Lab 10A: Blockchain

Hash function with randomization

SHA-2 Secure Hash Algorithm

```
pi@Zhaoning:~/iot/lesson10 $ python3

Python 3.7.3 (default, Jul 25 2020, 13:03:44)

[GCC 8.3.0] on linux

Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.

>>> import hashlib

>>> m=hashlib.sha256(b"hello, world")

>>> m.hexdigest()

'09ca7e4eaa6e8ae9c7d261167129184883644d07dfba7cbfbc4c8a2e08360d5b'

>>> m.digest_size

32

>>> m.block_size

64

>>> exit()
```

Build the tiniest blockchain in less than 50 lines of Python

by Gerald Nash

```
File Edit Tabs Help
   revious_block = blockchain[0]
  How many blocks should we add to the chain
after the genesis block
um_of_blocks_to_add = 20
    Add blocks to the chain
# Add blocks to the chain
for i in range(0, num_of_blocks_to_add):
block_to_add = next_block(previous_block)
blockchain.append(block_to_add)
previous_block = block_to_add
# Tell everyone about it!
print("Block #{{}} has been added to the blockchain!".format(block_to_add.index))
print("Hash: {}\n".format(block_to_add.hash))
print("Hash: {}\n".format(block_to_add.hash))
block #{{}} has been added to the blockchain.py
block #{{}} has block #{{}}
Block #2 has been added to the blockchain!
Hash: aadb33d431093130cb455b34d00bdf5fa9d1b665706628fabbeed843d977c697
  lock #3 has been added to the blockchain!
lash: 2ae40d911c6bac97d98bbd6284c59e9f820c97748e28fd07c46fc9fcab0223fb
Block #4 has been added to the blockchain!
Hash: a5ee9b9d3604b4f87da9663d09c0ae2a32756d8da44dff003254a92e65447fba
  Block #5 has been added to the blockchain!
Hash: 649a4d8c6af48c5c614150ee7f2452f07ce8eae05e97312111aac1ca8e72020a
  lock #6 has been added to the blockchain!
ash: dl1e496963d81fbb2a888d5776a3ceb444a1b09b15dcf4cd24fac30a312c9aa3
  lock #7 has been added to the blockchain!
ash: e5ded01d72bc9c811631a8de0e007e77f254d4d5436ee35830dfea757d40b052
  Block #8 has been added to the blockchain!
Hash: 7992242fd94d93f06b01dacb72db91256585ae683daf7100165b0db7141bdeb2
Block #9 has been added to the blockchain!
Hash: 400d2a28a6660a0e6f26c090d46d7fdd293401db4da0801953eb73cb84701c54
  lock #10 has been added to the blockchain!
ash: e521dde44bcbc72e09e1c3ef8eb369d6c3f7f31b307b63bf0b51704c6af20cc4
  lock #11 has been added to the blockchain!
ash: 8bb307709f7f3c716f3a47e86b146b4a9c7e0519e9b1c0e1942c62eb05fd9dc5
  lock #12 has been added to the blockchain!
ash: 100d6929b5bfb730d198d7ed90c6cb2ecceaf19d772ce7312d9ed20869955a40
  lock #13 has been added to the blockchain!
ash: 1fbb6f95cb41f83b40705081ae3d9ebabe4775869a7468f0c528b18c8fc767e4
  Slock #14 has been added to the blockchain!
Hash: 1ec83dd4be0625c32356d721aa03c754ec123c7dfc5ed53e00ea93f0fa826d47
  lock #15 has been added to the blockchain!
ash: 0a3e2e317c5cdcd30aa3ce423c5e2a1337e5f027a19d09ad2d3e5ebc13ff6247
  lock #16 has been added to the blockchain!
ash: 7f5c1b8805a1603e98d2e754a1bcb568083d89d2b2eea3eb46ede3caa6ebdf7f
  lock #17 has been added to the blockchain!
ash: de77f2319607c20e757aaf558d6e785298fcb508828a644a0f2eeedb81e62387
  lock #18 has been added to the blockchain!
ash: d547404a93533f007e775af23d0db69597cfba14ea5561d94d04e02e85b61185
  lock #20 has been added to the blockchain!
lash: 7bc887671a1b4dfb28370e5b4f4da849feeac4a50cad4739cae8f83e67082728
  i@Zhaoning:~/iot/lesson10 $ cd
i@Zhaoning:~ $ █
```

