

DS2006: Introduction to Data Science Course (LAB 1: Run Python Code using Visual Studio Code)

Pre-requesters

- This Lab is done in VS code
- Download and install Visual Studio Code from <https://code.visualstudio.com/>

1.0 Create a Visual Studio Project, Create a Python Virtual Environment and Run Your First Python Program

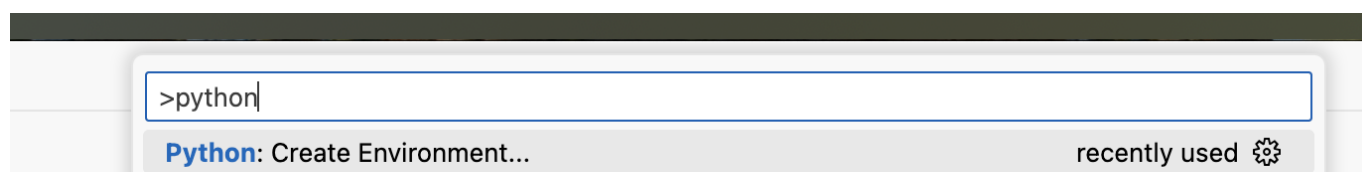
Create Visual Studio Code Project Folder using file explorer or command line

Open Project/Folder in Visual Studio Code

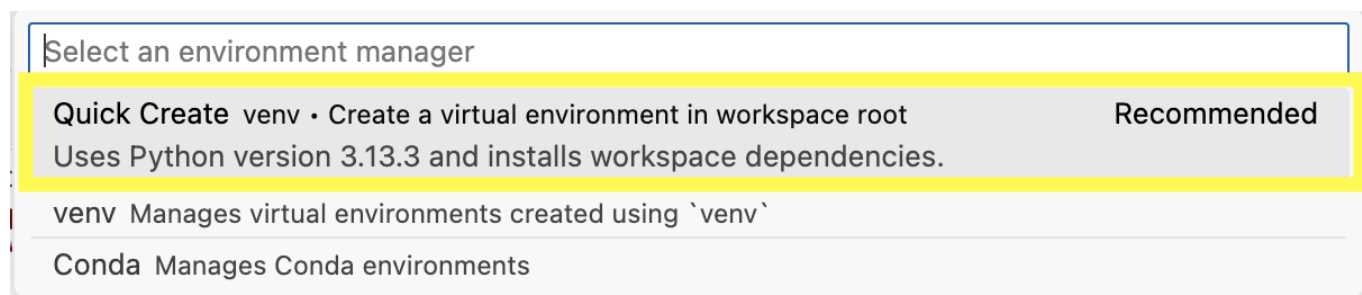
Create an environment

Press Ctrl+Shift+P (Windows/Linux) or Cmd+Shift+P (Mac) to open the Command Palette.

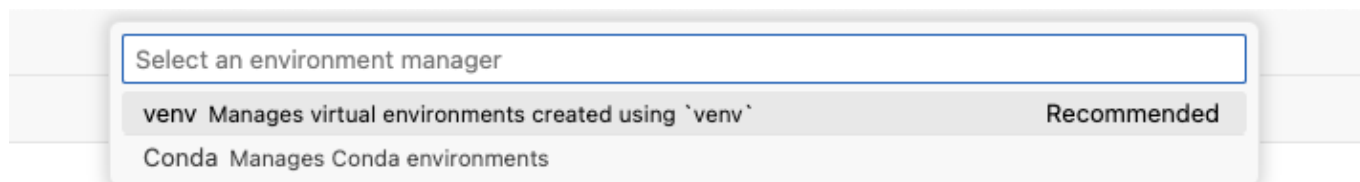
In the Command Palette, type Python: Create Environment and select it.



