

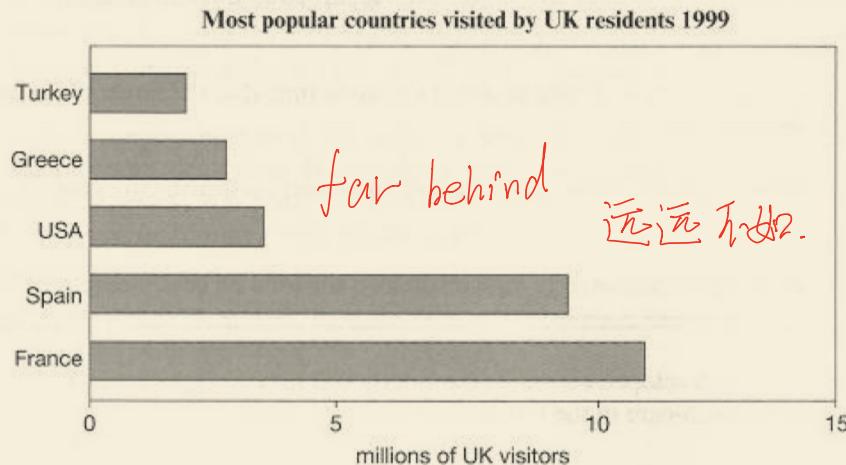
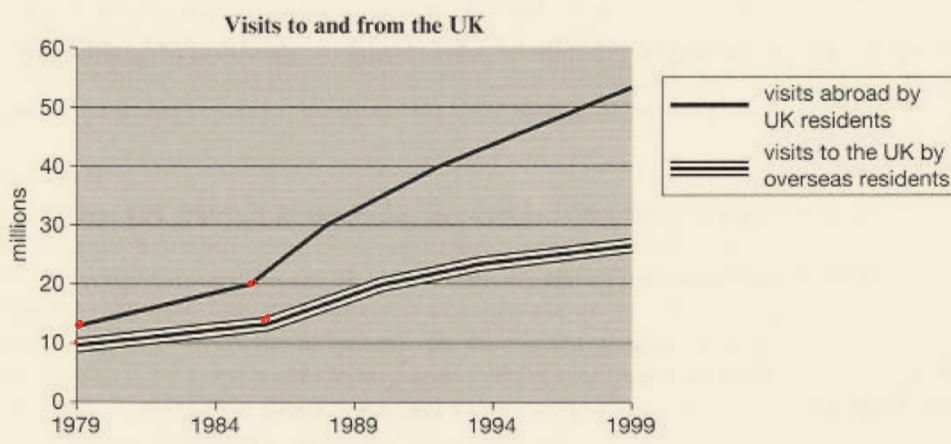
WRITING TASK 1

You should spend about 20 minutes on this task.

The charts below give information about travel to and from the UK, and about the most popular countries for UK residents to visit.

Summarise the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

Write at least 150 words.



The line chart compares the visit to and from the UK.

11
12

13

先讲图表总体趋势，
再讲大体动向，再讲细节。

from 1979 to 1988. Visit both to and from the UK

持续增长

have been in constant increase, while visit abroad

超过

by UK resident always surpassed that to the UK

by overseas nonresident. From 1979 to 1985, both figures

rose from 12 to 20 million and from 10 to 12 million

先各自讲的是一个结点，最后的该结点。

respectively. Since then, both moved substantially upward.
的细节。
大陆上地。

with the overseas visits by UK residents increasing

增长出一个非常大的幅度。

by a large scale.

As is shown in the bar chart, among the five most pop

ular countries visited by the UK residents, the country

直接开始讲主图中细节。

with the largest number of British tourist was France.

(around 11 million), followed by Spain (around 9.5 million)

被西班牙追平。

USA, Greece and Turkey lagged far behind, with

about.
tourists (amounting to) 3.5 million. 2.5 million and.
2 million respectively,

In general, the figure of visits to and from the UK was on the rise, with UK residents abroad.

outnumbering overseas visitors in the UK and the

most popular destination country for UK residents.

were France and Spain.

总结图中最明显的趋势

第二篇作文评判进行。

WRITING TASK 2

You should spend about 40 minutes on this task.

Write about the following topic:

In many countries schools have severe problems with student behaviour.

What do you think are the causes of this?

What solutions can you suggest?

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your own knowledge or experience.

Write at least 250 words.

至少 250 个单词。

社会研究：

一般对于一件事情的解释原因

三段论来解决

第一段指出问题

When we think of severe problems with student

下定论，什么样的行为成为我们今天所讨论的范围。

behavior, most people think first of violence. Like the
第一个想到暴力

悲剧
tragic shootings in recent years at, various school,

mostly in the United States. Furthermore, violence

is not the only serious behavioral problem in schools

Lack of interest in learning, vandalism and stealing are.

