# Real time Road Space Rationing control using Jetson Nano

CHALLENGE: Al at the Edge Challenge with NVIDIA

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### 1. INSTALLATION OF ENVIRONMENT

### 1.1. Requirements

- 1. Jetson Nano Developed Kit
- 2. SD CARD 64 GB class 10
- 3. Good internet connection
- 4. Monitor
- 5. Keyboard
- 6. Mouse
- 7. Usb webcam

### 1.2. Download OS image:

It is necessary to use all the memory of the jetson nano, for this there are 2 alternatives to flash the operating system:

1. SDKMANAGER

### Problem with SDKMANAGER:

According to the Tegra Linux Driver documentation in the 2.0 Known Issues part: <a href="https://docs.nvidia.com/jetson/archives/l4t-archived/l4t-321/pdf/Tegra\_Linux\_Driver\_Package\_Release\_Notes\_R32.1.pdf">https://docs.nvidia.com/jetson/archives/l4t-archived/l4t-321/pdf/Tegra\_Linux\_Driver\_Package\_Release\_Notes\_R32.1.pdf</a>

You can only burn an sd card with the size of 14 GB:

Nano /dev/root device size is restricted to 14 GB when using flash.sh an SD card. User cannot create additional partitions on the root device, so excess space is unavailable.	
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That is why I have seen fit to use option 2.

2. Download image and flash with BalenaEtcher
The available image <a href="https://developer.nvidia.com/embedded/downloads">https://developer.nvidia.com/embedded/downloads</a> is used:

Be sure to use the one that comes with Opencv 3.\*, because the plate recognition algorithm works with it.

username : dlinano password : dlinano

By default, it consumes an average of 14 GB when it bounces the first time.

### 1.3. Preparing the system

Download the repository:

https://github.com/CristianLazoQuispe/Pico\_y\_placa.git

Save it in the documents folder

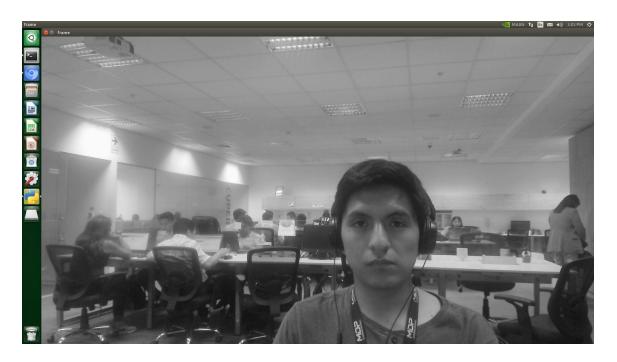
### 1.3.1. Test the image before you start

It is important to make sure that the image is working properly, to do this we must run the code read\_camera\_web.py:

Open terminal

Execute: https://github.com/CristianLazoQuispe/Pico\_y\_placa python3 read\_camera\_web.py

If everything is correct you should see the camera reading in grayscale.



### 1.3.2. Install libraries

Installing the libraries is a very tedious job because of compatibility issues and installation time.

- \$ sudo apt-get update
- \$ sudo apt-get install -y python3-dev python3-numpy python3-py python3-pytest
- \$ sudo apt-get install git cmake
- \$ sudo apt-get install libatlas-base-dev gfortran
- \$ sudo apt-get install libhdf5-serial-dev hdf5-tools libhdf5-dev zlib1g-dev zip libjpeg8-dev

#### 1.3.2.1. Install pip

\$ sudo python3 -m pip uninstall pip setuptools wheel

\$ sudo apt-get --reinstall install python3-setuptools python3-wheel python3-pip

### 1.3.2.2. Install Tensorflow gpu

```
$ sudo pip3 install -U pip testresources setuptools
```

\$ sudo pip3 install -U numpy==1.16.4 future==0.17.1 mock==3.0.5 h5py==2.9.0

keras\_preprocessing==1.0.5 keras\_applications==1.0.8 gast==0.2.2 enum34 futures protobuf