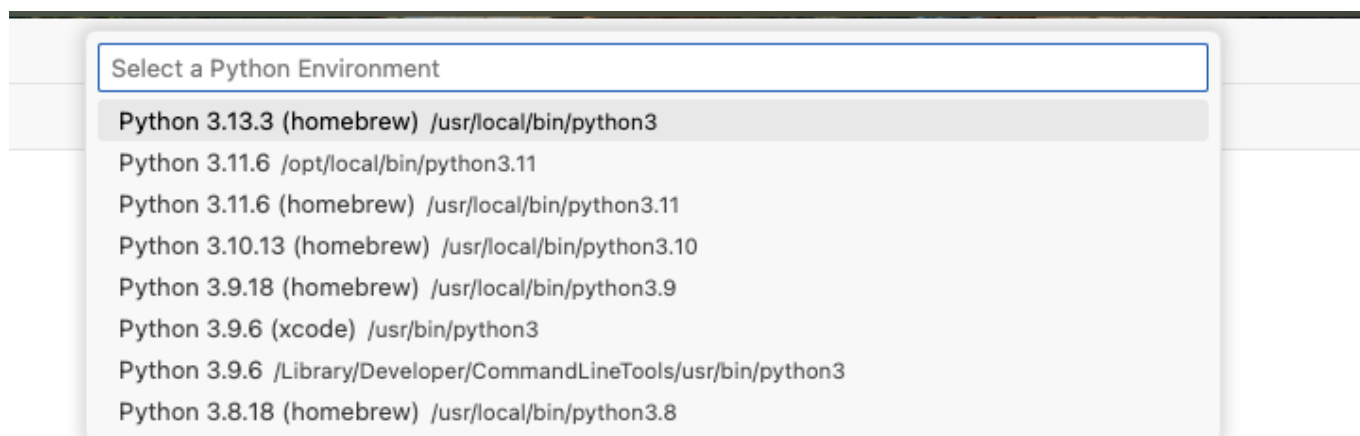
Select Create venv



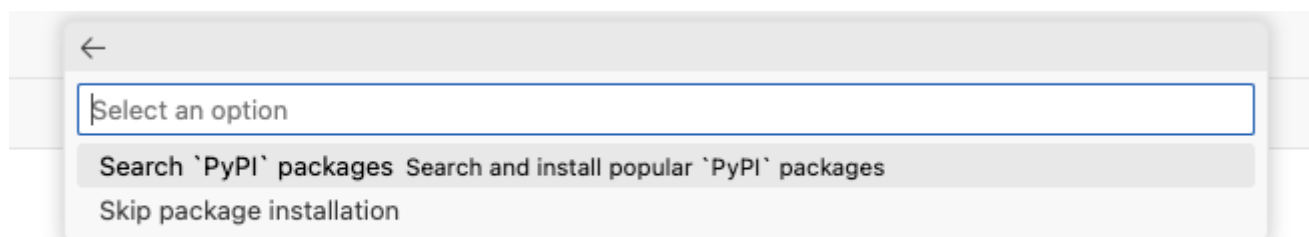
OR



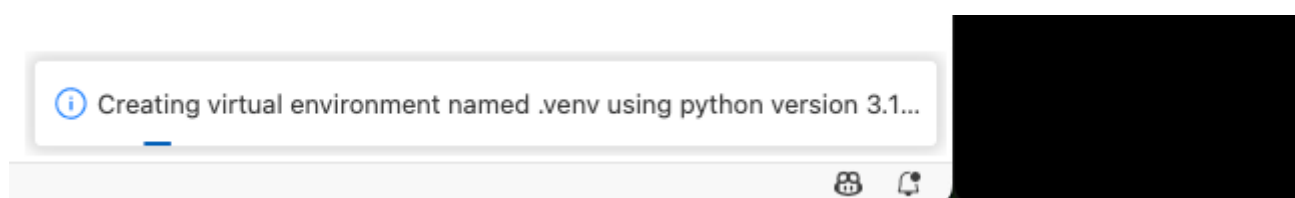
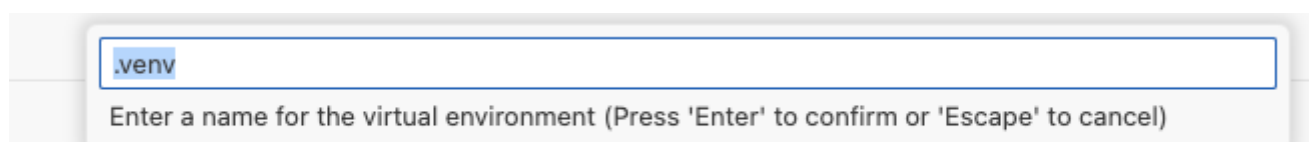
Select python environment (You could choose the **latest**)

