419 \begin{compactdesc}\else\deliv@error\fi}
             420 {\ifdelivs\end{compactdesc}\fi}
              and now multilinguality support
             421 \newcommand\deliv@legend@delivs{Deliverables}
   \wadelivs
             422 \newenvironment{wadelivs}
             423 {\textbf\deliv@legend@delivs:\\[-3ex]\begin{wp@delivs}}
             424 {\end{wp@delivs}}
        \lec This macro is generally useful to put a comment at the end of the line, possibly making a new
              one if there is not enough space.
             425 \newcommand \lec [1] {\strut \null \nobreak \hfill \hbox{$\leadsto$#1} \par} 
\deliv@label
             426 \newcommand\deliv@label[1]{D{#1}}
 \*deliv*ref This macro is generally useful to put a comment at the end of the line, possibly making a new
              one if there is not enough space.
             427 \newcommand\delivref[2]{\pdataRef{deliv}{#1#2}{label}}
             428 \newcommand\localdelivref[1]{\delivref{\wp@id}{#1}}
             429 \newcommand\delivtref[2]{\delivref{#1}{#2}: \pdataRefFB{deliv}{#1#2}{short}{title}}
             430 \newcommand\localdelivtref[1]{\delivtref{\wp@id}{#1}}
 \wpg@deliv We first define the keys
             431 \define@key{deliv}{id}{\def\deliv@id{#1}}
             432 \define@key{deliv}{due}{\def\deliv@due{#1}}
             433 \define@key{deliv}{dissem}{\def\deliv@dissem{#1}}
             434 \define@key{deliv}{nature}{\def\deliv@nature{#1}}
             435 \define@key{deliv}{miles}{\def\deliv@miles{#1}}
             436 \define@key{deliv}{short}{\def\deliv@short{#1}}
             437 \define@key{deliv}{lead}{\def\deliv@lead{#1}}
              The \wpdeliv macro cycles over the due dates and generates the relevant entries into the deliv-
              erables file. The first step is to write the general metadata to the pdata file.
             438 \newcounter{deliverable}
             439 \newcommand{\wpg@deliv}[3]{\% keys, title, type
             440 \stepcounter{deliverable}
             441 \let\deliv@miles=\relax% clean state
             442 \ensuremath{\mbox{def}\ensuremath{\mbox{wp}}\%} set up ifx
             443 \def\wpg@id{\csname #3@id\endcsname}
             444 \setkeys{deliv}{#1}\stepcounter{deliv}% set state
             445 \ifx\@type\@wp\def\current@label{\deliv@label{\ifwork@areas\thewa.\fi\thewp.\thedeliv}}
             446 \else\def\current@label{\deliv@label{\thewa.\thedeliv}}\fi
```

```
447 \pdata@def{deliv}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}{label}{\current@label}
                              448 \pdata@def{deliv}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}{title}{#2}
                              449 \deliv{\deliv@id}{page}{\thepage}%
                              450 \@ifundefined{deliv@short}
                              451 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}{short}{#2}}
                              452 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}{short}{\deliv@short}}
                              453 \@ifundefined{deliv@nature}
                              454 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{key 'nature' for Deliv \wpg@id undefined}}
                              455 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}{nature}{\deliv@nature}}
                              456 \@ifundefined{deliv@dissem}
                              457 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{key 'dissem' for Deliv \wpg@id undefined}}
                              458 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}{dissem}{\deliv@dissem}}
                              459 \@ifundefined{deliv@lead}
                              460 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{key 'lead' for Deliv \wpg@id undefined}}
                              461 {\pdata@def{deliv}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}{lead}{\deliv@lead}}
                               Then we iterate over the due dates and generate an entry for teach of them.
                              462 \ensuremath{\texttt{\footnote{deliv@due}}}{\footnote{4}} \
                              463 \@for\@I:=\deliv@due\do{\protected@write\wpg@delivs{}{\string\deliverable%
                              464 {\ifnum\@I<10 0\@I\else\@I\fi}% sort key
                              465 {\@I}% due date
                              466 {\current@label}% label
                              467 {\@ifundefined{deliv@id}{??}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}}% id
                              468 {\@ifundefined{deliv@dissem}{??}{\deliv@dissem}}% dissemination level
                              469 {\@ifundefined{deliv@nature}{??}{\deliv@nature}}% nature
                              470 {#2}
                              471 {\ifx\ensuremath{\tt WP}\ifwork@areas\thewa.\fi\thewp}\ensuremath{\tt WA}\thewa}\fi\ensuremath{\tt WP}
                              472 {\tt deliv@lead} {\tt ???} {\tt string\site\{deliv@lead\}\}}} \\ {\tt lead} \\
                               And finally, we generate the entry into the deliverables table.
                              473 \item[\current@label\ (%
                              474 \delivs@legend@due: \@ifundefined{deliv@due}{???}{\deliv@due},
                              475 \delivs@legend@nature: \@ifundefined{deliv@nature}{???}{\deliv@nature},
                              476 \delivs@legend@dissem: \@ifundefined{deliv@dissem}{??}{\deliv@dissem},
                              477 \delivs@legend@lead: \@ifundefined{deliv@lead}{??}{\site{\deliv@lead}})]
                              478 \pdata@target{deliv}{\wpg@id\deliv@id}{\textit{#2}}
                              479 \@ifundefined{deliv@miles}{}{\% print the milestones and update their deliverables
                              480 \let\m@sep=\relax% do not print the separator the first time round
                              481 \lec{\@for\@I:=\deliv@miles\do{% Iterate over the milestones mentioned
                              482 \m@sep\pdataRef{mile}{\@I}{label}% print the milestone reference
                              483 \let\m@sep=,}}%set the separator for the next times
                              484 \def\d@sep{,}
                              485 \@for\@I:=\deliv@miles\do{% Iterate over the milestones mentioned
                                    \expandafter\ifx\csname\@I delivs\endcsname\relax% Check that the miles@delivs is empty
                              486
                                       {\expandafter\xdef\csname\@I delivs\endcsname{\wpg@id\deliv@id}}% if so, skip the separator
                              487
                                        \else\expandafter\xdef\csname\@I delivs\endcsname\if not add it
                                              {\csname\@I delivs\endcsname\d@sep\wpg@id\deliv@id}\fi}}
                                     Now, we only need to instantiate
               wadeliv
                              490 \newenvironment{wadeliv}[2][]{\ifdelivs\wpg@deliv{#1}{#2}{wa}\else\deliv@error\fi}{}
               wpdeliv
                              491 \newenvironment \{ wpdeliv \} [2] [3] \newenvironment \{ wpdeliv \} [2] \newenvironment \{ wpdeliv \} [3] \newenvironment \{ wpdeliv \} [2] \newenvironment \{ wpdeliv \} [3] \newenvironment \{ wpdeliv \} [2] \newenvironment \{ wpdeliv \} [3] \newenvironment \{ wpdeliv \} 
\milestone@label
                              492 \newcommand\milestone@label[1]{M{#1}}
```

