# **Flask**

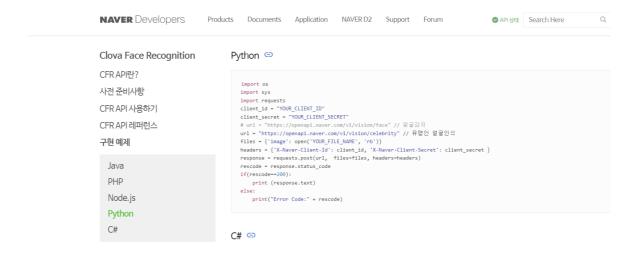
# ▼ 연예인 닮은꼴 찾기

### Clova Face Recognition API 가이드 - CLOVA A.I. APIs Document

Clova Face Recognition API 가이드 CFR API란? Clova Face Recognition API(이하 CFR API)는 이미지 데이터를 입력받은 후 얼굴 인식 결과를 JSON 형태로 반환합니다. CFR API는 이미지에 있는 얼굴 인식하여

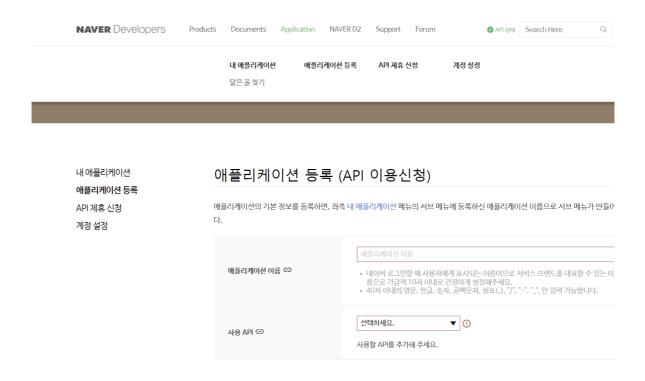
N https://developers.naver.com/docs/clova/api/CFR/API\_Guide.md#Examples

### 코드 가져오기

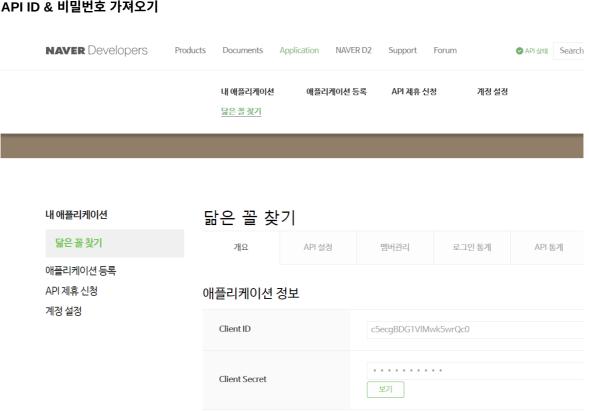


```
import os
import sys
import requests
client_id = "API_ID"
client_secret = "API_UDUE
url = "https://openapi.naver.com/v1/vision/face" # 얼굴감지
# url = "https://openapi.naver.com/v1/vision/celebrity" # 유명인 얼굴인식
files = {'image': open('이미지 파일', 'rb')}
headers = {'X-Naver-Client-Id': client_id, 'X-Naver-Client-Secret': client_secret }
response = requests.post(url, files=files, headers=headers)
rescode = response.status_code
if(rescode==200):
    print (response.text)
else:
    print("Error Code:" + rescode)
```

### 애플리케이션 등록하기



### API ID & 비밀번호 가져오기



### 연예인 닮은꼴 찾기

```
import os
import sys
import requests
client_id = "c5ecgBDG1VlMwk5wrQc0"
client_secret = "vNi69mAbiu"
# url = "https://openapi.naver.com/v1/vision/face" # 얼굴감지
url = "https://openapi.naver.com/v1/vision/celebrity" # 유명인 얼굴인식
files = {'image': open('수정후.jpg', 'rb')}
headers = {'X-Naver-Client-Id': client_id, 'X-Naver-Client-Secret': client_secret }
response = requests.post(url, files=files, headers=headers)
rescode = response.status_code
if(rescode==200):
   print (response.text)
   print("Error Code:" + rescode)
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.image as mpimg
img = mpimg.imread('수정후.jpg')
plt.imshow(img)
import json
parsed = json.loads(response.text)
```

