

TV-L1 Denoising via ADMM

TV-L1 regularization denoising formulation is as follows:

$$\min_u \|f - u\|_1 + \lambda \|\nabla u\|_1$$

* **ADMM form** : $\min_{u,z,y} \|z\|_1 + \lambda \|y\|_1, \text{ s.t. } z = u - f, y = \nabla u$

* **Augmented Lagrangian** : $L_\rho(u, z, y, a, b) = \|z\|_1 + \lambda \|y\|_1 + \frac{\beta}{2} \|z - u + f + \frac{a}{\beta}\|^2 + \frac{\alpha}{2} \|y - \nabla u + \frac{b}{\alpha}\|^2$

* **Parameter update**

1. u-update

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial L_\rho(u^k, z^k, y^k, a^k, b^k)}{\partial u} &= -\beta(z^k - u^k + f + \frac{a^k}{\beta}) - \alpha \nabla^T(y^k - \nabla u^k + \frac{b^k}{\alpha}) = 0 \\ &= (z^k - u^k + f + \frac{a^k}{\beta}) + \frac{\alpha}{\beta} \nabla^T(y^k - \nabla u^k + \frac{b^k}{\alpha}) = 0 \\ &= (z^k + f + \frac{a^k}{\beta}) + \frac{\alpha}{\beta} \nabla^T(y^k + \frac{b^k}{\alpha}) = u^k + \frac{\alpha}{\beta} \nabla^2 u^k \end{aligned}$$

-> Fourier Transform : $F(z^k + f + \frac{a^k}{\beta}) + \frac{\alpha}{\beta} F(\nabla^T(y^k + \frac{b^k}{\alpha})) = F(u^k + \frac{\alpha}{\beta} \nabla^2 u^k)$

$$\therefore u^{k+1} = F^{-1}\left(\frac{F(z^k + f + \frac{a^k}{\beta}) + \frac{\alpha}{\beta} F(\nabla^T(y^k + \frac{b^k}{\alpha}))}{1 + F(\frac{\alpha}{\beta} \nabla^2)}\right)$$

2. z-update

$$\begin{aligned} (1) \text{ if } z > 0 : \frac{\partial L_\rho(u^{k+1}, z^k, y^k, a^k, b^k)}{\partial z} &= 1 + \beta(z^k - u^{k+1} + f + \frac{a^k}{\beta}) = 0 \\ &\rightarrow z^{k+1} = -\frac{1}{\beta} + u^{k+1} - f - \frac{a^k}{\beta} = v_1 - \frac{1}{\beta}, \quad v_1 = u^{k+1} - f - \frac{a^k}{\beta} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (2) \text{ if } z < 0 : \frac{\partial L_\rho(u^{k+1}, z^k, y^k, a^k, b^k)}{\partial z} &= -1 + \beta(z^k - u^{k+1} + f + \frac{a^k}{\beta}) = 0 \\ &\rightarrow z^{k+1} = \frac{1}{\beta} + u^{k+1} - f - \frac{a^k}{\beta} = v_1 + \frac{1}{\beta}, \quad v_1 = u^{k+1} - f - \frac{a^k}{\beta} \end{aligned}$$

(3) if $z = 0$

$$(1) + (2) + (3) : \therefore z^{k+1} = \max(|v_1| - \frac{1}{\beta}, 0) \text{sign}(v_1), \quad v_1 = u^{k+1} - f - \frac{a^k}{\beta}$$

3. y-update

$$\begin{aligned} (1) \text{ if } y > 0 : \frac{\partial L_\rho(u^{k+1}, z^{k+1}, y^k, a^k, b^k)}{\partial y} &= \lambda + \alpha(y^k - \nabla u^{k+1} + \frac{b^k}{\alpha}) = 0 \\ &\rightarrow y^{k+1} = -\frac{\lambda}{\alpha} + \nabla u^{k+1} - \frac{b^k}{\alpha} = v_2 - \frac{\lambda}{\alpha}, \quad v_2 = \nabla u^{k+1} - \frac{b^k}{\alpha} \end{aligned}$$

$$(2) \text{ if } y < 0 : \frac{\partial L_\rho(u^{k+1}, z^{k+1}, y^k, a^k, b^k)}{\partial y} = -\lambda + \alpha(y^k - \nabla u^{k+1} + \frac{b^k}{\alpha}) = 0$$

$$\rightarrow y^{k+1} = \frac{\lambda}{\alpha} + \nabla u^{k+1} - \frac{b^k}{\alpha} = v_2 + \frac{\lambda}{\alpha}, \quad v_2 = \nabla u^{k+1} - \frac{b^k}{\alpha}$$

$$(3) \text{ if } y = 0$$

$$(1) + (2) + (3) : \therefore y^{k+1} = \max(|v_2| - \frac{\lambda}{\alpha}, 0) \text{sign}(v_2), \quad v_2 = \nabla u^{k+1} - \frac{b^k}{\alpha}$$

4. a-update

$$a^{k+1} = a^k + \beta(z^{k+1} - u^{k+1} + f)$$

5. b-update

$$b^{k+1} = b^k + \alpha(y^{k+1} - \nabla u^{k+1})$$

6. α -update

$$\alpha^{k+1} = \alpha^k + 0.07$$

7. β -update

$$\beta^{k+1} = \beta^k + 0.07$$