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## 1. Overview

**RCC\_Recorder** is a **Record / Replay** component within the **Realistic Car Controller (RCC)** ecosystem. It captures **vehicle input, transform, and rigidbody data** frame-by-frame while in *Record* mode, and later replays it in *Play* mode. This allows you to:

- **Save a driving session** for debug or demonstration.
- **Replay** that session to replicate exact motions and inputs.
- Potentially export or share replay data via **RCC\_Records.Instance**.

It's typically attached to an RCC vehicle (**RCC\_CarControllerV4**) and integrated with a higher-level manager or UI that toggles recording / playback states.

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## 2. Class Declaration

```
public class RCC_Recorder : RCC_Core {
```

```
// ...  
}
```

- Inherits from `RCC_Core`, ensuring access to `CarController`, `Settings`, etc.
  - Typically, you'll have one `RCC_Recorder` per vehicle that you want to record.
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## 3. Record / Replay Flow

### 1. Record

- Call `Record()` to start capturing data.
- On every `FixedUpdate()`, the script stores the vehicle's input and transform info in arrays.
- Stopping record (`Record()` again, toggling back to Neutral) finalizes the data into a `RecordedClip`.

### 2. Replay

- Call `Play()` to replay the last `recorded` clip (or pass a specific clip).
  - The vehicle is put into `externalController` mode, meaning it ignores player inputs.
  - Each frame's input, position, and velocity are applied over time until the clip ends or is manually stopped.
- 

## 4. Data Structures

### 4.1 RecordedClip

```
[System.Serializable]  
public class RecordedClip {  
    public string recordName;  
    public PlayerInput[] inputs;  
    public PlayerTransform[] transforms;  
    public PlayerRigidBody[] rigids;  
  
    public RecordedClip(PlayerInput[] _inputs,  
                        PlayerTransform[] _transforms,  
                        PlayerRigidBody[] _rigids,  
                        string _recordName) {  
  
        // ...  
    }  
}
```

- **recordName**: A label (e.g., "Demo\_1").
- **inputs**: Array of **PlayerInput** per frame.
- **transforms**: Array of **PlayerTransform** (position/rotation).
- **rigids**: Array of **PlayerRigidBody** (velocity/angular velocity).

When a recording finishes, these arrays are saved in `RCC_Records.Instance.records`.

## 4.2 PlayerInput

```
public class PlayerInput {
    public float throttleInput;
    public float brakeInput;
    public float steerInput;
    public float handbrakeInput;
    public float clutchInput;
    public float boostInput;
    public float fuelInput;
    public int direction;
    public bool canGoReverse;
    public int currentGear;
    public bool changingGear;
    public RCC_CarControllerV4.IndicatorsOn indicatorsOn;
    public bool lowBeamHeadLightsOn;
    public bool highBeamHeadLightsOn;
    // Constructor...
}
```

- Stores all **driving inputs** from the vehicle.
- Light states (low/high beams) and indicator states are also included.

## 4.3 PlayerTransform

```
public class PlayerTransform {
    public Vector3 position;
    public Quaternion rotation;
    // ...
}
```

- The vehicle's **position** and **rotation** for each recorded frame.

## 4.4 PlayerRigidBody

```
public class PlayerRigidBody {
    public Vector3 velocity;
    public Vector3 angularVelocity;
```

```
// ...  
}
```

- The vehicle's **velocity** and **angularVelocity** for each frame (to preserve momentum during replay).
- 

## 5. Runtime Lists and State

**List<PlayerInput> Inputs, List<PlayerTransform> Transforms, List<PlayerRigidBody> Rigidbodies**

- Temporary lists that accumulate data during **Mode.Record**.
- Once recording stops, a **RecordedClip** is built from them, then stored in **recorded**.

**public RecordedClip recorded**

- The **latest** clip that was saved or loaded for replay.

**public enum Mode { Neutral, Play, Record }**

- The recorder's current state.
  - **Mode.Neutral**: Not recording or playing.
  - **Mode.Play**: Replaying a clip.
  - **Mode.Record**: Capturing data.
- 

## 6. Key Methods

### 6.1 Record()

```
public void Record() {  
    if (mode != Mode.Record) {  
        mode = Mode.Record;  
    } else {  
        mode = Mode.Neutral;  
        SaveRecord();  
    }  
  
    if (mode == Mode.Record) {  
        Inputs.Clear();  
        Transforms.Clear();  
        Rigidbodies.Clear();  
    }  
}
```

```
}
}
```

- Toggles between **Record** and **Neutral**.
- If entering Record mode, clears old data.
- If exiting Record mode, calls `SaveRecord()` to finalize.

