

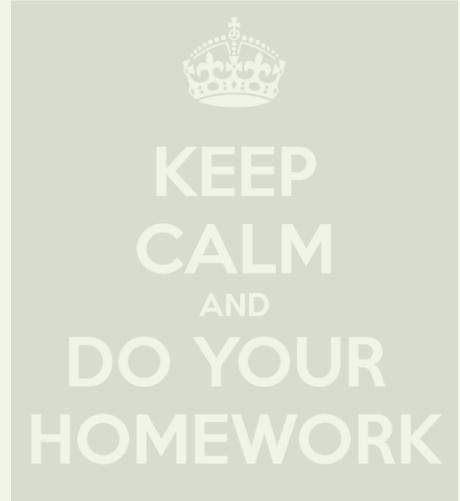
# Fall 2023 Lab 2: Advanced Gate-Level Verilog

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# Agenda

- Lab 2 Outline
- Lab 2 Basic Questions
- Lab 2 Advanced Questions



#### Lab 2 Outline

- Basic questions (1.5%)
  - Individual assignment
  - Due on 10/12/2023 (Thu). In class.
  - Only demonstration is necessary. Nothing to submit.
    - Please draw the circuits of question 1, and explain the differences between the adders of question 3 in your report.
- Advanced questions (5%)
  - Individual assignment
  - eeclass submission due on 10/12/2023 (Thu). 23:59:59.
  - Demonstration on your FPGA board (In class)
  - Assignment submission (Submit to EEClass)
    - Source codes and testbenches
    - Lab report in PDF

#### Lab 2 Rules

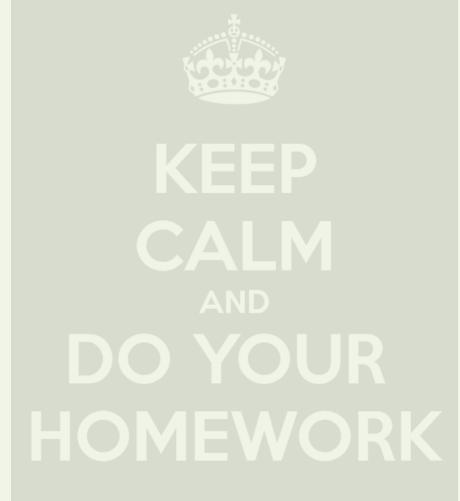
- Only gate-level description is permitted
  - Only basic logic gates are ALLOWED (AND, OR, NAND, NOR, NOT)
  - Sorry, no xor & xnor
- Please AVOID using
  - Continuous assignment (e.g., assign =, wire =) and conditional operators (e.g., :?)
  - Behavioral operators (e.g., =, !,%, &, \*, +, /, <, >, ^, |, ~)

# Lab 2 Submission Requirements

- Source codes and testbenches
  - Please follow the templates EXACTLY
  - We will test your codes by TAs' testbenches
- Lab 2 report
  - Please submit your report in a single PDF file
  - Please draw the gate-level circuits of your designs (please use computer softwares to draw your figures)
  - Please explain your designs in detail
  - Please explain how you test your design
  - What you have learned from Lab 2

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- Lab 2 Advanced Questions



#### **Basic Questions**

- Individual assignment
- Verilog questions (due on 10/12/2023 (Thu). In class.)
  - (Gate Level) NAND gate only
  - (Gate Level) 3-input majority gate
  - (Gate Level) 1-bit full adder & half adder
- Demonstrate your work by waveforms

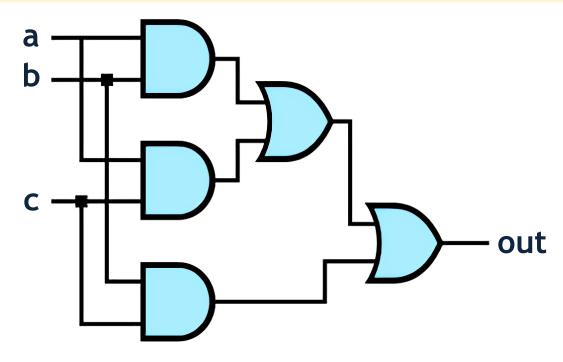
# Verilog Basic Question 1

- (Gate Level) NAND gates only
  - Use **NAND** gates only to realize the following functions
  - NOT, NOR, AND, OR, XOR, XNOR, NAND
  - Input/Output: a (1bit), b (1bit), sel (3 bits), out (1 bit)
  - Please draw your circuits in your report

sel [2:0]	out
000	out = a <b>nand</b> b
001	out = a <b>and</b> b
010	out = a or b
011	out = a <b>nor</b> b
100	out = a <b>xor</b> b
101	out = a <b>xnor</b> b
110 & 111	out = !a

