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CHAPTER 2 End-to-End Machine Learning Project

In this chapter you will work through an example project end to end, pretending to be a recently hired data scientist at a real estate company. Here are the main steps you will go through:

- 1. Look at the big pictur
- 2. Get the data.
- 3. Discover and visualize the data to gain insights.
- 4. Prepare the data for Machine Learning algorithm
- Select a model and train
 Fine-tune your model
- 6. Fine-tune your model
- & Launch, monitor, and maintain your system

Working with Real Data

When you are learning about Michine Learning, it is best to experiment with roa world data, not artificial datasets. Fortunately, there are thousands of open datasets a choose from, ranging across all sorts of domains. Here are a few places you can loo to get data:

The example project is distinguistic good to the startest distinguished a Machine Leaving project, not been sayshing about the real engine business.



Agenda

End-to-end Machine Learning

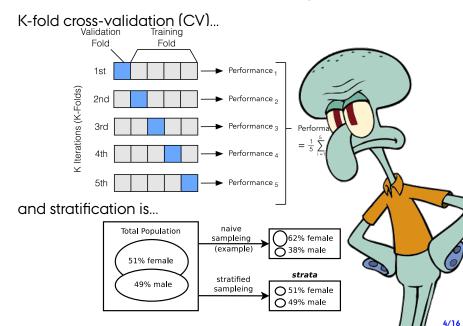
- Admin
- 2. Algorithm and Model Selection,
 - model hyperparameters
 - k-fold cross validation,
 - ekstra materiale: L03/Extra/k-fold_demo.ipynb
- 3. General repetition af § 2,
 - Opgave: L03/supergruppe_diskussion.ipynb
- 4. End-to-end repetition,
 - via 'The Map'

ALGORITHM SELECTION AND MODEL SELECTION

And k-fold CV



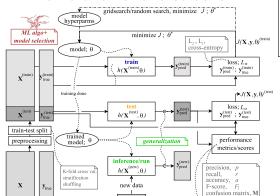
Forbered data: cross-validation, stratification



ML Algorithm Selection and Model Selection

Manually Choosing an Algorithm and Tuning a Model..

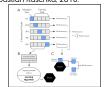
- algorithm selection (choose a h()).
- model selection (set hyperparameters on h()),
- model evaluation (train, test),
- re-iteration and re-selection!





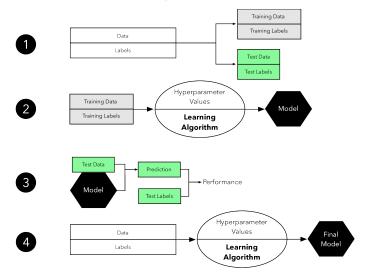
"Model Evaluation, Model Selection, and Algorithm Selection in Machine Learning",

Sebastian Raschka, 2018.



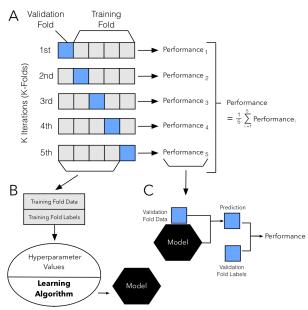
Model Evaluation

Simple Holdout Method (Train-Test Split)..

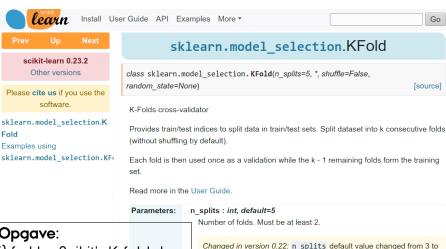


Model Evaluation

k-fold Cross-Validation Procedure, for k=5..



Scikit-learn K-fold Demo...



Opgave:

- i) forklar Scikit's K-fold doc
- ii) forklar koden L04/

Extra/k-fold_demo.ipynb

shuffle : bool. default=False

Whether to shuffle the data before splitting into batches. Note that the samples within each split will not be shuffled.

Code Review: k-fold Cross Validation

p.89, [HOML]

Measuring Accuracy Using Cross-Validation

A good way to evaluate a model is to use cross-validation, just as you did in Chapter 2.

Implementing Cross-Validation

Occasionally you will need more control over the cross-validation process than what Scikit-Learn provides off-the-shelf. In these cases, you can implement cross-validation yourself; it is actually fairly straightforward. The following code does roughly the same thing as Scikit-Learn's cross_val_score() function, and prints the same result:

The StratifiedKFold class performs stratified sampling (as explained in Chapter 2) to produce folds that contain a representative ratio of each class. At each iteration the code creates a clone of the classifier, trains that clone on the training folds, and makes predictions on the test fold. Then it counts the number of correct predictions and outputs the ratio of correct predictions.

