# What the heck is a checkpoint, and why should I care?

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### **Data Professional**

Microsoft Data Platform MVP. Seventeen years working with Microsoft Data Platform. Microsoft and MongoDB certified. Worked in eCommerce, healthcare, and finance industries.

### Giving Back

Board member NESQL user group and Founder of DBA virtual group. The organizer of Boston SQL Saturday. A frequent speaker at local and virtual user groups, SQL Saturdays, and Azure conferences.

### When Not Working

Running – 1x26.2 and 30+x 13.1, Learning US history. Shuttling three kids.

# Why Do We Need Checkpoint?

Creates a known good point

Start applying changes contained in log

During recovery (unexpected shutdown)

# ACID

# Atomicity Consistency Isolation Durability

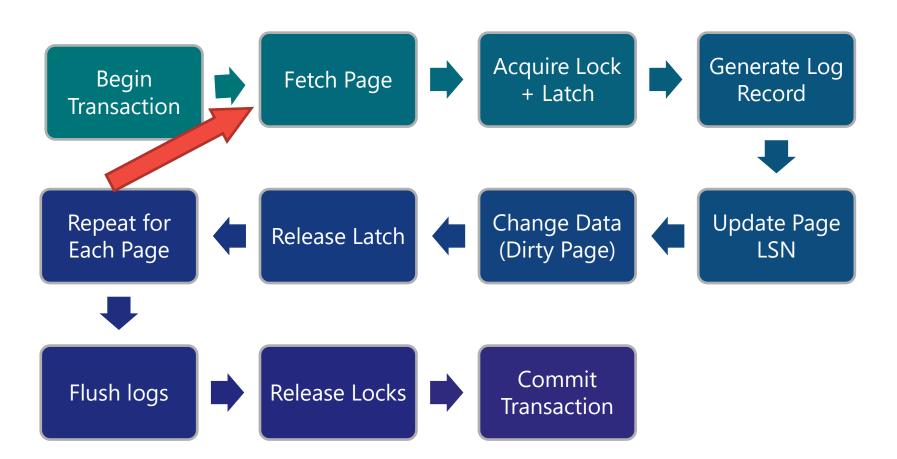
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# Clean vs Dirty Page





# Write Ahead Loging



```
Allocation Status
```

```
GAM (1:2) = ALLOCATED
                                SGAM (1:3) = NOT ALLOCATED
PFS (1:1) = 0x60 MIXED_EXT ALLOCATED 0_PCT_FULL
                                                                 DIFF (1:6) = NOT CHANGED
ML (1:7) = NOT MIN_LOGGED
Slot 0 Offset 0x60 Length 73
                                                                   ord Size = 73
Record Type = PRIMARY RECO
                           Did You Forget
Memory Dump @0x000000B22
                            to Flush Dirty
00000000000000014:
00000000000000028:
                                   Pages!!
0000000000000003C:
                                                                .....ø
Slot 0 Column 1 Offset 0x4 L
auid = 72057594037993472
Slot 0 Column 2 Offset 0xc Length 1 Length (physical) 1
type = 1
```

Slot 0 Column 3 Offset 0xd Length 8 Length (physical) 8

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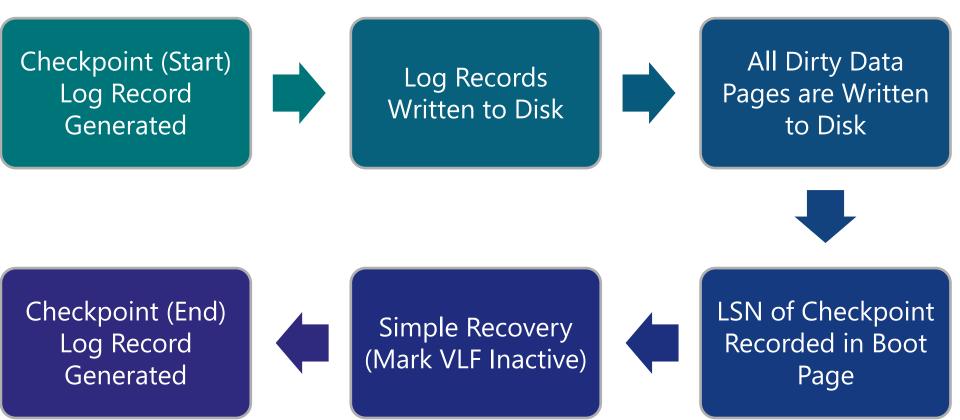
https://www.alphr.com/features/386074 /out-of-disk-space-storage-options-foryour-media/ Eager Writer

Checkpoint

# Lazy Writer

# Eager Writer

# Back to Checkpoint



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- IO Size
  - 1 MB
  - Pre 2016: 256 KB
- Throttle threshold
  - 50ms
  - Pre 2016: 20ms
- Startup parameter (-k chkpoint speed in MB)

# Checkpoint + Log Records





https://www.alphr.com/features/386074 /out-of-disk-space-storage-options-foryour-media/

# Automatic

Manual

Internal

Indirect

- -Introduced SQL 2012
- -Default in SQL 2016

# **Automatic**

- "Recovery Interval" default zero
  - What does this value mean?
- How reliable is this setting?
- When do you change default?
- Changing to over 60 min require "OVERRIDE"

# Manual

- Transact-SQL CHECKPOINT
- 'checkpoint\_duration' seconds to complete
  - Not guaranteed
  - Advanced option
- When do you use a Manual Checkpoint?
- When do you use 'checkpoint\_duration'?



Replying to @SqlWorldWide

Before a planned failover or other maintenance, because it can really put a dent in recovery time (especially if your system isn't using indirect yet).

Also during performance testing or batch loading on simple (to minimize log impact).

Never used checkpoint\_duration.



### 🐧 Travis Page

@pagerwho

Replying to @SqlWorldWide

I've used it during performance testing to ensure that when I issue DBCC DROPCLEANBUFFERS anything writes are fully cleared out.

I've also used it for t-log shrinking. Usually this is because of high VLF numbers or something blew up the logs, not a regular occurrence.



Replying to @SqlWorldWide

#sqlhelp

if indirect checkpoint (and no #sqlserver 2019++ ADR), issue manual checkpoint when txlog is close to full and filling rapidly to prevent log\_reuse\_wait\_desc = 'oldest\_page' and a full txlog due to txlog hotspot in a small number of data pages. no checkpoint\_duration.

#sqlhelp

# Internal

- Guarantee disk image match what is in logs
- When?
  - Backup
  - Snapshot (DBCC Checkdb)
  - Stop SQL Server Engine
  - Add/Remove a database file

# **Indirect**

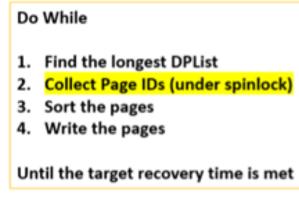
- Introduced in SQL 2012
- Uses number of dirty pages
- Keep number of dirty page below threshold
- Set by "target recovery time"
  - Default is 60 seconds
- Set per database
  - Persist with backup/restore

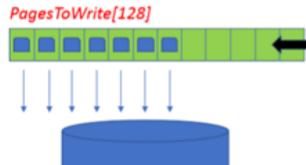
# **Indirect**

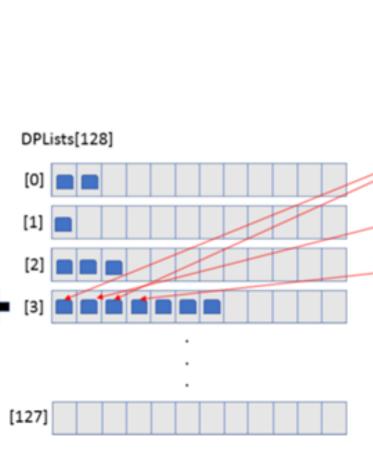
- SQL 2016
  - Default behavior for new databases
  - Including Model and Tempdb
- SQL 2019
  - Fixed 'non-yielding scheduler errors'

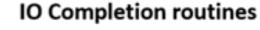
# **Recovery Writer**

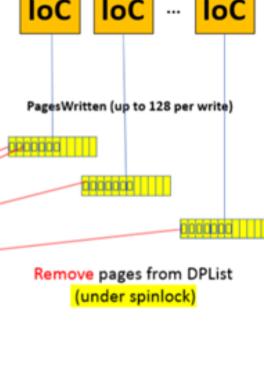
When a work for flush is enqueued











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# Monitor Checkpoint

- Performance Objects
  - Buffer Manager: Checkpoint pages/sec
- Extended Events
  - sqlserver.checkpoint\_begin
  - sqlserver.checkpoint\_end
- Trace Flag
  - 3502: writes to error log when a checkpoint starts and finishes
  - 3504: writes to error log information about what is written to disk
  - 3605: allows trace prints to go to the error log

# Checkpoint tempdb

### DEMO

- -Monitor Checkpoint
- -Simple Recovery Behavior
- -Automatic vs Indirect



# Reference

- Database Checkpoints (SQL Server)
- SQL Server Transaction Log Architecture and Management Guide
- How do checkpoints work and what gets logged by Paul Randal
- What does checkpoint do for tempdb? by Paul Randal
- Changes in SQL Server 2016 Checkpoint Behavior by Mike Ruthruff
- Indirect Checkpoint and tempdb the good, the bad and the non-yielding scheduler by Parkshit Savjani
- <u>"0 to 60": Switching to indirect checkpoints</u> by Aaron Bertrand
- SQL Server Checkpoint Monitoring with Extended Events by Aaron Bertrand
- More Reasons to Enable SQL Server Indirect Checkpoints by Aaron Bertrand
- How do I interpret the log when I run DBCC TRACEON (3502, 3504, 3605, -1)
- How It Works: Bob Dorr's SQL Server I/O Presentation by Bob Dorr@sqlworldwide



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