```
\mileref This macro is generally useful to put a comment at the end of the line, possibly making a new
                         one if there is not enough space.
                        493 \newcommand\mileref[1]{\pdataRef{mile}{#1}{label}}
                        494 \newcommand\miletref[1]{\mileref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{mile}{#1}{short}{title}}
    \milestone create a new milestone, initialize its deliverables accumulator macro, set up hyperlinking, and
                         extend the milestones list.
                        495 \newcounter{milestone}
                        496 \define@key{milestone}{id}{\gdef\mile@id{#1}}
                        497 \define@key{milestone}{month}{\gdef\mile@month{#1}}
                        498 \define@key{milestone}{verif}{\gdef\mile@verif{#1}}
                        499 \newcommand\milestone[3][]{%
                        500 \ifdelivs%
                        501 \setkeys{milestone}{#1}\stepcounter{milestone}%
                        502 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{label}{\milestone@label{\themilestone}}%
                        503 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{month}{\mile@month}%
                        504 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{verif}{\mile@verif}%
                        505 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{title}{#2}%
                        506 \pdata@def{mile}\mile@id{description}{#3}%
                        507 \end{finedstones} {\bf \{\nile@stones} \{\nile@id\} \} {\bf \{\nile@stones} \{\nile@id\} \} } 
                        508 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{mile@id}{\#2}{\#3}}\% presentation
                        509 \else\deliv@error\fi}
  \@milestone the corresponding presentation macro.
                        510 \newcommand\@milestone[3]{% id, title, description
                        511 \item \textbf{\miles@legend@milestone \pdataref{mile}{#1}{label} (\miles@legend@month \pdataref{mile}\mile@ic
                        512 \textbf{#2}} #3}
                        513 \newcommand\miles@legend@month{Month}
                        514 \newcommand\miles@legend@milestone{Milestone}
   milestones This does the metadata bookkeeping, the layout is delegated to the presentation environment
                         Omilestones and the legend macros that can be customized for specific proposals.
                        515 \newenvironment{milestones}%
                        516 {\ifdelivs\begin{@milestones}\else\deliv@error\fi}
                        517 {\bf \{\delivs\def{all}\{mile\}\{ids\}\{\mile@stones\}\%}
                        518 \pdata@def{all}{mile}{count}{\themilestone}%
                        519 \end{@milestones}\fi}
  Omilestones here we do the work.
                        520 \newenvironment{@milestones}{\begin{enumerate}}{\end{enumerate}}
\deliverable the first argument is an extended due date to facilitate sorting.
                        521 \newcommand{\deliverable} [9] {\pdataRef{deliv}{#4}{label}\&\#7\&\#8\&\#9\&\#6\&\#5\&\#2\\\hline}\\%sortkey, due, label, id, title for the property of the property of
deliverables
                        523 \#&\textbf{\delivs@legend@name}&%
                        524 \textbf{\delivs@legend@wp}&%
                        525 \textbf{\delivs@legend@lead}&%
                        526 \textbf{\delivs@legend@nature}&%
                        527 \texttt{\delivs@legend@level}\&\%
                        528 \textbf{\delivs@legend@due}\\hline\hline%
```

529 \endhead%

530 \else\deliv@error\fi}

531 {\ifdelivs\end{longtable}\fi}

```
now the multilingual support
                  532 \newcommand\delivs@legend@name{Deliverable name}
                  533 \newcommand\delivs@legend@wp{WP}
                  534 \newcommand\delivs@legend@nature{Type}
                  535 \newcommand\delivs@legend@level{Level}
                  536 \newcommand\delivs@legend@due{Due}
                  537 \newcommand\delivs@legend@dissem{Dissem.}
                  538 \newcommand\delivs@legend@lead{Lead}
     \inputdelivs
                  539 \newcommand{\inputdelivs}[1]{%
                  540 \begin{deliverables}{#1}%
                  541 \IfFileExists{\jobname.deliverables}%
                  542 {\input{\jobname.deliverables}}%
                  543 {\tt \frieExists{\jobname.delivs}{\hiput{\jobname.delivs}}} \}
                  544 \end{deliverables}}
                   4.8
                          Tasks and Work Phases
         tasklist
                  545 \newenvironment{tasklist}
                  546 {\begin{compactenum}}{\end{compactenum}}
                   The next step is to
                  547 \newcommand\task@label[2]{\textbf{T#1.#2}}
                   We define the keys for the task macro
                  548 \define@key{task}{id}{\def\task@id{#1}\@dmp{id=#1}}
                  549 \ define@key{task}{wphases}{\def\task@wphases{#1}\pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{wphases}{#1}\call{pdata}} whases{#1}\call{pdata}
                  550 \define@key{task}{requires}{\@requires\task@id{#1}\@dmp{req=#1}}
                  551 \define@key{task}{title}{\def\task@title{#1}\pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{title}{#1}}
                  552 \define@key{task}{lead}{\def\task@lead{#1}\pdata@def{task}{\task@id\wp@id}{lead}{#1}}
                  553 \define@key{task}{partners}{\def\task@partners{#1}\pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{partners}{#1}}
                  554 \define@key{task}{PM}{\def\task@PM{#1}\pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{PM}{#1}}
                   then we define an auxiliary function that gives them sensible defaults and sets the internal macros.
                  555 \def\task@set#1{\edef\task@id{task\thetask@all}
                  556 \def\task@wphases{0-0}\def\task@partners{}\def\task@lead{}\def\task@PM{}
                  557 \setkeys{task}{#1}}
OpostOtitleOspace make the space after the title tweakable
                  558 \def\task@post@title@space{\;}
             task
                  559 \newcounter{alltasks}
                  560 \def\task@post@title@space{\quad}
                  561 \newcommand\task@legend@partners{Sites: }
                  562 \newcommand\task@legend@PM{PM}
                  563 \newenvironment{task}[1][]%
                  564 {\stepcounter{alltasks}%
                  565 \@task{#1}\item[\pdata@target{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{\task@label\thewp\thetask@wp}]%
                  566 \@ifundefined{task@title}{}{\textbf\task@title}\task@post@title@space%
                  567 \def\@initial{0-0}\ifx\task@wphases\@initial\else%
                  568 \let\@@sep=\relax\@for\@I:=\task@wphases%
                  569 \do{\decode@wphase\@I%
                  570 \@@sep\show@wphase\wphase@start\wphase@end\wphase@force%
                  571 \let\@@sep=\sep@wphases}%
                  572 \fi% initial
```

```
574 \ifsubmit\else\ifx\task@PM\@empty\else\task@PM~\task@legend@PM;\fi\fi%
           575 \ifx\task@lead\@empty\else\ \task@legend@partners\site\task@lead~(\legend@lead)\fi%
           576 \@for\@I:=\task@partners\do{, \site\@I}\\%
           577 \ignorespaces}
           578 {\medskip}
            now the multilingual support and presentation configuration
           579 \newcommand\month@label[1]{M#1}
           580 \newcommand\show@wphase[3] \{\edef\edge = 1\}\%
           581 \month@label{#1}-\month@label{#2}%
           582 \ifx\@test\@empty\else\ifx\@test\@one\else @#3\fi\fi}
           583 \newcommand\sep@wphases{; }
           584 \newcommand\legend@partners{Partners}
           585 \newcommand\legend@lead{lead}
           586 \newcommand\task@label@long{Task}
    \@task The \@task macro is a internal macro which takes a bunch of keyword keys and writes their values
            to the aux file.
           587 \newcounter{task@all}\newcounter{task@wp}[wp]
           588 \newcount\task@@end
           589 \def\@task#1{\stepcounter{task@all}\stepcounter{task@wp}%
           590 \task@set{#1}%
           591 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{wphases}\task@wphases
           592 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{label}{\task@label\thewp\thetask@wp}%
           593 \pdata@def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{number}{\thetask@wp}%
           594 \def{task}{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}{page}{\thepage}\%
           595 \update@tasks{\taskin\task@id\wp@id}}
\workphase
           596 \newcommand\workphase[1]{\PackageError{proposal}
                {The \protect\workphase macro is deprecated,\MessageBreak
           598
                  use the attributes wphase on the workpackage environment instead!}}
\*task*ref
           599 \newcommand\taskin[2]{#20#1}
           600 \newcommand\taskref[2]{\pdataRef{task}{#1@#2}{label}}
           601 \newcommand\taskreflong[2]{\pdataRef{task}{#2}{label}}
           602 \newcommand\tasktref[2]{\taskref{#1}{#2}: \pdataRefFB{task}{#10#2}{short}{title}}
           603 \end{\caltaskref[1]{\taskref{\wp@id}{\#1}}}
           604 \newcommand\localtasktref[1]{\tasktref{\wp@id}{#1}}
           now we initialize experimental infrastructure for task dependencies (not very well used/tested)
           605 \newcounter{gantt@deps}
           606 \def\@requires#1#2{\stepcounter{gantt@deps}%
           607 \edef\dep@id{taskdep\thegantt@deps}%
           608 \pdata@def{taskdep}\dep@id{from}{\taskin{#1}\wp@id}%
           609 \pdata@def{taskdep}\dep@id{to}{#2}%
           610 \update@deps\dep@id}
           611 (/cls)
                   Project Data, Referencing & Hyperlinking
            \pdata@out is the file handle for the project data file, we define internal macros to open and close
  \pdata@*
            it.
           612 (*pdata)
           613 \newif\ifwork@areas\work@areastrue
           614 \DeclareOption{noworkareas}{\work@areasfalse}
```

573 \hfill%

