



Task 1: Mean Shift Clustering

- (a) What is the idea behind the mean shift clustering?
- (b) What are the kernel constraints?
- (c) What are the steps of the mean shift algorithm?

Task 2: Kernel Selection for Mean Shift Clustering

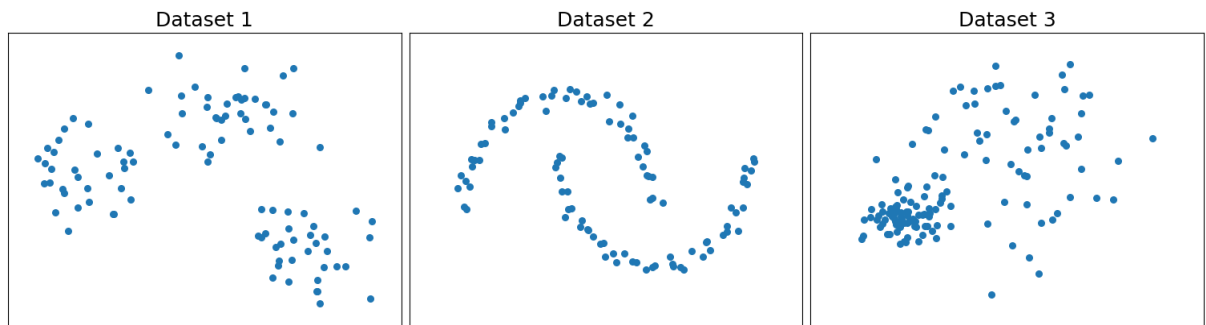
- (a) What role does the bandwidth of the kernel play in Mean Shift Clustering?
- (b) How does increasing the bandwidth affect the clustering result?
- (c) What do the clustering results look like when using a smaller bandwidth?
- (d) What happens to the clustering process if the kernel is not radially symmetric (going against the defined constraints of the kernel function)?

Task 3: K-means Model Selection

What does the optimality criterion given in Equation 1 aim to achieve?

$$k^* = \underset{k}{\operatorname{argmin}} \{k \mid G(k) \geq G(k+1) - s'_{k+1}\} \quad (1)$$

Task 4: Algorithm Selection



For each of the three datasets shown above:

- (a) Describe the shape and distribution of the data
- (b) Decide which clustering algorithm among the following are most suitable and explain why:
 - K-means
 - Gaussian Mixture Model (GMM)
 - Mean Shift
- (c) Justify why the other methods might fail