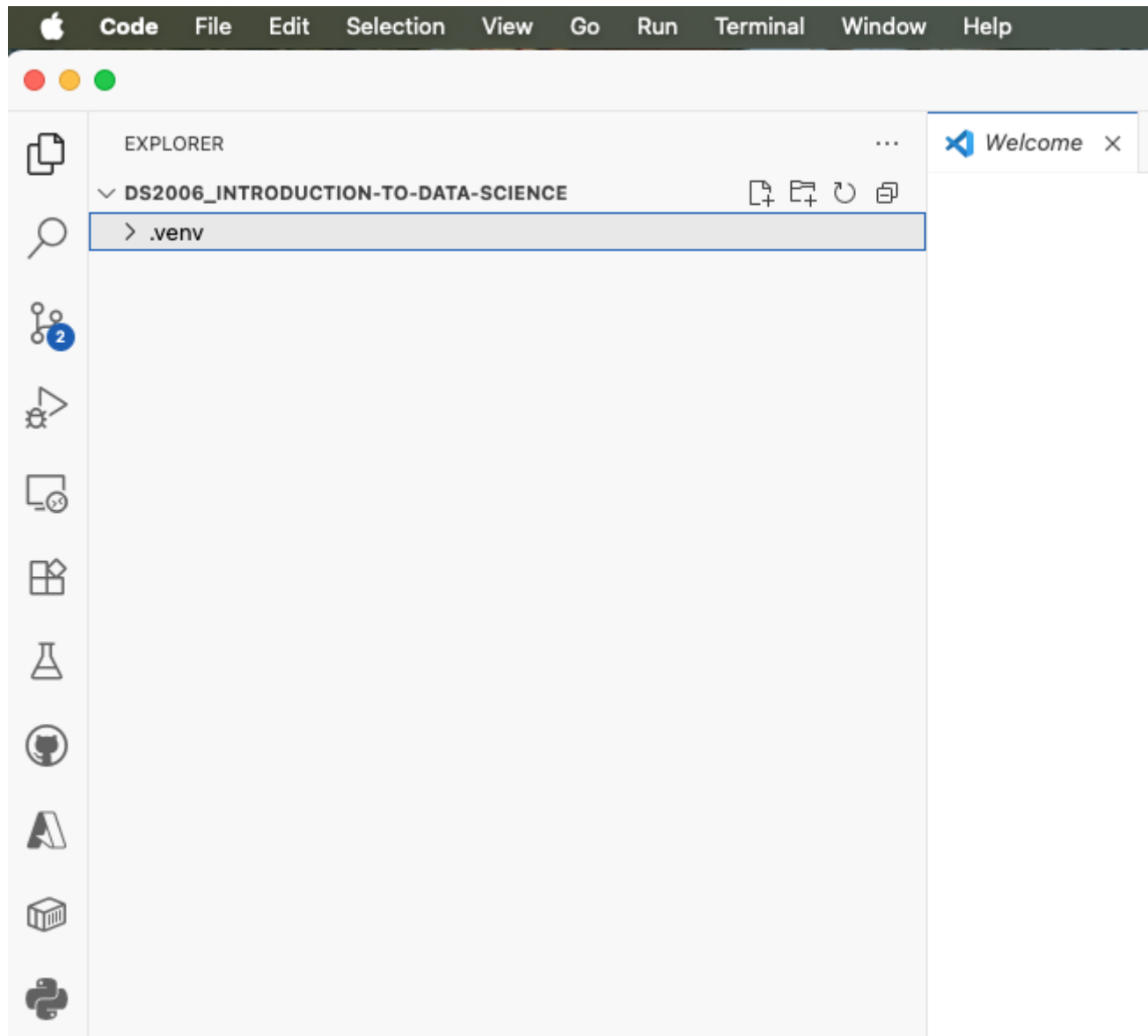


You could skip package installation

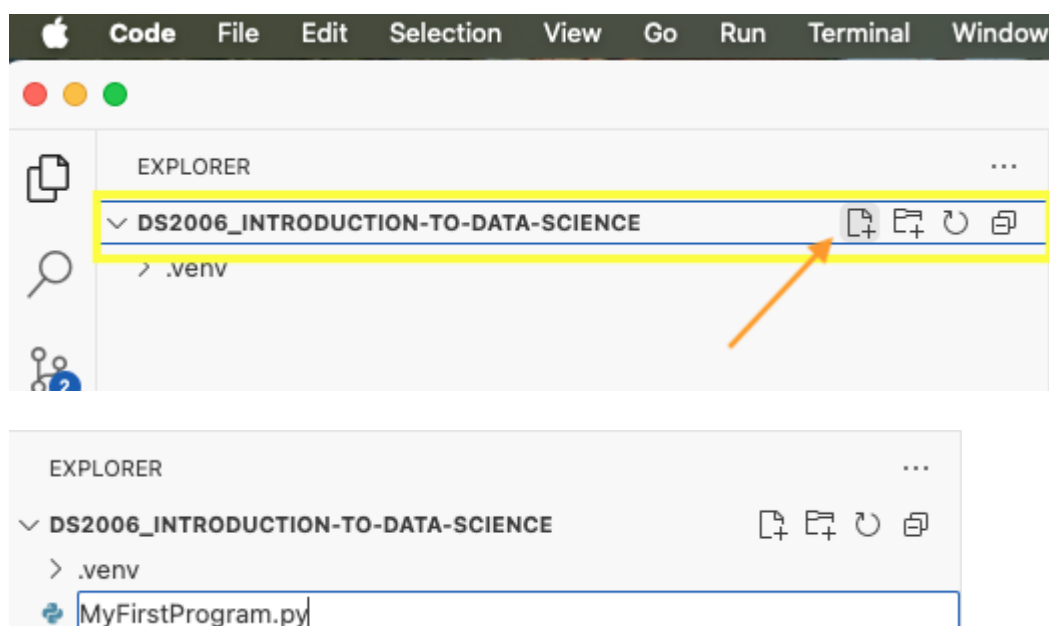


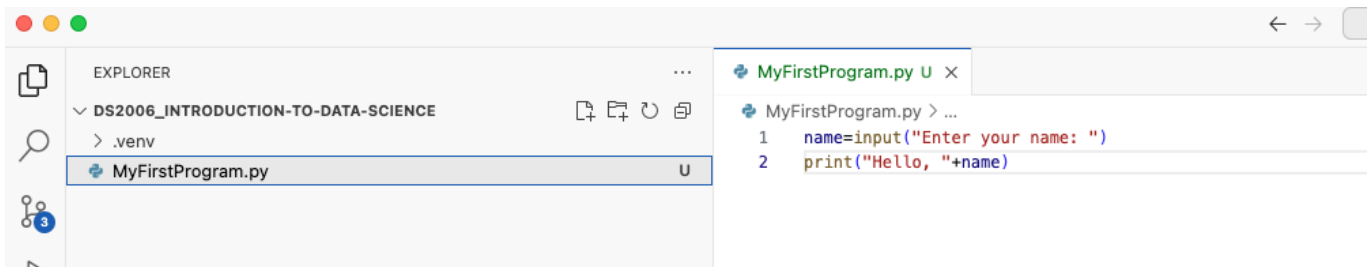
You **don't** need to change the name of the environment