```
615 \ProcessOptions
                         616 \RequirePackage{xspace}
                         617 \newwrite\pdata@out
                         618 \newcommand\pdata@open[1] {\immediate\openout\pdata@out=#1.pdata}
                         619 \newcommand\pdata@close{\closeout\pdata@out}
     \readpdata This macro reads the project data file and its error handling
                         620 \newcommand\readpdata[1]{\IfFileExists{#1.pdata}
                         621 {\message{proposal: Reading Project Data}\makeatletter\input{#1.pdata}\makeatother}
                         622 {proposal: No Project Data found, (forward) references may be compromized}}
\pdata@target This internal macro makes a hyper-target: \pdata@target{\langle cat\}{\langle ld\}{\langle ldbel\}} prints \langle label\
                          with a target name \langle cat \rangle @\langle id \rangle @target attached to it.
                         623 \newcommand\pdata@target[3]{\hypertarget{#1@#2@target}{#3}}
     \pdata@def This macro writes an \@pdata@def command to the current aux file and also executes it.
                         624 \mbox{ newcommand<page-header>pdata@def[4]{$\cline{41}{$43}{$44}$}}
                                  \@pdata@def
                         This macro stores the value of its last argument in a custom macro for reference.
                         626 \newcommand\@pdata@def[4] {\expandafter\gdef\csname #10#20#3\endcsname{#4}}
       \pdataref
                         627 \newcommand\pdataref[3]{\@ifundefined{#10#20#3}%
                                                          {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{#3 for #1 #2 undefined}??}}%
                         628
                         629
                                                           {\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}%
                         630 \newcommand\pdataref@aux[3]{\c fundefined $\#10\#20\#3${??}{\c sname $\#10\#20\#3$\end{sname}}} % \newcommand\pdataref@aux[3]{\c fundefined $\#10\#20\#3$\end{sname}} % \newcommand\pdataref@aux[3]{\c fundefined $\#10\#3$\end{sname}} % \newcomm
                         631 \newcommand\pdataref@num[3]{\cifundefined{#1@#2@#3}{0}{\csname #1@#2@#3}endcsname}},
                         632 \newcommand\pdataref@safe[3]{\c fined{#10#20#3}{}{\c sname #10#20#3\endcsname}}{},
   \pdatarefFB a variant with fallback field.
                         633 \newcommand\pdatarefFB[4]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
                         634 {\circ} 410#20#4}%
                         635 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{both #3 and its fallback #4 undefined for #1 #2}??}%
                         636 {\csname #10#20#4\endcsname}}
                         637 {\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}
       \pdataRef
                         638 \newcommand\pdataRef[3] {\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
                         639 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{#3 for #1 #2 undefined}???}%
                         640 {\hyperlink{#10#20target}{\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}}
   \pdataRefFB a variant with fallback field,
                         641 \newcommand\pdataRefFB[4]{\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#3}%
                         642 {\@ifundefined{#1@#2@#4}%
                         643 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{both #3 and its fallback #4 undefined for #1 #2}??}%
                         644 {\hyperlink{#10#20target}{\csname #10#20#4\endcsname}}}
                         645 {\hyperlink{#10#20target}{\csname #10#20#3\endcsname}}}
   \pdatacount
                         646 \newcommand\prop@count[1]{\if case #1 zero\or one\or two\or three\or four\or six\or seven \or \newcommand\prop@count[1]{}
                         647 eight\or nine\or ten\or eleven \or twelve\else#1\fi}
                         648 \newcommand\pdatacount[2]{\prop@count{\pdataref@num{#1}{#2}{count}}}
                pn*
                         649 \newcommand\pn{\pdataref{prop}{gen}{acronym}\xspace}
                         650 \newcommand\pnlong{\pdataref{prop}{gen}{acrolong}\xspace}
```

```
651 \newcommand\WPref[1]{\pdataRef{wp}{#1}{label}}
             652 \newcommand\\WPtref[1]{\\WPref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{\wp}{\#1}{\short}{\title}}
             653 \ifwork@areas
             654 \mbox{ } \mbox{mem and \WAref [1] {\pdataRef{wa}{#1}{label}}}
             655 \newcommand\WAtref[1]{\WAref{#1}: \pdataRefFB{wa}{#1}{short}{title}}
             657 (/pdata)
                       The Work Package Table
              4.10
  \prop@lead
             658 (*cls)
             659 \newcommand\prop@lead[1]{\@ifundefined{wp@#1@lead}%
             660 {\protect\G@refundefinedtrue\@latex@warning{lead for WP #1 undefined}??}}%
             661 {\csname wp@#1@lead\endcsname}}
EdN:60style
             662 \definecolorset{gray/rgb/hsb/cmyk}{}{}%
             663 {leadgray, .90/.90, .90, .90/0,0, .90/0,0,0, .10;%
             664 wagray, .70/.70, .70, .70/0,0, .70/0,0,0, .30;%
             665 ganttgray, .60/.60, .60, .60/0, 0, .60/0, 0, .40}
             666 \newcommand\sum@style[1]{\cellcolor{wagray}{\textbf{#1}}}
             667 \newcommand\wa@style[1]{\cellcolor{wagray}{\textbf{#1}}}
             668 \newcommand\wp@style[1]{#1}
             669 \newcommand\lead@style[1]{\cellcolor{leadgray}{\textit{#1}}}
             670 \newcommand\wp@lead@style@explained{light gray italicised}
   wp@figure
             671 \newcounter{wpfig@options}
             672 \define@key{wpfig}{size}{\def\wpfig@size{#1}\@dmp{size=#1}}
             673 \def\@true{true}
             674 \def\wpfig@pages{false}
             675 \define@key{wpfig}{pages}[true]{\def\wpfig@pages{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
             676 \def\wpfig@type{false}
             677 \define@key{wpfig}{type}[true]{\def\wpfig@type{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
             678 \def\wpfig@start{false}
             679 \define@key{wpfig}{start}[true]{\def\wpfig@start{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
             680 \def\wpfig@length{false}
             681 \define@key{wpfig}{length}[true]{\def\wpfig@length{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
             682 \def\wpfig@end{false}
             683 \define@key{wpfig}{end}[true]{\def\wpfig@end{#1}\stepcounter{wpfig@options}}
             684 \define@key{wpfig}{label}{\def\wpfig@label{#1}}
             685 \define@key{wpfig}{caption}{\def\wpfig@caption{#1}}
             686 \ensuremath{\verb|def|@sw#1{\ensuremath{\verb|sideways|}#1\end{sideways}}} \\
             687 \newenvironment{wp@figure}{\begin{table}[ht]\wpfig@style\begin{center}
             688 {\let\@sw\relax\let\textbf\relax\let\site\relax\let\pn\relax\let\sys\relax%
             689 \gdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@legend@wap&\wpfig@legend@title%
             690 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\wpfig@legend@type\fi%
             691 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@page}\fi%
             692 \ \texttt{\wpfig@start\@true\&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@start}\fi\%}
             693 \ \texttt{\wpfig@length\@true\&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@length\}} in
             694 \ifx\wpfig@end\@true&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@end}\fi}%
             695 \if@sites%
             696 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
             697 \xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@siteRM{\@site}}}%
```

\W*ref

⁶EDNOTE: This (and wpfig) should be documented above