### 얼굴 분석

parsed

```
import os
import sys
import requests
client_id = "c5ecgBDG1VlMwk5wrQc0"
client_secret = "vNi69mAbiu"
url = "https://openapi.naver.com/v1/vision/face" # 얼굴감지
# url = "https://openapi.naver.com/v1/vision/celebrity" # 유명인 얼굴인식
files = {'image': open('수정후.jpg', 'rb')}
headers = {'X-Naver-Client-Id': client_id, 'X-Naver-Client-Secret': client_secret }
response = requests.post(url, files=files, headers=headers)
rescode = response.status_code
if(rescode==200):
    print (response.text)
else:
    print("Error Code:" + rescode)
```

```
import json

result = json.loads(response.text)

result

result.keys() # 딕셔너리에서 키값 추출하기

result['faces']
```

```
result['faces'][0]
result['faces'][0]['roi'] # 얼굴 위치 정보
# x, y : 얼굴의 x좌표 & y좌표
# width, height : 너비 & 높이
result['faces'][0]['gender'] # 성별 정보와 정확도
result['faces'][0]['age'] # 나이 정보와 정확도
x, y, w, h = result['faces'][0]['roi'].values()
gender, g_conf = result['faces'][0]['gender'].values()
age, a_conf = result['faces'][0]['age'].values()
annotation = gender + " : " + str(g_conf)+ "\n" + age + " : " + str(a_conf)
annotation
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.image as mpimg
import matplotlib.patches as patches
img = mpimg.imread('수정후.jpg')
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,10))
ax.imshow(img)
\verb|rect_face = patches.Rectangle((x,y),w,h,linewidth = 5, edgecolor='r',facecolor='none')|
ax.add_patch(rect_face)
plt.text(10, 400, annotation, wrap=True, fontsize=18, color='white')
plt.imshow(img)
```

#### 단체 사진 얼굴 분석

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.image as mpimg
img = mpimg.imread('family.jpeg')
plt.imshow(img)
import os
import sys
import requests
import json
client_id = "c5ecgBDG1VlMwk5wrQc0"
client_secret = "vNi69mAbiu"
url = "https://openapi.naver.com/v1/vision/face" # 얼굴감지
# url = "https://openapi.naver.com/v1/vision/celebrity" # 유명인 얼굴인식
files = {'image': open('family.jpeg', 'rb')}
headers = {'X-Naver-Client-Id': client_id, 'X-Naver-Client-Secret': client_secret }
response = requests.post(url, files=files, headers=headers)
# rescode = response.status_code
# if(rescode==200):
    print (response.text)
#
# else:
    print("Error Code:" + rescode)
result = json.loads(response.text)
result
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.image as mpimg
import matplotlib.patches as patches

img = mpimg.imread('family.jpeg')
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,10))
ax.imshow(img)

for each in result['faces']:
    x, y, w, h = each['roi'].values()
    gender, g_conf = each['gender'].values()
    age, a_conf = each['age'].values()

rect_face = patches.Rectangle((x,y),w,h,linewidth = 3, edgecolor='r',facecolor='none')
annotation = gender + " : " + str(g_conf)+ "\n" + age + " : " + str(a_conf)

plt.text(x, y+h+40, annotation, wrap=True, fontsize=10, color='black')

ax.add_patch(rect_face)

# plt.show(img)
```

# **▼** Flask



2004년 오스트리아의 개발자[아르민 로나허(Armin Ronacher)]가 만든 Python Web FrameWork이다.

Python에서 장고[Django]와 더불어 웹 개발의 양대 산맥이다.

#### **Download Flask**

### 실행하기

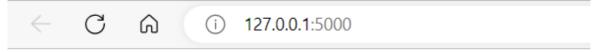
```
hello_flask.py X
hello_flask.py > ...
from flask import Flask

app = Flask(__name__)

d
app.route('/')
def hello() -> str:
return 'Hello World from Flask!'

app.run()
```

```
from flask import Flask
app = Flask(__name__)
@app.route('/')
def hello() -> str:
    return 'Hello World from Flask!'
app.run()
```



## Hello World from Flask!

### 실행하기(터미널)

```
PS C:\develop\pythonadv202303\Flask> py -3 hello_flask.py

* Serving Flask app 'hello_flask'

* Debug mode: off

WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment. Use a production WSGI server instead.

* Running on http://127.0.0.1:5000

Press CTRL+C to quit
```



# Hello World from Flask!

## 실행하기2(터미널)

```
PS C:\develop\pythonadv202303\Flask' python hello_flask.py

* Serving Flask app 'hello_flask'

* Debug mode: off

WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment. Use a production WSGI server instead.