Code Review: k-fold Cross Validation

```
p.89, [HOML], with some code cleanup...
     from sklearn.model_selection import KFold [..]
3
     def MyKFoldSplit(clf, X, y, kfolds=3, debug=True):
         def PrintVarInfo(varname, var): [..]
5
         skfolds = KFold
             (n_splits=kfolds, random_state=42, shuffle=True)
7
         for train_index, val_index in skfolds.split(X, y):
              clone_clf = clone(clf)
              X_train_folds = X[train_index]
              y_train_folds = y[train_index]
              X_val_fold = X[val_index]
              y_val_fold = y[val_index]
14
              clone_clf.fit(X_train_folds, y_train_folds)
16
              y_pred = clone_clf.predict(X_val_fold)
              CalcScores(i, y_val_fold_ok"y_pred)
18
19
              i += 1
                                   MyKFoldSplit(clf, X, y, kfolds=3)...
                                                 =<class 'numpy.ndarray'>,
20
                                                                    train index.shape =(40000
                                                  =<class 'numpy.ndarray'>,
                                     type(train index) =<class 'numpy ndarray'>,
     print("K—fold demo..")
21
                                     FOLD 0: accuracy=0.97, precision=0.94, recall=0.70, Fi=0.80
                                     FOLD 1: accuracy=0.95, precision=0.67, recall=0.89, F1=0.76
     MyKFoldSplit(sqd_clf,
22
          X_train, v_train_5, 3)
```

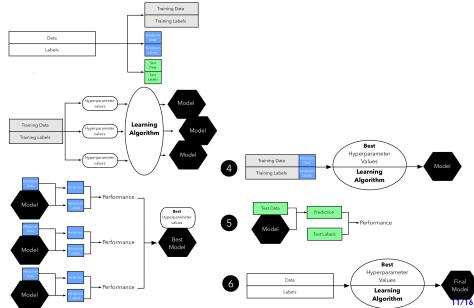
=(60000,

=(60000,

=(20000.

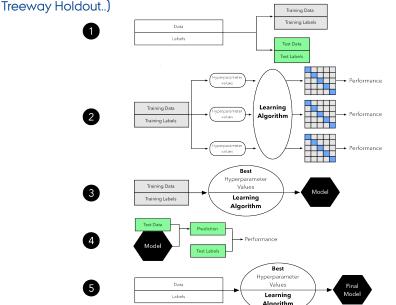
Model Evaluation and Selection

Three-way Holdout for Hyperparameter Tuning (Train-Validate-Test Split)...



Model Evaluation and Selection

k-fold Cross-Validation for Hyperparameter Tuning (Somewhat Similar to



CHAPTER 2

End-to-End Machine Learning Project

Super-group Discussion

Present your oral resume for the [SG]

Supergruppe diskussion

§ 2 "End-to-End Machine Learning Project" [HOML]

Genlæs kapitel § 2 (eksklusiv "Create the Workspace" og "Download the Data"), og forbered mundtlig præsentation.

Forberedelse inden lektionen

Een eller flere af gruppe medlemmer forbereder et mundtligt resume af § 2:

- i skal kunne give et kort mundligt resume af hele § 2 til en anden gruppe (på nær, som nævnt, Create the Workspace og Download the Data),
- resume holdes til koncept-plan, dvs. prøv at genfortælle, hvad de overordnede linier i kaptilerne i [HOML].

Lay et kort skriftlig resume af de enkelte underafsnit, ca. 5 til 20 liners tekst, se "TODO"-template herunder (MUST, til O1 aflevering).

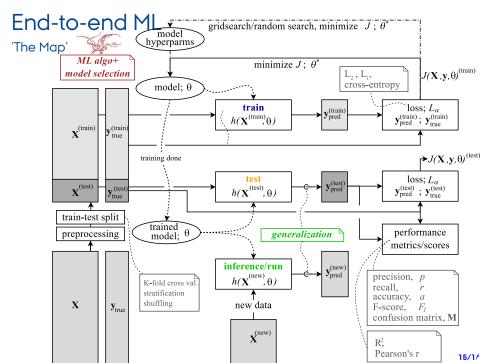
Kapitler (incl. underkapitler):

- · Look at the Big Picture
- · Get the Data (eksklusiv Create the Workspace og Download the Data),
- · Discover and Visualize the Data to Gain Insights,
- · Prepare the Data for Machine Learning Algorithms,
- Select and Train a Model
- Fine-Tune Your Model.
- Launch, Monitor, and Maintain Your System.
- Try It Out!.

På klassen

Supergruppe [SG] resume af § 2 End-to-End, ca. 30 til 45 min.

- en supergruppe [SG], sammensættes af to grupper [G], on-the-fly på klassen.
- hver gruppe [G] forbereder og giver en anden gruppe [G] et mundtligt resume af § 2 til en anden gruppe,
- tid: ca. 30 min- sammenlagt, den ene grupper genfortæller første haldel af § 2 i ca. 15 min., hvorefter den anden gruppe genfortæller resten i ca. 15 min.



ML Supervised Learning, Train/Test