```
699 \xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@totalRM}}%
                                             700 \ if @RAM \ xdef \ wpfig @headline \ wpfig @headline \ wpfig @legend @total RAM \} \ fi% \ xdef \ wpfig @headline \ wpfig @headline \ wpfig \ wpf
                                             701 \else% if@sites
                                             702 \end{constraint} $$ 702 \end{constraint} $$ wpfig@headline &\end{constraint} $$ wpfig@legend@RAM\end{constraint} $$ 160 \end{constraint} $$ 160 
                                             703 \fi}%if@sites
                                             704 \left| f(RAM \cdot f(RAM
                                             705 \else\begin{tabular}{||1||*{\thewpfig@options}{r|}|*{\the@sites}{r|}|r|}\hline\fi%|| 705 \else\begin{tabular}
                                             706 \wpfig@headline\\\hline\hline}
                                             707 \ \ \end{tabular}\smallskip\\
                                             708 \verb|\wpfig@legend@RAM@expl\if@sites; \verb|\wpfig@legend@lead@expl\fi||
                                             709 \@ifundefined{wpfig@label}{\caption{\wpfig@legend@caption}}{\caption{\wpfig@caption}}
                                             710 \@ifundefined{wpfig@label}{\label{fig:wplist}}{\label{\wpfig@label}}
                                             711 \end{center}\end{table}}
                                                and now multilinguality support
                                             712 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@wap{\textbf{\ifwork@areas{WA/P}\else{WP}\fi}}
                                             713 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@title{\textbf{Title}}
                                             714 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@type{\textbf{type}}
                                             715 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@page{\textbf{page}}
                                             716 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@start{\textbf{start}}
                                             717 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@length{\textbf{length}}
                                             718 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@end{\textbf{end}}
                                             719 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@siteRM[1]{\site{#1}\if@RAM\ RM\fi}
                                             720 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@siteRAM[1]{\site{#1}\ RAM}
                                             721 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@totalRM{total\if@RAM\ RM\fi}
                                             722 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@totalRAM{total RAM}
                                             723 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@RM{RM}
                                             724 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@RAM{RAM}
                                             725 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@RAM@expl{\if@RAM R(A)M $\widehat=$ Researcher (Assistant) Months\else\ Efforts in Ph
                                             726 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@lead@expl{WP lead efforts \wp@lead@style@explained}
                                             727 \newcommand\wpfig@legend@caption{{\ifwork@areas Work Areas and \fi}Work Packages}
Eddfagstyle
                                             728 \def\wpfig@style{}
                                             729 \newcommand\wpfigstyle[1]{\def\wpfig@style{#1}}
EdN:8\wpfig
                                             730 \newcount\local@count
                                             731 \newcount\@@@RM\if@RAM\newcount\@@@RAM\fi
                                             732 \newcount\all@@@RM\if@RAM\newcount\all@@@RAM\fi
                                             733 \newcommand{\wpfig}[1][]{\setcounter{wpfig@options}{0}\setkeys{wpfig}{#1}
                                                 the first thing to do is to build the body of the table programmatically by (globally) extending the
                                                 \@wp@lines token register inside a bracket group which locally redefines all macros we are using
                                                 in the extensions, so that they do not get into the way. We start this group now.
                                             734 {\gdef\@wp@lines{}%initialize
                                             735 \let\tabularnewline\relax\let\hline\relax\let\lead@style\relax% so they
                                             736 \let\wa@style\relax\let\wp@style\relax \let\@sw\relax\let\textbf\relax% do not
                                             737 \let\G@refundefinedtrue=\relax\let\@latex@warning=\relax\let\hyperlink=\relax% bother
                                             738 \let\pn\relax\let\xspace\relax% us
                                                 The code that follows now, could be more elegant, if we had a better way of organizing the data,
                                                 but this works for now, we have four cases: with/without work areas and with/without sites. All
                                                 do something very similar.
```

698 \if@RAM\xdef\wpfig@headline{\wpfig@headline&\@sw{\wpfig@legend@siteRAM{\@site}}}\fi}%

739 \ifwork@areas

⁷EDNOTE: document above

 $^{^8{}m EDNote}$: The computation can be distributed much more efficiently (by intermingling the counter advances with the row creation), but this works now

```
740 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}%
741 \colon \co
742 \xdef\@@wa@line{\wa@style{\pdataRef{wa}\@@wa{label}}%
743 \& \align{ was tyle (\circle wa) (\circ
744 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{type}}\fi%
745 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{page}}\fi%
746 \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{start} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{start} \ \texttt{ii} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{start} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{start} \ \texttt{wa} \ \texttt{
747 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{len}}\fi%
748 \ \texttt{\wpfig@end@true\&\wa@style{\pdataref\{wa\}\@@wa\{end\}\}\fi}}
749 \if@sites
750 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
751 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}%
752 \local@count 0%
753 \ensuremath{\tt 753 \ensuremath{\tt 753 \ensuremath{\tt 00wp}\ensuremath{\tt 00wp}\ensurema
754 \pdata@def\@@wa\@site{RM}{\the\local@count}%
755 \xdef\00wa0line{\00wa0line&\wa0style{\the\local0count}}%
756 \ightharpoonup \fi
757 \local@count 0%
758 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RAM}}
759 \pdata@def\@@wa\@site{RAM}{\the\local@count}%
760 \xdef\@@wa@line{\@@wa@line&\wa@style{\the\local@count}}%
761 \fi}
762 \local@count0\relax%
763 \end{advance} local@count by \pdataref@num\end{advance} have $$ \pdataref@num\end{advance} local@count by \pdataref@num\end{advance} have $$ \pdataref
764 \xdef\@@wa@line{\@@wa@line &\wa@style{\textbf{\the\local@count}}}
765 \if@RAM
766 \local@count0\relax%
767 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wa\@site{RAM}}%
768 \end{align} $$ \align{ \count}} \end{align} The $$ \align{ \count}} \end{align} $$ \align{ \count}} $$ \align{ \count}} \end{align{ \count}} $$ \align{ \count}} $$ \align{ \count}} $$ \align{ \count}} \align{ \count}} \align{ \count}} $$ \align{ \count}} $$ \align{ \count}} \align{ \c
769 \fi
770 \else% if@sites
771 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
772 \del{00wa0line}\
773 \if@RAM&\wa@style{\pdataref{wa}\@@wa{RAM}}\fi}%
774 \fi% if@sites
775 \xdef\@wp@lines{\@wp@lines\@@wa@line\tabularnewline\hline}% add the line for the workarea
776 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}%
777 \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over its work packages
778 \xdef\@@wp@line{\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}%
779 &\@ifundefined{wp@\@@wp @short}{\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{title}}{\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{short}}%
780 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{type}\fi%
781 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{page}\fi%
782 \ifx\wpfig@start\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{start}\fi%
783 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{len}\fi%
784 \ifx\wpfig@end\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{end}\fi}
785 \if@sites
786 \Ofor\Osite:=\propOgenOsites\do{%
787 \edef\@@lead{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{lead}}
788 \edf(\c RM)\else \wp \c RM)\else \wp \c tyle \else \wp \c RM)\else \wp \c tyle \else \wp \wp \c tyle \else \wp \wp \c tyle \else \wp \c tyle \wp \c tyle \else \wp \c tyle \wp \c tyle \else \wp \c tyle \wp \c tyle \else \wp \c tyle \else \wp \c tyle \else \wp \c \c \wp \c tyle \else \wp \c \c \wp \c \wp \c \c \wp \c \wp \c \wp \c
789 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\@@RM}
790 \if@RAM
791 \edef\@GRAM{\ifx\@Glead\@site\lead@style{\pdataref@safe\@Gwp\@site{RAM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe\@Gwp\@site{RAM}}
792 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\@@RAM}
793 \fi}
794 \local@count0\relax%
795 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}}%
796 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
```

797 \if@RAM