破坏

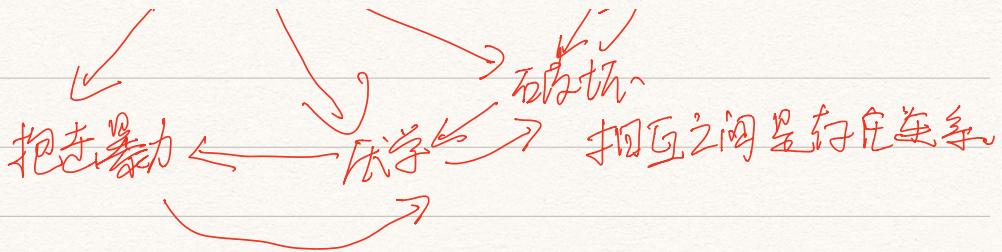
perhaps the other major problems, but these problems

are related to each other. For example, a lack of
这些问题相互连通的。

interest in learning can lead to frustration and boredom.

which in turn can lead to antisocial behavior.

学生行为 → 偷窃



There are many factors related to serious behavioral problems in schools and these factors like the problems themselves, are related. They include such things as a poor family life, perhaps because children are being brought up in a social setting in which violence is accepted

as a way to resolve problems, or have respectable but hard-working parents who do not dedicate enough time

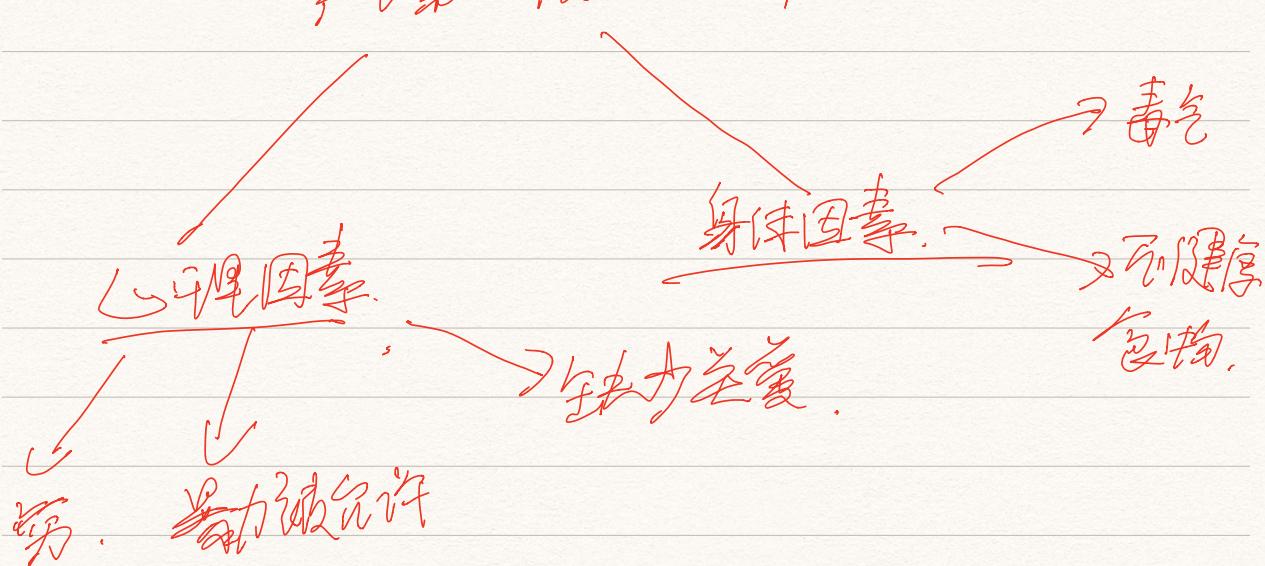
to being good, loving parents. In addition to social

factors, there are physical factors that can lead to

behavioral problems. For example, many studies show that lead poisoning from vehicle exhausts and other

Sources significantly reduces IQ and directly increase
降低IQ，直接增加暴力倾向.
aggressive tendencies. It is very likely, that there are many.

other physical factors, such as additives and pesticide
residues in food, that have undesirable effects on people,
especially children, but which have not yet been identified.
不知名的物理因素及向食物沉积.
五、产生第一段问题的原因。



So what are the solutions? Psychological counseling.

and education for students, parents and teachers

can play a constructive role in helping people understand

and control undesirable forms of behavior. But the

Only long-term answer is the evolution of a culture

in which the full range of human needs, C like the

needs for love, a happy family life employment,

exercising creativity acceptance no matter who or what

One is are satisfied.

解决问题

短期办法 家长与老师的沟通 with no judge

长期办法，建设一个包含所有人的文化。

宽容，各种文化都容纳。