## The program nfssfont

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This file is maintained by the LATEX Project team. Bug reports can be opened (category latex) at https://latex-project.org/bugs.html.

## 1 Introduction

Within the NFSS distribution there is a LATEX file nfssfont.tex which can be used to test new fonts, produce font tables showing all characters, etc. This is an adaption of a program originally written by Don Knuth.

When you run this file through IATEX you will be asked to enter the name of the font to test. Your answer should be the external font name without any extension, e.g. cmr10 (Computer Modern Roman 10pt) or yinit (Yannis Haralambous' Initial font).

Alternatively (since version 2.1), you can press  $\langle return \rangle$  at this point. In that case a dialog is started that asks you for the font characteristics in NFSS notation, i.e., first for the encoding scheme (default T1), then for the family name (default cmr), then for the series (default m), then for the shape (default n), and finally for the size (default 10pt).

You are then requested to enter a command. Probably the most important one is **\table**, which will produce a font chart. To switch to a new test font, type **\init**; to finish the test, type **\bye**; and to learn about all the other possible tests type **\help**.

This is at the moment only a crude adaption of the test program for the Computer Modern fonts by Donald Knuth.

## 2 A driver for this document

The next bit of code contains the documentation driver file for TeX, i.e., the file that will produce the documentation you are currently reading. It will be extracted from this file by the DOCSTRIP program.

- $_1 \; \langle *\mathsf{driver} \rangle$
- 2 \documentclass{ltxdoc}
- 3 % \OnlyDescription % comment out for implementation details
- 4 \begin{document}

<sup>\*</sup>Adapted from code written by Donald E. Knuth

```
5 \DocInput{nfssfont.dtx}
6 \end{document}
7 \( / \driver \)
```

## 3 The code

A testbed for font evaluation (see The METAFONTbook, Appendix H) changed for LATEX with NFSS.

This program should get a complete rewrite some day or at least some code documentation. Any volunteers?

```
8 (*code)
9 \documentclass{article}
10 \nofiles
11 \setlength\textwidth{470pt}
12 \setlength\oddsidemargin{Opt}
13 \addtolength\textheight{7\baselineskip}
14 \addtolength\topmargin{-3\baselineskip}
16 \def\sevenrm{\fontencoding{OT1}\fontsize{7}{9pt}\rmfamily}
19 \typeout{* NFSS font test program version <\nfssfontfileversion>}
20 \typeout{*}
21 \typeout{* Follow the instructions}
23 \typeout{}
25 \tracinglostchars=0
26 \tolerance=1000
27 \raggedbottom
28 \parindent=0pt
                                %FMi
29 %\newlinechar='@
30 \hyphenpenalty=200
31 \doublehyphendemerits=30000
32 \newcount\m \newcount\n \newcount\p \newdimen\dim
33 \chardef\other=12
35 \def\today{\ifcase\month\or
    {\tt January \ or \ March \ or \ April \ or \ May \ or \ June \ or}
37
    July\or August\or September\or October\or November\or December\fi
    \space\number\day, \number\year}
38
39 \left| \frac{n=\times \%}{60} \right|
   \m=-\n \multiply\m 60 \advance\m \time
    \twodigits\n\twodigits\m}
42 \def\twodigits#1{\ifnum #1<10 0\fi \number#1}
  We first ask for a real external font name...
43 \left( \frac{\%}{\%} \right)
44 \typein[\currfontname]%
45
     {Input external font name, e.g., cmr10^^J%
46
      (or <enter> for NFSS classification of font):}%
```

If the answer is a real font name (like "cmr10") then we have no idea what the encoding of this font is, so in this case we record the word "unknown" and internally assume T1 encoding. Commands other than \table are then most likely going to fail, unless that assumption was correct.

```
47 \def\encoding{unknown}%
48 \fontencoding{T1}\selectfont
```

If the user answers with "return" we ask for the NFSS classification of the font in form of encoding, family, series, shape, and size offering a default each time.

