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"On my honor as an Aggie, I have neither given nor received any unauthorized help on this academic work."

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Introduction: This programming assignment reads data from a csv file, creates a graph from that data, find the topological sorting, and then displays the results. The data structures utilized here are:

## 1. Graph

A Graph consists of a finite set of vertices and set of edges which connect a pair of vertices. For this assignment, a graph is created by using two vector: "node\_list" and "adj\_list". node\_list consist of type "Vertex" (from the struct Vertex) and adj\_list consist of pointer lists of integers. The data is read from a csv file and is held in a class called "Graph".

## 2. Queue

A queue is a linear structure which follows a particular order in which the operations are performed. A queue of type Vertex is utilized in the function topological\_sort() in order to complete the top sort for the graph.

- 1. Why does the algorithm use a queue? Can we use a stack instead? This algorithm uses a queue because of its FIFO (first in first out) working principle. This works great with the way that the graph was built and because of how my top sort function is written. It is possible to use a stack to compute the topological sorting, however, for this assignment it will not produce the proper answer. This is because it has LIFO (last in first
- 2. Can you explain why the algorithm detects cycles?

out) principal and because of how my top sort function is written.

A cycle occurs when there is a back edge in the graph. The algorithm checks for cycles by keeping track of the amount of vertices that the algorithm has gone through. Every time a vertex is passed once the "indegree" is decremented because it is going through its adjacent list. If the count of iterations matches the total size of the tree, the no cycles are present. However, if there are cycles then it will iterate less times than the total number of vertexes, causing an exception to be thrown.

3. What is the running time for each function? Use the Big-O notation asymptotic notation and justify your answer.

Each of the following functions are considered algorithms because they all perform a certain task.

- (a) buildGraph() builds a graph using the data from the csv file. This function reads in data from a csv file. It consist of two while loops. The first loop gets each line of the file and the second splits the lines by ",". The Big-O of this function is O(V+E).
- (b) displayGraph() displays the graph that was created This function prints the graph that I created using the inputted data. It consist of a while loop inside of a for loop. The for loop iterates V number of times where V is the number of vertices. The while loop runs E where E are the adjacent vertices. Combined, this function has a Big-O of O(V + E).

- (c) compute\_indegree() computes the indegree in every vertex This function consists of a nested triple for loop that iterates through node\_list.size(), node\_list.size(), and adj\_list() respectively. This has a Big-O of  $O(V^3)$ .
- (d) topological\_sort() finds the topological sorting for the graph This function consists of a while loop that runs V number of times, V being the number of vertices that the graph has. Inside of that while loop is a for loop that runs E number of times, E being the amount of adjacent vertices. Combined this function has a Big-O of O(V + E).
- (e) print\_top\_sort() prints the results of the top sort This function prints the items inside of a vector using a for loop. This function has a Big-O of O(V).

## 7. Conclusion.

```
[avalos672918]@compute ~/spring2020/csce221/PA5> (14:20:06 04/27/20)
[avalos6/2918]@comput: ./main input.data
1 : 2 4 5
2 : 3 4 7
3 : 4
4 : 6 7
5 :
6 : 5
7 : 6
Top Sort: 1 2 3 4 7
Top Sort: 1 2 3 4 7 6 5
 [avalos672918]@compute ~/spring2020/csce221/PA5> (14:20:12 04/27/20)
[avalos6/2918]@compute:: ./main input2.data
1 : 3
2 : 3 8
3 : 4 5 6 8
4 : 7
5 : 7
6 :
7 :
8 :
Top Sort: 1 2 3 4 5 6
 Top Sort: 1 2 3 4 5 6 8 7
 [avalos672918]@compute ~/spring2020/csce221/PA5> (14:20:19 04/27/20)
[avalos672918]@compute
:: ./main input3.data
1 : 2 4
2 : 5 7 8
3 : 6 8
4 : 5
5 : 6 9
6 :
7 :
8 :
9 :
Top Sort: 1 3 2 4 7 8 5 6 9
 [avalos672918]@compute ~/spring2020/csce221/PA5> (14:20:26 04/27/20)
[avalos6/2918]@compute ~/s

:: ./main input-cycle.data

1 : 2 4 5

2 : 3 4 7

3 : 4

4 : 6 7

5 : 4

6 : 5

7 : 6
terminate called after throwing an instance of 'GraphCycle'
   what(): There is a cycle in the graph. Top sort cannot work.
 [avalos672918]@compute ~/spring2020/csce221/PA5> (14:20:37 04/27/20)
 :: 🛮
```

Figure 1: Results from my code and input files