## 6.2 SaveRecord()

```
public void SaveRecord() {
    recorded = new RecordedClip(
        Inputs.ToArray(),
        Transforms.ToArray(),
        Rigidbodies.ToArray(),
        // Name pattern:
        RCC_Records.Instance.records.Count.ToString() + "_" + CarController.transform.name
    );
    RCC_Records.Instance.records.Add(recorded);
}
```

- Creates a new **RecordedClip** from the current session data.
- Appends it to `RCC_Records.Instance.records`.

## 6.3 Play()

```
public void Play() {
    // If no clip is recorded, do nothing
    // Toggle between Neutral/Play
    // If now in Play, start coroutines Replay() and Revel() to apply the data
}
```

- If `recorded` is null, returns.
- Toggles **Mode.Play** and sets `CarController.externalController = true`.
- Starts two coroutines:
  - **Replay()** (applies input each frame)
  - **Revel()** (applies rigidbody velocity each frame)

## 6.4 Play(RecordedClip \_recorded)

```
public void Play(RecordedClip _recorded) {
    recorded = _recorded;
    // Similar logic to Play()
}
```

- Same as `Play()`, but loads a **specific RecordedClip** rather than the last recorded.

## 6.5 Stop()

```
public void Stop() {
    mode = Mode.Neutral;
    CarController.externalController = false;
}
```

- Cancels current recording or playback, returning to normal user input.

## 6.6 Replay() Coroutine

```
private IEnumerator Replay() {
    for(int i = 0; i < recorded.inputs.Length && mode == Mode.Play; i++) {
        // Set CarController inputs from recorded.inputs[i]
        yield return new WaitForFixedUpdate();
    }
    // End playback
    mode = Mode.Neutral;
    CarController.externalController = false;
}
```

- Steps through each frame in **recorded.inputs** and applies them to the car.
- Each iteration waits for `WaitForFixedUpdate()` to match the physics cycle.
- Once complete, returns to neutral state.

## 6.7 Revel() Coroutine

```
private IEnumerator Revel() {
    for(int i = 0; i < recorded.rigids.Length && mode == Mode.Play; i++) {
        CarController.Rigid.velocity = recorded.rigids[i].velocity;
        CarController.Rigid.angularVelocity = recorded.rigids[i].angularVelocity;
        yield return new WaitForFixedUpdate();
    }
    // End playback
    mode = Mode.Neutral;
    CarController.externalController = false;
}
```

- Synchronizes the vehicle's **Rigidbody** velocity each frame to ensure accurate replay of dynamics.
-

## 7. Update and FixedUpdate Logic

- **Awake()**: Initializes the **Lists** (**Inputs**, **Transforms**, **Rigidbody**s).
  - **FixedUpdate()**:
    - If **Mode.Record**, it appends current input/transform/rigidbody data to the lists.
    - If **Mode.Play**, ensures `CarController.externalController = true`.
    - If **Mode.Neutral**, does nothing special.
- 

## 8. Usage Notes and Best Practices

### 1. Synchronized Framerate

- Data is recorded and replayed in **FixedUpdate()**. This helps keep the physics consistent.
- If your game runs at variable `fixedDeltaTime`, playback speed could vary.
- For consistent replays, keep a stable fixed timestep (or store the actual delta time with each frame).

### 2. Multiple Vehicles

- Each vehicle can have its own `RCC_Recorder` if you want to record multiple cars simultaneously.
- You can store multiple `RecordedClips` in `RCC_Records.Instance`.

### 3. Trim / Edit

- If you want partial replays or skipping frames, you can manipulate the `RecordedClip` arrays before re-playing.

### 4. External Controller

- During playback, `CarController.externalController = true` means the car **ignores player input**.
- Stopping playback sets `externalController = false`, restoring normal controls.

### 5. Storage

- By default, recorded data is saved in-memory to `RCC_Records`. You can write your own logic to save or load from disk.

### 6. Performance

- Long recordings can produce large arrays. Keep track of memory usage. Consider compressing or limiting capture frequency if needed.
-

## 9. Example Integration

1. Add **RCC\_Recorder** to your vehicle prefab or instantiate it at runtime.

**Trigger Recording** (e.g., via a UI button):

```
RCC_Recorder myRecorder = myVehicle.GetComponent<RCC_Recorder>();  
myRecorder.Record(); // toggles record on/off
```

- 2.

**Trigger Playback:**

```
myRecorder.Play(); // replays the last 'recorded' clip
```

- 3.

**Stop:**

```
myRecorder.Stop(); // cancels record or playback
```

- 4.
- 

## 10. Summary

**RCC\_Recorder** enables **full record and replay** functionality for RCC vehicles. It:

- Collects **player inputs**, **transforms**, and **rigidbody** states during **Record** mode.
- Plays them back exactly, overriding normal user input, in **Play** mode.
- Stores session data in **RecordedClip** objects.
- Integrates with **RCC\_Records** for global record management.

This system is perfect for **replay cameras**, **demonstrations**, **ghost cars** in time trials, or **automated AI** demonstration within Realistic Car Controller.