Depending on the chosen encoding we have the problem, that the encoding support information may not be available (only for T1 and OT1 this is preloaded in the kernel, all other encodings normally need a declaration in the preamble). So here we attempt to load this support file even though it is actually already too late for this.

```
56  \edef\next{%
57  \lowercase{\def\noexpand\next{\encoding enc.def}}}%
58  \next
59  \makeatletter
60  \InputIfFileExists\next
61  {}%
```

If the encoding support file is not found this may indicate an error, eg something misspelled. However, it may equally mean that we dealing with a math font encoding for which no encoding support is available.

```
62
         {\PackageWarningNoLine{nfssfont}%
63
          {Encoding file '\next' not found.%
64
            \MessageBreak
             You might have misspelt the name of the encoding
65
            \MessageBreak
66
             or perhaps this encoding is not a text encoding,
67
            \MessageBreak
68
69
             in which case you will probably only be able to
70
           \MessageBreak
             run the \noexpand\table command successfully}%
```

But actually the situation is even worse, as some math encodings do have such support files. So for them we need to make the encoding known to NFSS in some other way, otherwise we could not even find the external font name, let alone typesetting a \table.

```
72 \expandafter\let\csname T@\encoding\endcsname\empty
73 }%
74 \makeatother
75 \let\next\relax
76 \fontencoding\encoding
77 \fi
78 \typein[\family]{Font family [cmr]:}%
```

```
\relax
 79
     \ifx\family\empty
 80
       \fontfamily{cmr}%
 81
     \else
 82
       \fontfamily\family
 83
 84
     \typein[\series]{Font series [m]:}%
 85
     \ifx\series\empty
 86
       \fontseries{m}%
 87
     \else
 88
       \fontseries\series
 89
 90
     \typein[\shape]{Font shape [n]:}%
 91
     \ifx\shape\empty
 92
       \fontshape{n}%
 93
 94
     \else
       \fontshape\shape
 95
 96
     \typein[\size]{Font size [10pt]:}%
 97
 98
     \ifx\size\empty
       \fontsize{10}{10}%
99
     \else
100
       \fontsize\size\size
101
     \fi
102
Then select the font and assign it to \currfontname.
     \selectfont\edef\currfontname{\font}%
    \fi
104
    \startfont
105
Finally we ask for some "action" and offer \table\bye as default—basically I got
tired of having to type that in each time. If some other action is given you end
with a * prompt and have to finish the run with \bye yourself eventually.
    \typein[\action]{Now type a test command or
      \string\help\space for help [\string\table\space\string\bye\space]:}%
107
    \ifx\action\empty
108
      \expandafter\table\expandafter\bye
109
110
    \else
111
      \expandafter\action
112 \fi
