

# Reinforcement Learning Lab

## Lesson 3: Policy Iteration and Value Iteration

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# Environment Setup

The first step for the setup of the laboratory environment is to update the repository and load the **miniconda** environment.

## Safe Procedure

Always back up the previous lessons' solutions before executing the repository update.

- Update the repository of the lab:

```
cd RL-Lab  
git stash  
git pull  
git stash pop
```

- Activate the *miniconda* environment:

```
conda activate rl-lab
```

# Today Assignment

In today's lesson, we implement the **value iteration** and **policy iteration** algorithms in Python. In particular, the file to complete is:

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`RL-Lab/lessons/lesson_3_code.py`

---

Inside the file, two functions are only partially implemented. The objective of this lesson is to complete them.

- **`def value_iteration()`**
- **`def policy_iteration()`**

Expected results can be found in:

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`RL-Lab/results/lesson_3_results.txt`

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# Pseudocode - Policy Iteration (a)

```
function POLICY-ITERATION( $mdp$ ) returns a policy
  inputs:  $mdp$ , an MDP with states  $S$ , actions  $A(s)$ , transition model  $P(s' | s, a)$ 
  local variables:  $U$ , a vector of utilities for states in  $S$ , initially zero
                   $\pi$ , a policy vector indexed by state, initially random

  repeat
     $U \leftarrow \text{POLICY-EVALUATION}(\pi, U, mdp)$ 
     $unchanged? \leftarrow \text{true}$ 
    for each state  $s$  in  $S$  do
      if  $\max_{a \in A(s)} \sum_{s'} P(s' | s, a) U[s'] > \sum_{s'} P(s' | s, \pi[s]) U[s']$  then do
         $\pi[s] \leftarrow \operatorname{argmax}_{a \in A(s)} \sum_{s'} P(s' | s, a) U[s']$ 
         $unchanged? \leftarrow \text{false}$ 
  until  $unchanged?$ 
  return  $\pi$ 
```

**Figure:** Pseudocode for the policy iteration algorithm, the implementation is from the Russell and Norvig book: *Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach*

## Pseudocode - Policy Iteration (b)

The *policy evaluation* of the policy iteration algorithm implements the following function:

$$U_i(s) = R(s) + \gamma \sum_{s'} P(s' | s, \pi_i(s)) U_i(s') .$$

Figure: Policy Evaluation function.

### Hint:

In the assignments, the update functions require discounting the future reward (e.g.,  $r + \gamma \cdot \text{future}$ ). Remember that for the terminal states, there is no future! Update only with  $r$  in such cases.

# Pseudocode - Value Iteration

```
function VALUE-ITERATION( $mdp, \epsilon$ ) returns a utility function
  inputs:  $mdp$ , an MDP with states  $S$ , actions  $A(s)$ , transition model  $P(s' | s, a)$ ,
           rewards  $R(s)$ , discount  $\gamma$ 
            $\epsilon$ , the maximum error allowed in the utility of any state
  local variables:  $U, U'$ , vectors of utilities for states in  $S$ , initially zero
                      $\delta$ , the maximum change in the utility of any state in an iteration

  repeat
     $U \leftarrow U'; \delta \leftarrow 0$ 
    for each state  $s$  in  $S$  do
       $U'[s] \leftarrow R(s) + \gamma \max_{a \in A(s)} \sum_{s'} P(s' | s, a) U[s']$ 
      if  $|U'[s] - U[s]| > \delta$  then  $\delta \leftarrow |U'[s] - U[s]|$ 
  until  $\delta < \epsilon(1 - \gamma)/\gamma$ 
  return  $U$ 
```

**Figure:** Pseudocode for the value iteration algorithm, the implementation is from the Russell and Norvig book *Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach*