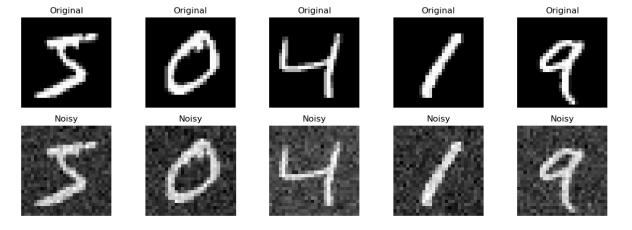
```
In [1]: import keras
from keras.datasets import mnist
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.optimizers import RMSprop
from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, Flatten
from keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D
from keras import backend
(x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = mnist.load_data()
x_{train} = x_{train.reshape}(60000, 784)
x_{\text{test}} = x_{\text{test.reshape}}(10000, 784)
x_train = x_train.astype('float32')
x_test = x_test.astype('float32')
x_train /= 255
x_test /= 255
print(x_train.shape[0], 'train samples')
print(x_test.shape[0], 'test samples')
```

Using TensorFlow backend.

60000 train samples 10000 test samples

```
In [3]: # Part 1
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from keras.models import Sequential
# Add random noise to the training images
train_noisy_images = x_train + np.random.normal(loc=0, scale=0.1, size=x_train
# Add random noise to the testing images
test_noisy_images = x_test + np.random.normal(loc=0, scale=0.1, size=x_test.sh
# Reshape the noisy images back to their original shape for visualization
train_noisy_images_reshaped = train_noisy_images.reshape(-1, 28, 28)
test_noisy_images_reshaped = test_noisy_images.reshape(-1, 28, 28)
# Display several original and noisy images for inspection
num_images_to_display = 5
fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, num_images_to_display, figsize=(15, 5))
for i in range(num_images_to_display):
    axes[0, i].imshow(x_train[i].reshape(28, 28), cmap='gray')
    axes[0, i].axis('off')
    axes[0, i].set_title('Original')
    axes[1, i].imshow(train_noisy_images_reshaped[i], cmap='gray')
    axes[1, i].axis('off')
    axes[1, i].set_title('Noisy')
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: # Part 2
from keras.layers import Dense
from keras.optimizers import Adam
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
# Assuming x_train, y_train, x_test, y_test, train_noisy_images, test_noisy_images,
# Split the original and noisy datasets into training and validation sets
x_train_orig, x_val_orig, y_train, y_val = train_test_split(x_train, y_train,
x_train_noisy, x_val_noisy, _, _ = train_test_split(train_noisy_images, y_train_
# Define the MLNN model architecture
model_orig = Sequential([
    Dense(128, activation='relu', input shape=(784,)),
    Dense(64, activation='relu'),
    Dense(10, activation='softmax')
])
model_noisy = Sequential([
    Dense(128, activation='relu', input shape=(784,)),
    Dense(64, activation='relu'),
    Dense(10, activation='softmax')
])
# Compile the models
model_orig.compile(optimizer=Adam(), loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy', m
model_noisy.compile(optimizer=Adam(), loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy', |
# Train the models
epochs = 400
history_orig = model_orig.fit(x_train_orig, y_train, epochs=epochs, validation
history_noisy = model_noisy.fit(x_train_noisy, y_train, epochs=epochs, validat
# Evaluate the models
train_acc_orig = history_orig.history['accuracy'][-1]
val_acc_orig = history_orig.history['val_accuracy'][-1]
train_acc_noisy = history_noisy.history['accuracy'][-1]
val_acc_noisy = history_noisy.history['val_accuracy'][-1]
# Compare the accuracies
print(f"Original Model - Training Accuracy: {train_acc_orig}, Validation Accur
print(f"Noisy Model - Training Accuracy: {train_acc_noisy}, Validation Accuracy
```

```
In [ ]: # Part 3
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense
from keras.optimizers import Adam
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
# Define the scale factors for noise
scale factors = [0.1, 0.5, 1.0, 2.0, 4.0]
# Initialize lists to store the accuracies
train_accs = []
val_accs = []
# Assuming x_train, y_train, x_test, y_test are available
# Split the original dataset into training and validation sets
x_train_orig, x_val_orig, y_train, y_val = train_test_split(x_train, y_train,
# Define the MLNN model architecture
model = Sequential([
    Dense(128, activation='relu', input_shape=(784,)),
    Dense(64, activation='relu'),
    Dense(10, activation='softmax')
])
# Compile the model
model.compile(optimizer=Adam(), loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy', metric
# Train the model with varying levels of noise
epochs = 10 # Number of epochs for training
for scale in scale factors:
    # Add random noise to the training and validation sets
    x train noisy = x train orig + np.random.normal(loc=0, scale=scale, size=x
    x_val_noisy = x_val_orig + np.random.normal(loc=0, scale=scale, size=x_val
    # Train the model with noisy data
    history = model.fit(x_train_noisy, y_train, epochs=epochs, validation_data
    # Record the training and validation accuracies
    train_accs.append(history.history['accuracy'][-1])
    val_accs.append(history.history['val_accuracy'][-1])
# Plot the results
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.plot(scale_factors, train_accs, marker='o', label='Training Accuracy')
plt.plot(scale_factors, val_accs, marker='o', label='Validation Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Scale Factor')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.title('Effect of Noise on Model Accuracy')
plt.xticks(scale_factors)
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```