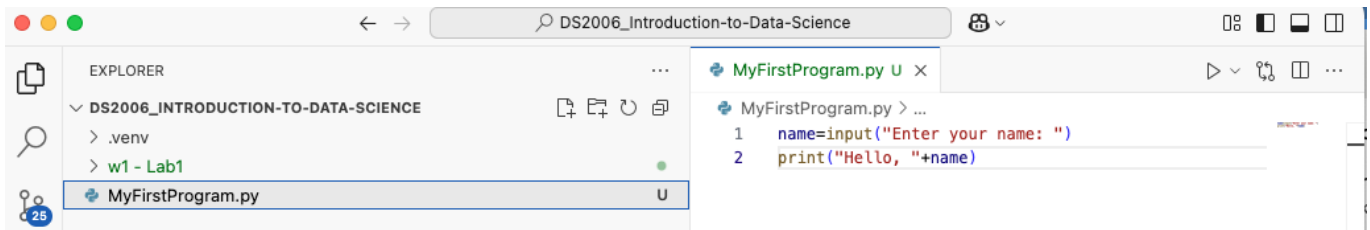


Create a new file



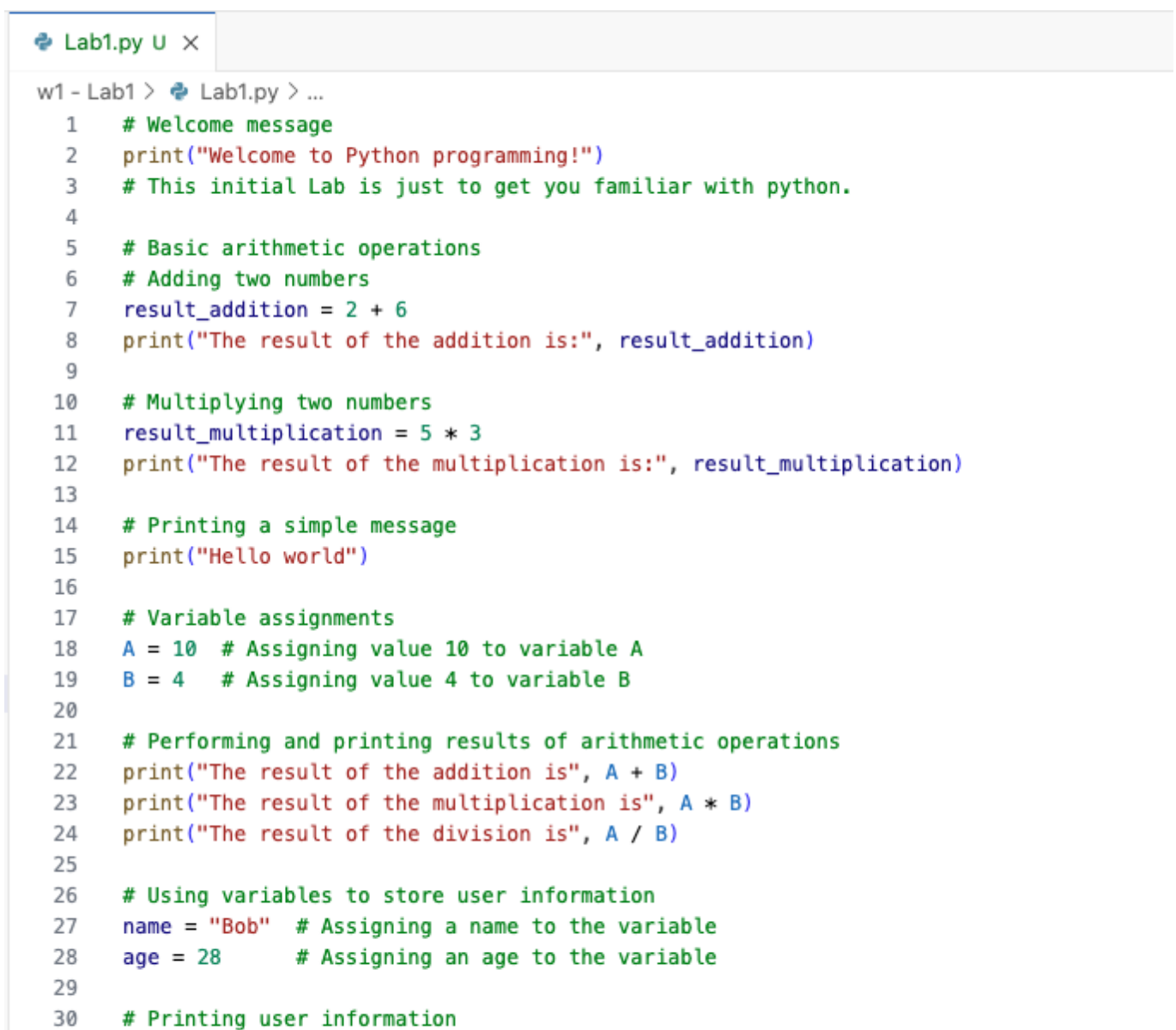


Run your First program



2.0 Create Lab1.py and successfully run it.

Create 'Lab1.py' and run it



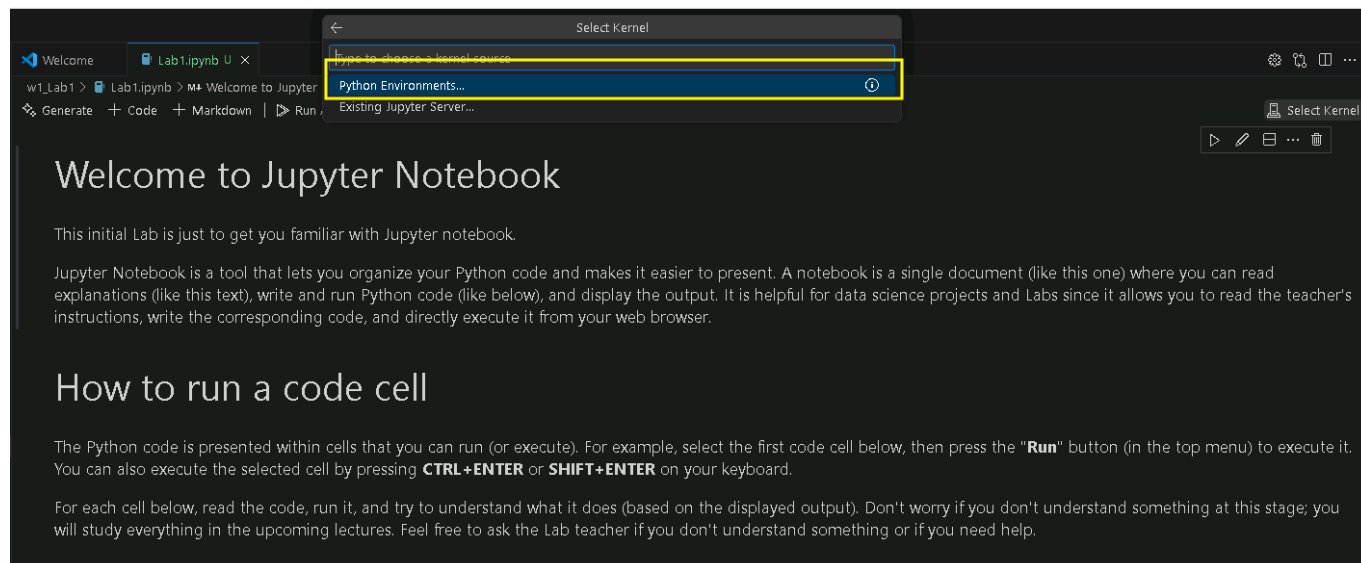
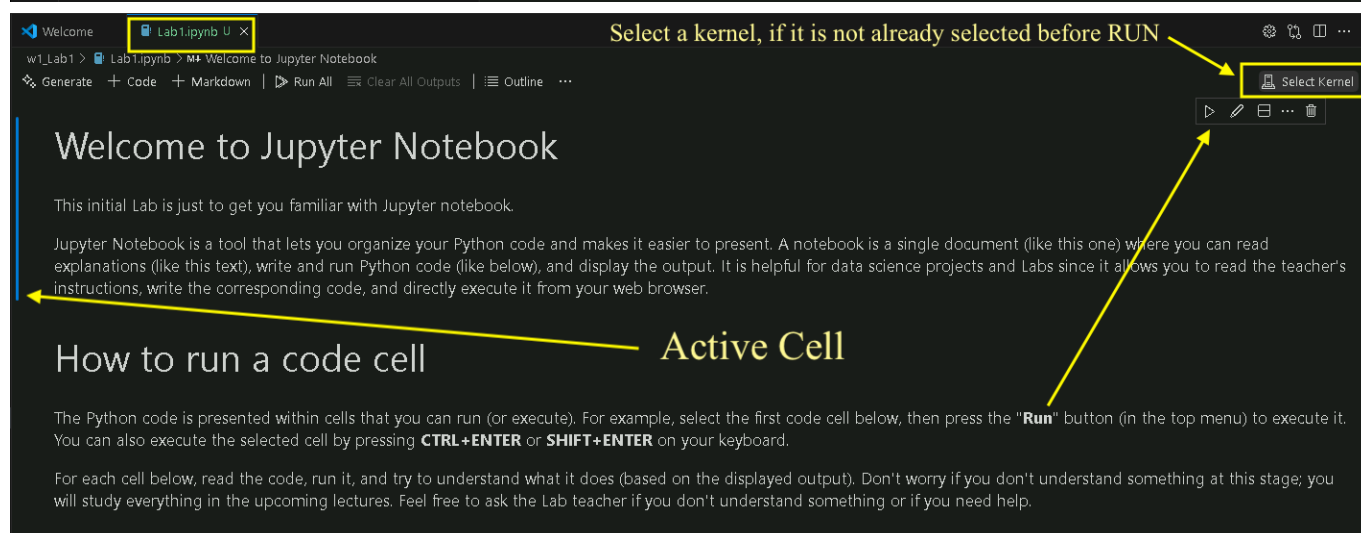
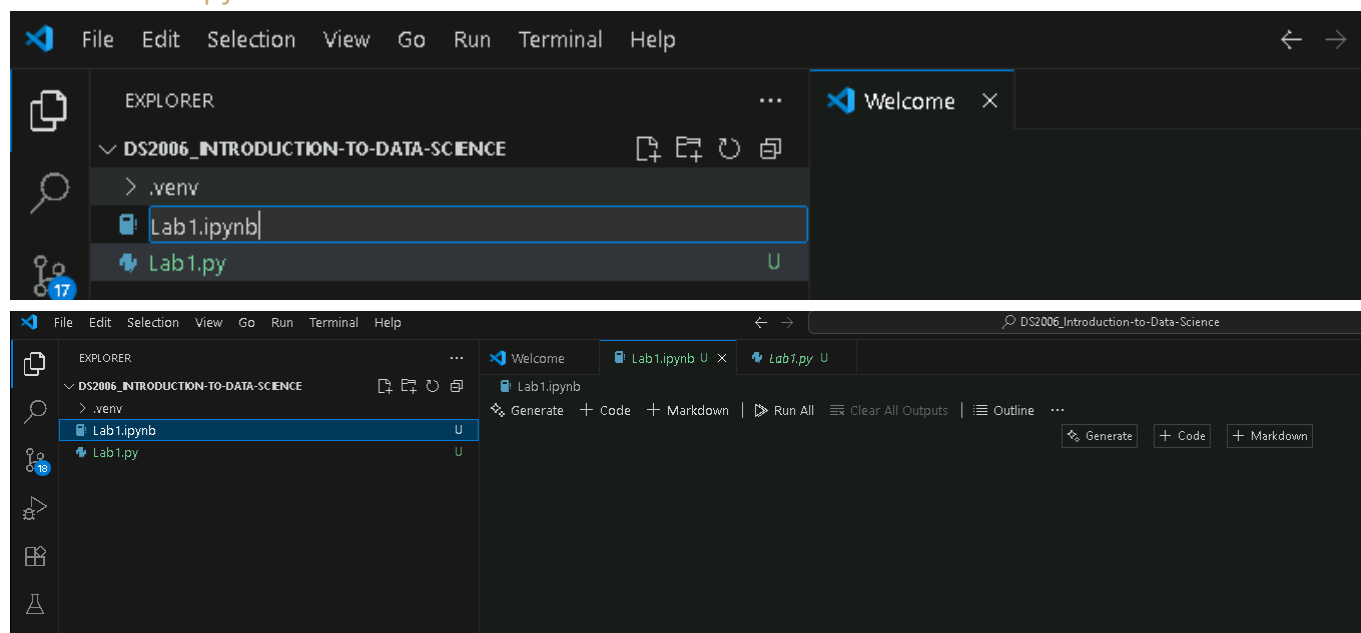
```
31 print("Hi! My name is", name, "and I am", age, "years old.")
32 print(f"In 2 years, I will be {age + 2} years old.")
33
34 # Conditional statement based on age
35 if age > 30:
36     print(f"Access granted. Welcome {name}.")
37 else:
38     print(f"Access refused. Common {name}, you can come back in {30 - age} years.")
39
40 # List of usernames
41 usernames = ["Mark", "Sara", "Ahmad", "Johanna"]
42
43 # Looping through the list and printing welcome messages
44 for user in usernames:
45     print(f"Welcome {user}")
46
47 # Looping to demonstrate range and multiplication
48 for i in range(0, 10):
49     print(f"The double of {i} is {2 * i}")
50
51 # Experimenting with the print() function
52 # Printing a greeting message
53 print("Hello, Data Scientists!")
54
55 # Printing the user's full name
56 # Replace 'Your Full Name' with your actual name
57 print("Your Full Name")
58
59 # Demonstrating input function
60 pseudoname = input("Please enter your pseudoname: ")
61 print("Hello", pseudoname)
62
63
64 # Demonstrate final variable values.
65 print("The variable A is", A)
66 print("The variable B is", B)
67 print("The variable name is", name)
68 print("The variable age is", age)
69 print("The variable pseudoname is", pseudoname)
70 print("The variable usernames is", usernames)
```