Python blockchain app by Satwik Kansal

Terminal 1: Run node_server.py

Terminal 2: Run run_app.py

```
File Edit Tabs Help

Jilkhaoning:- S git clone https://github.com/satvikkansal/python_blockchain_app.git

Cloning info "python_blockchain_app".

remote: Enumerating objects: 3, done.

remote: Enumerating objects: 3, done.

remote: Total 133 (solit 0), roused 3 (delta 0), pack/roused 140

Receiving deltas: 100% (81/3/31), 221/4 kills 1.22 MiB/s, done.

Receiving deltas: 100% (81/3/31), 221/4 kills 1.22 MiB/s, done.

Receiving deltas: 100% (81/3/31), 221/4 kills 1.22 MiB/s, done.

Receiving deltas: 100% (81/3/31), 221/4 kills 1.22 MiB/s, done.

Resolving deltas: 100% (81/67), done.

Protected by UK pater 14281879; US pater 1870806; EU gatent 2652951.

See https://www.realvmc.com/doc/docs/ofoss.html

See https://www.realvmc.com/docs/ofoss.html

See https://www.realvmc.com/docs/docs/ofoss.html

See https://www.realvmc.com/docs/ofoss.html

See https://www.realvmc
```

Lab 10B: IOTA

PyOTA (IOTA Python Client Library) and **IRI** (IOTA Reference Implementation)

Download and build the C library for BCM2835

```
File Edit Tabs Help
            Making all in doc
make[2]: Entering directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60/doc'
make[2]: Nothing to be done for 'all'.
make[2]: Leaving directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60/doc'
make[2]: Entering directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60'
make[2]: Leaving directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60'
make[1]: Leaving directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60'
pxi@Zhaoning:-/bcm2835-1.60 $ sudo make check
                      aking check in src
ake[1]: Entering directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60/src'
                      lake test
ake[2]: Entering directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60/src'
[cc -DHAVE_CONFIG_H -I. -I.. -g -02 -MT test.o -MD -MP -MF .deps/test.Tpo -c -o test.o test.c
[vr -f .deps/test.Tpo .deps/test.Po
[cc -g -02 -o test test.o ./libbcm2835.a -lrt
[ake[2]: Leaving directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60/src'
[ake check-TESTS
[ake[2]: Entering directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60/src'
[ake[3]: Entering directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60/src'
[ake[3]: Entering directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60/src'
[ake[3]: Entering directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60/src'
# XPASS: 0
# ERROR: 0

make[3]: Leaving directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60/src'
make[2]: Leaving directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60/src'
make[1]: Leaving directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60/src'
Making check in doc
make[1]: Entering directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60/doc'
make[1]: Entering directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60/doc'
make[1]: Leaving directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60/doc'
make[1]: Leaving directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60'
make[1]: Leaving directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60'
make[1]: Leaving directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60'
pi@Zhaoning:~/bcm2835-1.60 $ sudo make install
Making install in src
make[1]: Entering directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60/src'
/bin/mkdir -p '/usr/local/lib'
/usr/bin/install -c -m 644 libbcm2835.a '/usr/local/lib'
( cd '/usr/local/lib' && ranlib libbcm2835.a '/usr/local/lib'
( cd '/usr/local/lib' && ranlib libbcm2835.a )
/bin/mkdir -p '/usr/local/include'
/usr/bin/install -c -m 644 bcm2835.h '/usr/local/include'
/usr/bin/install -c -m 644 bcm2835.h '/usr/local/include'
make[2]: Leaving directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60/src'
Making install in doc
make[1]: Entering directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60/doc'
make[2]: Entering directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60/doc'
make[2]: Leaving directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60/doc'
make[2]: Leaving directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60/doc'
make[2]: Leaving directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60'
make[2]: Leaving directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60'
make[2]: Leaving directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60'
make[2]: Nothing to be done for 'install-ata-am'.
make[2]: Leaving directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60'
make[2]: Nothing to be done for 'install-ata-am'.
make[2]: Leaving directory '/home/pi/bcm2835-1.60'
make[2]: Leaving directory '/home/
```