113 }
114 \def\startfont{\font\testfont=\currfontname
     \leftline{\sevenrm Test of font \currfontname\unskip\ (encoding
115
                \encoding\unskip) on \today\ at \hours}
116
     \medskip
117
     \testfont \setbaselineskip
118
119
     \ifdim\fontdimen6\testfont<10pt \rightskip=0pt plus 20pt
120
     \else\rightskip=Opt plus 2em \fi
     \spaceskip=\fontdimen2\testfont % space between words (\raggedright)
121
     \xspaceskip=\fontdimen2\testfont \advance\xspaceskip
122
     by\fontdimen7\testfont}
124 {\catcode'\|=0 \catcode'\\=\other
125 |gdef|help{|message{%
126 \init switches to another font; ^^J%
```

```
127 \stop or \bye finishes the run; ^^J%
128 \table prints the font layout in tabular format; ^^J%
129 \text prints a sample text, assuming TeX text font conventions; ^1/%
130 \sample combines \table and \text; ^^J%
131 \mixture mixes a background character with a series of others; ^^J%
132 \alternation interleaves a background character with a series; ^^ J%
133 \alphabet prints all lowercase letters within a given background; ^1J%
134 \ALPHABET prints all uppercase letters within a given background; ^1/3/
135 \series prints a series of letters within a given background; ^ 1/8
136 \lowers prints a comprehensive test of lowercase; ^^ J%
137 \uppers prints a comprehensive test of uppercase; ^^ J%
138 \digits prints a comprehensive test of numerals; ^^J%
139 \math prints a comprehensive test of TeX math italic; ^^J%
140 \names prints a text that mixes upper and lower case; ^^J%
141 \punct prints a punctuation test; ^^J%
142 \bigtest combines many of the above routines; ^^J%
143 \help repeats this message; ^^J%
144 and you can use ordinary TeX commands (e.g., to \input a file).}}}
145
146 \def\setbaselineskip{\setbox0=\hbox{\n=0}
148 \baselineskip=6pt \advance\baselineskip\ht0 \advance\baselineskip\dp0 }
149 \def\setchar#1{{\escapechar-1\message{\string#1 character = }%
     \def\do##1{\catcode'##1=\other}\dospecials
     \read-1 to\next
     \expandafter\finsetchar\next\next#1}}
152
153 \def\finsetchar#1#2\next#3{\global\chardef#3='#1
    \ifnum #3='\# \global\chardef#3=#2 \fi}
155 \def\promptthree{\setchar\background
    \setchar\starting \setchar\ending}
156
157
158 \def\mixture{\promptthree \domix\mixpattern}
159 \def\alternation{\promptthree \domix\altpattern}
160 \det \max\{0\1\0\1\1\0\0\1\1\1\0\1\}
161 \def\altpattern{\0\1\0\1\0\1\0\1\0\1\0\1\0\1\0\1\0}
162 \def\domix#1{\par\chardef\0=\background \n=\starting
    \loop \chardef\1=\n #1\endgraf
163
164
     \ifnum \n<\ending \advance\n 1 \repeat}
165
166 \def\!{\discretionary{\background}{\background}}
167 \def\series{\promptthree \!\doseries\starting\ending\par}
168 \def\doseries#1#2{\n=#1\loop\char\n\!\ifnum\n<#2\advance\n 1 \repeat}