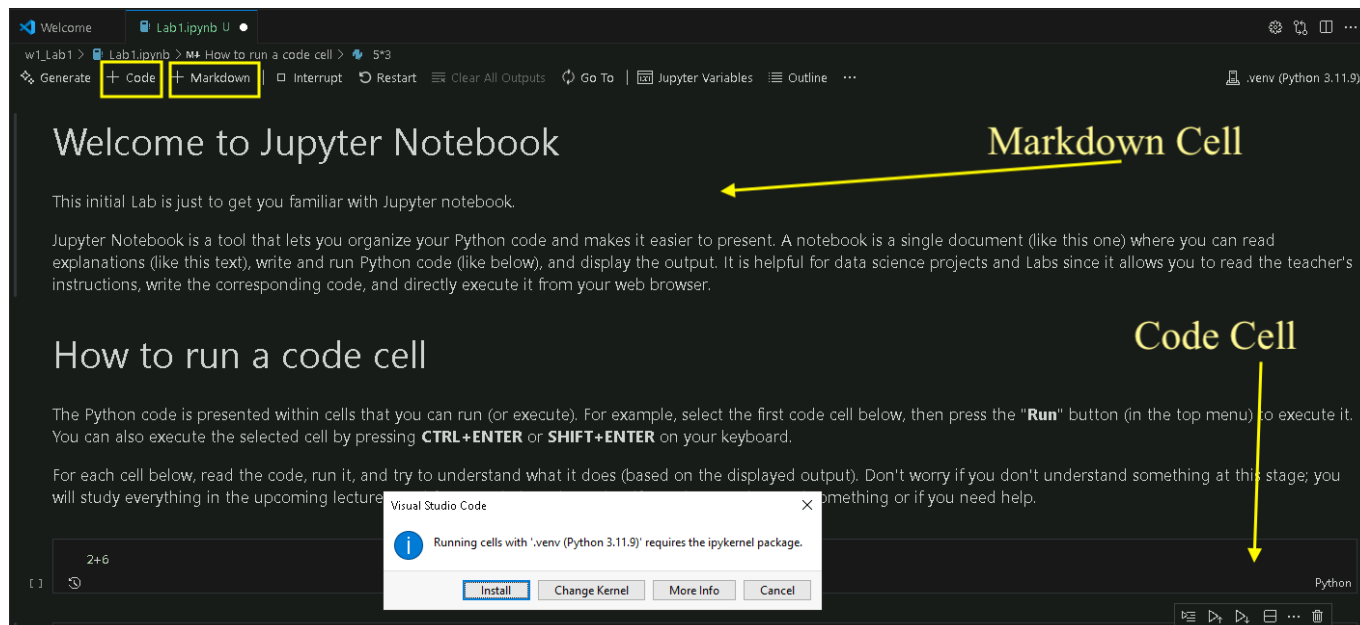
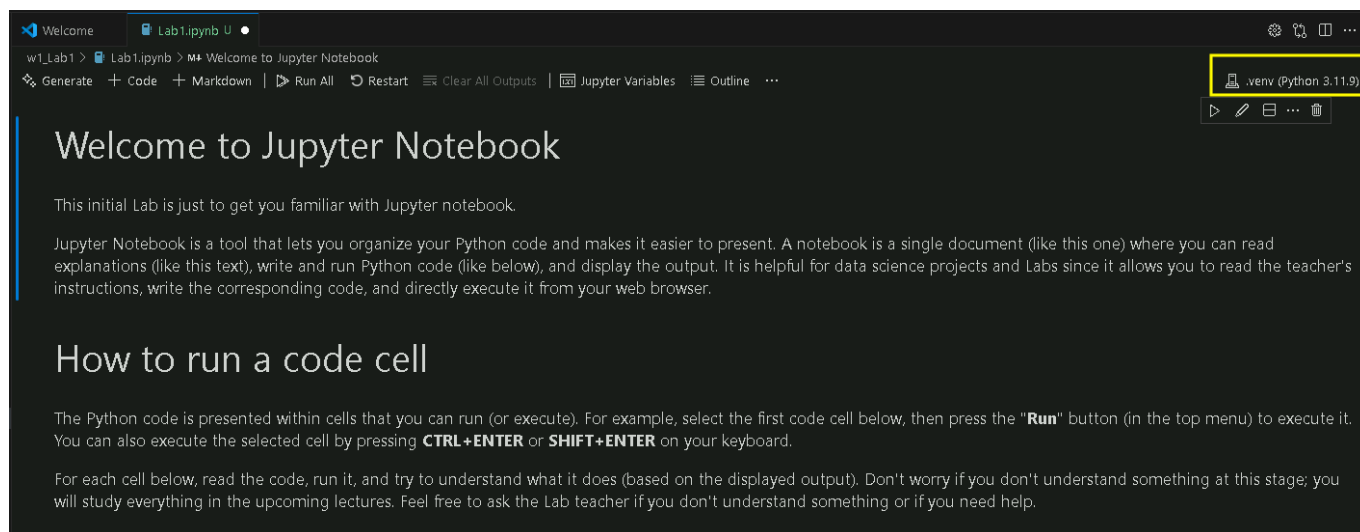
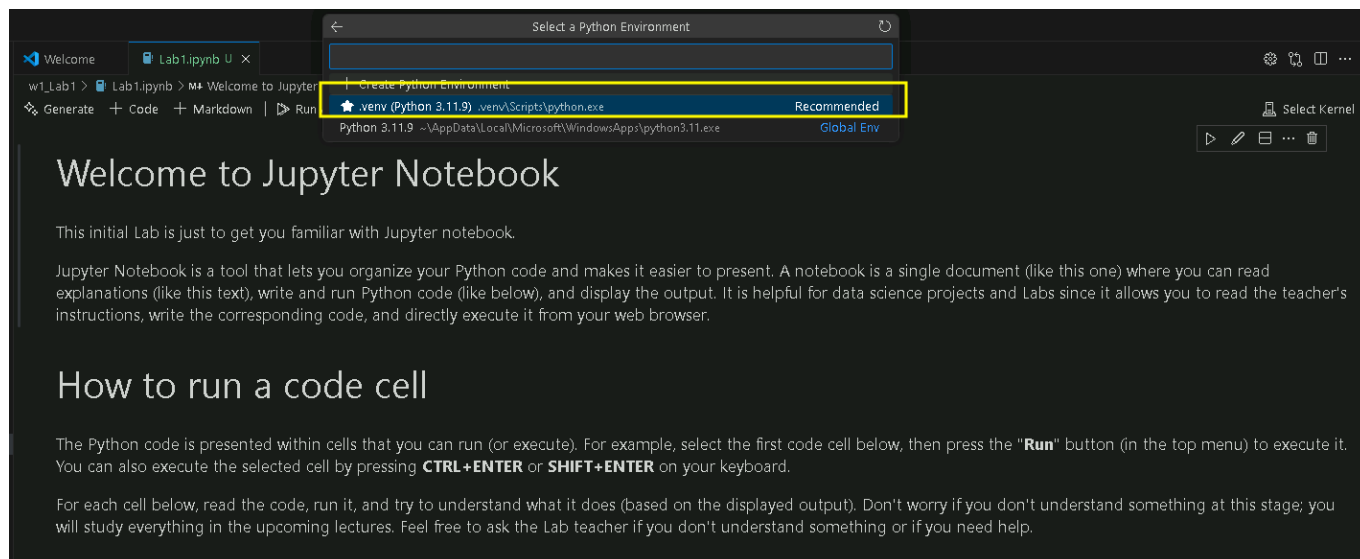
3.0 Convert Lab1.py into a jupyter notebook 'Lab1.ipynb' and successfully run it.