\$ sudo pip3 install --extra-index-url

https://developer.download.nvidia.com/compute/redist/jp/v42

tensorflow-gpu==1.13.1+nv19.3

#### 1.3.2.3. Install pycuda

First it is necessary to find the address of cuda in the system, you can find the path using the command:

\$ find / -type d -name cuda 2>/dev/null

In my case:

/usr/local/cuda-10.0

#### Execute this commands:

\$ export PATH=\$PATH:/usr/local/cuda-10.0/bin

\$ export CPATH=\$CPATH:/usr/local/cuda-10.0/targets/aarch64-linux/include

\$ export LIBRARY\_PATH=\$LIBRARY\_PATH: \( \frac{\text{/usr/local/cuda-10.0}}{\text{targets/aarch64-linux/lib}} \)

\$ source ~/.bashrc

\$ nvcc --version

#### In my case:

```
dlinano@jetson-nano:~$ nvcc --version
nvcc: NVIDIA (R) Cuda compiler driver
Copyright (c) 2005-2019 NVIDIA Corporation
Built on Mon_Mar_11_22:13:24_CDT_2019
Cuda compilation tools, release 10.0, V10.0.326
dlinano@jetson-nano:~$
```

Download the version of pycuda pycuda 2019.1.2 using the link below

### https://pypi.org/project/pycuda/#files

Execute the following commands for the pycuda installation

- \$ cd pycuda-VERSION
- \$ python3 configure.py --cuda-root=/usr/local/cuda-10.0
- \$ sudo make install

#### 1.3.2.4. Install complements

- \$ sudo apt-get install python3-scipy
- \$ sudo pip3 install imutils
- \$ sudo pip3 install keras
- \$ sudo apt-get install python3-matplotlib
- \$ sudo apt-get install libpcap-dev libpq-dev
- \$ sudo pip3 install cython

#### 1.3.2.5. Install Ilvm

```
$ wget http://releases.llvm.org/7.0.1/llvm-7.0.1.src.tar.xz
```

\$ tar -xvf llvm-7.0.1.src.tar.xz

\$ cd Ilvm-7.0.1.src

\$ mkdir llvm\_build\_dir

\$ cd llvm\_build\_dir/

\$ cmake ../ -DCMAKE\_BUILD\_TYPE=Release

-DLLVM\_TARGETS\_TO\_BUILD="ARM;X86;AArch64"

\$ make -j4

```
$ sudo make install
```

\$ cd bin/

\$ echo "export LLVM\_CONFIG=\""`pwd`"/llvm-config\"" >> ~/.bashrc

\$ echo "alias llvm=""`pwd`"/llvm-lit"" >> ~/.bashrc

\$ source ~/.bashrc

\$ sudo pip3 install llvmlite==0.30.0

#### 1.3.2.6. Install numba

Before proceeding to the Numba installation, you need to perform the LLVM installation above first since Numba is heavily rely on LLVM installation.

\$ sudo pip3 install numba==0.34.0

#### 1.3.2.7. Install scikit learn

\$ sudo apt-get install gfortran

\$ sudo pip3 install https://github.com/scikit-learn/scikit-learn/archive/0.20.1.tar.gz

### 1.3.2.8. Install scikit image

\$ sudo apt-get install python3-skimage

\$ sudo pip3 install -U scikit-image

### 1.3.2.9. Install scipy

\$ sudo apt remove python3-scipy

\$ sudo apt install --reinstall python\\*-decorator

\$ sudo apt install -f

\$ sudo apt install python3-scipy

\$ sudo apt-get update

#### 1.3.2.10. GPIO JETSON NANO

First you need to download this repository:

https://github.com/NVIDIA/jetson-gpio

\$ sudo python3 setup.py install

- \$ sudo groupadd -f -r gpio
- \$ sudo usermod -a -G gpio dlinano
- \$ sudo cp /opt/nvidia/jetson-gpio/etc/99-gpio.rules /etc/udev/rules.d/
- \$ sudo udevadm control --reload-rules && sudo udevadm trigger

