

# BLOOMSBURYS'S AUTOMATED PROCESS EXECUTION RECORDING SYSTEM

# **Summary**

This is a Software Requirements Document by Angel Softworks for the Bloomsbury's automated execution recording system (BAPERS) software product.

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# Distribution

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# **Preface**

# 1.1 Purpose and scope of the Document

This is a software requirements document for the Bloomsbury's automated process execution recording system (BAPERS) which covers the functional, behavioural and design elements of the system. The purpose of this document is to showcase the deliverables and sources we have sited throughout the project, highlighting the individual effort produced by each team member from group 12. The document explains what the system shall do but not how the functionality can be implemented.

The document will consist of the requirements specification and system design, various models are used to convey in more detail to system developers what the expected behaviour of the system is. A completed Use Case diagram, an indexed list of the Use Cases alongside its appropriate priority and 10 of the most important Use Case specifications will be included in the document. As well as this, a description of the current system and what the new system will do to improve it will be included. The system design aspect will include a copy of our completed Design Class diagram showcasing boundary, entity and control classes as well as associations, cardinalities, attributes & methods. Finally, Detailed GUI designs and GUI mappings will also be included in the document along with our entity-relationship diagram and relational database schema.

The acceptance criteria for this group project is that it addresses every one of the issues indicated by the customer, that it has been bug-tried to a satisfactory level guaranteeing there are no bugs or security vulnerabilities, and so on. A detailed analysis of this will be included later in this document.

During this project we may face some constraints, one of which may include timing, considering the fact that we are also studying another 2 modules balancing all of the work load may become difficult with deadlines approaching at similar times. Nevertheless, we believe with good planning and organisation from the entire team we will be able to mitigate this constraint effectively. One other possible constraint that we may face is individual ability, some of us are stronger in some aspects of the work than others therefore it is down to us to assign tasks while taking the strengths and weaknesses of individuals into consideration.

# 1.2 Intended audience

Mr. Lancaster and all stakeholders of Bloomsbury's Image Processing Laboratory.

# 1.3 Introduction

Bloombury's Image Processing Laboratory (BIPL) is a photographic laboratory which handles the work of professional photographers using their BAPERS system to process customer jobs effectively. Angel Softworks recognises that their current system is becoming outdated and requires some significant changes in order to improve the system and allow BIPL to successfully continue running their business. This systems requirement document will outline the BAPERS system and the design to implementation. The following will be included in this document;

- √ Use Case diagram
- √ Use Case specifications
- √ Use Case prioritisation
- √ Design Class diagram
- √ ER diagram
- √ GUI designs

The systems requirement document will also list both the system requirements and the system design with the different functionalities, as well as including the several actors and interactions within the system.

# Glossary

Actor	Device or human that is interacting with the system.
UML	Unified Modelling Language.
Use Case	The link between the system and the actors.
BIPL	Bloom Bloomsbury's Image Processing Laboratory
BAPERS	Bloomsbury's Automated Process Execution Recording System
Packages	The process of grouping correlated elements together, it will be visible during design and use case diagrams. It also creates a semantic boundary and helps structure system.
ERD	Entity Relationship Diagram.
GUI	Graphical User Interface.
SQL	Standard Query Language.
BAP-ACCT	accept job at reception; this facility is where the users can request the jobs that they want.
BAP-PROC	process job through laboratory; this facility will process all the jobs that have been requested by the user
BAP-ADMN	Administering the System; this facility will allow you to control/mange the entire system.

# **Version Control**

The document will consist of a detailed log the team will be keeping of all the changes that will be made to the document below.

**Major** versions consist of significant changes to the document such as adding or removing whole sections of the document, adding any of the diagrams we have created, source code, etc. The changes made will be signified by moving up a version number i.e. version 3.2 to 4.2. All members of the team must agree to this before making the change.

**Minor** versions consist of simple changes to the document such as modifying grammar/ spelling errors, changing the structure of the document, etc. these changes will be identified by changing the decimal number after the version number i.e. 1.2 to 1.3.

Version	Author & role	Changes made	Date
V 1.0	Ahmed Abukar – Deputy Project Manager & Systems analyst	Initial draft, setting up the cover page & Headers.	11/02/2018
V 1.1	Ahmed Abukar – Deputy Project Manager & Systems analyst	Added table of contents.	15/02/2018
V 1.2	Ahmed Abukar – Deputy Project Manager & Systems analyst	New sections and headers added to document.	20/02/2018
V 2.2	Karan Dixit – Project Manager & Designer	Added Diagrams	02/03/2018
V 3.2	Karan Dixit - Project Manager & Designer	Added 10 key Use Case Specification	03/03/2018
V 4.2	Ahmed Abukar – Deputy Project Manager & Systems analyst	Added use case indexing	04/03/2018
V 5.2	Karan Dixit - Project Manager & Designer	Added Mapping	04/03/2018

# **Requirements Specification**

# 2.1 BIPL, current system

Bloomsbury's image processing laboratory (BIPL) consists of BAPERS in their photographic laboratory which handles the work of professional photographers and works within tight deadlines to deliver customers without compromising on quality. BAPERS offers its customers a variety of different jobs to choose from as well as allowing customers to make special requests for their desired job. The clients of BIPL can request for urgent jobs to be completed usually within 6 hours at a higher price or simply a standard job which will be completed within 24 hours. To carry out a single job, the client is required to provide the image or images which they require processing. The BIPL staff will carry out the adequate tasks required for the job and once completed, the client is required to pay in full by either cash or card.

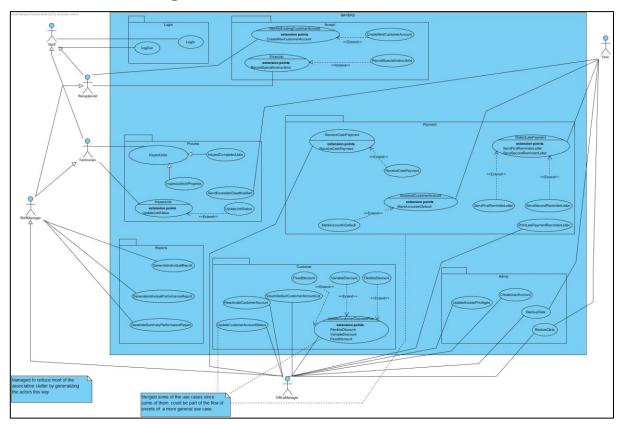
At present, BAPERS is a manual hardback system which comes with its disadvantages. For instance, the fact that the jobs need to be hand written makes it less efficient when it comes to processing data as well as making it more prone to human errors such as losing data. The current system enables its technicians to perform around 30 different tasks depending on the job at hand, these are carried out in different labs and is manually recorded on a job sheet. The customers jobs are then stored on a shelf slot with a unique identifier applied on each of the tasks, where it can then be collected for further processing or dispatched to customers.

Discounts are available and can be applied but only to high value customers. High value customers are determined by the number of tasks they request and how consistently they pay for their jobs on time. There are 3 types of discounts that BIPL offer, fixed discount; where the same percentage of discount is given to the valued customer for each job. Variable discount; which is similar to fixed discount where a fixed percentage is supplied but may vary depending on the task. Flexible discount; is where the customer is set a percentage discount depending on the value of jobs they have accumulated within that month. All discounts are allocated by the office manager.

Once a client's job has been completed, an invoice is created and is sent out to the clients address and will contain all different tasks that have been carried out by the technicians on their photos, along with the payment which is due. The system will flag up any overdue payments by the customers automatically, as the office manager is required to send out reminder letters to those customers. This process isn't the most efficient way as it may take time for a customer response. A record of each customer invoice is filed for evidence.

It is expected that newer and more efficient processes will be implemented by Angel Softworks to improve the current system. The new system aims to upgrade and support new technology and continue sustaining the current high-quality standards. Upon making the relevant changes to the system, BIPL will then be expected to carry out jobs on behalf of its customers and every job accepted will be chargeable to a customer account. BIPL will enable the employee on the reception desk to then enter the job number on a computer terminal, label the material provided by the customer and moved down to the laboratory. The laboratory staff will proceed with processing the materials while recording any progress made on a computer terminal, while avoiding any potential confusion between customer's jobs as this is vital. Queues of work may build up at work stations, however flexible scheduling will be implemented which will allow priority to be given to *urgent* jobs over the regular jobs. The new BIPL system will also provide functionality for inspecting the list of active/pending jobs as well as those already completed.

# Full use case diagram



# Use case specification for the 10 key use cases

Use Case ID: 8 Use Case: ReceiveCashPayment

#### **Brief description:**

As soon as a job or several jobs has been completed. The customer will make a single payment for one of more jobs. However, it's the Office Manager's responsibility to recieve the payment as the customer cannot interactive with BAPERS.

**Primary actors:** OfficeManager

Secondary actors: None

Preconditions: Customer's job(s) has been completed

### Flow of events:

1) Actor activates the functionality for receiving payment by selecting one of the 2 options "PaymentForAllJobs" or "PaymentForParticularJob" from the job tab which displays the list of completed jobs associated with a single customer account.

Extension point: PaymentForParticularJob Extension point: PaymentForSeveralJobs

2) If actor selects "PaymentForParticularJob"

The system will prompt the user to select one of the jobs

Actor selects single job in which customer wants to pay for at the time

- 3) The system places an empty payment record in the session
- 4) The system opens a form for entering the payment details including payment amount and type.
- 5) The actor types in the required details
- 6) The systems create a new payment record in BAPERS
- 7) If the system succeeds
- 7.1) System records the amount and payment type
- 8) The system places an empty payment record in the session

Postconditions: Payment details are stored in the 'Payment' record in the session

Alternative flow: None

Use Case: UpdateJobStatus

## **Brief description:**

Can update status of any given job by recording completion of current task and commencement of next.

Primary actors: Technician, Office Manager and Shift Manager

Secondary actors: None

**Preconditions:** BAPERS is operational, the primary actor has selected a task

### Flow of events:

- 1) The actor clicks on the "record completion" option on the task tab
- 2) The system records the completion of current task
- 3) The system prompts the actor to select the next task to commence by displaying the list of uncompleted tasks associated with the job
- 4) The actor selects the next task, from the list, to be commenced
- 5) The system will update the status of the job

**Postconditions:** The system has updated the status of the job and the tasks.

Alternative flow: None

Use Case ID: 28

**Use Case:** UpdateCustomerAccountStatus

#### **Brief description:**

The Office manager is able to upgrade or downgrade a customer's account.

Primary actors: OfficeManager

Secondary actors: None

**Preconditions:** BAPERS is operation, Office Manager has logged in

#### Flow of events:

- 1) The actor selects the Customer Account in which they want to upgrade
- 2) The actor clicks one of the option "Upgrade" or "Downgrade" which are presented in the customer account tab.
- 3) If actor selects "Upgrade"

System upgrades the customer account to Valued Customer

Else

System downgrades the account from Valued Customer to Standard Customer

Postconditions: The system has updated the status of the Customer account

Alternative flow: CannotUpdateCustomerAccountStatus

Use Case ID: 30 Use Case: DetectLatePayment

# **Brief description:**

The system is able to detect if a payment has been beyond the deadline

Primary actors: Time

Secondary actors: OfficeManager

**Preconditions:** Payment deadline exceed and not payment has been received. Office manager

logs in.

#### Flow of events:

1) For every 15 minutes and the Office manager doesn't acknowledge the message

- 1.1) The system generates a late payment pop-up window on the Office manager's screen
- 2) Office manager acknowledges the receipt by clicking on the "OK" button from the pop-up window

Postconditions: The frequent 15-minute interval pop-ups stopped appearing

Alternative flow: None

Use Case ID: 24 Use Case: BackupData

## **Brief description:**

The Office Manager has the ability to run database backups and restores on demand.

Primary actors: Office Manager

Secondary actors: None

# **Preconditions:**

- 1) Actor has logged in to the system.
- 2) There is an existing database with existing data

#### Flow of events:

- 1) Actor activates the functionality for storing data by clicking on the "backup" button on the Office Manager's GUI.
- 2) The system will prompt the actor to select the backup location
- 3) Actor selects the file location
- 4) The system will create an empty folder in the designated backup location
- 5) The system will store all the database data into the empty folder
- 6) The system prints message "database storage completed"

**Postconditions:** A new folder containing all the essential database data stored within the file location chosen by the actor

Alternative flow: None

Use Case: SendExceededDeadlineAlert

### **Brief description:**

The system should create a pop-up message, alerting the staff about missing a potential deadline.

Primary actors: Time

Secondary actors: ShiftManager

# **Preconditions:**

1) Actor (Office/Shift Manager) has logged in

2) The computed expected completion date has exceeded the set deadline

#### Flow of events:

- 1) The system generates a visual cue that is displayed on the manager's screen which should denote the message "Alert: The expected time has exceeded the set deadline"
- 2) The recipient of the alert will acknowledge the alert by clicking the "OK" on the visual cue

**Postconditions:** System switches the display to display that particular job which has the exceeding expected deadline.

Alternative flow: None

Use Case ID: 10 Use Case: InspectJob

Brief description: The Office Manager has the ability inspect a single job

**Primary actors:** Technician

Secondary actors: None

# **Preconditions:**

- 1) Actor has logged in to the system.
- 2) Actor has accessed the list of jobs

#### Flow of events:

- 1) Actor activates the functionality for inspecting a single job by clicking on one of the jobs off the job list.
- 2) The system displays the page for that selected job for inspection
- 3) If the actor is finished with inspecting the job
- 3.1) The actor will click on the "Go back" button
- 3.2) The system displays the list of jobs page

# **Postconditions:**

- 1) The actor can now inspect the details of the selected jobs
- 2) The functionality of editing the details should be accessible to the actor.

Alternative flow: None

Use Case: Login

Brief description: The Office, Shift Manager and receptionist can log in to the system

Primary actors: OfficeManager, Shift Manager, Receptionist

Secondary actors: None

**Preconditions:** None

#### Flow of events:

- 1) The actor enters in their username and password
- 2) The system creates a login session
- 3) The system verifies that the actor's input is valid or not
- 4) The system will determine the role of the user
- 5) According to the role the system identified, the system will display the menu accordingly
- 6) The system closes session

Postconditions: The user has access to the main menu

Alternative flow: InvalidInputDetails

Use Case ID: 26

**Use Case:** UpdateAccessPrivileges

**Brief description:** The office manager can modify the access privileges of any existing user accounts.

**Primary actors:** OfficeManager

**Secondary actors:** None

**Preconditions:** The actor is logged into the system

#### Flow of events:

- 1) The actor navigates to the appropriate GUI area
- 2) The actor selects the relevant option
- 3) The actor inputs the name of the user account
- 4) The system searches the database for the account
- 5) The actor makes any necessary changes
- 6) The actor confirms the action
- 7) The changes are recorded in the database
- 8) A message about the outcome of the operation is displayed on screen

**Postconditions:** The message can now be dismissed by selecting the appropriate option.

Alternative flow: NoDatabaseConnection

Use Case: CreateUserAccount

**Brief description:** The Office Manager creates a new user account for one of the BIPL staff

members.

Primary actors: OfficeManager

Secondary actors: None

**Preconditions:** The actor is logged into the system

#### Flow of events:

- 1) The actor navigates to the appropriate GUI area dedicated to managing the system
- 2) The actor selects the option to create a new user account in the GUI
- 3) The actor enters the necessary details for a new account
- 4) The actor confirms the new credentials
- 5) The new user account details are recorded in the database
- 6) A message is displayed, showing the outcome of the operation

**Postconditions:** The new user account is now available for accessing by the staff member.

Alternative flow: NoDatabaseConnection

Alternative flow: InvalidInputDetails

ID: 1.1

## **Brief description:**

The actor types in invalid username or password or both

Primary actors: Office, Shift manager, receptionist

Secondary actors: None

**Preconditions:** The actor typed in invalid credentials

#### Alternative flow:

The alternative flow starts after step 3. Of the normal flow

1) A message is displayed indicating that the details are invalid

2) The actor can click the appropriate button to dismiss the message.

Postconditions: None

Alternative flow: NoDatabaseConnection

ID: 23.1 26.1

**Brief description:** 

The system failed to access the database.

Primary actors: OfficeManager

Secondary actors: None

**Preconditions:** The OfficeManager tried to create a new user account.

**Alternative flow:** The alternative flow starts after step 5. of the main flow.

1) A message is displayed to reflect that the operation has failed

2) The actor can click the appropriate button to dismiss the message

Postconditions: None

Alternative flow: PrintingError

ID:

**Brief description:** An error has been encountered while trying to print reminder letter(s).

Primary actors: OfficeManager

Secondary actors: None

**Preconditions:** The office manager has selected the option to print late payment reminder letter from the GUI

Flow of events:

The alternative flow starts after step 4. of the main flow.

A message is displayed indicating that an error has occurred while trying to print the document

aocument

Postconditions: None

**Alternative flow:** NoReminderLetters

ID:

**Brief description:** There are no late payment reminder letters currently pending.

Primary actors: OfficeManager

**Secondary actors:** None

**Preconditions:** The office manager has selected the option to print late payment reminder letter from the GUI

#### Flow of events:

The alternative flow starts after step 2. Of the normal flow

- 1) A message is displayed indicating that there are no currently pending letters
- 2) The actor can click the appropriate button to dismiss the message.

Postconditions: None

Alternative flow: CannotUpdateCustomerAccount

ID: 28.1

### **Brief description:**

A Valued Customer Account cannot be upgraded as it already is upgraded, or a Standard Customer Account cannot be downgraded as it already is at the lowest grade.

Primary actors: Office Manager

Secondary actors: None

**Preconditions:** The customer account is "standard" and selects option to downgrade or the customer account is "valued" and selects the option to upgrade.

#### Flow of events:

- 1) The alternative flow starts after step 3 of the normal flow
- 2) BAPERS displays a message: "Account already upgraded" or "Account already downgraded"

Postconditions: None

# **Indexed list of prioritized use cases**

Use Case Name	Use Case ID	<b>Priority Level</b>	Specification provided	Justification
LogIn	1	High	Yes	Staff members of BIPL will be required to log in with their unique user ID's to access the features of BAPERS. This is important as it allows the managers to monitor the progress of their staff.
LogOut	2	High	No	Staff members are required to sign out of the system once completed their job. This will prevent anyone with unauthorised access to use the system.
IdentifyExisting CustomerAccou nt	3	High	No	For a job to be accepted, it needs to be assigned to a valid customer account. Not being able to identify existing customers through a search would mean that the BAPERS staff would have to manually search through the database, which can be very time consuming and prone to human error.
CreateNewCust omerAccount	4	Medium	No	The receptionist can create a new customer account for first time clients. Adding new clients to the pool of already existing clients is essential as it is vital that new customers have their details captured efficiently and effortlessly for when they return in future.
EnterJob	5	High	No	BIPL staff will be able to enter a job requested by a customer. This is important BIPL staff who will be processing the job will know exactly what is required of them.
RecordSpecialIn struction	6	Medium	No	It is important that BIPL staff can clearly see any special requests made by the client. This will prevent the customer returning and being unsatisfied with the service. Customer satisfaction is vital for any business as this may determine whether they will return for your service or not.
ReceiveCardPay ment	7	High	No	A soon as a job has been entered the user will be able to receive a card payment. it is vital that BIPL offer card payment services for their clients as not every customer prefers to use cash, some customers may prefer to use a credit card.
ReceiveCashPay ment	8	High	Yes	A soon as a job has been entered the user will be able to receive a cash payment. Customers are able to pay in cash upon collection of their product.
SendExceededD eadlineAlert	9	Medium	Yes	BAPERS will automatically send out an exceeded deadline alert for customers who have outstanding payments due. This is important as it would be difficult and very time consuming to do this manually.
InspectJob	10	Medium	Yes	The technician has the ability to inspect a single job. Not having a function that allows the staff to search for the progress of a singular job would decrease the efficiently and increase the likelihood of human error as the staff would be required to search manually, thus increasing the time taken for each job
InspectComplet edJob	11	Medium	No	It is important that the technicians are able to view completed jobs as they'll be able to moderate it to see if the job has been completed to the customers needs. This will identify any human errors that may have occurred in the labs and able to fix the issue before it is dispatched to customers.
InspectJobsInPr ogress	12	Medium	No	BIPL technicians being able to check jobs that are in progress is crucial to see if the job being done is meeting the customers requirements.

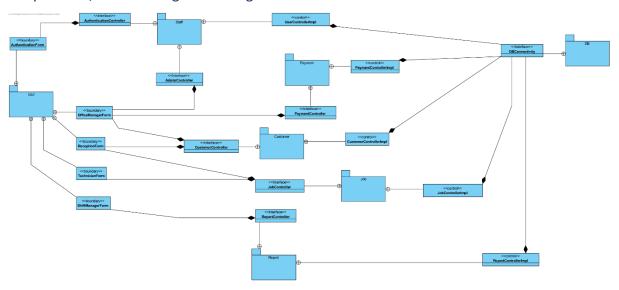
InspectJobs	13	Medium	No	BIPL staff will be capable of inspecting multiple jobs at one time making it much more efficient to inspect jobs saying a lot of time.
UpdateJobStatus	14	High	Yes	jobs saving a lot of time.  The technicians have the ability to update the job status from not completed to completed. This is crucial as BIPL staff will be able to clearly see jobs that are still outstanding and require work and ignore the ones that have already been completed.
GenerateIndivid ualReport	15	Low	No	The user will be able to generate an individual report on the customer. This will cover everything that the client has requested. It is important that the customer receives a copy of this, so they know exactly what is being done or if they may want to add or change anything.
GenerateIndivid ualPerformance Report	16	Low	No	The user will be able to generate an individual report for the staff working on a job. This will cover how many tasks and jobs they have completed in a given day. This is important for the office manager to monitor this as staff need to work efficiently in order to meet customer deadlines.
GenerateSumma ryPerformanceR eport	17	Low	No	The office manager will be able to generate a summary performance report on the staff members. This will highlight the jobs completed by all BIPL staff in a given day. It is important for the office manager to stay on top of this in order to ensure production rates are in line with the customers deadlines.
SendExceededD eadlineAlert	18	Medium	No	The user will be able to send exceeded deadline alert to its clients if the job isn't completed by the estimated deadline. This is important as sometimes this occurs and its important that the customer is aware of this in order to prevent them from coming to collect their product and its not ready leaving them unsatisfied with the service.
SendFirstRemin derLetter	19	Medium	No	Customers that have an outstanding balance after an extended period will receive their first reminder letter, failure to implement this would result in the customer having continued privileges without paying their balance. Also, some customers may not be aware that they have payments outstanding, so it is important to 'remind' them.
SendSecondRe minderLetter	20	Medium	No	A second reminder to customers are sent after there is no response to the first one, this is important as it adds more pressure on the client to pay or some clients may have missed the first reminder letter.
PrintLatePayme ntReminder	21	Medium	No	If a customer has any late payments a reminder will be sent to them so that they can make the payment. This is crucial as some customer may not be aware of the fact that they have a payment outstanding.
SuspendCustom erAccount	22	High	No	The staff of BIPL will be able to suspend a customer account if there are any late payments. This is significant as it is important that customers who have not paid up to date are unable to use the services of BAPERS until they pay their premium.
CreateUserAcco unt	23	Medium	Yes	The office manager will have the ability to create an account for all the new staff members. This will allow the manger to track and monitor the progress of all staff, including what job they are working on.
BackUpData	24	High	Yes	The office manager will have the ability to run backups on the data. It's vital that the manager can back up all data from the system as any loss of data

				111 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
				could be detrimental for the company. The loss of
				client data will slow down the progress on customer
				jobs which would lead to customer dissatisfaction
RestoreData	25	High	No	having a negative impact on the business.  The office manager will have the ability to restore the
RestoreData	23	High	NO	data. It is important that BIPL manager is able to
				restore data that has been backed up. This would be
				relied upon in a situation where data was loss. This
				could save the reputation of the business as the loss
				of client data could be detrimental.
Update	26	High	Yes	The office manager will be able to set up and update
AccessPrivilege	20	Ingii	103	the access privileges of the members of staff. Failing
				to implement this function would mean that the office
S				manager would not be able to set restrictions on the
				staff accounts, this can cause problems in the long
				term.
UpgradeCustom	27	Medium	No	The office manager will be able to upgrade the
erDiscountPlan	_,	1,100,10111	1,0	several discount plans. The manager will be able to
CIDISCOUNT IUI				look over customer accounts and jobs and able to
				recognise which customers are eligible for a discount,
				ensuring all customers are paying the correct price
				avoiding any confusion.
UpdateCustome	28	Medium	Yes	Office manager is able to change the status of
rAccountStatus				customer accounts from 'standard' to 'valued', these
				are the customers that are eligible for a discount, so it
				is important to be able to differentiate between them.
				Customers who are not eligible for a discount should
				not receive one.
ViewInDefaultC	29	Low	No	The office manager will be able to view the default
ustomerAccount				customer account list and will have access to it. The
List				office manager should be aware of the customers that
				have failed to clear their outstanding balance, failure
				to do so the office manager would not know which
				customer accounts have which privileges.
DetectLatePaym	30	Medium	Yes	The user will be able to detect a late payment based
ent				on the time exceeded. Important that BIPL staff are
				identified of any late payments made by clients, this
				is crucial as BIPL staff need to know which customer
				requires a late payment reminder.
FixedDiscount	31	Medium	No	This discount allows the same percentage of discount
				to be deducted from the value of the job and given to
				a valued customer. This highlights the fact that some
				customers are valued by the company and want to
W ' 11 D'	20	N/ 1'	NT	retain them as a customer.
VariableDiscou	32	Medium	No	A percentage of discount is applied to each individual
nt				task and may vary depending on the task at hand.
				This indicated that the company shows loyalty to its
E1	22	M - 1'	NT-	customers ensuring a high customer satisfaction rate.
FlexibleDiscoun	33	Medium	No	This discount calculates a percentage to be
t				discounted depending on the value of the task and
				how many jobs they have accumulated within the calendar month. This indicates to customers that that
				more they use BIPL's services the cheaper it will cost
				them.
MarkAccountIn	34	High	No	The user will be able to mark an account as default
	J4	riigii	NO	by request of the customer or if there are outstanding
Default				payments. Customers that have an outstanding
				balance after an extended period should be marked in
				default, failure to implement this would result in the
				customer having continued privileges without paying
				their balance.
		ı		

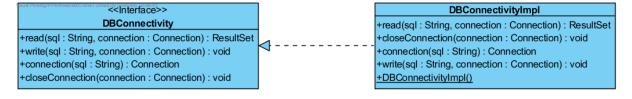
# System Design

# Scope of the system

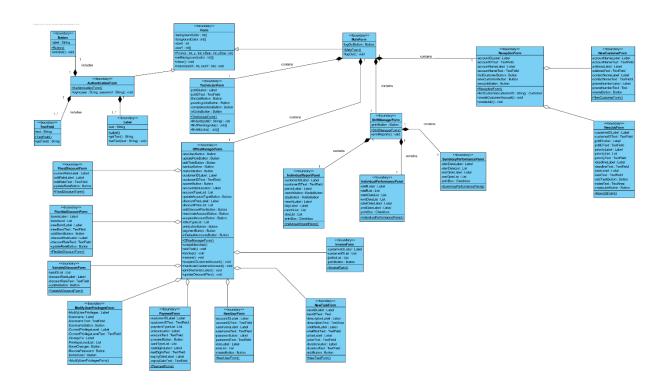
# Fully refined/correct design class diagram



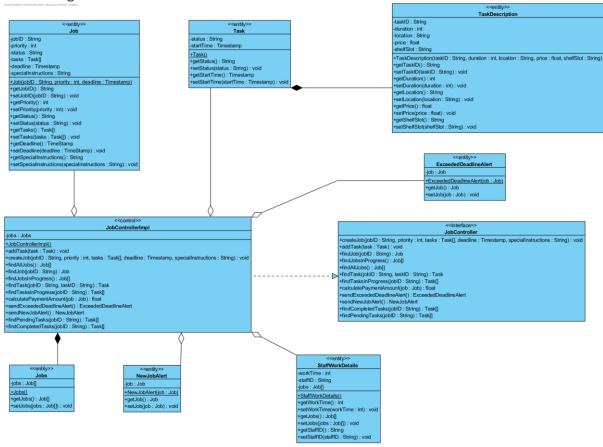
# Database Package



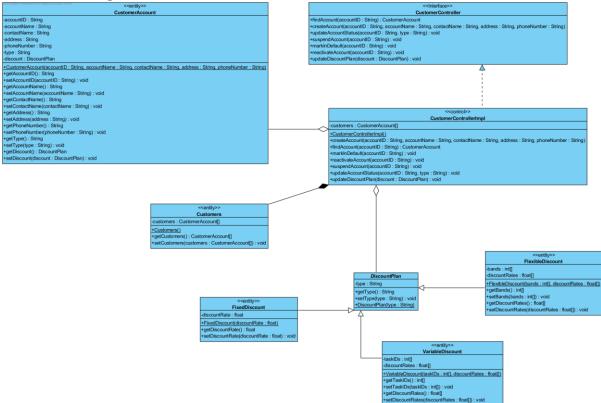
Graphical User Interface (GUI) Package



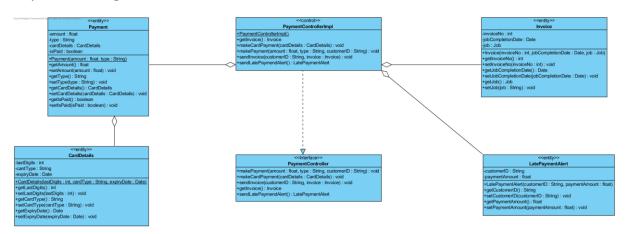
# Job Package



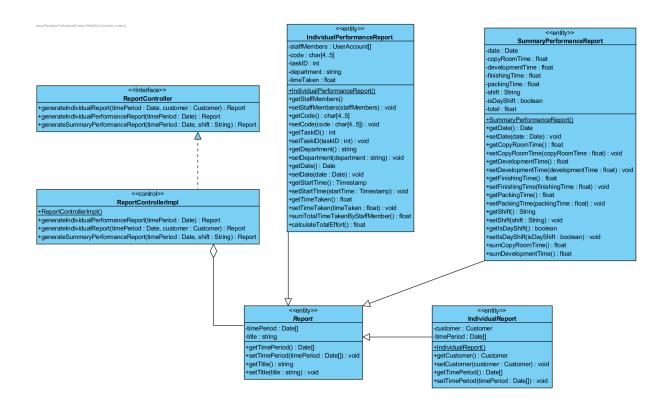
# **Customer Package**



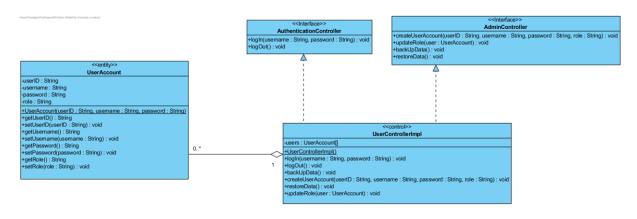
# Payment Package



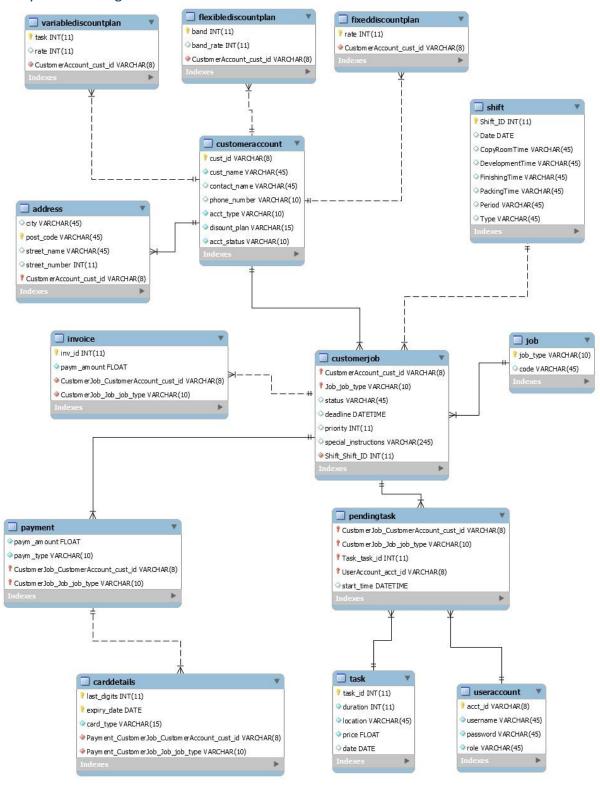
# Report Package



## Staff Package



# Entity-relation diagram



# Data Manipulation Language statements (DML)

```
SELECT * FROM CustomerAccount
   2
        WHERE status='InDefault';
   4 •
        SELECT * FROM CustomerJoh
   6
        WHERE status='Pending';
   8 •
        INSERT INTO UserAccount(acct_id, username, password,role)
   9
  10
        VALUES ('R123', 'JohnNash', 'password', 'receptionist');
  11
  12 •
        INSERT INTO Shift(Shift_ID, Date, CopyRoomTime,DevelopmentTime,FinishingTime,PackingTime,Period)
  13
  14
         VALUES ('2453','2018-11-11','8h 20 min','8h 20 min','8h 20 min','8h 20 min','8h 20 min','5:00 am -2:30 pm' );
  15
  16
  17
  18 •
        UPDATE UserAccount SET role='Shift Manager'
        WHERE username= 'JohnNash'
  19
  20
  21 🚨
        UPDATE Shift
  22
        SET Shift_ID=1242
  23
  24
        WHERE Shift ID='2453';
  25
  26
  27 •
        DELETE FROM UserAccount
  28
        WHERE username='JohnNash';
  29
  30 •
        DELETE FROM Shift
  31
        WHERE Shift ID='1242';
                                                                                                     Non-
  32
```

#### trivial reports

## **Individual Performance Report**

```
Individual Performance Report x

SELECT User Account. username, Job. code, Task. task_id, Task. location AS Department, Task.date, Pending Task. start_time, Task. duration AS Time Taken, SUM (Task. duration) AS Total

SELECT User Account INNER JOIN 18 to No Pending Task. (ask task id = Task. task. id =
```

#### **Summary Performance Report**

```
SELECT Shift.Date, Shift.CopyRoomTime, Shift.DevelopmentTime, Shift.FinishingTime, Shift.FackingTime, Shift.FinishingTime, Shift.Finish
```

# Data Definition Language statements (DDL)

#### **Customer Account Table**

```
20
21
      -- Table `bapers`.`customeraccount`
23 • ☐ CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `bapers`.`customeraccount` (
        `cust id` VARCHAR(8) NOT NULL,
        `cust name` VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,
        `contact name` VARCHAR(45) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
       `phone_number` VARCHAR(10) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
27
       `acct_type` VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,
        `disount_plan` VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL,
        `acct status` VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,
31 PRIMARY KEY ('cust_id'))
     ENGINE = InnoDB
     DEFAULT CHARACTER SET = utf8;
33
34
```

#### Address Table

```
-- Table `bapers`.`address`
37
       __ ___
38
39 • ☐ CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `bapers`.`address` (
40
         `city` VARCHAR(45) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
41
           post_code` VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,
          `street_name` VARCHAR(45) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
42
         `street_number` INT(11) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
43
         `CustomerAccount_cust_id` VARCHAR(8) NOT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY (`post_code`, `CustomerAccount_cust_id`),
44
45
         INDEX `fk_Address_CustomerAccount1_idx` (`CustomerAccount_cust_id` ASC),
CONSTRAINT `fk_Address_CustomerAccount1`
46
47
            FOREIGN KEY (`CustomerAccount_cust_id`)
REFERENCES `bapers`.`customeraccount` (`cust_id`)
48
49
50
            ON DELETE NO ACTION
      ON UPDATE NO ACTION)
51
       ENGINE = InnoDB
52
       DEFAULT CHARACTER SET = utf8;
53
54
```

### Table

Job

#### Shift Table

```
-- Table `bapers`.`shift`
68
70 • ☐ CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `bapers`.`shift` (
         `Shift_ID` INT(11) NOT NULL,
71
        `Date` DATE NULL DEFAULT NULL,
72
        `CopyRoomTime` VARCHAR(45) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
73
       `DevelopmentTime` VARCHAR(45) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
74
         `FinishingTime` VARCHAR(45) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
75
        'PackingTime' VARCHAR(45) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
76
        `Period` VARCHAR(45) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
77
        `Type` VARCHAR(45) NULL,
78
     PRIMARY KEY (`Shift_ID`))
79
80
     ENGINE = InnoDB
81
       DEFAULT CHARACTER SET = utf8;
```

### Customer job Table

```
-- Table `bapers`.`customerjob`
 85
 86
 87 • ☐ CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `bapers`.`customerjob` (
         `CustomerAccount cust id` VARCHAR(8) NOT NULL,
 88
          `Job_job_type` VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,
 89
          `status` VARCHAR(45) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
 90
          `deadline` DATETIME NULL DEFAULT NULL,
 91
          'priority' INT(11) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
           `special_instructions` VARCHAR(245) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
 93
           `Shift_Shift_ID` INT(11) NOT NULL,
 94
           PRIMARY KEY (`CustomerAccount_cust_id`, `Job_job_type`),
 95
 96
          INDEX `fk_CustomerAccount_has_Job_CustomerAccount2_idx` (`CustomerAccount_cust_id` ASC),
           INDEX `fk_CustomerJob_Job1_idx` (`Job_job_type` ASC),
INDEX `fk_CustomerJob_Shift1_idx` (`Shift_Shift_ID` ASC),
 97
 98
           CONSTRAINT `fk_CustomerAccount_has_Job_CustomerAccount2
 99
            FOREIGN KEY (`CustomerAccount_cust_id`)
REFERENCES `bapers`.`customeraccount` (`cust_id`)
100
101
            ON DELETE NO ACTION
102
            ON UPDATE NO ACTION,
103
          CONSTRAINT `fk_CustomerJob_Job1`
104
            FOREIGN KEY (`Job_job_type`)
REFERENCES `bapers`.`job` (`job_type`)
105
106
            ON DELETE NO ACTION
107
108
            ON UPDATE NO ACTION,
         CONSTRAINT `fk_CustomerJob_Shift1`
109
            FOREIGN KEY (`Shift_Shift_ID`)
110
             REFERENCES `bapers`.`shift` (`Shift_ID`)
111
             ON DELETE NO ACTION
112
            ON UPDATE NO ACTION)
113
114
       ENGINE = InnoDB
115
        DEFAULT CHARACTER SET = utf8;
```

# Payment Table

```
118
119
        -- Table `bapers`.`payment`
120
121 • ☐ CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `bapers`.`payment` (
          `paym_amount` FLOAT NOT NULL,
122
           'paym_type' VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,
123
          `CustomerJob_CustomerAccount_cust_id` VARCHAR(8) NOT NULL,
124
          `CustomerJob_Job_job_type` VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,
125
         PRIMARY KEY (`CustomerJob_CustomerAccount_cust_id`, `CustomerJob_Job_job_type`),
126
         CONSTRAINT `fk_Payment_CustomerJob1`
127
           FOREIGN KEY ('CustomerJob CustomerAccount cust id', 'CustomerJob Job job type')
128
           REFERENCES `bapers` `customerjob` (`CustomerAccount_cust_id` , `Job_job_type`)
129
130
           ON DELETE NO ACTION
131
           ON UPDATE NO ACTION)
      ENGINE = InnoDB
132
133
        DEFAULT CHARACTER SET = utf8;
                                                                                               Card
```

#### details Table

```
-- Table `bapers`.`carddetails`
-- Table `bapers`.`carddetails`

-- Table `bapers`.`carddetails`

-- Table `bapers`.`carddetails`

-- Table `bapers`.`carddetails`

-- Table `bapers`.`carddetails`

-- Table `bapers`.`carddetails`

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-- Table `bapers`.`carddetails`

-- Table `bapers`.`randetails`

-- Table `bapers`.`carddetails`

-- Table `bapers`.`randetails`

-- Table `bapers`.`carddetails`

-- Table `bapers`.`randetails`

-- Table `bapers'.`randetails`

-- Payment_Customen_do.

-- Table `bapers'.`randetails`

-- Payment_Customen_do.

-- Table `bapers'.`randetails`

-- Payment_Customen_do.

-- Table `bapers'.`randetails`

-- Table `bapers'.`randetails`

-- Table `bapers'.`randetail
```

#### Discount Plan Table

```
156
       -- Table `bapers`.`fixeddiscountplan`
157
158
159 • ☐ CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `bapers`.`fixeddiscountplan` (
160
          `rate` INT(11) NOT NULL,
          `CustomerAccount_cust_id` VARCHAR(8) NOT NULL,
161
          PRIMARY KEY ('rate'),
162
          INDEX `fk_FixedDiscountPlan_CustomerAccount1_idx` (`CustomerAccount_cust_id` ASC),
163
164
          CONSTRAINT `fk_FixedDiscountPlan_CustomerAccount1`
            FOREIGN KEY (`CustomerAccount_cust_id`)
REFERENCES `bapers`.`customeraccount` (`cust_id`)
165
166
           ON DELETE NO ACTION
167
168
           ON UPDATE NO ACTION)
169
       ENGINE = InnoDB
        DEFAULT CHARACTER SET = utf8;
170
```

#### Flexible Discount Plan Table

```
173
        -- Table `bapers`.`flexiblediscountplan`
174
175
176 • ☐ CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `bapers`.`flexiblediscountplan` (
          `band` INT(11) NOT NULL,
`band_rate` INT(11) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
177
178
          `CustomerAccount_cust_id` VARCHAR(8) NOT NULL,
179
          PRIMARY KEY ('band'),
180
          INDEX `fk_FlexibleDiscountPlan_CustomerAccount1_idx` (`CustomerAccount_cust_id` ASC),
181
          CONSTRAINT `fk FlexibleDiscountPlan CustomerAccount1`
182
            FOREIGN KEY (`CustomerAccount_cust_id`)
183
           REFERENCES `bapers`.`customeraccount` (`cust_id`)
184
           ON DELETE NO ACTION
185
    ENGINE = InnoDB
           ON UPDATE NO ACTION)
186
187
        DEFAULT CHARACTER SET = utf8;
188
```

#### Invoice Table

```
191
                                         -- Table `bapers`.`invoice`
  192
 194 ● ☐ CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `bapers`.`invoice` (
                                                    `inv_id` INT(11) NOT NULL,

`paym_amount` FLOAT NOT NULL,

`CustomerJob_CustomerAccount_cust_id` VARCHAR(8) NOT NULL,

`CustomerJob_Job_job_type` VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,
 195
 196
  197
 198
 199
                                                     PRIMARY KEY (`inv_id`),
                                                    INDEX `fk_Invoice_CustomerJob1_idx` (`CustomerJob_CustomerAccount_cust_id` ASC, `CustomerJob_Job_job_type` ASC),
CONSTRAINT `fk_Invoice_CustomerJob1`
FOORTON MENY CONTRAINT TO A CONTRAIN
 200
 201
                                                               FOREIGN KEY (`CustomerJob_CustomerAccount_cust_id` , `CustomerJob_Job_type`)
REFERENCES `bapers`.`customerjob` (`CustomerAccount_cust_id` , `Job_job_type`)
  202
 203
  204
                                                              ON DELETE NO ACTION
                                                             ON UPDATE NO ACTION)
 205
                                     ENGINE = InnoDB
  206
                                       DEFAULT CHARACTER SET = utf8;
```

Table

```
210
        -- Table `bapers`.`task`
211
        _____
212
213 ● ☐ CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `bapers`.`task` (
           `task_id` INT(11) NOT NULL,
`duration` INT(11) NOT NULL,
`location` VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,
214
215
216
         `price` FLOAT NOT NULL,
`date` DATE NULL,
217
218
       PRIMARY KEY ('task_id'))
219
       ENGINE = InnoDB
220
221
      DEFAULT CHARACTER SET = utf8;
```

User account Table

Task

```
224
        -- Table `bapers`.`useraccount`
225
226
227 • ☐ CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `bapers`.`useraccount` (
          `acct_id` VARCHAR(8) NOT NULL,
          `username` VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,
229
          'password' VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,
230
          `role` VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,
      PRIMARY KEY (`acct_id`))
232
        ENGINE = InnoDB
233
        DEFAULT CHARACTER SET = utf8;
234
```

# Pending Task Table

```
- Table `bapers`.`pendingtask`
-- Table `Table If NOT EXISTS `bapers`.`pendingtask` (

'Customer]ob _CustomerAccount_cust_id` VARCHAR(8) NOT NULL,

'Customer]ob _Job _job _type` VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,

'Customer]ob _Job _job _type` VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,

'Task_task_id` INT(11) NOT NULL,

'UserAccount_acct_id` VARCHAR(8) NOT NULL,

'start_time` DATETIME NULL DEFAULT NULL,

PRIMARY KEY (`Customer]ob_ CustomerAccount_cust_id`, `Customer]ob_Job_job_type`, `Task_task_id`, `UserAccount_acct_id`),

INDEX `fk_Customer]ob _has_Task_Task1_idx` (`Task_task_id` ASC),

INDEX `fk_Customer]ob _has_Task_UserAccount_idx` (`Customer]ob_CustomerAccount_cust_id` ASC, `Customer]ob_Job_job_type` ASC),

INDEX `fk_Customer]ob _has_Task_UserAccount_idx` (`UserAccount_acct_id` ASC),

CONSTRAINT` `fk_Customer]ob _has_Task_Ustomer]ob1

FOREIGN KEY (`Customer]ob _has_Task_Customer]ob1

SPAN ON DELETE NO ACTION,

ON DIEDATE NO ACTION,

CONSTRAINT` `fk_Customer]ob_has_Task_UserAccount1`

FOREIGN KEY (`UserAccount_acct_id`)

REFERENCES `bapers`.`task` (`task_id`)

ON DIEDATE NO ACTION,

CONSTRAINT` `fk_Customer]ob_has_Task_UserAccount1`

FOREIGN KEY (`UserAccount_acct_id`)

REFERENCES `bapers`.`useraccount` (`acct_id`)

ON DIEDATE NO ACTION)

CONSTRAINT` `fk_Customer]ob_has_Task_UserAccount1`

FOREIGN KEY (`UserAccount_acct_id`)

ON DIEDATE NO ACTION)

ON DIEDATE NO ACTION)

ON DIEDATE NO ACTION)

CONSTRAINT` `fk_Customer]ob_has_Task_UserAccount1`

FOREIGN KEY (`UserAccount_acct_id`)

ON DIEDATE NO ACTION)

ON DIEDATE NO ACTION)

CONSTRAINT` `fk_Customer]ob_has_Task_UserAccount1`

FOREIGN KEY (`UserAccount_acct_id`)

ON DIEDATE NO ACTION)

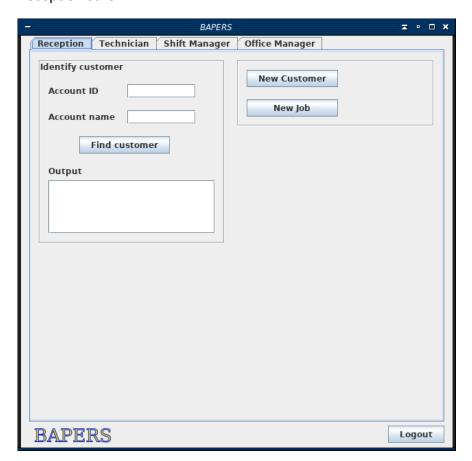
ON DIEDATE NO ACTION)
```

# GUI design

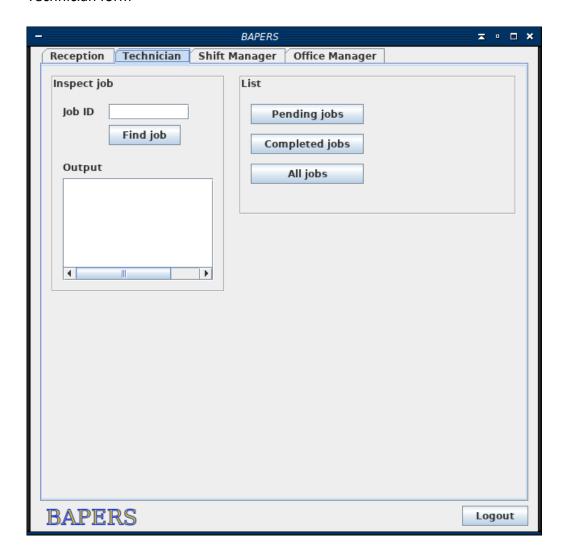
## **Authentication Form**



# Receptionist form



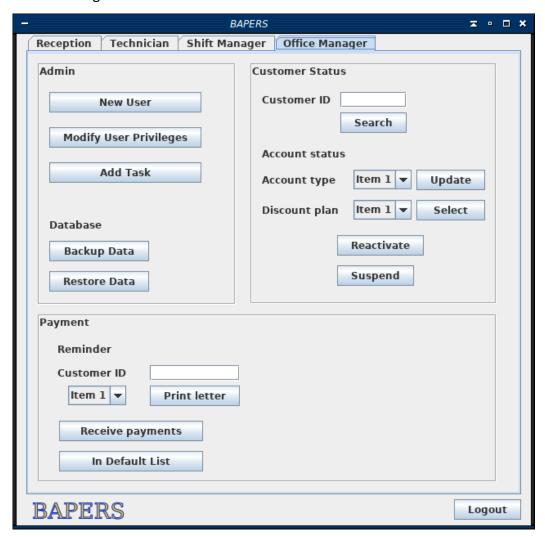
# Technician form



# Shift Manager Form



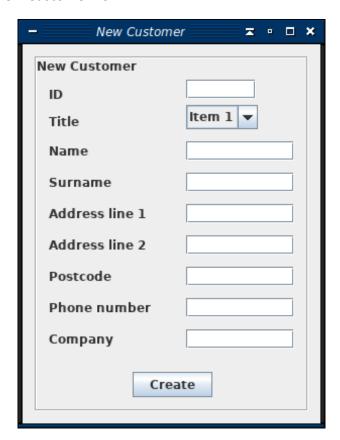
# Office Manager



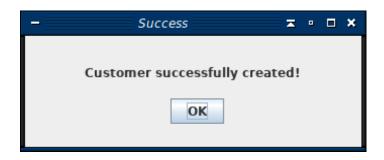
## **Unauthorised Form**



## **New Customer Form**



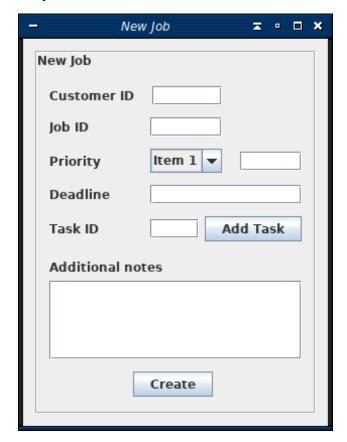
# **Customer Creation Alert Form**



# Customer ID Exists form



# New job form



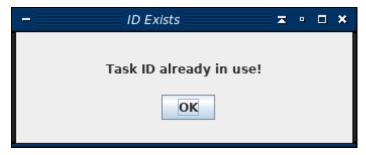
# Job created form



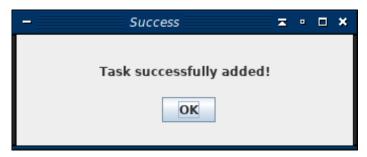
# Job ID Exists Form



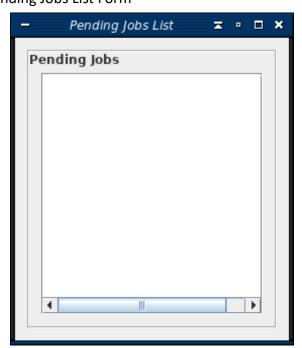
Task ID Exist Form



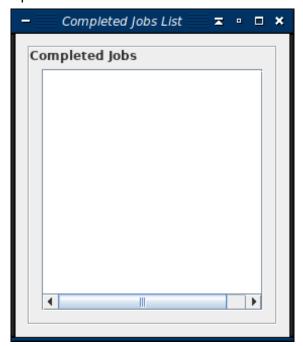
## Task Created Form



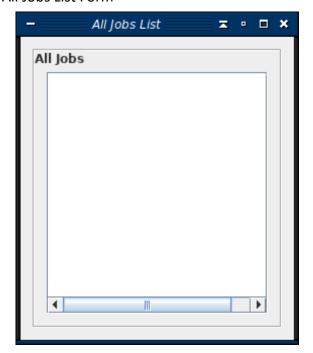
# Pending Jobs List Form



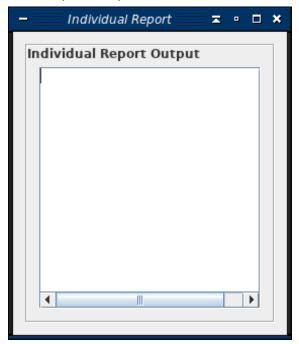
# Completed Jobs List Form



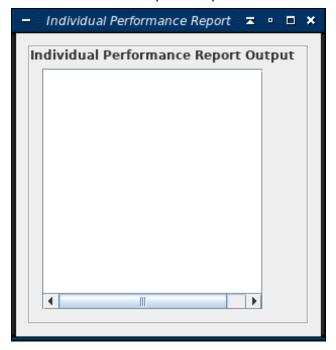
## All Jobs List Form



# Individual report Output form



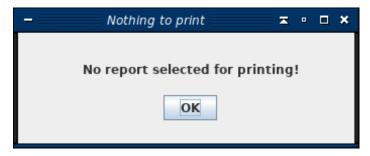
## Individual Performance Report Output form



# Summary Performance Report Output form



# No Printing Target



#### **Invalid Customer ID**



## No Selection



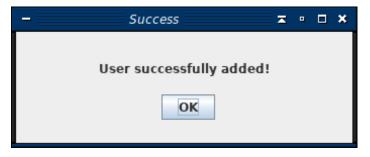
#### **New User**



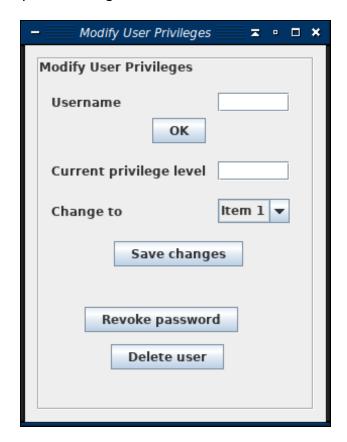
## Account ID Exists Form



## User created form



## **Modify User Privileges**



#### Invalid Username



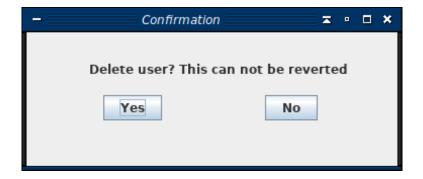
## Revoke password form



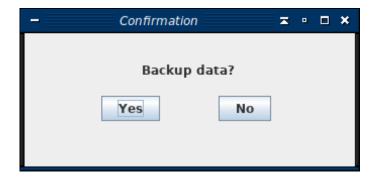
## Privilege Level Updated



## **Delete User Confirmation**



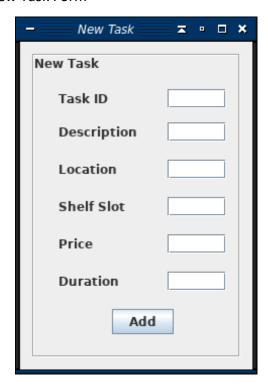
## Backup Data



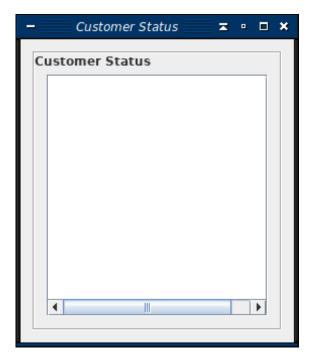
## Restore Data form



## New Task Form



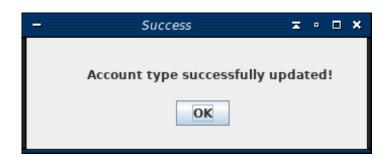
## Customer Status form



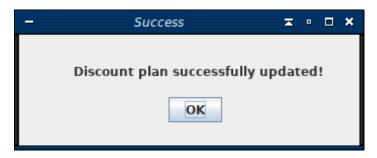
## **Invalid Customer ID Form**



# Account Type Updated



# Discount Plan Updated



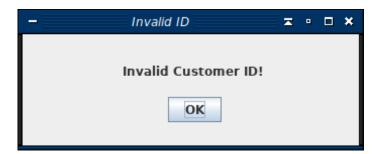
#### Reactivate Account



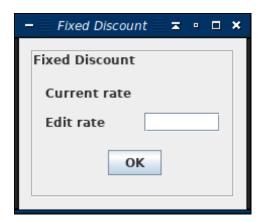
# **Suspend Account**



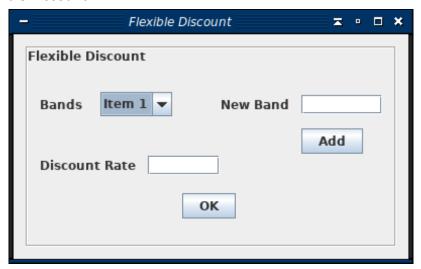
#### **Invalid Customer ID**



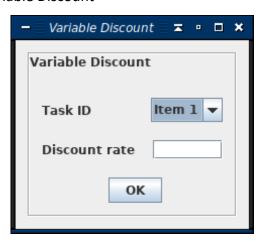
#### **Fixed Discount**



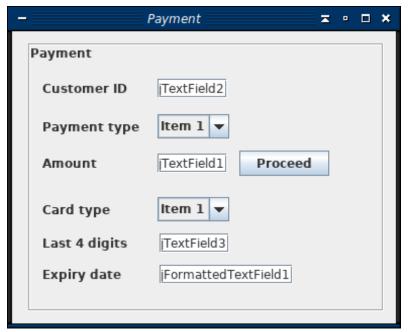
## Flexible Discount



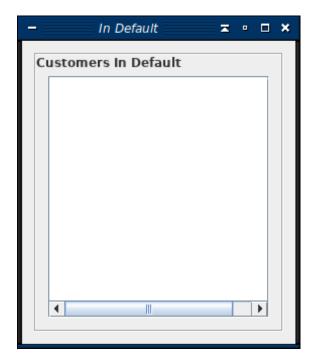
#### Variable Discount



# Payment Form



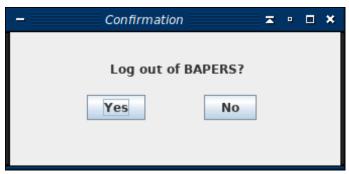
## In Default List Form



## Login Failure



## Log Out Confirmation



#### Invalid Job ID

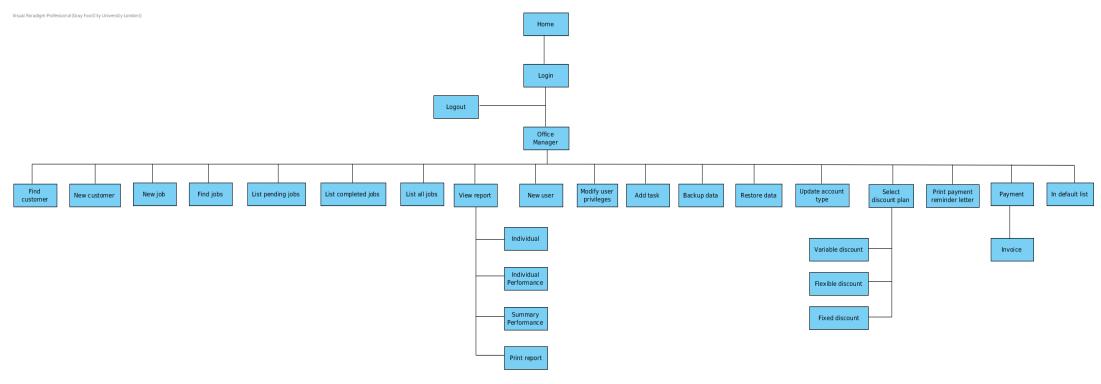


## Invoice form

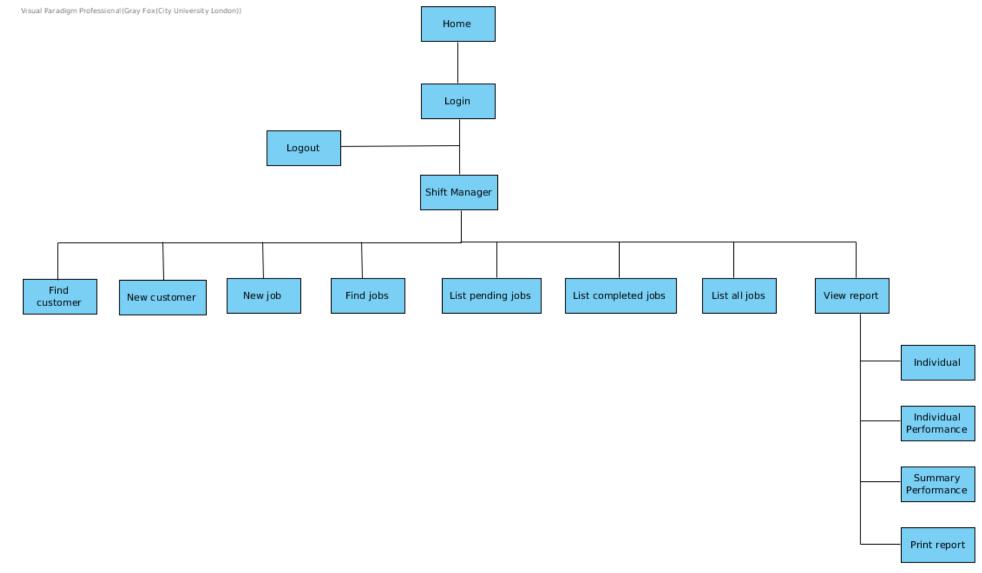


## **GUI Site Maps**

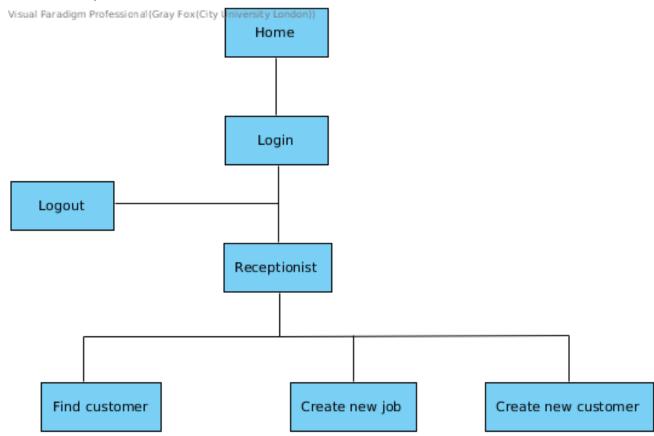
## Office manager site map



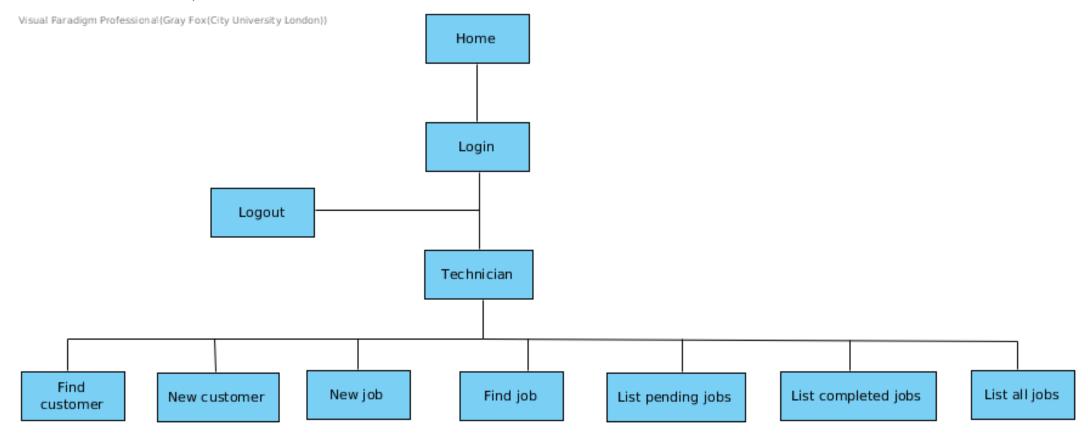
## Shift manager site map



## Receptionist Site map



## Technician Site map



# GUI Navigation and Mapping