```
798 \global\local@count0\relax%
799 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RAM}}%
800 \end{area} $00 
801 \fi% if@sites
802 \else% if@sites
803 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{RM}}}
804 \if@RAM\xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{RAM}}}\fi
805 \fi% if@sites
806 \xdef\@wp@lines(\@wp@line\tabularnewline\hline)\}\}
 Now the case where we do not have work areas.
807 \else% ifwork@areas
808 \edf\\@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}\%
809 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over its work packages
810 \xdef\@@wp@line{\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}%
811 &\@ifundefined{wp@\@@wp @short}{\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{title}}{\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{short}}
812 \ifx\wpfig@type\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{type}\fi%
813 \ifx\wpfig@pages\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{page}\fi%
814 \ifx\wpfig@start\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{start}\fi%
815 \ifx\wpfig@length\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{len}\fi%
816 \ifx\wpfig@end\@true&\pdataref{wp}\@@wp{end}\fi}
817 \if@sites
818 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
819 \edef\@@lead{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{lead}}
820 \edf(@RM{\left(x\right)}\ellow(0) \edge(0) \edge(0)
821 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\@@RM}
822 \if@RAM
823 \edef\@GRAM{\ifx\@Glead\@site\lead@style{\pdataref@safe\@Gwp\@site{RAM}}\else\wp@style{\pdataref@safe\@Gwp\@site{RAM}}
824 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style\@@RAM}
825 \fi}
826 \global\local@count0\relax%
827 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}}%
828 \end{area} $$ 28 \end{area} \end{area} 
829 \if@RAM
830 \global\local@count0\relax%
831 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\global\advance\local@count by \pdataref@num{#1}\@site{RAM}}%
832 \xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line &\textbf{\the\local@count}}
834 \else% if@sites
835 \end{00wp0line} \end{00wp0line} wp0style{\pdataref0safe\{wp\}\00wp\{RM\}\}} \\
836 \if@RAM\xdef\@@wp@line{\@@wp@line&\wp@style{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{RAM}}\fi}
837 \fi% if@sites
838 \xdef\@wp@lines{\@wp@line\tabularnewline\hline}}
839 \fi%ifwork@areas
 Now we compute the totals lines in the \@totals macros; again there are four cases to consider
840 \gdef\@totals{}
841 \ifwork@areas
842 \if@sites
843 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{% iterate over the sites
844 \@@@RM=O\if@RAM\@@@RAM=O\fi
845 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}%
846 \Ofor\OOwa:=\OOwas\do{% iterate over the work areas
847 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}%
848 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over the work packages
849 \advance\@@@RM by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}%
850 \if@RAM\advance\@@@RAM by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RAM}\fi}}
852 \advance\all@@@RM by \the\@@@RM\if@RAM\advance\all@@@RAM by \the\@@@RAM\fi
```

```
853 \xdef\@totals {\@totals & \textbf{\the\@@@RAM}\fi}}
854 \xdef\@totals{\@totals & \textbf{\the\all@@@RAM}\if@RAM&\textbf{\the\all@@@RAM}\fi}
856 \else% if@sites
857 \@@@RM=O\if@RAM\@@@RAM=O\fi
858 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}%
859 \end{aref} $$ \end{aref}
860 \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over the work packages
861 \advance\@@@RM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RM}%
862 \ensuremath{\mbox{862 M}} \ensuremath{\mbox{900RAM by \pdataref@num{wp}\00wp{RAM}fi}}
864 \xdef\@totals{&\the\@@@RM\if@RAM &\the\@@@RAM\fi}
865 \fi% if@sites
866 \else%i.e. no work@areas
867 \setminus if@sites
868 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Nord}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc No
869 \@@@RM=O\if@RAM\@@@RAM=O\fi%
870 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
871 \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over the work packages
872 \advance\@@@RM by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RM}%
873 \if@RAM\advance\@@@RAM by \pdataref@num\@@wp\@site{RAM}\fi}
875 \xdef\dtotals {\textbf{\the\0000RM}\if0RAM& \textbf{\the\0000RAM}\fi}
876 \advance\all@@@RM by \the\@@@RM\if@RAM\advance\all@@@RAM by \the\@@@RAM\fi}
877 \xdef\@totals{\@totals &\textbf{\the\all@@@RM}\figRAM&\textbf{\the\all@@@RAM}\fij}
879 \else% if@sites
880 \@@@RM=O\if@RAM\@@@RAM=O\fi
881 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}%
882\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc work packages}}\ iterate over the work packages
883 \advance\@@@RM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RM}%
884 \if@RAM\advance\@@@RAM by \pdataref@num{wp}\@@wp{RAM}\fi}
885 \quad def{all}{total}{RM}{\the @@@RM} if @RAM \pdata@def{all}{total}{RAM}{\the @@@RAM} if @RAM \pdata@def{all}{total}{\the @@@RAM} if @RAM \pdata@def{all}{total}{\the @@@RAM} if @RAM \pdata@def{all}{total}{\the @@@RAM} if @RAM \pdata@def{all}{\the @@@RAM} if @RAM \pdata@def{
886 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$86$ \clim{Coorm}if@RAM &\the\000RAM\fi}}
887 \fi% if@sites
888 \fi
  And we finally have a line for the intended totals which we use in draft mode.
889 \gdef\intended@totals{}\gdef\requested@totals{}
890 \if@sites
891 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{
892 \t f \left( \frac{3}{\theta} \right) $$
893 \xdef\requested@totals{\requested@totals&\pdataref@safe{site}\@site{reqPM}}
894 \if@RAM\xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&\textbf{\pdataref@safe{site}\@site{intendedRAM}}}\fi}
895 \if@RAM\xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&&}\else%
896 \xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&}%
897 \xdef\requested@totals{\requested@totals&}%
898 \fi
899 \else% if@sites
900 \xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals\&\textbf{\pdataref@safe{all}{intended}{RM}}}\}
901 \if@RAM\xdef\intended@totals{\intended@totals&\textbf{\pdataref@safe{all}{intended}{RAM}}}\fi
902 fi}% if@sites
  finally, we make all of this into a figure, computing the colspan of the the legend cells for the totals
  via \local@count from the optional columns.
903 \local@count\thewpfig@options\advance\local@count by 2
904 \begin{wp@figure}
905 \@wp@lines\hline%
906 \multicolumn{\the\local@count}{|c|}{\prop@legend@totals}\@totals\\\hline%
```

