

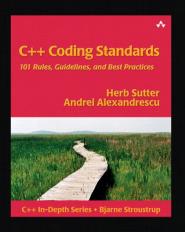
Boost.Test

© 2016 Richel Bilderbeek www.github.com/richelbilderbeek/CppPresentations

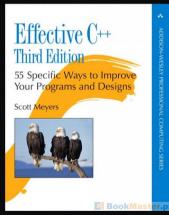




About Boost



...one of the most highly regarded and expertly designed C++ library projects in the world.



Item 55: Familiarize yourself with Boost



The obvious solution for most programmers is to use a library that provides an elegant and efficient platform independent to needed services. Examples are Boost... [1]



Boost.Test

- What: a testing framework
- Why:
 - measure that your code is correct
 - improve your software architecture
 - use an expertly designed testing framework
- Mastery:
 - write tests with high code coverage run by a continuous integration service
 - use other testing frameworks when those fit better,
 e.g. Qtest when using Qt

This presentation

- First example: 'add'
- Testing for exceptions: 'divide'
- Add Travis CI

First example

- Function 'add' that adds two integers
- 'add' is used in a main
- 'add' is tested by Boost.Test

Setup

adder.pro

main.cpp

my_functions.h

my_functions.cpp

adder_test.pro

my_functions_test.cpp

main_test.cpp

main.cpp

```
#include "my functions.h"
#include <iostream>
int main()
  std::cout << add(40, 2) << '\n';
```

my_functions.h

```
#ifndef MY FUNCTIONS H
#define MY FUNCTIONS H
int add(const int i, const int j);
#endif // MY FUNCTIONS H
```

my_functions.cpp

```
#include "my functions.h"
int add(const int i, const int j)
 return i + j;
```

main_test.cpp

```
#define BOOST_TEST_DYN_LINK

#define BOOST_TEST_MODULE my_functions_test_module

#include <boost/test/unit_test.hpp>

//No main needed, BOOST_TEST_DYN_LINK creates it
```

my_functions_test.cp p

```
#include <boost/test/unit test.hpp>
#include "my functions.h"
BOOST AUTO TEST CASE (add works)
{
  BOOST CHECK(add(1, 1) == 2);
  BOOST CHECK(add(1, 2) == 3);
  BOOST CHECK(add(1, 3) == 4);
  BOOST CHECK(add(1, 4) == 5);
```

Output

Running 1 test case...

*** No errors detected

- Because exceptions are part of your interface
- Code coverage correlates with code quality [2]

Develop an error-handling strategy early in a design [1]

[1] C++ Core Guidelines, E.1

[2] Del Frate, Fabio, et al. "On the correlation between code coverage and software reliability." Software Reliability Engineering, 1995. Proceedings., Sixth International Symposium on. IEEE, 1995.

```
#include <stdexcept>
double divide(const double n, const double d)
  if (d == 0.0)
    throw std::invalid argument(
      "divide: denominator cannot be zero"
  return n / d;
```

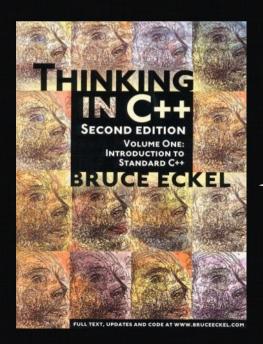
```
BOOST AUTO TEST CASE(divide use)
    const double measured = divide(1.0, 1.0);
    const double expected = 1.0;
    const double error = std::abs(measured - expected);
    const double tolerance = 0.01;
    BOOST CHECK(error < tolerance);</pre>
    const double measured = divide(1.0, 2.0);
    const double expected = 0.5;
    const double error = std::abs(measured - expected);
    const double tolerance = 0.01;
    BOOST CHECK(error < tolerance);
```

```
BOOST AUTO TEST CASE (divide abuse)
  BOOST CHECK THROW(
    divide(0.0, 0.0),
    std::invalid argument
```

Add Travis Cl

- Will do whatever you want after a 'git push'
- Plays well with GitHub
- Free for FOSS





Automate the running of your tests through a makefile or similar tool

.travis.yml

```
sudo: true
language: cpp
compiler: gcc
addons:
  apt:
    packages: libboost-all-dev
script:
 - ./build.sh
 - ./build test.sh
```

