

Workbook: Adversarial Search

Albert Sanchis Jorge Civera

Departament de Sistemes Informàtics i Computació

Learning objectives

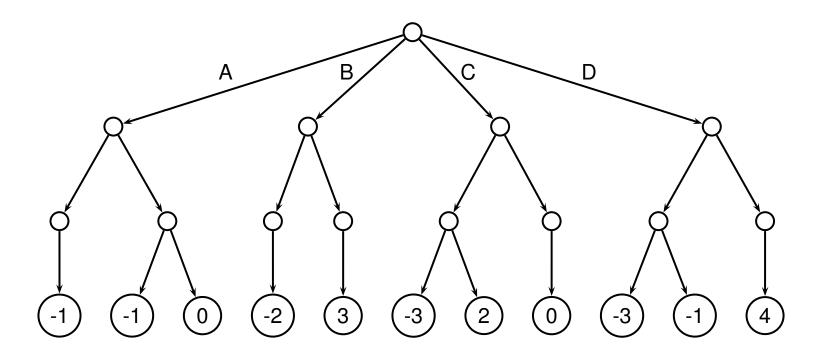
- ▶ To know the basics of adversarial search.
- ► To apply the *minimax* algorithm



Basic *minimax* algorithm

```
mm(s, d, max) // state, depth, max="Does MAX move?" if s is terminal: return utility for s if d=0: return heuristic value for s // if max, return maximum minimax value from children if max: v=-\infty; \forall n \in succ(s): v=\max(v, \mathbf{mm}(n, d-1, \mathsf{FALSE})) // if min, return minimum minimax value from children else: v=\infty; \forall n \in succ(s): v=\min(v, \mathbf{mm}(n, d-1, \mathsf{TRUE})) return v
```

Question 1: Draw the search tree of applying the minimax algorithm to the search space of a game shown in the following figure:



Question 2: What is the best move from the root node applying the minimax algorithm to the previous search space?