```
907 \ifsubmit\else%
908 \ifx\prop@gen@topdownPM\@true%
909 \multicolumn{\the\local@count}{|c|}{\prop@legend@intendedtotals}\intended@totals\\\hline%
910 \fi% topdownPM
911 \ifx\prop@gen@botupPM\@true%
912 \multicolumn{\the\local@count}{|c|}{\prop@legend@requestedtotals}\requested@totals\\\hline%
913 \fi% botupPM
914 \fi% submit
915 \end{wp@figure}}
and now multilinguality support
916 \newcommand\prop@legend@totals{\textbf{totals}}
917 \newcommand\prop@legend@intendedtotals{\textbf{intended totals}}
918 \newcommand\prop@legend@requestedtotals{\textbf{requested totals}}
```

4.11 Gantt Charts

949 \@for\@I:=\@@miles\do{%

Gantt Charts are done with help of the the tikz package. The gantt environments pick up on the declared duration of the proposal in months stored in the \prop@gen@months macro.

We define the keys for Gantt tables

```
919 \newif\ifgantt@draft\gantt@draftfalse
920 \newif\ifgantt@miles\gantt@milesfalse
921 \define@key{gantt}{xscale}{\def\gantt@xscale{#1}}
922 \define@key{gantt}{yscale}{\def\gantt@yscale{#1}}
923 \define@key{gantt}{step}{\def\gantt@step{#1}}
924 \define@key{gantt}{size}{\def\gantt@size{#1}}
925 \define@key{gantt}{draft}[true]{\ifsubmit\else\gantt@drafttrue\fi}
926 \define@key{gantt}{milestones}[true]{\gantt@milestrue}

Then we define an auxiliary function that provides defaults for these keys and sets the
```

Then we define an auxiliary function that provides defaults for these keys and sets the internal macros.

```
927 \def\gantt@set#1{\gantt@draftfalse\def\gantt@xscale{1}\def\gantt@yscale{.35}\def\gantt@step{3} 928 \setkeys{gantt}{#1}}
```

Finally, the Gantt Chart environment itself.

gantt The gantt[$\langle keyvals \rangle$] { $\langle height \rangle$ } environment sets up the grid and legend for a gantt chart. The grid is \prop@gen@months wide and $\langle height \rangle$ high.

```
929 \newenvironment{gantt}[2][]
930 {\gantt@set{#1}\gdef\gantt@height{#2}
931 \def\@test{\prop@gen@months@default}
932 \ifx\@test\prop@gen@months
933 \ClassError{proposal}{Need overall project months to draw gantt
934
       chart - expect trouble; \MessageBreak specify
       \protect\begin{proposal}[...,months=??,...] to fix}\fi
935
936 \@ifundefined{gantt@size}{}{\csname\gantt@size\endcsname}
937 \newdimen\gantt@ymonths
938 \gantt@ymonths=\gantt@height cm
939 \advance\gantt@ymonths by .8cm
940 \begin{tikzpicture} [xscale=\gantt@xscale,yscale=\gantt@yscale]}
941 {\draw[xstep=\gantt@step,very thin] (0,0) grid (\prop@gen@months,\gantt@height);
942 \foreach \x in {0,\gantt@step,...,\prop@gen@months} \node at (\x,\gantt@ymonths) {\x};
943 \ifgantt@miles
944 \newdimen\gantt@ymiles\gantt@ymiles=\gantt@height cm
945 \advance\gantt@ymiles by 2cm
946 \newdimen\gantt@ymiles@top\gantt@ymiles@top=\gantt@height cm
947 %\advance\gantt@ymiles@top by 2cm
948 \edef\@@miles{\pdataref@safe{all}{mile}{ids}}
```

```
950 \edef\@@month{\pdataref@safe{mile}{\@I}{month}}
                  951 \draw[very thick,blue] (\@@month,\gantt@ymiles@top) -- (\@@month,0);
                  952 \node[blue] at (\@@month,\gantt@ymiles) {\pdataref{mile}{\@I}{label}};}
                  953 \fi %gantt@miles
                  954 \end{tikzpicture}}
         creates a gantt node with name \langle name \rangle in line \langle line \rangle starting at month \langle month \rangle with length \langle len \rangle
                   that is \langle force \rangle thick.
                  955 \newdimen\gantt@ymid\newdimen\gantt@yinc\newdimen\gantt@xend
                  956 \newcommand{\@action}[6][]{\def\@test{#1}%
                  957 \ifx\@test\@empty\def\@@color{ganttgray}\else\def\@@color{#1}\fi
                  958 \gantt@ymid=#3 cm\gantt@yinc=\gantt@yscale cm
                  959 \gantt@xend=#4 cm\advance\gantt@xend by #5 cm
                  960 \advance\gantt@ymid by \gantt@yinc
                  961 \fill[\@@color] (#4,#3) rectangle +(#5,#6);
                  962 \node (#2@left) at (#4,\gantt@ymid) {};
                  963 \node (#2@right) at (\gantt@xend,\gantt@ymid) {};}
     \@dependency
                  964 \def\@dependency#1#2{\draw[->,line width=2pt,color=red] (#1@right) -- (#2@left);}
tt@compute@effort A helper function that updates the dimension \gantt@effort according to whether the counter
                   \gantt@month is in the range. It is used in \gantt@chart
                  965 \newcommand\gantt@compute@effort[3]{% start, len, force
                       \00e=#1\advance\00e by #2
                  966
                       \ifnum\thegantt@month<#1\else
                  967
                  968
                       \ifnum\thegantt@month<\@@e
                  969
                       \gantt@plus=#3cm\advance\gantt@effort by \gantt@plus\fi\fi}
      \ganttchart
                  This macro iterates over the work areas, their work packages, and finally their work phases to use
                   the internal macro \@action. All of this in the gantt setting.
                  970 \newcommand{\ganttchart}[1][]{\begin{figure}[ht]\centering
                  971 \gantt@set{#1}
                  972 \def\gantt@wps{\pdataref@num{all}{wp}{count}}
                  973 \begin{gantt}[#1] {\gantt@wps}
                  974 \newcounter{taskwps}\newcount\@@line
                      \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}
                  975
                      \ifwork@areas
                  976
                      \@for\@@wa:=\@@was\do{% iterate over work areas
                  977
                        \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}
                  978
                  979
                        \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over work packages
                          \stepcounter{taskwps}
                  980
                          \@@line=\gantt@wps\advance\@@line by -\thetaskwps
                          \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
                  982
                          \node at (-1/\gantt@xscale,\@@line) [above=-2pt] {\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}};
                  983
                          \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
                  984
                          \@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%wp-level work phases
                  985
                            \decode@wphase\@@ft
                  986
                  987
                            \@action\@@wp\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
                          \@for\@@task:=\@@tasks\do{% tasks
                  988
                            \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
                  989
                            \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%task-level work phases
                  990
                              \decode@wphase\@@ft
                  991
                              \@action\@@task\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
                  992
                      \else% ifwork@areas false
                  993
                      \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}
                      \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over work packages
```