build.sh

```
#!/bin/bash
qmake adder.pro
make
./adder
```

build_test.sh

```
#!/bin/bash
qmake adder_test.pro
make
./adder_test
```

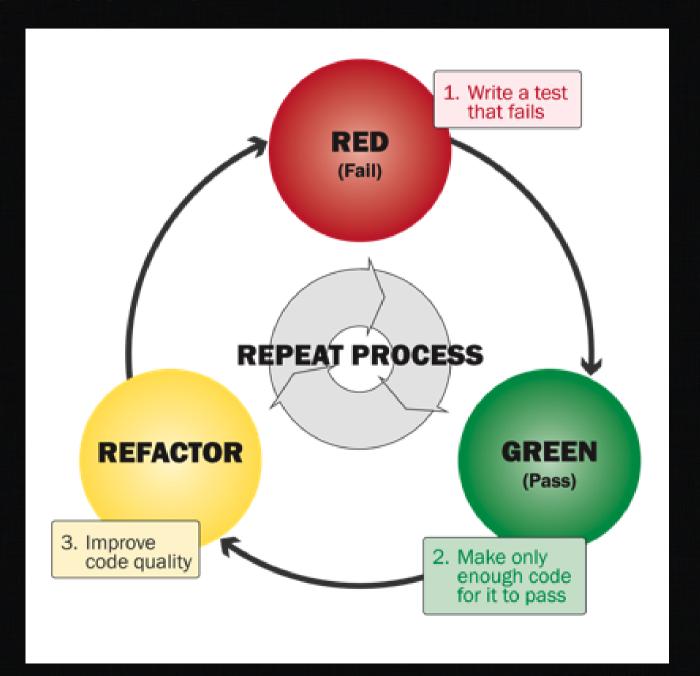
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	Worker information Build system information System info	•
	\$ export DEBIAN_FRONTEND=noninteractive fix.CVE-2015-7547 \$ git clonedepth=50branch=master git.checkout	0.86s
	Installing APT Packages (BETA)	0.605
	\$ export CXX=g++	
	s export CC=gcc	
416	\$ gccversion	
	gcc (Ubuntu/Linaro 4.6.3-lubuntu5) 4.6.3	
	Copyright (C) 2011 Free Software Foundation, Inc.	
	This is free software; see the source for copying conditions. There is NO	
	warranty; not even for MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.	
	\$./build.sh	0.57s
	make -f Makefile.Release	
	make[1]: Entering directory `/home/travis/build/richelbilderbeek/travis qmake gcc cpp98 boost test'	
	g++ -c -m64 -pipe -O2 -Wall -W -D REENTRANT -DQT WEBKIT -DNDEBUG -DQT NO DEBUG -I/usr/share/qt4/mkspecs/linux-g++-64 -I	
	I/usr/include/qt4 -Irelease -o release/main.o main.cpp	
	q++ -c -m64 -pipe -O2 -Wall -W -D REENTRANT -DQT WEBKIT -DNDEBUG -DQT NO DEBUG -I/usr/share/qt4/mkspecs/linux-q++-64 -I	
	I/usr/include/qt4 -Irelease -o release/my functions.o my functions.cpp	
	g++ -m64 -Wl,-Ol -o travis qmake gcc cpp98 boost test release/main.o release/my functions.o -L/usr/lib/x86 64-linux-gnu -	
	lpthread	
	make[1]: Leaving directory `/home/travis/build/richelbilderbeek/travis_qmake_gcc_cpp98_boost_test'	
	42	
	The command "./build.sh" exited with 0.	
	\$./build_test.sh	1.13s
	make -f Makefile.Release	
	make[1]: Entering directory `/home/travis/build/richelbilderbeek/travis_qmake_gcc_cpp98_boost_test'	
	g++ -c -m64 -pipe -O2 -Wall -W -D_REENTRANT -DQT_WEBKIT -DNDEBUG -DQT_NO_DEBUG -I/usr/share/qt4/mkspecs/linux-g++-64 -I I/usr/include/qt4 -Irelease -o release/main test.o main test.cpp	
	g++ -c -m64 -pipe -02 -Wall -W -D REENTRANT -DQT WEBKIT -DNDEBUG -DQT NO DEBUG -I/usr/share/gt4/mkspecs/linux-g++-64 -I	
	I/usr/include/qt4 -Irelease -o release/my functions test.o my functions test.cpp	
	g++ -m64 -Wl,-01 -o travis qmake gcc cpp98 boost test test release/my functions.o release/main test.o release/my functions t	est.o
	-L/usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu -lboost_unit_test_framework -lpthread	
	make[l]: Leaving directory `/home/travis/build/richelbilderbeek/travis_qmake_gcc_cpp98_boost_test'	
	Running 1 test case	
	*** No errors detected	
	The command "./build_test.sh" exited with 0.	
	Dane Varia build suited with O	
	Done. Your build exited with $ heta.$	Ton A



Advice from TDD

 Only add tests that do break the build



Advice from me

- Be friendly to yourself:
 - $-NO:BOOST_CHECK(my_sqrt(0.0) == 0.0)$
 - YES: BOOST_CHECK(my_sqrt(0.0) < 0.01)
- When working within framework X (e.g. Qt), that includes a testing framework (e.g. Qtest), prefer to use it over Boost. Test

Conclusion

- Boost.Test is a testing framework, that
 - Makes it easy to add new tests
 - Makes it hard to forget adding tests
 - Has good exception testing
 - Can easily be used by Travis CI