### 1.3.2.11. LCD DISPLAY

- \$ sudo pip3 install RPLCD==1.2.2
- \$ sudo pip3 install filterpy

#### 1.3.2.12. INSTALL OPENALPR

- \$ sudo add-apt-repository ppa:alex-p/tesseract-ocr
- \$ sudo apt-get update
- \$ wget http://www.leptonica.org/source/leptonica-1.78.0.tar.gz
- \$ tar xvf leptonica-1.78.0.tar.gz leptonica-1.78.0
- \$ cd leptonica-1.78.0
- \$./configure
- \$ make -j \$((\$(nproc)-1))
- \$ sudo make install
- \$ cd ~
- \$ git clone https://github.com/tesseract-ocr/tesseract.git
- \$ cd tesseract
- \$ ./autogen.sh
- \$./configure
- \$ make -j \$((\$(nproc)-1))
- \$ sudo make install
- \$ sudo Idconfig
- \$ cd ~

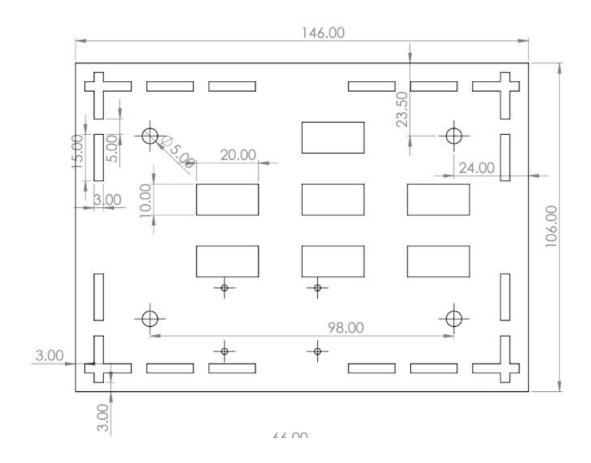
# 2. CASE DESIGN

### Materials:

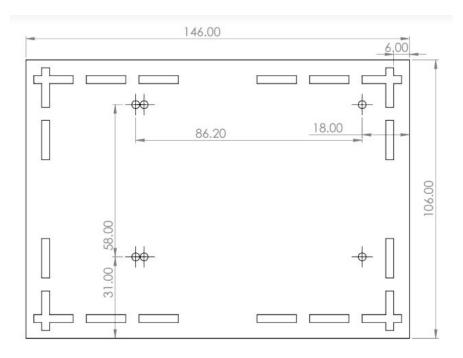
- 1. Medium-density fibreboard (MDF) 3 mm A3 sheet
- 2. Screws m3 x 8 mm (to fix the support plate to the box)
- 3. Screws m3 x 20 mm (for fixing the fan)
- 4. 5V fan

A proprietary design is used for the nano jetson case consisting of 6 pieces that are assembled to form the complete structure.

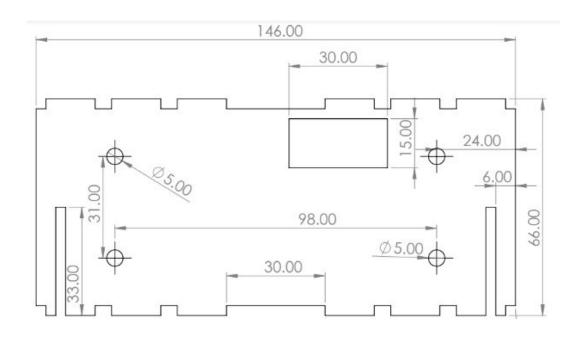
### 2.1. Main base:

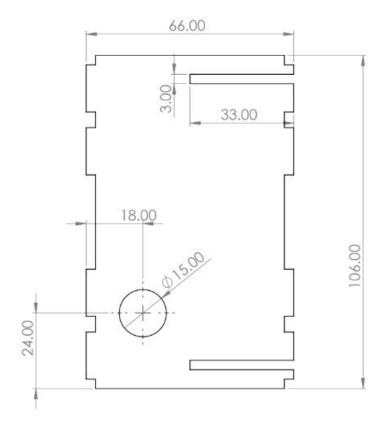


# 2.2. Top cover:

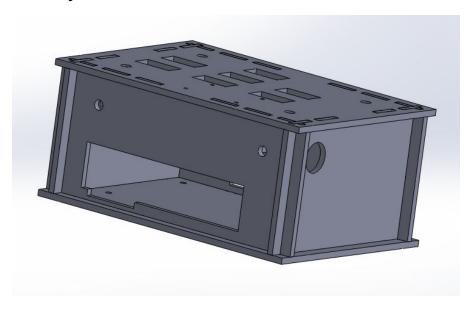


# 2.3. Side faces:





# 2.4. 3D Assembly:



# 3. CIRCUIT DESIGN

### 3.1. Materials:

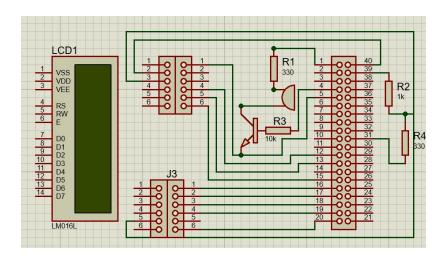
- 1. 2 Resistor 330 ohms
- 2. 1 Resistor 10k ohms
- 3. 1 Resistor 1k ohms
- 4. 1 Buzzer

## 3.2. Design

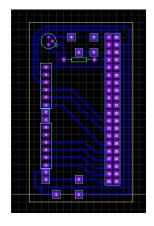
This circuit was inspired by this repository:

https://www.jetsonhacks.com/2019/06/07/jetson-nano-gpio/

### Custom design on Proteus:

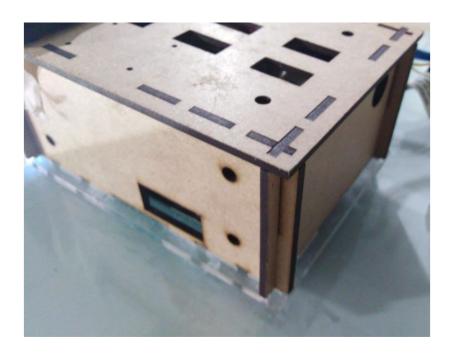


### PCB design:

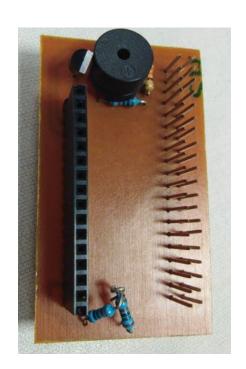


# 4. Hardware implemented

# 4.1. Case



# 4.2. Circuit



# 5. Algorithm

Real Time Road Space Rationing control using Jetson Nano

### 5.1. GETTING STARTED

```
5.1.1. Using ISO
```

- Download the image of jetson nano with all libraries and code implemented :

```
www.google.com
```

- Open folder Pico\_placa\_SSD :

```
cd home/dlinano/Documents/Pico_placa_SSD
```

- Run code pico\_placa.py

```
python3 pico_placa.py
```

- If you want to use special hardware of image capture:

```
- webcam:
```

```
self.video = cv2.VideoCapture(0)
```

- video :

```
self.video = cv2.VideoCapture('PATH_OF_VIDEO')
```

- picam:

self.video =

cv2.VideoCapture(gstreamer\_pipeline(flip\_method=0),cv2.CAP\_GSTREAMER)

### 5.1.2. Step by step

Download the repository:

https://github.com/CristianLazoQuispe/Pico\_y\_placa.git

Save it in the documents folder

- Follow the instructions of installation on pdf:

Pico\_y\_placa.pdf

### 5.1.2.1. SSD MobileNet

This project use the model of SSD MobileNet on TensorRT We use the model of the repository tensorrt\_demos:

git clone https://github.com/jkjung-avt/tensorrt\_demos.git

Download and implement the TensorRT model from SSD Mobilenet and copy it to the ssd folder

### 5.1.2.2. OpenALPR

Download the repository and copy the runtime\_data folder to Pico\_y\_placa:

git clone https://github.com/openalpr/openalpr.git