```
996
            \stepcounter{taskwps}
            \@@line=\gantt@wps\advance\@@line by -\thetaskwps
 997
            \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
 998
            \node at (-1/\gantt@xscale,\@@line) [above=-2pt] {\pdataRef{wp}\@@wp{label}};
 999
1000
            \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
1001
            \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
1002
                \decode@wphase\@@ft
                \@action\@@wp\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
1003
            \Ofor\OOtask:=\OOtasks\do{% task-level work phases
1004
                \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
1005
                \@for\@@ft:=\@@wphases\do{%iterate over the task-level work phases
1006
1007
                   \decode@wphase\@@ft
                   \@action\@@task\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
        \fi% ifwork@areas end
1009
        \edef\@@deps{\pdataref@safe{all}{task}{deps}}
1010
        \ensuremath{\texttt{Qfor}\ensuremath{\texttt{Q0deps}\do{\%}}}
1011
            \label{lem:condition} $$\end{condition} \ \end{condition} $$\end{condition} $$\end
1012
   The next piece of code generates the effort sum table in draft mode
       \ifgantt@draft
1013
              \newcounter{gantt@month}
1014
1015
              \newcount\@@e\newdimen\gantt@effort\newdimen\gantt@plus
              \@whilenum\thegantt@month<\prop@gen@months\do{% step over months
1016
                 \gantt@effort=0cm
1017
                 \ifwork@areas
1018
                 \edef\@@was{\pdataref@safe{all}{wa}{ids}}
1019
                 \@for\@@wa:=\@@was\do{% iterate over work areas
1020
1021
                     \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe\@@wa{wp}{ids}}
                     \@for\@@wp:=\@@wps\do{% iterate over work packages
1022
1023
                        \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
1024
                        \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
                            \decode@wphase\@@ft
1025
                            \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
1026
                        \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
1027
                        \@for\@@task:=\@@tasks\do{% iterate over tasks
1028
                        \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
1029
                        \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
1030
                            \decode@wphase\@@ft
1031
                            \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
1032
                 \fill[ganttgray] (\thegantt@month,-5) rectangle +(1,\gantt@effort);
1033
                 \else% ifwork@areas
1034
1035
                 \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}
1036
                 \Ofor\OOwp:=\OOwps\do{% iterate over work packages
1037
                        \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{wp}\@@wp{wphases}}
                        \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
1038
                            \decode@wphase\@@ft
1039
                            \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}
1040
1041
                        \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
                        \Ofor\OOtask:=\OOtasks\do{% iterate over tasks
1042
                        \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
1043
1044
                        \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the wp-level work phases
                            \decode@wphase\@@ft
1045
                            \gantt@compute@effort\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force}}}
1046
                 \fill[ganttgray] (\thegantt@month,-5) rectangle +(1,\gantt@effort);
1047
1048
                 \fi% ifwork@areas
1049
                 \stepcounter{gantt@month}}
            \fi% ifgantt@draft
1050
          \end{gantt}
1051
          \caption{\gantt@caption}\label{fig:gantt}
1052
```

```
1053 \end{figure}\footnotetext\gantt@footnote}
                                            now the multilingual support
                                       1054 \newcommand\gantt@caption@main{Gantt Chart: Overview Work Package Activities}
                                       1055 \newcommand\gantt@caption@lower{lower bar shows the overall effort \if@RAM (RAM only)\fi per month}
                                       1056 \newcommand\gantt@caption{\gantt@caption@main\ifgantt@draft\xspace
                                                       (\gantt@caption@lower)\fi}
                                       1058 \newcommand\gantt@footnote{Bars shown at reduced height (e.g. 50\%) indicate reduced
                                                      intensity during that work phase (e.g. to 50\%).}
\gantttaskchart This macro is a variant of \ganttchart, but it shows the tasks consecutively, as is useful for EU
       EdN:9
                                            projects<sup>9</sup>
                                       1060 \newcommand{\gantttaskchart}[1][]{\begin{figure}[hbtp]\centering\gantt@set{#1}
                                       1061 \newcounter{gantt@all@tasks}%
                                       1062 \end{all} {\counter{gantt@all@tasks}{\pdataref@num{all}{task}{count}}}
                                       1063 \addtocounter{gantt@all@tasks}{\pdataref@num{all}{wp}{count}}
                                       1064 \begin{gantt}[#1]{\thegantt@all@tasks}
                                                       \newcounter{gantt@tasks}\newcount\@@line
                                       1065
                                       1066
                                                       \edef\@@wps{\pdataref@safe{all}{wp}{ids}}
                                                         \label{lem:condition} $$ \ensuremath{\tt 0for\00wp:=\00wps\do{\% iterate over work packages} $$
                                       1067
                                       1068
                                                               \stepcounter{gantt@tasks}
                                                                 1069 %
                                                               \edef\@@tasks{\pdataref@safe\@@wp{task}{ids}}
                                       1070
                                       1071
                                                               \@for\@@task:=\@@tasks\do{% iterate over the tasks
                                                                    \stepcounter{gantt@tasks}
                                       1072
                                                                    1073
                                       1074
                                                                    \node at (-.5/\gantt@xscale,\@@line) [above=-2pt] {{\footnotesize\taskreflong\@@wp\@@task}};
                                       1075
                                                                    \edef\@@wphases{\pdataref@safe{task}\@@task{wphases}}
                                                                    \Ofor\OOft:=\OOwphases\do{%iterate over the task-level work phases
                                       1076
                                                                         \decode@wphase\@@ft
                                       1077
                                                                         \@action\@@task\@@line\wphase@start\wphase@len\wphase@force
                                       1078
                                       1079
                                                                 }}}% end all iterations
                                                            \end{gantt}
                                       1080
                                                             \caption{\gantt@caption@main{} -- \emph{\gantt@footnote}}\label{fig:gantt}
                                       1081
                                       1082 \end{figure}}
                                            4.12
                                                                Coherence
                              \j*
                                       1083 \newcommand\jpub{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\Large{$\star$}}}}
                                       1084 \newcommand\jpro{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\Large{$\bullet$}}}}
                                       1085 \newcommand\jsoft{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{@}}}
                                       1086 \newcommand\jorga{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\Large{$\circ$}}}}
                                       1087 \newcommand\jsup{\textcolor{\prop@link@color}{\textbf{\smiley}}}
            \add@joint \add@joint{\langle first\rangle}{\langle second\rangle}{\langle sym\rangle} adds \langle sym\rangle to the the \coherence@\langle first\rangle@\langle second\rangle macro
                                            for the coherence table.
                                       1088 \newcommand\add@joint[3]{\@ifundefined{coherence@#1@#2}%
                                       1089 {\@namedef{coherence@#1@#2}{#3}}%
                                       1090 \ \{\end{figure} 1090 \ \{\end{figure} \ \ \coherence@\#1@\#2\end{figure} 1090 \ \{\end{figure} \ \ \coherence@\#10\#2\end{figure} \ \coherence@\#
          \prop@joint This iterates over a comma-separated list of names and makes the necessary entries into the
                                            coherence table.
                                       1091 \newcommand\prop@joint[2]{\@for\@first:=#2\do{%
                                       1092 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc ond}} = $2\do{\pisc ond} = $2\
                                                  ^9\mathrm{EdNote}: this should be incorporated with the gantt chart above, but I am currently to scared to do it so close to
```

the deadline