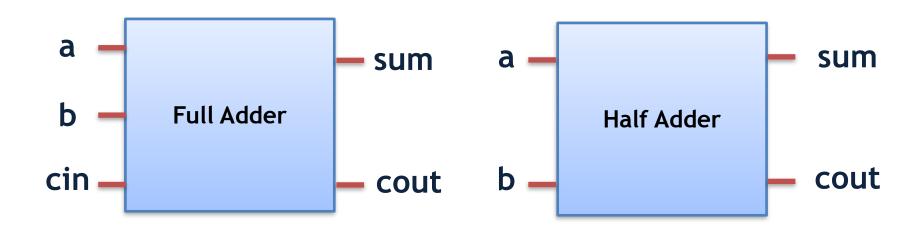
# Verilog Basic Question 2

- (Gate Level) 3-input majority gate
  - Use NAND gates only to realize the following circuit
  - Please reuse the modules implemented in Question 1
  - Input/Output: a (1bit), b (1bit), c (1 bit), out (1 bit)



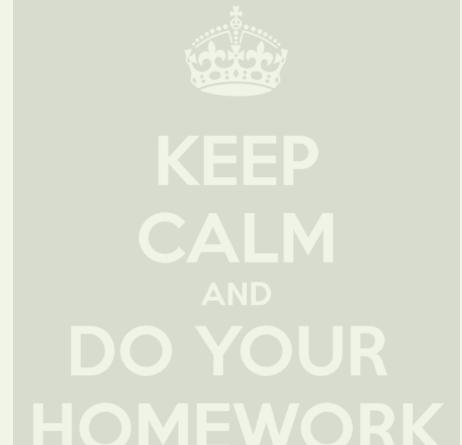
# Verilog Basic Question 3

- (Gate Level) 1-bit full adder & half adder
- Please design two modules: one for a 1-bit full adder and one for a 1-bit half adder, use NAND gates only
- Please reuse the module of your majority gate from the basic question 2 for the 1-bit full adder design
- Please explain the difference between these two adders in your report.



# Agenda

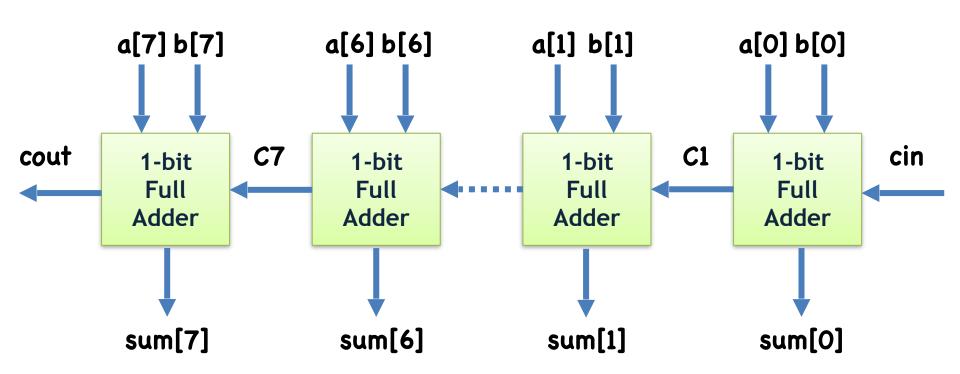
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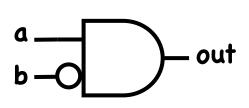
#### **Advanced Questions**

- Individual assignment
- Verilog questions (due on 10/12/2023 (Thu). 23:59:59.)
  - Optional: (Gate Level) 8-bit ripple carry adder (RCA)
  - Necessary: (Gate Level) Decode and execute
  - Necessary: (Gate Level) 8-bit carry-lookahead (CLA) Adder
  - Optional: (Gate Level) 4-bit multiplier
  - Necessary: An exhaustive testbench design
- FPGA demonstration (due on 10/12/2023 (Thu). In class.)
  - Necessary: (Gate Level) Decode and execute

- (Gate-level) 8-bit ripple-carry adder (RCA)
- Instantiate the 1-bit full adder module from the Basic Question 3
- Use NAND gates only