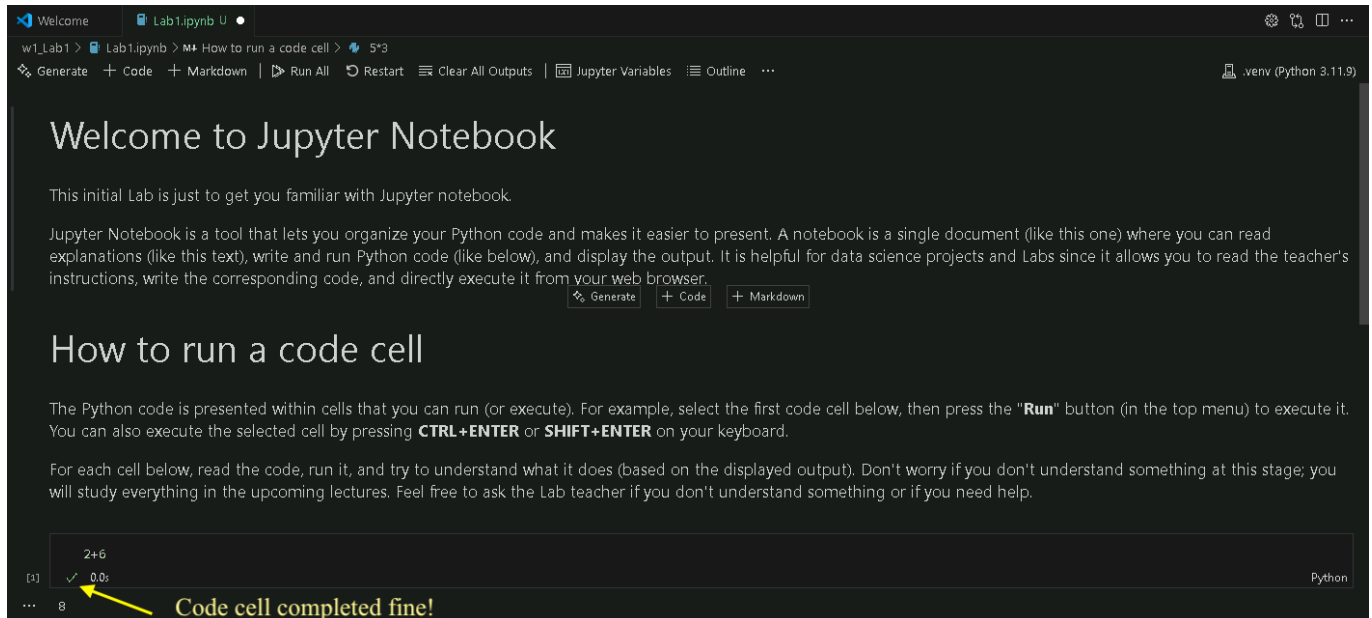
Convert **Lab1.py** content into **Lab1.ipynb**:

- Convert Comments in **Lab1.py** into Markdown cells (except the inline comments)
- Convert Code in **Lab1.py** into Code cells (with inline comments)
- Run the Notebook
- Save it
- Upload the note book (Lab1.ipynb) to Black Board.

Create Lab1.ipynb







Welcome to Jupyter Notebook

This initial Lab is just to get you familiar with Jupyter notebook.

Jupyter Notebook is a tool that lets you organize your Python code and makes it easier to present. A notebook is a single document (like this one) where you can read explanations (like this text), write and run Python code (like below), and display the output. It is helpful for data science projects and Labs since it allows you to read the teacher's instructions, write the corresponding code, and directly execute it from your web browser.

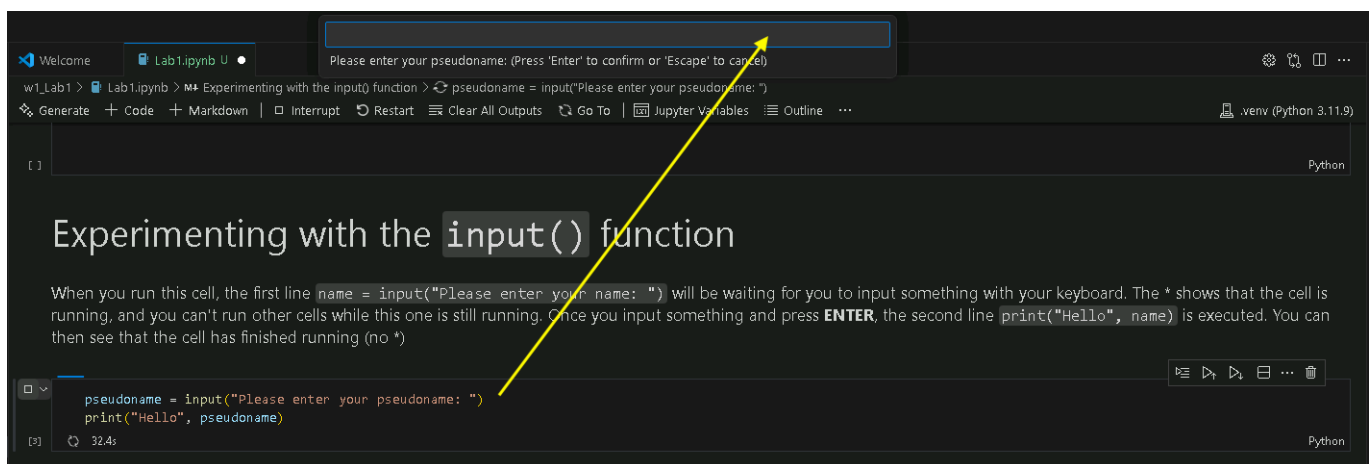
How to run a code cell

The Python code is presented within cells that you can run (or execute). For example, select the first code cell below, then press the **"Run"** button (in the top menu) to execute it. You can also execute the selected cell by pressing **CTRL+ENTER** or **SHIFT+ENTER** on your keyboard.

For each cell below, read the code, run it, and try to understand what it does (based on the displayed output). Don't worry if you don't understand something at this stage; you will study everything in the upcoming lectures. Feel free to ask the Lab teacher if you don't understand something or if you need help.

```
2+6
```

Code cell completed fine!