Clone the code repository

```
File Edit Tabs Help

// Jurrinn Lude/node js/deps/wE/Inc Lude/v8config h:324:3: note: in definition of macro 'V8_DEPRECATED'
declarator _attribute_((deprecated(message)))

// Annowable _attribute_(deprecated(message))

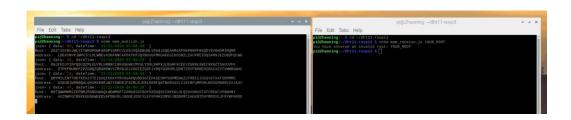
// Annowable _attribute_(deprecated(message)))

// Annowable _attribute_deprecated(message))

// Annowable _attribute_dep
```

Terminal 1: Run mam_publish.js

Terminal 2 on the same or another Raspberry Pi: Run mam_receive.js



Change sensor type from DHT11 to DHT22 and GPIO pin from 4 to 24 (The sensor is required)

```
File Edit Search View Document Help
     You can change the default setting: TIMEINTERVAL
   Do not forget to type: npm install
    Start the app: node sensor.js
If you encounter problems reading the DHT11 sensor data and wants more logging:
     Type: npm uninstall node-dht-sensor
     Type: npm install node-dht-sensor --dht_verbose=true
     If you have fixed your problem:
Type: npm uninstall node-dht-sensor
Type: npm install node-dht-sensor --dht_verbose=false
https://www.mobilefish.com/developer/iota/iota_quickguide_raspi_mam.html
const sensor = require('node-dht-sensor');
const TIMEINTERVAL = 10; // seconds
const SENSORTYPE = 22; // 11=DHT11, 22=DHT22
const GPIOPIN = 24; // The Raspi gpio pin where data from the DHT11 is read
function readSensor(){
     sensor.read(SENSORTYPE, GPIOPIN, function(err, temperature, humidity) {
         if (!err) {
               console.log('temp: ' + temperature.toFixed(1) + 'C, ' + 'humidity: ' + humidity.toFixed(1) +
          } else {
               console.log(err);
     });
readSensor();
// Automatically update sensor value every N seconds
setInterval(readSensor, TIMEINTERVAL*1000);
```

```
File Edit Search View Document Help

/*
Author: Robert Lie (mobilefish.com)

The mam_sensor.js file publishes DHT11 sensor data (temperature and humidity) on the tangle using MAM. This file only works on the Raspberry P1.
The published data can be viewed using the mam_receive.js file or https://www.mobilefish.com/services/cryptocurrency/mam.html (Select option: Data receiver)

Usage:

1) Connect DHT11 sensor to Raspberry P1.
2) Do not forget to type: npm install 3) You can change the default settings: MODE, SIDEKEY, SECURITYLEVEL or TIMEINTERVAL If you do, make the same changes in mam_receive.js file.
4) Start the app: node mam_sensor.js

More information:
https://www.mobilefish.com/developer/iota/iota_quickguide_raspi_mam.html

*//
const sensor = require('node-dht-sensor');
const Ida = require('idat.lib.js');
const Ida = require('idat.lib.js');
const iota = require('idat.lib.js');
const iota = new IOTA({ provider: 'https://nodes.testnet.iota.org:443' });

const MODE = 'restricted'; // public, private or restricted
const SEDEKEY = 'mysecret'; // Enter only ASCII characters. Used only in restricted mode
const SECURITYLEVEL = 3; // 1, 2 or 3
const ITMEINTERVAL = 36; // seconds
const SENSORTYPE = 22; // 11-DHT11, 22-DHT22
const GPIOPIN = 24; // The Raspi gpio pin where data from the DHT11 is read

// Initialise MAM State
let mamState = Mam.init(iota, undefined, SECURITYLEVEL);
```

Terminal 1: Run mam_sensor.js

Terminal 2 on the same or another Raspberry Pi: Run mam_receive.js