* Running on http://127.0.0.1:5000

Press CTRL+C to quit
```

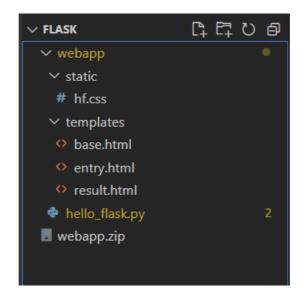


# Hello World from Flask!

# ▼ Flask로 웹페이지 만들기(PythonAnywhere)



### 파일 경로



### hello\_flask.py

```
from flask import Flask, render_template
# from vsearch import search4letters

app = Flask(__name__)

@app.route('/')
def hello() -> str:
    return 'Hello World from Flask!'

# @app.route('/search4', method=['POST'])
# def do_search() -> str:
    return str(search4letters('life, the universe, and everything', 'eiru,!'))

@app.route('/entry')
def entry_page() -> 'html':
    return render_template('entry.html', the_title='Welcome to search4letters on the web!')

# app.run()
```

#### base.html

### entry.html

```
{% extends 'base.html' %}

{% block body %}

<h2>{{ the_title }}</h2>

<form method='POST' action='/search4'>

Use this form to submit a search request:

Use this form to submit a mane='phrase' type='TEXT' width='60'>
```

```
{% endblock %}
```

#### result.html

```
{% extends 'base.html' %}

{% block body %}

<h2>{{ the_title }}</h2>

You submitted the following data:

>table>

>hrase:
{{ the_phrase }}

>td>

>table>

When "{{the_phrase }}" is search for "{{ the_letters }}", the following results are returned:
<h3>{{ the_results }}</h3>

{% endblock %}
```

### hf.css

```
body {
                    Verdana, Geneva, Arial, sans-serif;
medium;
   font-family:
    font-size:
    background-color: tan;
    margin-top: 5%;
    margin-bottom: 5%;
margin-left: 10%;
   margin-left: 10%;
margin-right: 10%;
border: 1px dotted gray;
padding: 10px 10px 10px;
 a {
    text-decoration: none;
   font-weight: 600;
 a:hover {
    text-decoration: underline;
  a img {
   border: 0;
  h2 {
   font-size:
                     150%;
  table {
    margin-left:
                     20px;
    margin-right: 20px; caption-side: bottom;
    border-collapse: collapse;
  td, th {
   padding:
                        5px;
    text-align:
                        left;
  . \\ copyright \ \{
                        75%;
    font-size:
```

```
font-style: italic;
.slogan {
 font-size:
                75%;
                italic;
 font-style:
.confirmentry {
 font-weight:
                 600;
/*** Tables ***/
table {
            1em;
font-size:
background-color: #fafcff;
border: 1px solid #909090;
                 #2a2a2a;
color: #2a2a2a;
padding: 5px 5px 2px;
border-collapse: collapse;
td, th {
             thin dotted gray;
border:
}
/*** Inputs ***/
input[type=text] {
 font-size: 115%;
width: 30em;
input[type=submit] {
 font-size: 125%;
select {
 font-size:
                125%;
```

## ▼ 웹페이지 실행 결과 바로 확인하기



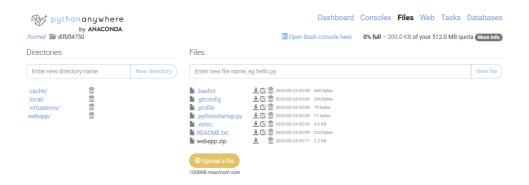


### PythonAnywhere 회원가입

Host, run, and code Python in the cloud: PythonAnywhere

// https://www.pythonanywhere.com/

### 파일 업로드

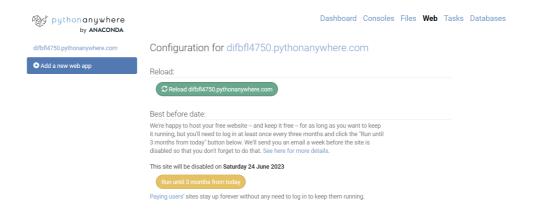


### 압축풀기 & 파일 이동

```
Bash console 27930988
```

```
O3:21 ~ $
O3:22 ~ $
O3:23 ~ $
O3:24 ~ $
O3:25 ~ $
O3:25
```

### 새로운 Web App 만들기



### 실행