```
\joint* Now, some instances that use these.
                                 1093 \newcommand\jointproj[1]{\prop@joint\jpro{#1}}
                                 1094 \newcommand\jointpub[1] {\prop@joint\jpub{#1}}
                                 1095 \newcommand\jointorga[1]{\prop@joint\jorga{#1}}
                                 1096 \newcommand\jointsoft[1] {\prop@joint\jsoft{#1}}
                                 1097 \newcommand\jointsup[1] {\prop@joint\jsup{#1}}
\coherencematrix
                                 1098 \newcommand{\coherencematrix}{
                                 1099 {\let\tabularnewline\relax\let\hline\relax\let\site\relax% so they do
                                 1100 \let\@sw\relax\let\jpub\relax\let\jpro\relax\let\jorga\relax% not bother
                                 1101 \let\jsoft\relax\let\jsup\relax\let\cellcolor\relax\ us
                                 1102 \gdef\@ct@head{}%
                                 1103 \@for\@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{\xdef\@ct@head{\@ct@head%
                                 1105 \gdef\@ct@lines{\@ct@head\tabularnewline\hline\hline} %initialize with head line
                                 1106 \ensuremath{\verb| 0for \ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath
                                           \@for\@@site:=\prop@gen@sites\do{%
                                                \xdef\@ct@line{\@ct@line&\ifx\@site\@@site{\cellcolor{wagray}{}}\fi%
                                 1108
                                 1109
                                                     \@ifundefined{coherence@\@site @\@@site}{}{\@nameuse{coherence@\@site @\@@site}}}}%
                                           \xdef\@ct@lines{\@ct@lines\@ct@line\tabularnewline\hline}}}%
                                 1111 \begin{tabular}{||||*{\the@site}{c|}}\hline%
                                 1112 \@ct@lines\hline%
                                 1113 joint&\multicolumn{\the@site}{1|}{\jpub $\hat=$ publication, \jpro $\hat=$ project,
                                 1114
                                                     \jorga $\hat=$ organization, \jsoft $\hat=$ software/resource dev,
                                                       \jsup $\hat=$ supervision}\\hline
                                 1116 \end{tabular}}
 \coherencetable
                                 1117 \define@key{coherencetable}{swsites}[true]{\def\cht@swsites{#1}}
                                 1118 \define@key{coherencetable}{stretch}{\def\cht@stretch{#1}}
                                 1119 \newcommand\coherencetable[1][]{%
                                 1120 \def\cht@swsites{false}%
                                 1121 \def\cht@stretch{1}%
                                 1122 \setkeys{coherencetable}{#1}%
                                 1123 \begin{table}[ht]\centering%
                                 1124 \small\setlength{\tabcolsep}{.5em}%
                                 1125 \renewcommand{\arraystretch}{\cht@stretch}%
                                 1126 \coherencematrix%
                                 1127 \caption{\coherence@caption}\label{tab:collaboration}
                                 1128 \end{table}
                                    now the multilinguality support
                                 1129 \newcommand\coherence@caption{Previous Collaboration between {\pn} members}
                                 1130 (/cls)
```

4.13 Relevant Papers & References

We first define a bibLaTeX bibliography heading that does not create headers, we need it somewhere.

```
1131 \*cls | reporting\\
1132 \defbibheading{empty}{}
```

We define an internal macro that prints a publication list of a given bibTEX entry type and title for convenience. It also adds a notype= to the token register \prop@rl to deal with the unclassified entries from the list.

```
\label{lem:limit} $$1133 \rightarrow \pi^0[1] \allpapers \allpape
```

```
1136 \@ifundefined{prop@rl}{\xdef\prop@rl{\prop@rl{\prop@rl, #2}}}
                               The following code does not work yet, it would have been nice to be able to just add a key
                               unclassified to catch the unclassified ones. I guess we just have to issue a warning instead.
                            1137 \newcommand\prop@prl[1] {\message{unclassified: #1}%
                            1138 \printbibliography [heading=subbibliography, title=Unclassified, #1]}%
                            1139 \define@key{paperlist}{unclassified}[true]{\message{unclass: \prop@rl}\prop@rl\prop@rl}
                               with this, we define a couple of keys that generate
                            1140 \define@key{paperlist}{articles}[true]{\prop@ppl{article}{Articles}}
                            1141 \define@key{paperlist}{chapters}[true]{\prop@ppl{inbook}{Book Chapters}}
                            1142 \define@key{paperlist}{confpapers}[true]{\prop@ppl[,keyword=conference]{inproceedings}{Conference Papers}}
                            1143 \define@key{paperlist}{wspapers}[true] {\prop@ppl[,notkeyword=conference]{inproceedings}{Workshop Papers}}
                            1144 \enskip {\tt theses}[true] {\tt thesis} {\tt theses}[true] {\tt thesis} {\tt theses} {\tt the
                            1145 \define@key{paperlist}{submitted}[true]{\prop@ppl[,keyword=submitted]{unpublished}{Submitted}}
                            1146 \define@key{paperlist}{books}[true]{\prop@ppl{book}{Monographs}}
                            1147 \define@key{paperlist}{techreports}[true]{\prop@ppl{techreport}}{Technical Reports}}
            featured We introduce a new bibLaTeX category featured for those papers that were already mentioned
                               in \prop@paperlist and the macros defined from it.
                            1148 \DeclareBibliographyCategory{featured}
\prop@paperlist We generate a subsection with a refsection (this makes a separate bibliography for this section)
                               and activate the keys via \nocite. Then we just print the bibliography with the empty header
                               we created before.
                            1149 \newcommand\prop@paperlist[2][]{%
                            1150 \begin{refsection}%
                            1151 \nocite{#2}\addtocategory{featured}{#2}%
                            1152 \let\biboldfont\bibfont%
                            1153 \renewcommand{\bibfont}{\footnotesize}%
                            1154 \renewcommand{\baselinestretch}{.9}
                            1155 \setkeys{paperlist}{#1}
                            1156 \@ifundefined{prop@rl}{}{\@latex@warning{some papers are not classified!}}
                            1157 \if@allpapers\printbibliography[heading=empty]\fi%
                            1158 \let\bibfont\biboldfont%
                            1159 \end{refsection}}
                                    We only have to define the warnpubs and empty heading constructors
                            1160 \def\prop@warnpubs@message{Many of the proposers' publications are online at one of the following URIs:}
                            1161 \def\prop@warnpubs@title{References}
                            1162 \defbibheading{warnpubs}{\section*{\prop@warnpubs@title}%
                                      \@ifundefined{prop@gen@pubspages}
                           1163
                            1164 {\@latex@warning{No publication pages specified;
                                                                      use the pubspage key in the proposal environment!}}
                            1165
                                     {\prop@warnpubs@message%
                            1167 \@for\@I:=\prop@gen@pubspages\do{\par\noindent\csname\@I\endcsname}}}
                            1168 \defbibheading{empty}{}
                            1169 (/cls | reporting)
                               4.14 Miscellaneous
       \signatures
                            1170 (*pdata)
                            1171 \newcommand{\signatures}[1]{\section{#1}
                            1172 \qquad\number\day. \number\month. \number\year\\[6ex]
                            1173 \strut\qquad Date\hfill\@for\@p:=\prop@gen@PIs\do{%
                            1174 \wa@ref{person}\@p{personaltitle}~\wa@ref{person}\@p{name}\hfill}}
```

1135 \printbibliography[heading=subbibliography,type=#2,title=#3#1]%

\@dmp The \@dmp macro shows metadata information about the keys in the margin if \keystrue is specified. This is a debugging tool.

 $1175 \ensuremath{\tt 1175 \ensuremath{\tt 1175 \ensuremath{\tt 1175}}}$

\euro

1176 \renewcommand\euro{\officialeuro\xspace} 1177 $\langle /pdata \rangle$