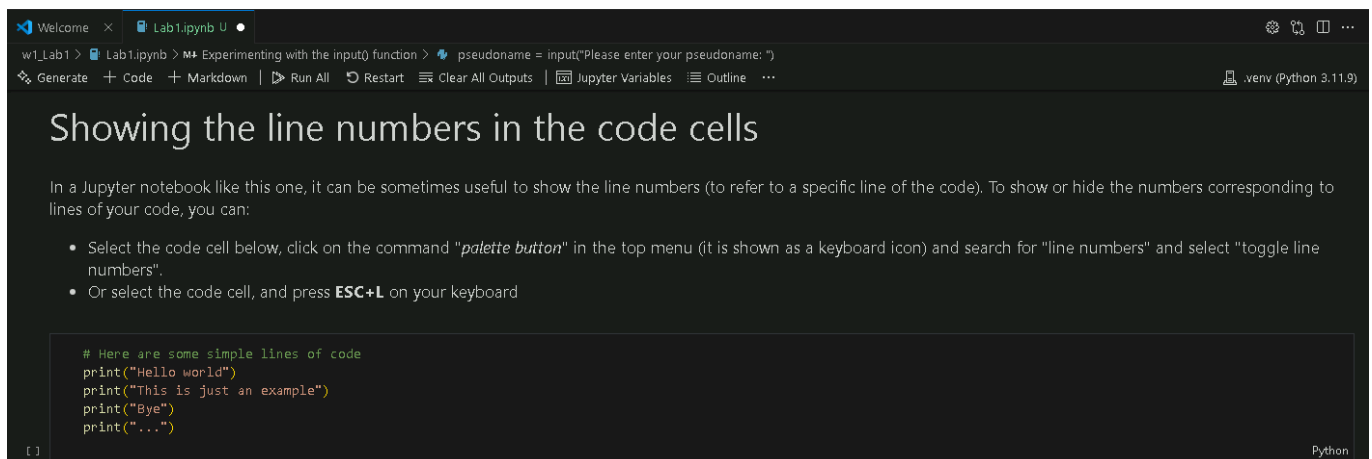


Experimenting with the `input()` function

When you run this cell, the first line `name = input("Please enter your name: ")` will be waiting for you to input something with your keyboard. The * shows that the cell is running, and you can't run other cells while this one is still running. Once you input something and press **ENTER**, the second line `print("Hello", name)` is executed. You can then see that the cell has finished running (no *)

```
pseudoname = input("Please enter your pseudoname: ")
print("Hello", pseudoname)
```

Please enter your pseudoname: (Press 'Enter' to confirm or 'Escape' to cancel)

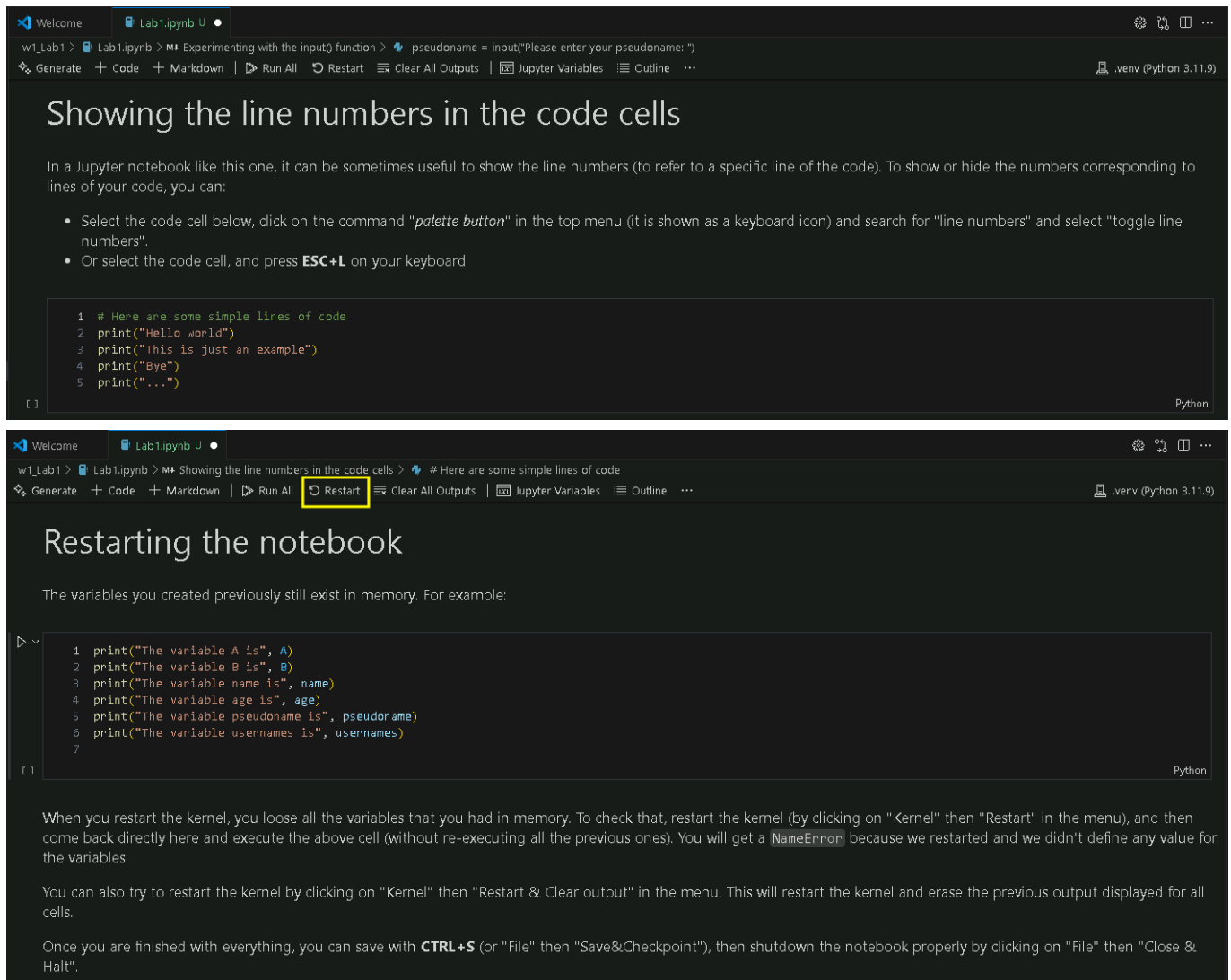


Showing the line numbers in the code cells

In a Jupyter notebook like this one, it can be sometimes useful to show the line numbers (to refer to a specific line of the code). To show or hide the numbers corresponding to lines of your code, you can:

- Select the code cell below, click on the command *"palette button"* in the top menu (it is shown as a keyboard icon) and search for "line numbers" and select "toggle line numbers".
- Or select the code cell, and press **ESC+L** on your keyboard

```
# Here are some simple lines of code
print("Hello world")
print("This is just an example")
print("Bye")
print("...")
```

The top screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook titled 'Lab1.ipynb'. The top menu bar includes 'Generate', 'Code', 'Markdown', 'Run All', 'Restart', 'Clear All Outputs', 'Jupyter Variables', and 'Outline'. The 'Restart' button is highlighted with a yellow box. The main content area has the heading 'Showing the line numbers in the code cells' and a code cell with the following Python code:

```
1 # Here are some simple lines of code
2 print("Hello world")
3 print("This is just an example")
4 print("Bye")
5 print("...")
```

The bottom screenshot shows the same Jupyter Notebook, but the 'Restart' button in the top menu bar is highlighted with a yellow box. The main content area has the heading 'Restarting the notebook' and a code cell with the following Python code:

```
1 print("The variable A is", A)
2 print("The variable B is", B)
3 print("The variable name is", name)
4 print("The variable age is", age)
5 print("The variable pseudoname is", pseudoname)
6 print("The variable usernames is", usernames)
7
```

Make sure you upload the note book (Lab1.ipynb) to Black Board.