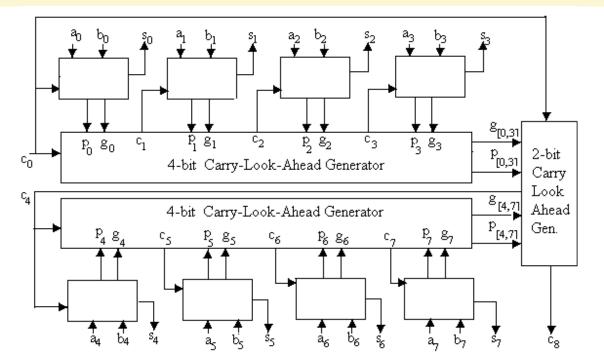
- (Gate Level) Decode and execute
  - Please use the universal gate depicted on the bottom left corner only to implement the basic logic gates listed below.
    - Please draw your circuits of your basic logic gates (AND, OR, NOT ...) in your report
    - Implement your universal gate in Universal\_Gate.v (the module name is also Universal\_Gate) and instantiate it in your design. Do not submit this file and ensure that your design uses no primitive logic gates.
  - Use your own basic logic gate modules to realize the following functions specified in the table defined on the bottom-right corner
  - Input/Output: rs (4 bits), rt (4 bits), sel (3 bits), rd (4 bits)



The universal gate to be used

Instruction	OP_Code	Function
SUB	000	rd = rs - rt (hint: two's complement)
ADD	001	rd = rs + rt
BITWISE OR	010	rd = rs (bitwise OR) rt
BITWISE AND	011	rd = rs (bitwise AND) rt
RT ARI. RIGHT SHIFT	100	rd = {rt[3], rt[3:1]}
RS CIR. LEFT SHIFT	101	rd = {rs[2:0], rs[3]}
COMPARE LT	110	rd = {3'b101, rs < rt}
COMPARE EQ	111	rd = {3'b111, rs == rt}

- (Gate Level) 8-bit carry-lookahead (CLA) adder
  - Using NAND gates only
  - Please design your CLA using hierarchical modules, and follow the figure below
  - Please explain the circuit of CLA, the benefits of it, and how it works in your report
  - Please draw your 4-bit CLA generator design in your report
- Go to Wikipedia to check out the details of it
  - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Carry-lookahead\_adder



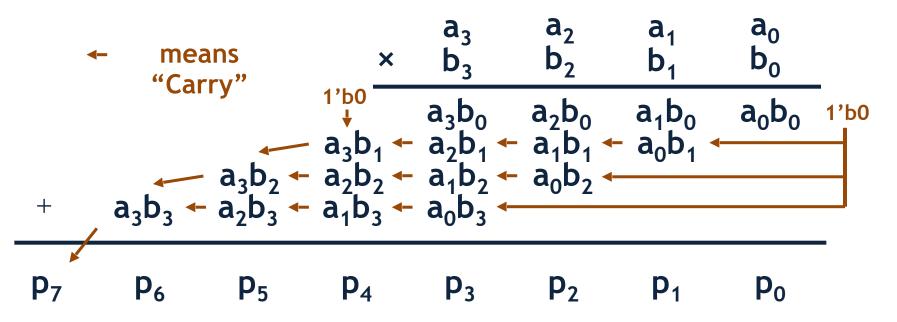
#### Adder inputs:

- The operands: [7:0] a (8 bits), [7:0] b (8 bits)
- **The carry in:**  $c_0$  (1 bit)

#### Adder outputs:

- **The sum**: [7:0] s (8 bits)
- The carry out:  $c_8$  (1 bit)

- (Gate Level) 4-bit multiplier
  - Design a 4-bit unsigned multiplier using your full adder and half adder
  - Using NAND gates only
  - Please explain how it works
  - Please draw your block diagram using your adders and logic gates
  - Hint: accumulate the partial products using adders
- Inputs: a[3:0] and b[3:0]; Output: p[7:0]

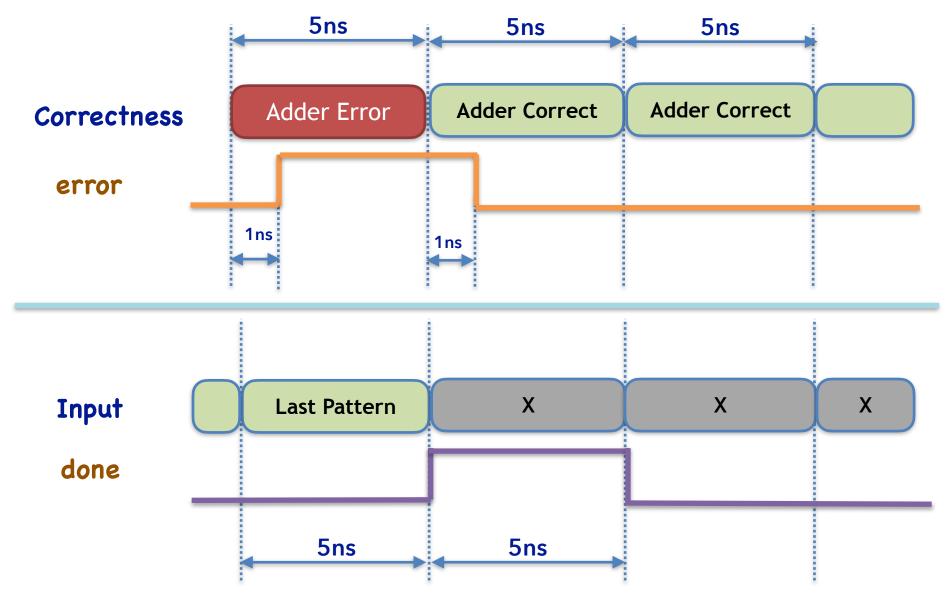


- (Test Bench) An exhaustive testbench design
  - In this question, please design a testbench for a 4-bit adder circuit
  - We will use faulty designs to check if your test bench can find the intentionally inserted errors
  - We will check whether all the input patterns are covered
- Testbench requirements
  - Please follow the template for your testbench I/Os, which have two additional pins: error and done.
  - Please change input to the test instance every five nanoseconds.
  - One nanosecond after any input is given, set **error** to 1'b1 if an error is detected. Similarly, if no error is detected, set **error** to 1'b0 one nanosecond ofter the input is given.
  - Set the values of done and error to 1'b0 at the beginning of the testbench
  - Set **done** to 1'b1 no earlier than five nanoseconds after the last pattern is provided.

#### Verilog Advanced Question 5 (con't)

- Important Reminder
  - Do not use the \$finish system task in your testbench
  - Do not include your ripple carry adder design in the submitted file
  - Do not remove or alter any existing code in the template. However, you are free to add any signals or tasks
  - Violating any of the above mentioned rules can lead to incorrect simulation results or cause the simulation to crash. In these cases, you will get 0 point for this question
  - You can use any Verilog modeling technique when developing your testbench

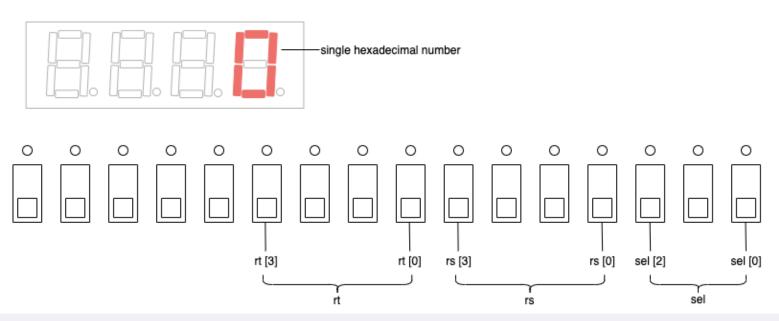
#### Verilog Advanced Question 5 (Con't)



#### **Advanced Questions**

- Individual assignment
- Verilog questions (due on 10/12/2023 (Thu). 23:59:59.)
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  - Necessary: (Gate Level) Decode and execute
  - Necessary: (Gate Level) 8-bit carry-lookahead (CLA) Adder
  - Optional: (Gate Level) 4-bit multiplier
  - Necessary: An exhaustive testbench design
- FPGA demonstration (due on 10/12/2023 (Thu). In class.)
  - Necessary: (Gate Level) Decode and execute

#### **FPGA Demonstration 1**



- (Gate Level) Decode and execute
- Implement the decode and execute module in **Advanced Question 2** onto your FPGA, and represent the output signal rd in a single hexadecimal number
  - Please assign your inputs/outputs as:
    - SW[2:0] stands for 'sel', SW[6:3] stands for 'rs', SW[10:7] stands for 'rt'
    - Use the rightmost 7-segment display to show your rd
- You are allowed to use any modeling technique for transforming rd to a single hexadecimal number on the seven segment display.
  - However, you will get bonus points if you implement it as a gate-level circuit