169 \def\complower{\!\doseries{'a}{'z}\doseries{'31}{'34}\par}
170 \def\compupper{\!\doseries{'A}{'Z}\doseries{'35}{'37}\par}
171 \def\compdigs{\!\doseries{'0}{'9}\par}
172 \def\alphabet{\setchar\background\complower}
173 \def\ALPHABET{\setchar\background\compupper}
174
175 \def\lowers{\docomprehensive\complower{'a}{'z}{'31}{'34}}
176 \def\uppers{\docomprehensive\compupper{'A}{'Z}{'35}{'37}}
177 \def\digits{\docomprehensive\compdigs{'0}{'4}{'5}{'9}}
178 \def\docomprehensive#1#2#3#4#5{\par\chardef\background=#2
    \loop{#1} \ifnum\background<#3\m=\background\advance\m 1
     \chardef\background=\m \repeat \chardef\background=#4
```

```
\loop{#1} \ifnum\background<#5\m=\background\advance\m 1
181
        \chardef\background=\m \repeat}
182
183 \def\names{ {\AA}ngel\aa\ Beatrice Claire
        Diana \'Erica Fran\c{c}oise Ginette H\'el\'ene Iris
        Jackie K\=aren {\L}au\.ra Mar{\'\i}a N\H{a}ta{\l}{\u\i}e {\0}ctave
        Pauline Qu\^eneau Roxanne Sabine T\~a{\'\j}a Ur\v{s}ula
        Vivian Wendy Xanthippe Yv{\o}nne Z\"azilie\par}
188 \def\punct{\par\dopunct{min}\dopunct{pig}\dopunct{hid}
        \dopunct{HIE}\dopunct{TIP}\dopunct{fluff}
189
         \$1,234.56 + 7/8 = 9\% @ \#0\par}
190
191 \def\dopunct#1{#1,\ #1:\ #1;\ '#1'\ ?'#1?\ !'#1!\ (#1)\ [#1]\
                               #1*\ #1.\par}
192
193
194 \def\bigtest{\sample
195
        hamburgefonstiv HAMBURGEFONSTIV\par
         \names \punct \lowers \uppers \digits}
197
199 \mathchardef\Gamma="100 \mathchardef\Delta="101
200 \mathchardef\Theta="102 \mathchardef\Lambda="103 \mathchardef\Xi="104 \mathchardef\Xi="1
201 \mathchardef\Pi="105 \mathchardef\Sigma="106 \mathchardef\Upsilon="107
202 \mathchardef\Phi="108 \mathchardef\Psi="109 \mathchardef\Omega="10A
203 \def ii{i} \def ii{i}
204 \left( \frac{\#1{|\#1|+} \right)}{204}
205 \def \#1{##1_2+}\mathtrial
206 \left( \frac{\#1{\#1^2+}\right)}{20}
207 \def \% 1{##1/2+} \mathtrial
208 \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)
209 \def \#1{##1,{}+}\mathtrial
210 \left(\frac{4\#1+}{mathtrial}\right)
211 \let\ii=\imath \let\jj=\jmath \def\\##1{\hat##1+}\mathtrial}
212 \newcount\skewtrial \skewtrial='177
213 \def\mathtrial{\A \B \C \D \E \F \G \H \I \J \K \L \M \N
216 \\x \\y \\z \\\alpha \\\gamma \\\delta \\\epsilon \\\zeta
217 \\\eta \\\theta \\\iota \\\kappa \\\lambda \\\mu \\\nu \\\xi \\\pi
218 \\\rho \\\sigma \\\tau \\\upsilon \\\phi \\\chi \\\psi \\\omega
219 \\\vartheta \\\varpi \\\Varphi \\\Delta \\\Theta \\\Lambda
220 \\Xi \\Pi \\Sigma \\Upsilon \\Phi \\Psi \\Omega \\partial
221 \\\ell \\\wp\pi}
222 \def\mathsy{\begingroup\skewtrial='060 % for math symbol font tests
223 \def\mathtrial{\A \B \C \D \E \F \G \H \I \J \K \L
        225 \math\endgroup}
hexadecimal constants will appear in whatever encoding the current font is.
```

Here we have to ensure that we use a suitable encoding otherwise our octal and

```
226 \def\oct#1{\hbox{\fontencoding{OT1}\rmfamily\',{}\kern-.2em\itshape
227
              #1\/\kern.05em}}% octal constant
228 \def\hex#1{\hbox{\fontencoding{OT1}\rmfamily
              \H{}\ttfamily#1}}% hexadecimal constant
230 \def\setdigs#1"#2{\gdef\h{#2}% \h=hex prefix; \0\1=corresponding octal
231 m=n \left( \frac{m}{m} \right)
```

```
232 \multiply\m by-64 \advance\m by\n \divide\m by 8 \xdef\1{\the\m}}
233 \def\testrow{\setbox0=\hbox{\penalty 1\def\\{\char"\h}\%}
234 \ \0\1\2\3\4\5\6\7\8\9\A\B\C\D\E\F\%
235 \global\p=\lastpenalty}} % \p=1 if none of the characters exist
236 \def\oddline{\cr
    \noalign{\nointerlineskip}
    \multispan{19}\hrulefill&
    \c \c 2.3pt\hbox{\hex{\h x}}\smash{\box0}\cr
239
240 \noalign{\nointerlineskip}}
241 \newif\ifskipping
242 \def\evenline{\loop\skippingfalse
243 \ifnum\n<256 \m=\n \divide\m 16 \chardef\next=\m
244 \expandafter\setdigs\meaning\next \testrow
245 \ifnum\p=1 \skippingtrue \fi\fi
246 \ifskipping \global\advance\n 16 \repeat
247 \ifnum\n=256 \let\next=\endchart\else\let\next=\morechart\fi
249 \def\morechart{\cr\noalign{\hrule\penalty5000}
250 \chartline \oddline \m=\1 \advance\m 1 \xdef\1{\the\m}
251 \chartline \evenline}
253 \def\chartstrut{\lower4.5pt\vbox to14pt{}}
254 \left( \frac{\$}{global} = 0 \right)
     \halign to\hsize\bgroup
255
256
       \chartstrut##\tabskip0pt plus10pt&
257
       &\hfil##\hfil&\vrule##\cr
258
       \lower6.5pt\null
        \&\&\& \ct1\&\& \ct2\&\& \ct3\&\& \ct5\&\& \ct6\&\& \ct7\& \evenline \} 
260 \def\endchart{\cr\noalign{\hrule}
261
    \raise11.5pt\null&&&\hex 8&&\hex 9&&\hex A&&\hex B&
    &\hex C&&\hex D&&\hex E&&\hex F&\cr\egroup$$\par}
262
263 \def\:{\setbox0=\hbox{\noboundary\char\n\noboundary}}%
264 \ifdim\ht0>7.5pt\reposition
265 \else\ifdim\dp0>2.5pt\reposition\fi\fi
    \box0\global\advance\n 1 }
266
267 \def\reposition{\setbox0=\vbox{\kern2pt\box0}\dim=\dp0
    \advance\dim 2pt \dp0=\dim}
269 \def\centerlargechars{
    \def\reposition{\setbox0=\hbox{$\vcenter{\kern2pt\box0\kern2pt}$}}}
271 \def\text{{\advance\baselineskip-4pt
272 \setbox0=\hbox{abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz}
273 \ifdim\hsize>2\wd0
      \ifdim 15pc>2\wd0 \hsize=15pc \else \hsize=2\wd0 \fi
275 \fi
276 On November 14, 1885, Senator \& Mrs.~Leland Stanford called together
277 at their San Francisco mansion the 24 prominent men who had been
278 chosen as the first trustees of The Leland Stanford Junior University.
279 They handed to the board the Founding Grant of the University, which
280 they had executed three days before. This document---with various
281 amendments, legislative acts, and court decrees---remains as the
282 University's charter. In bold, sweeping language it stipulates that
283 the objectives of the University are ''to qualify students for
284 personal success and direct usefulness in life; and to promote the
285 publick welfare by exercising an influence in behalf of humanity and
```

```
286 \ \mbox{civilization}, teaching the blessings of liberty regulated by law, and
287 inculcating love and reverence for the great principles of government
288 \; \mathrm{as} \; \mathrm{derived} \; \mathrm{from} \; \mathrm{the} \; \mathrm{inalienable} \; \mathrm{rights} \; \mathrm{of} \; \mathrm{man} \; \mathrm{to} \; \mathrm{life}, \; \mathrm{liberty}, \; \mathrm{and}
289 the pursuit of happiness.' \moretext
290 (!'THE DAZED BROWN FOX QUICKLY GAVE 12345--67890 JUMPS!)\par}}
291 \def\moretext{?'But aren't Kafka's Schlo\ss{} and \AE sop's
292 \OE uvres often na\"\i ve vis-\'a-vis the d\ae monic ph\oe nix's
293 official r\^ole in fluffy souffl\'es? }
294 \def\omitaccents{\let\moretext=\relax}
295
296 \left\lceil \frac{1}{296} \right\rceil
297 \def\bye{\end{document}}
             The redefinition of \typeout around the \begin{document} prevents LATEX
from reporting that there is no .aux file. This is a bad hack, I agree :-)
298 \let\oldtypeout\typeout
299 \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \right\}
And another bad hack: to be able to load an encoding definition file after
\begin{document} I disable the preamble only setting.
300 \mbox{\mbox{\mbox{$\backslash$}}}
301 \let\@preamblecmds\@empty
302 \text{ \ \ } \text{\ \ }
303
304 \begin{document}
305 \let\typeout\oldtypeout
307 \ifx\noinit!\else\expandafter\init\fi
308 \langle /code \rangle
```